



**QUANG NAM TRANSPORTATION
CONSTRUCTION JOINT-STOCK COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

For Quarter 2 of the year 2026

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2026

Form No. B 01-DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 43/2026/TT - BTC
dated 20/4/2026 of the Ministry of Finance)

ASSETS	Code	Note	30/6/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		39,571,490,182	42,626,335,127
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	5	1,988,307,108	3,782,425,333
1. Cash	111		1,988,307,108	3,782,425,333
2. Cash equivalents	112			
II. Short-term financial investments	120		16,828,000,000	6,828,000,000
1. Held-to-maturity investments	123	6	16,828,000,000	6,828,000,000
2. Other short-term investments	125			
III. Short-term receivables	130		9,064,597,990	17,382,120,199
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	7	9,200,134,496	17,968,792,244
2. Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	8	411,687,580	288,337,490
3. Other short-term receivables	135	9a	623,236,158	295,450,709
4. Provision for short-term doubtful debts	136	10	(1,170,460,244)	(1,170,460,244)
IV. Inventories	140		11,123,635,508	14,505,591,482
1. Inventories	141	11	11,123,635,508	14,505,591,482
2. Provision for decline in value of inventories	142			
V. Short-term biological assets	150			
VI. Other current assets	160		566,949,576	128,198,113
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	161	14a	241,660,703	65,109,027
2. Deductible value added tax	162		1,532,957	1,385,179
3. Taxes and amounts receivable from the State	163	16	323,755,916	61,703,907
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		16,265,690,842	17,583,292,838
I- Long-term receivables	210		3,760,127,188	3,760,127,188
1. Long-term trade receivables	211			
2. Other long-term receivables	215	9b	3,760,127,188	3,760,127,188
II. Fixed assets	220		12,176,622,168	13,399,010,379
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	12	11,932,535,925	13,154,434,226
- Cost	222		77,154,639,806	77,154,639,806
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(65,222,103,881)	(64,000,205,580)
2. Intangible fixed assets	227	13	244,086,243	244,576,153
- Cost	228		258,293,600	258,293,600
- Accumulated amortization	229		(14,207,357)	(13,717,447)
III- Long-term biological assets	230			
III- Investment property	240			
IV. Long-term assets in progress	250		-	-
1. Long-term work in process	251		-	-
2. Construction in progress	252			
V. Long-term financial investments	260			
VI. Other long-term assets	270		328,941,486	424,155,271
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	271	14b	328,941,486	424,155,271
2. Other long-term assets	274			
TOTAL ASSETS	280		55,837,181,024	60,209,627,965



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (cont'd)

Form No. B 01-DN/HN

As at 30 June 2026

(Issued under Circular No. 43/2026/TT - BTC
dated 20/4/2026 of the Ministry of Finance)

RESOURCES	Code	Note	30/6/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
C. LIABILITIES	300		12,019,320,519	18,962,989,768
I. Current liabilities	310		12,019,320,519	18,962,989,768
1. Short-term trade payables	311	15	1,776,891,099	3,027,313,956
2. Short-term advances from customers	312		1,280,105,106	691,834,608
3. Taxes and amounts payable to the State	314	16	1,163,867,987	1,591,434,730
4. Payables to employees	315		865,360,346	1,712,014,638
5. Short-term accrued expenses	316	17	145,220,356	150,088,247
6. Other short-term payables	320	18	2,321,851,897	2,300,992,455
7. Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities	321	19		5,396,807,776
8. Provision for short-term payables	322	20a	3,324,119,683	3,462,665,278
9. Reward and welfare fund	323		1,141,904,045	629,838,080
II. Long-term liabilities	330		-	-
1. Provision for long-term payables	343	20b		
D. EQUITY	400		43,817,860,505	41,246,638,197
1. Owners' equity	411	21	27,000,000,000	27,000,000,000
- Common shares with voting rights	411a	21	27,000,000,000	27,000,000,000
- Preferred shares	411b			
2. Other owners' capital	414		8,785,646,260	8,785,646,260
3. Investment and development fund	418		2,561,777,617	2,561,777,617
4. Undistributed profit after tax	420	21	5,470,436,628	2,899,214,320
- Undistributed profit after tax accumulated to the end of previous period	420a		1,758,222,383	
- Undistributed profit after tax of current period	420b		3,712,214,245	2,899,214,320
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		55,837,181,024	60,209,627,965


Vo Thi Minh Loan
PREPARER


Dang Tho
CHIEF ACCOUNTANT



Tam Ky, July 28, 2026


Nguyen Tuan Anh
GENERAL DIRECTOR



CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Quarter 2 of the year 2026

Form No. B 02-DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 43/2026/TT – BTC
dated 20/4/2026 of the Ministry of Finance)

Items	Item code	Note	Quarter 2/2026	Quarter 2/2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
1. Revenue from sales and service provision	1	22	25,011,397,994	15,833,130,193	33,228,705,523	20,062,329,017
2. Revenue deductions	2					
3. Net revenue from sales and service provision	10		25,011,397,994	15,833,130,193	33,228,705,523	20,062,329,017
4. Cost of goods sold	11	23	20,451,203,333	13,957,565,157	26,646,667,654	17,411,082,429
5. Gross profit from sales and service provision	20		4,560,194,661	1,875,565,036	6,582,037,869	2,651,246,588
6. Financial income	22	24	189,653,378	33,001,657	319,999,999	143,200,578
7. Financial expenses	23	25	68,639,538	85,941,554	137,824,132	177,430,200
In which: Interest expense	24		67,114,059	13,501,530	127,723,737	21,774,281
8. Selling expenses	25					
9. Administrative expenses	26		1,133,573,358	2,170,276,288	2,128,632,873	2,823,216,431
10. Net operating profit	30		3,547,635,143	(347,651,149)	4,635,580,863	(206,199,465)
11. Other income	31	26	13,636,365	1,000,513,775	87,272,730	645,117,175
12. Other expenses	32		24,669,848	30,104,599	47,803,931	47,614,127
13. Other profit	40		(11,033,483)	970,409,176	39,468,799	597,503,048
14. Accounting profit before tax	50		3,536,601,660	622,758,027	4,675,049,662	391,303,583
15. Current corporate income tax	51	27	724,860,400	112,679,897	962,835,417	119,674,168
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52					
17. Profit after tax	60		2,811,741,260	510,078,130	3,712,214,245	271,629,415
18. Attributable to parent company	61		2,811,741,260	510,078,130	3,712,214,245	271,629,415
19. Attributable to the non-controlling interests	62					-
20. Basic earnings per share	70	28	1,041	189	1,375	101


Vo Thi Minh Loan
PREPARER


Dang Tho
CHIEF ACCOUNTANT




Nguyen Tuan Anh
GENERAL DIRECTOR

Tam Ky, July 28, 2026

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
Quarter 2 of the year 2026

Form No. B 03-DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 43/2026/TT – BTC
dated 20/4/2026 of the Ministry of Finance)

ITEMS	Code	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter this year VND	Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter last year VND
I. Cash flows from operating activities			
1. Profit before tax	01	4,675,049,662	391,303,583
2. Adjustments for			
- Depreciation and amortization	02	1,222,388,211	1,333,014,021
- Provisions	03	(138,545,595)	394,531,453
- Profits/losses from investing activities	05	(319,999,999)	(737,045,023)
- Interest expense	06	127,723,737	21,774,281
3. Operating profit before changes in working capital	08	5,566,616,016	1,403,578,315
- Increase/decrease in receivables	09	8,283,071,617	2,813,934,662
- Increase/decrease in inventories	10	3,381,955,974	(8,124,455,506)
- Increase/decrease in payables (excluding loan interest and corporate income tax payable)	11	(2,283,369,137)	(721,289,674)
- Increase/decrease in prepaid expenses	12	(81,337,891)	108,613,136
- Interest paid	14	(132,591,628)	(23,299,102)
- Corporate income tax paid	15	(594,980,232)	(352,011,961)
- Other cash receipts from operating activities	16		
- Other cash payments for operating activities	17	(628,925,972)	(1,000,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	20	13,510,438,747	(4,895,930,130)
II. Cash flows from investing activities			
1. Cash paid for purchases, construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(5,735,887,002)
2. Proceeds from sales, disposal of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		593,844,445
3. Cash paid for loans, acquisition of debt instruments	23	(10,000,000,000)	(9,049,093,151)
4. Recovery of loans, resales of debt instruments	24		13,049,093,151
5. Cash paid for equity investments in other entities	25		
6. Proceeds from loans interest, dividends, shared profit	27	92,250,804	239,393,479
Net cash used in investing activities	30	(9,907,749,196)	(902,649,078)
III Cash flows from financing activities			
1. Proceeds from borrowings	33	4,224,797,749	3,580,122,715
2. Repayment of borrowings	34	(9,621,605,525)	(3,813,176,604)
3. Cash paid for dividends, profit to owners	36		
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	40	(5,396,807,776)	(233,053,889)
Net cash flows for the period	50	(1,794,118,225)	(6,031,633,097)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60	3,782,425,333	7,648,492,919
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	70	1,988,307,108	1,616,859,822

Tam Ky, July 28, 2026


Vo Thi Minh Loan
PREPARER


Dang Tho
CHIEF ACCOUNTANT



Nguyen Tuan Anh
GENERAL DIRECTOR

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction
with the accompanying financial statements)*

Form No. B 09 – DN/HN
Issued under Circular
No. 43/2026/TT – BTC dated
20/4/2026 by the Ministry of Finance

1. Nature of operations

1.1. Overview

Quang Nam Transportation Construction Joint-Stock Company (“the Company”) was incorporated on the basis of equitization of Quang Nam Road Management and Construction Company under Decision No. 5233/QĐ-UB dated 27 November 2003 of the People’s Committee of Quang Nam Province (now merged into Da Nang city). The Company was granted Business Registration Certificate (now Enterprise Registration Certificate) No. 3303070058 dated 02 January 2004 by Quang Nam Province Planning and Investment Department (now the Department of Finance of Da Nang City). Since the establishment date, the Enterprise Registration Certificate has been amended 9 times and the most recent amendment was made on 20 August 2025 with the enterprise code 4000390766. The Company is an independent accounting entity, operating in accordance with the Enterprise Law, the Company’s Charter and other relevant regulations.

The Company was approved to list its common shares under the ticker symbol QTC on Hanoi Stock Exchange as per Decision No. 532/QĐ – TTGDHN dated 29/12/2008 of Hanoi Securities Trading Center (now being Hanoi Stock Exchange). The official trade date is 19/01/2009.

Charter capital: VND27,000,000,000.

1.2. Principal scope of business: Construction, stone exploitation and real estate business

1.3. Operating activities

- Construction of other civil engineering projects: Construction of civil projects, road traffic projects, irrigation projects, hydropower projects, public projects;
- Management consultancy activities: Management, operation and maintenance of road traffic projects;
- Trading of own or rented property and land use rights;
- Short-term accommodation activities;
- Restaurants and mobile food service activities;
- Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy: Preparation of projects, preparation of technical design documents and cost estimates for construction and traffic projects; Supervision of road projects;
- Electrical installation;
- Plumbing, heat and air-conditioning installation;
- Mining and quarrying n.e.c: Exploration, exploitation and production of materials for repair and construction of road traffic systems.

1.4. Structure of the Corporation

The Corporation consists of the Company and 1 subsidiary. The subsidiary has been consolidated into these financial statements. Additionally, no subsidiaries were excluded from the consolidation process.

Information on the Corporation's restructuring: During the year, the Corporation did not undergo any restructuring.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

Subsidiary: Road Construction and Repair No. 1 Co., Ltd

Address: 10 Nguyen Du Street, Tam Ky Ward, Da Nang City, Vietnam

Principal operating activities: Construction of civil projects, road traffic projects, irrigation projects, hydropower projects, public projects.

% owning: 100%.

2. Accounting period, currency used in accounting

These financial statements were prepared for the second quarter of the year 2026 (commencing on 01/4/2026 and ending on 30/6/2026).

Financial statements and accounting transactions are expressed in Vietnamese Dong (VND).

3. Applied accounting standards and accounting system

The Corporation adopts the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System issued under Circular No. 99/2025/TT – BTC dated 27/10/2025 and Vietnamese Accounting Standards by the Ministry of Finance. These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Circular No. 43/2026/TT – BTC dated 20/4/2026 by the Ministry of Finance providing guidance on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

Form of accounting records: Voucher system.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

4.1 Principles and methods of preparing consolidated financial statements

4.1.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary.

Subsidiary is entity controlled by the Company. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to directly or indirectly govern the financial and operating policies of an investee entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiary are consolidated from the effective date of control up to the date of cease to control.

The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared for the same year as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made for any differences in accounting policies that may exist to ensure consistency between companies under the Corporation.

Intercompany elimination

Balances, intercompany transactions, and unrealized profits or losses arising from intercompany transactions between companies under the Corporation are eliminated when preparing consolidated financial statements.

4.1.2 Business combination

Assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities in a subsidiary are measured at fair value at the date of the subsidiary acquisition. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition below the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is credited to profit and loss in the period of acquisition.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, cash in bank, cash in transit and cash equivalents

All short-term investments which are collectible or mature of 3 months or less as from purchasing date, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value at reporting date shall be recognized as cash equivalents.

4.3 Financial investments

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are term deposits (including treasury bills, promissory notes), bonds, preferred shares which the issuer is required to repurchase them at a certain time in the future and held-to-maturity loans to earn profits periodically and other held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at book value upon revaluation. Provision for loss of held-to-maturity investments shall be recorded as a decrease directly in the book value of investments. In particular, if it is evident that the investment is unrecoverable, it shall be treated as follows:

- If the losses are determined reliably, the negative difference between recoverable value and book value shall be recorded to financial expenses;
- If it is impossible to determine the losses reliably, the recovery of investment must be reported on the financial statements and the value of investment shall not be reduced.

4.4 Receivables

Receivables includes: trade receivables, other receivables:

- Trade receivables are trade-related amounts arising from trading activities between the Corporation and its customers;
- Other receivables include non-trade amounts which are not related to trading activities, intra-company transactions.

Receivables are recorded at cost less provision for doubtful debts. Provision for doubtful debts represents the estimated loss amounts at the balance sheet date for the amounts receivable which have been overdue for 6 months or which have not been overdue but the debtor has been in the state of insolvency, undergoing dissolution procedures, missing or absconding. The appropriation of provision is made in conformity with the guidelines of Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07/12/2009 of the Ministry of Finance.

Receivables are monitored according to their debtors, principal terms, remaining terms and original currencies.

4.5 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises costs of purchase, costs of conversion and any directly attributable costs of bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completing the products and the estimated costs needed for their consumption.

Cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method and accounted for using the perpetual method.

Provision for decline in value of inventories is made when the net realizable value of inventories is less than cost. The provision is made in accordance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 7/12/2009 by the Ministry of Finance.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

4.6 Tangible fixed assets

Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of tangible assets comprises their purchase price and all the costs incurred by the Company to acquire those assets as of the time of putting such assets into the ready-for-use state. The costs incurred after the initial recognition of tangible fixed asset shall be recorded as increase in their historical cost if these costs are certain to augment future economic benefits derived from the use of those assets. Those incurred costs which do not meet this requirement must be recognized as operational expenses in the period.

Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated in accordance with the straight-line method. The depreciation rate is determined based on the cost and estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation period is in conformity with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25/4/2013 by the Ministry of Finance. Details are as follows:

<u>Kinds of asset</u>	<u>Depreciation period (years)</u>
Buildings, architectures	5 - 25
Machinery, equipment	2.5 - 8
Motor vehicles	5 - 8

During the period, the Corporation accelerated depreciation of a number of assets to ensure more reasonableness in the estimated useful life of these assets.

4.7 Intangible fixed assets

Cost

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization.

The cost of intangible fixed assets comprises all the costs incurred by the Corporation to acquire those assets as of the time of putting such assets into the ready-for-use state

Land use rights

Intangible fixed assets are land use rights including:

- The land use right allocated by the State with land use fee or receiving the transfer of legal land use right (including term and non-term land use right).
- The right to use the leased land before the effective date of the Land Act 2003 but the rent has been paid for the leasing time or paid in advance for many years but the remaining land lease term paid is at least 05 years and granted with certificate of land use right by the competent authority.

Cost of fixed assets that are land use rights is determined to be the total amount paid to have the legal land use right plus (+) costs of site clearance, ground leveling, registration fee (excluding costs for building works on land) or the value of land use right received as capital contribution.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

Amortization

Intangible fixed assets being land use rights with indefinite term are not amortized. For land use rights with definite term, the amortization period is the period in which the Corporation is allowed to use the land.

Other intangible fixed assets are amortized in accordance with the straight-line method. Amortization rate is based on the cost and estimated useful lives. Amortization period is in conformity with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated 25/4/2013 by the Ministry of Finance.

The amortization period of intangible fixed assets of the Corporation is as follows:

<u>Kind of asset</u>	<u>Amortization period (years)</u>
Term land use rights	35

4.8 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses. These are expenses that have been incurred actually but related to the operations of many accounting periods. Based on the nature and extent of the expenses, the Corporation selects appropriate method and criteria of allocation over the period in which economic benefits are expected to be received.

4.9 Payables

Payables include: trade payables and other payables:

- Trade payables are trade-related amounts, arising from trading activities between the Corporation and its suppliers;
- Other payables are non-trade amounts, which are not related to trading activities, intra-company transactions.

Payables are recognized at cost and reported as short-term and long-term payables in the financial statements.

Payables are recognized at the time when the Corporation's payment obligation arises or when there is certain evidence that a loss is likely to occur.

Payables are monitored according to their creditors, principal terms, remaining terms and original currencies.

4.10 Loans and finance lease liabilities

Loans and finance lease liabilities are recorded at cost and classified into current and non-current liabilities when presented in the financial statements.

The Corporation monitors loans and finance lease liabilities according to their creditors, loan agreements, principal terms, remaining terms and original currencies. Loans and finance lease liabilities denominated in foreign currency are reevaluated using the selling exchange rate at the end of the year of the commercial bank where the Corporation regularly conducts transactions.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs comprise interest and other costs that the Corporation incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they qualify the conditions to be capitalized in accordance with Accounting Standard "Borrowing costs".

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

Borrowing costs associated with a particular borrowing for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset shall be capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. For general borrowing funds, the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization in the period shall be determined according to the capitalization rate, which is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Corporation that are outstanding during the period.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs shall be suspended during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset, except to the extent that the suspension is necessary. Capitalization shall be ceased when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

4.11 Accrued expenses

Accruals are recognized for amount to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Corporation. The Corporation's major accrued expenses include:

- Charges for granting the mineral mining right are determined by the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of Decree No. 203/2013/ND-CP but the tax authority has not issued the notice of payment of charges for granting the mineral mining right yet.
- Accrued interests are determined according to the agreed interest rate of each loan contract, loan term and loan principal.

4.12 Provision for payables

Provision for payables is a present obligation (legal or constructive) of the Corporation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. A provision is recognized when a reliable estimate can be made on the amount of the obligation.

If the provision for payables that needs to be made in current accounting period is greater than the remaining provision for payables in previous accounting period, the difference shall be recorded as operating expenses of the current period. If the provision for payables in current accounting period is smaller than the remaining provision in previous period, the difference shall be reversed decreasing the operating expenses of current period.

4.13 Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue is recognized when the Corporation receives advance payments for one or many accounting periods for services rendered to customers.

Unearned revenue is amortized over the period for which the Corporation has received the advance payment.

4.14 Owners' equity

Share capital represents the amount of actually-contributed capital.

Share premium reflects the difference between par value of shares and issue price of shares.

Profit after corporate income tax (excluding foreign exchange gains from revaluation of balances at the balance sheet date) is available for appropriation to funds and to shareholders as provided for in the resolution of annual general shareholders' meeting.

Profit distribution is only carried out when the Corporation has undistributed profit after tax. The dividend to be paid to the shareholders shall not exceed the undistributed profit after tax.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

4.15 Revenue recognition

- Revenue from construction contracts
 - ✓ Where a construction contract stipulates that the contractor gets paid according to the set schedule, and when the construction contract performance result is reliably estimated, the revenues and costs related to the contract shall be recognized by reference to the completed volume.
 - ✓ Where a construction contract stipulates that the contractor gets paid according to the value of performed work volume, and when the contract performance result is reliably determined, the revenues and costs related to such contract shall be recognized by reference to the completed work volume certified by the customers.
- Revenue from sales and service provision is recognized to the extent that it is probable to obtain economic benefits, it can be reliably measured and the following conditions are also met:
 - ✓ Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized in the income statement when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer and there are no significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the likely return of goods;
 - ✓ Revenue from service provision is recognized when the services have been rendered. In case that the services are to be provided in many accounting periods, the determination of revenue in each period is done on the basis of the service completion rate as of the balance sheet date.
- Revenue from financing activities is recognized when revenue is determined with relative certainty and it is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transactions.
 - ✓ Interests are recognized on the basis of the actual term and interest rates;
 - ✓ Dividends and profits shared are recognized when the Corporation has the right to receive dividends or profit from the capital contribution.
- Other income is the income derived out of the Corporation's scope of business and recognized when it can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Corporation.

4.16 Revenue deductions

Revenue deduction is the construction value that is reduced after finalization.

Revenue deductions arising after the balance sheet date but before the date of issuing the financial statements are considered events requiring adjustments to reduce revenue for the reporting period.

4.17 Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold and the corresponding revenue are recorded simultaneously according to the matching principle.

4.18 Financial expenses

Financial expenses reflect expenses or losses related to financial investment activities: interest expense, interest on installment purchase, interest on finance lease, payment discounts for buyers, expenses and loss on liquidating, transferring investments; provision for diminution in value of trading securities, provision for loss from investment in other entities, loss from sale of foreign currency, foreign exchange loss and other expenses attributable to investing activities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

4.19 Selling expenses, administrative expenses

Selling expenses reflect expenses actually incurred in the process of selling products, goods, rendering services.

Administrative expenses reflect expenses actually incurred related to the overall administration of the enterprise.

4.20 Current corporate income tax expense, deferred corporate income tax expense

Corporate income tax expenses comprise current income tax and deferred income tax.

Current income tax is the tax amount computed based on the taxable income in the period at the tax rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The difference between taxable income and accounting profit is due to the adjustments of temporary differences between tax and accounting figures as well as those of non-taxable or non-deductible income and expenses.

Deferred income tax is determined for temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liability and their carrying amount for financial reporting purpose.

4.21 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

A financial asset is recognized initially at cost plus transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The Corporation's financial assets comprise cash on hand, short-term deposits, trade receivables, other receivables and financial investments.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is recognized initially at cost plus transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of such liability. The Corporation's financial liabilities include loans, trade payables, accrued expenses and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

Currently, there has been no requirement for subsequent measurement of financial instruments..

4.22 Tax rates and charges paid to the State Budget that the Corporation is applying

- Value Added Tax (VAT): A VAT rate of 8% is applicable to construction activities and 10% rate for construction stone products.
- Corporate Income Tax (CIT): CIT rate of 20% is applicable.
- Other taxes and charges are paid in accordance with the prevailing regulations.

4.23 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability (directly or indirectly) to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

Unit: VND

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Cash on hand	73,458,112	586,594,183
Cash in bank	1,914,848,996	3,195,831,150
Cash equivalents (deposits for no more than 3 months)		
Total	1,988,307,108	3,782,425,333

6. Held-to-maturity investments

	30/6/2026		01/01/2026	
	Cost	Book value	Cost	Book value
Deposits with the remaining term of no more than 12 months	16,828,000,000		6,828,000,000	0
Total	16,828,000,000		6,828,000,000	0

7. Short-term trade receivables

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Danang Infrastructure Maintenance Board	3,168,700,000	10,568,912,000
Road Management Unit III	1,469,367,000	2,057,114,000
Others	4,562,067,496	5,342,766,244
Total	9,200,134,496	17,968,792,244

8. Short-term prepayments to suppliers :

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
An Nhan Design and Construction JSC		57,000,000
Tuan Thinh Construction, Trading and Service Co., Ltd	135,200,000	130,400,000
Thinh Phu Nguyen Co., Ltd	81,000,000	
Others	195,487,580	100,937,490
Total	411,687,580	288,337,490

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

9. Other receivables

a. Short-term

	30/6/2026		01/01/2026	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Deposits, collaterals	13,473,400		13,473,400	
Receivables from construction teams for construction capital	325,410,254		225,374,000	
Accrued interest receivable	284,352,504		56,603,309	
Total	623,236,158	0	295,450,709	

b. Long-term

	30/6/2026		01/01/2026	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Deposits, collaterals	3,760,127,188		3,760,127,188	
Total	3,760,127,188	0	3,760,127,188	0

10. Provision for short-term doubtful debts

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Provision for overdue receivables:		
- Over 3 years	(1,170,460,244)	(1,170,460,244)
Total	(1,170,460,244)	(1,170,460,244)

11. Inventories

	30/6/2026		01/01/2026	
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Materials, raw materials	908,145,858		553,765,435	
Tools, instruments	56,851,909		534,817,074	
Work in process	9,954,991,040		13,088,366,271	
Finished products	79,401,701		204,397,702	
Merchandise goods	124,245,000		124,245,000	
Total	11,123,635,508		14,505,591,482	

- There are no inventories which are unsold, in poor quality or slow-moving as at 30/6/2026.
- There are no inventories which were pledged, mortgaged as security for debts as at 30/6/2026.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

12. Tangible fixed assets

	Buildings, architectures	Machinery, equipment	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Total
Cost					
Beginning balance	4,725,401,477	62,893,433,602	9,319,559,762	216,244,965	77,154,639,806
New purchase					
Sale, disposal					
Balance at 30/6/2026	4,725,401,477	62,893,433,602	9,319,559,762	216,244,965	77,154,639,806
Depreciation					
Beginning balance	3,996,117,706	53,686,870,756	6,209,094,636	108,122,482	64,000,205,580
Charge for the period	45,016,765	821,190,530	334,066,510	21,624,496	1,221,898,301
Sale, disposal					
Balance at 30/6/2026	4,041,134,471	54,508,061,286	6,543,161,146	129,746,978	65,222,103,881
Net book value					
Beginning balance	729,283,771	9,206,562,846	3,110,465,126	108,122,483	13,154,434,226
Balance at 30/6/2026	684,267,006	8,385,372,316	2,776,398,616	86,497,987	11,932,535,925

- Cost of tangible fixed assets fully depreciated but still in active use at 30/6/2026 was VND53,891,816,417.

13. Intangible fixed assets

	Non-term land use right (i) VND	Term land use right (ii) VND	Total VND
Cost			
Beginning balance	224,000,000	34,293,600	258,293,600
Increase in the period			
Decrease in the period			
Balance at 30/6/2026	224,000,000	34,293,600	258,293,600
Amortization			
Beginning balance		13,717,447	13,717,447
Charge for the period		489,910	489,910
Decrease in the period			
Balance at 30/6/2026	0	14,207,357	14,207,357
Net book value			
Beginning balance	224,000,000	20,576,153	244,576,153
Balance at 30/6/2026	224,000,000	20,086,243	244,086,243

- Use right of 200 m² of land in Thanh Ly Village, Binh Nguyen Commune, Thang Binh District, Quang Nam Province. The Company uses it to build warehouse, house for workers.
- Use right of 692,8 m² of land in Thanh Ly Village, Binh Nguyen Commune, Thang Binh District, Quang Nam Province which is valid until March 2047. The Company uses it to build warehouse, house for workers.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

14. Prepaid expenses

a. Short-term :

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Repair costs	241,660,703	65,109,027
Other short-term prepaid expenses		
Total	241,660,703	65,109,027

b. Long-term :

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Repair costs	313,011,928	395,759,665
Other long-term prepaid expenses	15,929,558	28,395,606
Total	328,941,486	424,155,271

15. Short-term trade payables

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
People's Committee of Dien Ngoc Commune	889,694,244	889,694,244
Gia Loc Work Construction and Equipment Co., Ltd	152,357,650	802,010,301
Transport Technology Development Co., Ltd	156,222,850	249,282,756
Thinh Phu Nguyen Co., Ltd		420,762,600
Tien Hoa Thinh Co., Ltd		459,444,800
Bachchambard Danang JSC	157,950,000	
Others	420,666,355	206,119,255
Total	1,776,891,099	3,027,313,956

16. Taxes and amounts payable to the State

	As at 01/01/2026		Amount to be paid	Actual amount paid	As at 30/6/2026	
	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>			<u>Payable</u>	<u>Receivable</u>
VAT	6,277,639	1,188,186,027	1,952,138,593	2,721,840,883	6,277,639	418,483,737
CIT		357,005,215	962,835,417	594,980,232		724,860,400
Personal Income Tax		4,522,050	72,614,537	56,612,737		20,523,850
Natural resource tax	55,426,268			262,052,009	317,478,277	
Land and housing tax, land rent			999,118,764	999,118,764		0
Fees, charges and others payable		41,721,438	41,852,549	83,573,987		0
Total	61,703,907	1,591,434,730	4,028,559,860	4,718,178,612	323,755,916	1,163,867,987

The Company's tax returns would be subject to examination of the tax authority. The tax amounts reported in these financial statements could be changed under decision of the tax authority.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

17. Short-term accrued expenses

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Accrued interest payable		4,867,891
Accrued expenses of Dien Nam-Dien Ngoc Urban Area Project	135,438,538	135,438,538
Other accrued expenses	9,781,818	9,781,818
Total	145,220,356	150,088,247

18. Other short-term payables

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Trade union fee	23,259,502	61,858,507
Payable for construction volume to construction teams	1,312,929,285	1,218,496,827
Short-term deposits, collaterals received	700,000,000	740,000,000
Other payables	285,663,110	280,637,121
Total	2,321,851,897	2,300,992,455

19. Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities

	As at 01/01/2026	Increase in the period	Decrease in the period	As at 30/6/2026
Vietcombank - Quang Nam Branch	5,396,807,776	4,224,797,749	9,621,605,525	0
Vietnam Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Quang Nam Branch				
Total	5,396,807,776	4,224,797,749	9,621,605,525	0

20. Short-term provision for payables

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
Provision for environmental restoration costs	1,384,935,108	1,523,480,703
Provision for construction warranty obligations	1,015,419,000	1,015,419,000
Provision for severance allowance	923,765,575	923,765,575
Total	3,324,119,683	3,462,665,278

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

21. Owners' equity

a. Statement of changes in owners' equity

	Share capital	Other owners' capital	Investment and development fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
As at 01/01/2025	27,000,000,000	8,785,646,260	2,561,777,617	2,248,925,972	40,596,349,849
Increase in the year				2,899,214,320	2,899,214,320
Decrease in the year				2,248,925,972	2,248,925,972
					0
As at 31/12/2025	27,000,000,000	8,785,646,260	2,561,777,617	2,899,214,320	41,246,638,197
As at 01/01/2026	27,000,000,000	8,379,414,871	2,561,777,617	2,899,214,320	41,246,638,197
Increase in the period				3,712,214,245	3,712,214,245
Decrease in the period				1,140,991,937	1,140,991,937
As at 30/6/2026	27,000,000,000	8,379,414,871	2,561,777,617	5,470,436,628	43,817,860,505

b. Breakdown of share capital

	30/6/2026	01/01/2026
State Capital Investment Corporation	14,526,000,000	14,526,000,000
Other shareholders	12,474,000,000	12,474,000,000
Total	27,000,000,000	27,000,000,000

c. Shares

	30/6/2026 Shares	01/01/2026 Shares
Number of shares registered for issuance	2,700,000	2,700,000
Number of shares sold to the public	2,700,000	2,700,000
- Common shares	2,700,000	2,700,000
- Preferred shares (classified as owners' equity)		
Number of shares bought back (treasury shares)		
- Common shares		
- Preferred shares (classified as owners' equity)		
Number of outstanding shares	2,700,000	2,700,000
- Common shares	2,700,000	2,700,000
- Preferred shares (classified as owners' equity)		
Par value of outstanding shares : VND10,000 each		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)
(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

22. Revenue from sales and service provision

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
Construction revenue	11,485,910,184	5,386,930,016	12,299,012,036	5,386,930,016
Stone mining revenue	13,395,578,828	10,344,259,436	20,575,252,653	14,454,577,149
Other revenue	129,908,982	101,940,741	354,440,834	220,821,852
Total	25,011,397,994	15,833,130,193	33,228,705,523	20,062,329,017

23. Cost of goods sold

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
Cost of construction	10,070,539,415	4,661,731,497	10,710,050,357	4,649,866,497
Cost of mining stone	10,298,241,385	9,209,772,260	15,740,466,846	12,546,925,848
Cost of others	82,422,533	86,061,400	196,150,451	214,290,084
Total	20,451,203,333	13,957,565,157	26,646,667,654	17,411,082,429

24. Financial income

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
Deposit interest, loan interest	189,653,378	33,001,657	319,999,999	143,200,578
Total	189,653,378	33,001,657	319,999,999	143,200,578

25. Financial expenses

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
Interest expense	67,114,059	13,501,530	127,723,737	21,774,281
Bank guarantee fee	1,525,479	72,440,024	10,100,395	155,655,919
Total	68,639,538	85,941,554	137,824,132	177,430,200

26. Other income

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/6/2026	Accumulated to 30/6/2025
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets	13,636,365	594,444,445	13,636,365	593,844,445
Others		406,069,330	73,636,365	51,272,730
Total	13,636,365	1,000,513,775	87,272,730	645,117,175

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

(These notes form part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements)

27. Basic earnings per share

	Quarter 2 Year 2026	Quarter 2 Year 2025	Accumulated to 30/06/2026	Accumulated to 30/06/2025
Profit after tax	2,811,741,260	510,078,130	3,712,214,245	271,629,415
Adjustments increasing or decreasing profit after tax				
- Increasing adjustments				
- Decreasing adjustments				
Profit or loss attributable to common shareholders	2,811,741,260	510,078,130	3,712,214,245	271,629,415
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000
Basic earnings per share	1,041	189	1,375	101

28. Events after the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the consolidated financial statements.

29. Corresponding figures

Corresponding figures of the consolidated statement of financial position were taken from the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31/12/2025 which had been audited and reviewed by AAC. Corresponding figures of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of cash flows were taken from the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter of 2025 prepared by the Company. Some corresponding figures in the consolidated financial statements have been restated in order to ensure the comparableness with current period's figures and to conform with the regulations on consolidated financial statement preparation of Circular 43/2026/TT – BTC dated 20/4/2026 of the Ministry of Finance.



Vo Thi Minh Loan

Preparer

Tam Ky, July 28, 2026



Dang Tho

Chief Accountant




Nguyen Tuan Anh

General Director