CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

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Management of Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

1. General information

THE COMPANY

Green Plus Group Joint Stock Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") is a joint stock company operating under Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, initially registered on June 1, 2016, and most recently amended for the 15th time on August 8, 2025, issued by the Department of Finance of Vinh Long Province.

Form of capital ownership: Joint Stock Company.

The Company's business operations

The Company's business sectors include the trading of functional food products and leasing of premises.

Stock code: GPC

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park – Phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province, Vietnam.

2. Financial status and business results

The Company's financial status and business results for the 3rd quarter of 2025 are presented in the attached financial statements.

3. Chief Accountant

The members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Executive Board, and the Chief Accountant during the 3rd quarter of 2025 and up to the date of preparation of the financial statements are as follows:

Members of the Board of Directors

Mr	Đặng Đức Thành	Chairman
Ms	Đặng Bích Hồng	Member
Ms	Lâm Thị Diệu Hương	Member
Mr	Phạm Hoàng Lương	Member

Supervisory Board

Mr	Hàng Nhật Quang	Head
Mr	Trần Công Lộc	Member
Mr	Nguyễn Minh Cường	Member

Board of Management, and the Chief Accountant

Mr	Lê Đình Phong	General Director
Mr	Nguyễn Công Thành	Deputy General Director
Mr	Nguyễn Quốc Việt	Deputy General Director also Chief Accountant
O	la lacal manmagantativa duri	ng the 3rd quarter of 2025 and up to the date of prepar

The Company's legal representative during the 3rd quarter of 2025 and up to the date of preparation of the financial statements is as follows:

009

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr. Đặng Đức Thành and Mr. Lê Đình Phong.

4. MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE consolidated FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the consolidated financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the period. In preparing those consolidated financial statements, management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

5 STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2025 and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for 3rd Quarter period then ended in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

Vinh Long, 29th October 2025

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Đặng Đức Thành

Chairman of the Board of Directors

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Notes	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		446,890,612,358	480,947,786,395
	110	V.1	17,077,993,031	13,084,274,412
I. Cash and cash equivalents	111		17,077,993,031	13,084,274,412
1. Cash	112		-	-
2. Cash equivalents		***	22,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
II. Short-term investments	120	V.2	22,000,000,000	50,000,000,00
1. Trading securities	121			-
2. Provision for decline in value of trading securities	122		-	50,000,000,000
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123		22,000,000,000	
III. Các khoản phải thu ngắn hạn	130		388,841,702,938	395,843,263,703
Short-term trade receivables from customers	131	V.3	23,196,339,926	17,602,153,893
D to Cumplions	132	V.4	11,764,083,698	10,470,229,297
t to assemble and	133		-	-
. B . 11 1 d on construction contract progres	s 134		-	-
	135	V.5a	70,000,000,000	70,000,000,000
tulla.	136	V.6a	284,452,065,060	298,341,666,259
Other short-term receivablesProvision for doubtful short-term receivables	137		(570,785,746)	(570,785,746)
Assets pending resolution	139		-	-
IV. Inventories	140	V.7	18,614,090,094	21,107,465,518
	141		18,614,090,094	21,107,465,518
: C 1 1' ' -1 C'eventories	149		-	-
			356,826,295	912,782,762
V. Other Short-term Assets	150			
 Short-term prepaid expenses 	151	V.12a	131,694,466	101,119,093
2. Deductible VAT	152		225,131,829	811,663,669
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State	153			-
4. Government bond repurchase transactions	154		•	-
5. Other short-term assets	155			

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

NON-CURRENT ASSETS 200 571,033,531,111 290,324,814,360	ASSETS	Code	Notes	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
Long-term Receivables 210 591,680,750 556,250,000	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		271,033,531,111	290,324,814,360
1. Long-term trade receivables from customers 211		210		591,680,750	556,250,000
2. Long-term advances to suppliers 212 3. Capital allocated to subsidiaries/branches 213 4. Long-term intra-company receivables 214 5. Long-term loan receivables 215 5. Long-term loan receivables 216 7. Provision for doubtful long-term receivables 219 7. Provision for long-term receivables 220 7. Provision for long-term receivables 222 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 224 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 250 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 251 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 251 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 252 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 253 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 255 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 255 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 255 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 256 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 257 7. Provision for long-term financial investments 258 7. Provision for long-term financ		211		-	-
3. Capital allocated to subsidiaries/branches 213		212			-
Long-term intra-company receivables 214		213		-	-
5. Long-term loan receivables		214		-	-
6. Other long-term receivables 7. Provision for doubtful long-term receivables 219 II. Fixed Assets 220 10,293,512,919 10,775,281,920 1. Tangible fixed assets 221 222 10,723,000,000 10,7		215			-
Time Transition Transitio		216	V.6b	591,680,750	556,250,000
11. Fixed Assets		219		-	-
1. Tangible fixed assets		220		10,293,512,919	350000000000000000000000000000000000000
- Cost		221	V.8		
- Accumulated depreciation		222		10,723,000,000	
- Cost - Accumulated depreciation		223		(2,932,107,725)	(2,495,335,844)
- Accumulated depreciation 226 - Intangible fixed assets 227 V.9 2,502,620,644 2,547,617,764 2,999,808,000 2,999,809,809 2,900 2,900,000 62,300,000,000 62,300,000,000 62,300,000,000 62,300,000,000 62,300,000,000 62,300,000,000 2,999,809,729,610 2,999,809,729,	2. Finance-leased fixed assets	224		-	¥
Intangible fixed assets	- Cost	225		-	-
Intangible Fixed assets	- Accumulated depreciation	226		-	-
- Cost	3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.9		
III. Investment Properties 230 V.10 38,091,895,863 58,598,333,360	- Cost	228			
- Cost	- Accumulated depreciation	229		(497, 187, 356)	
- Accumulated depreciation 232 (4,118,104,137) (3,701,666,640) IV. Long-term asset in progress 240 30,769,033,304 29,895,729,610 1. Costs of unfinished production and business activitic 241	III. Investment Properties	230	V.10	38,091,895,863	58,598,333,360
1.	- Cost	231		42,210,000,000	62,300,000,000
1. Costs of unfinished production and business activitic 241 2. Construction in progress cost 242 V.11 30,769,033,304 29,895,729,610 V. Long-term Financial Investments 250 V.2 190,642,140,886 190,070,762,007 1. Investment in subsidiaries 251 183,453,615,562 182,879,424,853 3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255	- Accumulated depreciation	232		(4,118,104,137)	(3,701,666,640)
2. Construction in progress cost 242 V.11 30,769,033,304 29,895,729,610 V. Long-term Financial Investments 250 V.2 190,642,140,886 190,070,762,007 1. Investment in subsidiaries 251 - - 2. Investment in joint ventures and associates 252 183,453,615,562 182,879,424,853 3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255 - - VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - - -	IV. Long-term asset in progress	240		30,769,033,304	29,895,729,610
2. Construction in progress cost 242 V.11 30,769,033,304 29,895,729,610 V. Long-term Financial Investments 250 V.2 190,642,140,886 190,070,762,007 1. Investment in subsidiaries 251 - - 2. Investment in joint ventures and associates 252 183,453,615,562 182,879,424,853 3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255 - - VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - - -	1. Costs of unfinished production and business activ	ritic 241		-	-
1. Investment in subsidiaries 251 - 182,879,424,853 2. Investment in joint ventures and associates 252 183,453,615,562 182,879,424,853 3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255			V.11	30,769,033,304	29,895,729,610
1. Investment in subsidiaries 251 - - 2. Investment in joint ventures and associates 252 183,453,615,562 182,879,424,853 3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255 - - VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - - -	V. Long-term Financial Investments	250	V.2	190,642,140,886	190,070,762,007
3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255		251		-	-
3. Capital contribution to other entities 253 7,250,000,000 7,250,000,000 4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255 - - VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - - -	2. Investment in joint ventures and associates	252		183,453,615,562	182,879,424,853
4. Provision for long-term financial investments 254 (61,474,676) (58,662,846) 5. Held-to-maturity investments 255 - - VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - - -		253		7,250,000,000	7,250,000,000
VI. Other Non-current Assets 260 645,267,389 428,457,463 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 - - 3. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 263 - - 4. Other non-current assets 268 - - 5. Goodwill 269 - - -	A 100 CO	254		(61,474,676)	(58,662,846)
1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.12b 645,267,389 428,457,463 2. Deferred income tax assets 262		255		-	-
2. Deferred income tax assets 2. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 2. Other non-current assets 3. Ot	VI. Other Non-current Assets	260		645,267,389	428,457,463
2. Deferred income tax assets 2. Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts 2. Coodwill		261	V.12b	645,267,389	428,457,463
4. Other non-current assets 268 5. Goodwill 269 7771 273 600 755		262		-	-
4. Other non-current assets 268		263		-	*
5. Goodwin		268		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS 270 717,924,143,469 771,272,600,755	5. Goodwill	269			-
	TOTAL ASSETS	270		717,924,143,469	771,272,600,755

Unit: VND

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Code	Notes	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
C. LIABILITIES	300		128,648,896,092	176,788,189,095
I. Current Liabilities	310		119,185,769,090	166,653,242,964
	311	V.14	8,507,802,534	380,623,214
Payables to short-term suppliers (chart term)	312		80,000	1,915,000
2. Advances from customers (short-term)	313	V.15	1,062,844,940	1,093,450,996
3. Taxes and other amounts payable to the State	314	,,,,,	181,300	181,299
 Payables to employees 	315	V.16	_	74,117,805
5. Accrued short-term expenses		V.10	_	-
6. Short-term intra-company payables	316			-
7. Payables based on construction contract progress	317			4,909,091
8. Unearned revenue – short-term	318	** 15	3,658,938,220	1,579,775,529
9. Other short-term payables	319	V.17		163,108,967,238
10. Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	320	V.13a	105,316,557,267	105,100,707,250
11. Provision for short-term payables	321		-	409,302,792
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322		639,364,829	409,302,792
13. Price stabilization fund	323		-	
14. Government bond repurchase transactions	324		-	-
II. Non-current Liabilities	330		9,463,127,002	10,134,946,131
1. Payables to long-term suppliers	331		-	-
Advances from customers (long-term)	332		-	-
Accrued long-term expenses	333		-	-
Payables to affiliates regarding business capital	334		-	-
5. Long-term intra-company payables	335		-	-
6. Unearned revenue – long-term	336		-	-
7. Other long-term payables	337		<u>-</u>	-
8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	338	V.13b	9,463,127,002	10,029,548,710
9. Convertible bonds	339		-	-
10. Preferred shares	340		-	
11. Deferred income tax liabilities	341		-	105,397,41
12. Provision for long-term payables	342		-	-
13. Science and technology development fund	343		-	-

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Code	Notes	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
D.	OWNER'S EQUITY	400		589,275,247,377	594,484,411,660
I.	Owner's Capital	410	V.18	589,275,247,377	594,484,411,660
1	. Capital contribution from owners	411		540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
1	Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
	Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2		412			-
3		413		i	-
4	2.1	414		-	-
	5. Treasury shares	415		-	-
	5. Asset revaluation surplus	416		-	-
	7. Foreign exchange differences	417		-	
	3. Development investment fund	418		-	-
	D. Business restructuring support fund	419		-	-
	Other equity funds	420		-	-
	Undistributed after-tax profit	421		37,769,527,969	43,240,671,623
1	Retained earnings accumulated to the end of the	pre 421a		42,875,371,623	38,871,918,795
	Retained earnings of the current period	421b		(5,105,843,654)	4,368,752,828
1	Capital for basic construction investment	422		-	-
	Non-controlling Interests	429		10,784,289,408	10,522,310,037
II	. Other funds and resources	430		-	-
	1. Funding Source	431			-
	2. Funding Source for Formed Fixed Assets	432			-
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	440		717,924,143,469	771,272,600,755

Vinh Long, 29th October 2025

PREPARER

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyễn Quốc Việt

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN TẬP ĐOÀN

GREEN.

Le Dinh Phong

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

	ITEMS	Code	Notes	Third Qu	arter	From 1 January to	30 September
	112			2025	2024	2025	2024
1	Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services	01	VI.1	47,725,033,085	10,542,644,584	100,026,684,492	43,069,016,852
	Deductions from revenue	02	-		-	-	•
	Net revenue from sales of goods and provision of service	10	VI.1	47,725,033,085	10,542,644,584	100,026,684,492	43,069,016,852
	Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2	50,696,691,781	7,475,245,245	92,374,769,380	34,444,388,353
	Gross profit from sales of goods and provision of set	20	-	(2,971,658,696)	3,067,399,339	7,651,915,112	8,624,628,499
٥.	(20 = 10 - 11)		-				
6	Financial income	21	VI.3	695,062,483	1,754,866,493	4,162,451,512	5,334,965,867
	Financial expenses	22	VI.4	1,652,885,532	666,064,573	5,186,203,948	(2,794,757,643)
7.	Including: Interest expense	23	_	1,652,885,513	666,063,409	5,183,391,488	1,953,957,623
Q	Share of Profit (Loss) in Joint Ventures and Associates	24	-	205,875,130	-	574,190,709	(61,264,701)
	Selling expenses	25	VI.5	702,320,017	327,392,815	2,332,958,596	1,521,803,045
	General and administrative expenses	26	VI.6	2,613,384,241	2,600,094,976	8,578,634,755	7,231,912,493
	Operating profit	30	-	(7,039,310,873)	1,228,713,468	(3,709,239,966)	7,939,371,770
11	(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))						
12	. Other income	31	VI.7	109,147,962		310,794,562	1,079,815,966
	. Other expenses	32	VI.8	152,100,449	151,309,727	480,831,739	600,279,632
	6. Other profit (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(42,952,487)	(151,309,727)	(170,037,177)	479,536,334
	5. Total accounting profit before tax	50	-	(7,082,263,360)	1,077,403,741	(3,879,277,143)	8,418,908,104
13	(50 = 30 + 40)		_				
1.0	5. Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.10	193,352,060	215,480,748	1,069,984,555	1,742,405,146
	7. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52	VI.11			(105,397,415)	53,564,766
	3. Profit after corporate income tax	60	-	(7,275,615,420)	861,922,993	(4,843,864,283)	6,622,938,192
10	(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)		_	(,,,, ,			
		61		(7,362,102,050)	746,041,248	(5,105,843,654)	6,241,567,466
	9. Profit After Tax Attributable to the Parent Company			86,486,630	115,881,745	261,979,371	381,370,726
). Profit After Tax Attributable to Non-controlling Interes		VI.12	(136)	18	(94)	150
	1. Basic Earnings per Share	70	VI.12	(136)	18	(94)	150
2:	2. Diluted Earnings per Share PREPARER	71		COUNTANT	1/1	20100997 MicLong, 29th October 20 GENERAL DIRECTOR	25

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyên

Nguyễn Quốc Việt

Lê Đình Phong

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect Method)

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From 1 January to	30 September
			2025	2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPRATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Profit before tax	01		(3,879,277,143)	8,418,908,104
2. Adjustments for:			202 206 408	898,206,498
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	V.8,09, 10	898,206,498	(4,753,242,873)
Provisions	03		2,811,830	(4,733,242,673)
Gains/losses from foreign exchange rate differences due to revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign	04		-	- 3
currencies				3
Investment gains/losses	05		(4,735,778,196)	(5,264,333,965)
Interest expenses	06	VI.4	5,183,391,488	1,953,957,623
Other adjustments	07		-	- (
3. Operating profit before changes in working capital	08		(2,530,645,523)	1,253,495,387
Increase (-), decrease (+) in receivables	09		(46,450,238,900)	(133,067,139,195)
Increase (-), decrease (+) in inventories	10		2,493,375,424	2,058,598
Increase (+), decrease (-) in payables (excluding interest payable and income tax payable)	11		25,466,247,704	117,653,978,592
Increase (-), decrease (+) in prepaid expenses	12		(247,385,299)	313,661,490
Increase (-), decrease (+) in trading securities	13		-	
Interest paid	14		(2,933,712,005)	(1,987,597,941)
Corporate income tax paid	15		(1,003,043,775)	(545,713,048)
Other cash receipts from operating activities	16		-	
Other cash payments from operating activities	17		(135,237,963)	(637,667,000)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20		(25,340,640,337)	(17,014,923,117)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect Method)

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025				Unit: VND
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase, construction of fixed assets and other long- 1. term assets	21		(1,373,303,694)	(17,646,336,195)
2. Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		15,600,000,000	
3. Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23		(22,000,000,000)	-
4. Loan recoveries, resale of debt instruments of other	24		50,000,000,000	-
5. Capital contribution to other entities	25		-	-
6. Proceeds from recovery of other entities' contributed capital	26		43,310,000,000	18,760,000,000
7. Interest, dividends, and profits received	27		2,156,494,335	6,536,956,153
Net cash flow from investing activities	30		87,693,190,641	7,650,619,958
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of shares, capital contribution from owners	31			
	32			
issued shares			54 192 450 450	36,627,100,872
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33		54,183,450,459 (112,542,282,144)	(29,232,783,283)
4. Repayment of principal loans	34 35		(112,342,202,144)	(29,232,763,263)
5. Repayment of finance lease liabilities	36			-
6. Dividends and profits paid to owners	40		(58,358,831,685)	7,394,317,589
Net cash flow from financing activities				
Net cash flow for the year $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		3,993,718,619	(1,969,985,570)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60		13,084,274,412	6,463,690,710
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	61		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year $(70 = 50)$	70	V.1	17,077,993,031	4,493,705,140

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

Nguyễn Quốc Việt

Vinh Long, 29th October 2025

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

I. Business Characteristics of the Company

1. The Company

Green Plus Group Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") is a joint stock company operating under Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, initially registered on June 1, 2016, and most recently amended for the 15th time on August 8, 2025, issued by the Department of Finance of Vinh Long Province.

Form of capital ownership: Joint Stock Company.

Stock code: GPC

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park - Phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Ving Long Province, Vietnam.

In addition, the Company also has two branches:

Located at Ho Chi Minh City: 2nd floor of Geenplus Building, No. 73-75 Tran Trong Cung Street, Tan Thuan Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.

Located at Ha Noi City: Room 312, 3rd floor of VCCI Building, No. 9 Dao Duy Anh Street, Kim Lien Ward, Ha Noi City.

2. The Company's business operations

The Company operates in the fields of commerce and services.

3. Core business operations

The Company's business sectors include the trading of functional food products and leasing of premises.

4. Normal production and business cycle

The Company's operating cycle lasts within 12 months, following the standard financial year starting from January 1 and ending on December 31.

The Company's operational characteristics during the 3rd quarter of 2025 had an impact on the financial statements.

None.

6. Total number of employees as of Septeber 30, 2025: 28 employees. (As of January 1, 2025: 33 employees.)

7. Organizational structure of the Company

7.1. List of subsidiaries

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had one (01) directly owned subsidiary as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Business Activities	Ownership Percentage	Ownership interest	Voting rights percentage	
Tien Thinh Organic Joint Stock Company	Business in fertilizer trading	85.7%	85.7%	85.7%	

7.2. List of associates

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had one (01) associate as follows:

Name of associate	Business Activities	Ownership Percentage	Ownership interest	Voting rights percentage
Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company	Architectural activities and related technical consultancy	22.9%	22.9%	22.9%

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

8. Statement on the comparability of information in the financial statements

The selection of figures and information to be presented in the financial statements is carried out based on the principle of comparability between corresponding accounting periods.

II. ACCOUNTING FISCAL YEAR AND CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Accounting fiscal year

The Company's financial year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 each year.

2. Currency used in accounting

The Vietnamese Dong (VND) is used as the currency for accounting record-keeping.

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING REGIME APPLIED

1. Accounting regime applied

The Company applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Enterprise Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014; Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amending and supplementing certain provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC; and other relevant circulars and guidance on the implementation of accounting standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

2. Statement of compliance with accounting standards and accounting regime

We conducted our accounting, preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial stetements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting and other relevant statutory regulations. The consolidated financial stetements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs The Company and the results of its operations as well as its cash flows.

The selection of figures and information presentation of the Notes to the consolidated financial stetements is complied with the materrial principles un Vietnamese Accounting Standard No.21 - Presentation of the financial stetements and Accounting Standard No.25 "Consolidated Financial Stetements and Accounting for Investments in Subsidiaries".

IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of Consolidation of Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Green+ Group Joint Stock Company and its subsidiary ("the Group") for the 3rd quarter of 2025 as at September 30, 2025.

following accounting policies consistent with those of Green+ Group Joint Stock Company. Adjustments have been made to eliminate any discrepancies in accounting policies to ensure consistency between the subsidiary and Green+ Group Joint Stock Company.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income, expenses, and unrealized gains arising from intra-group transactions included in the carrying amount of assets are fully eliminated.

unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the transferred asset.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiary not attributable to the Group. These

Losses incurred by the subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if this results in a deficit balance for non-controlling interests in the net assets of the subsidiary.

Goodwill (or gain from a bargain purchase) arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary represents the excess of the cost of the investment over the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary at the acquisition date. Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life, not exceeding 10 years. Periodically, the Group assesses goodwill for impairment; if there is evidence that the impairment loss exceeds the annual amortization, the excess impairment loss is recognized immediately in the period incurred.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

2. Foreign Exchange Rates Applied in Accounting

The Company translates foreign currencies into Vietnamese Dong based on the actual transaction rate and the recorded book rate.

Principle for Determining Actual Transaction Exchange Rate

All foreign currency transactions arising during the year (such as buying or selling foreign currency, recognizing receivables and payables, purchasing assets, or expenses settled immediately in foreign currency) are accounted for at the actual exchange rate at the transaction date.

advances from customers, prepaid expenses, deposits, and deferred revenue) denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the actual exchange rate announced at the reporting date.

- The actual exchange rate applied for revaluing monetary items classified as assets is the foreign currency buying rate of the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank). The buying rate as of September 30, 2025: 26,206 VND/USD.
- The actual exchange rate used to revalue monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are classified as liabilities: the selling exchange rate of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank) is applied. The selling exchange rate as of September 30, 2025: 26,446 VND/USD.

Foreign exchange differences arising during the year from transactions in foreign currencies and from the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period, after offsetting exchange gains and losses, are recognized in the profit or loss.

Principles for determining the accounting exchange rate

When recovering receivables, deposits, or making payments for payables denominated in foreign currencies, the Company applies the specific actual accounting exchange rate.

When making payments in foreign currencies, the Company applies the moving weighted average accounting exchange rate.

3. Principle for determining the effective interest rate used to discount cash flows

The effective interest rate used to discount cash flows for items recognized at present value, amortized cost, or recoverable amount is determined based on the interest rate applied by the commercial bank with which the Company frequently transacts, for loans granted to the Company.

4. Principle for recognizing cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, demand deposits at banks, and cash in transit

5. Accounting principles for financial investments

Accounting principles for held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments include time deposits with banks.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price and any transaction costs related to the acquisition of the investments. After initial recognition, these investments are measured at their recoverable value. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis. Any interest earned before the Company takes ownership is deducted from the initial cost at the time of purchase.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

5. Accounting principles for financial investments (Continued)

Accounting principles for investments in associates

Investments in associates are recognized when the Group holds from 20% to less than 50% of the voting rights of the investees, has significant influence, but does not have control over the financial and operating policy decisions of these companies. Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the initial investment is recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted for changes in the investor's share of the net assets of the associate or joint venture after acquisition. The consolidated statement of profit or loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture after acquisition as a separate line item.

Goodwill arising from the investment in an associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment. The Group does not amortize this goodwill but assesses it annually for impairment.

The financial statements of the associates and joint ventures are prepared for the same accounting period as the Group's financial statements and apply consistent accounting policies. Appropriate consolidation adjustments have been made where necessary to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

Accounting principles for investments in equity instruments of other entitie

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include investments in equity instruments where the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution, plus any direct transaction costs related to the investment. Dividends and profits from periods prior to the purchase of the investment are accounted for as a reduction in the carrying value of the investment. Dividends and profits from periods after the purchase of the investment are recognized as income. Dividends received in the form of additional shares are only tracked in terms of the increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received, or are recognized at par value (except for state-owned enterprises that follow the applicable laws and regulations).

Provisions for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments where the fair value cannot be determined at the reporting date, the provision for impairment is made based on the losses of the investee, with the provision calculated as the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties to the other entity and the actual equity, multiplied by the Company's ownership percentage relative to the total actual capital contributions of the parties in the other entity.

6. Principle for recognizing trade receivables and other receivables

Receivables are presented at their carrying amount, less any provision for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables is carried out based on the following principles:

- Receivables from customers reflect trade receivables arising from buy-and-sell transactions between the Company and independent buyers, including receivables for goods sold under export consignment arrangements with other entities.
- Other receivables reflect non-trade receivables that are not related to buy-and-sell transactions.

A provision for doubtful debts is made for each receivable based on the aging of overdue debts or the expected amount of loss. Specifically:

- For overdue receivables;
- For receivables that are not yet overdue but are considered unlikely to be recovered: the provision is based on the estimated amount of loss.

The increase or decrease in the provision for doubtful debts to be made at the end of the financial year is recognized as part of administrative expenses.

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For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

7. Principle for recognizing inventory

- Raw materials, goods: include the purchase cost and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and condition
- Finished goods: include the costs of raw materials, direct labor, and attributable manufacturing overheads, which are allocated based on normal operating capacity.
- Work-in-progress: includes only the cost of raw materials.

Inventory valuation method: Using the First-In, First-Out (FIFO) method.

Inventory accounting: Perpetual inventory method.

Method for creating provision for inventory write-down (if any): A provision for inventory write-down is made for each inventory item where the cost exceeds the net realizable value. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The increase or decrease in the provision for inventory write-down to be made at the end of the financial year is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

8. Principle for recognizing and depreciating fixed assets (FA)

8.1. Principle for recognizing tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at cost, less accumulated depreciation. The cost includes all expenditures that the company incurs to acquire the asset and bring it to the intended use at the time it is ready for use. Subsequent costs are added to the carrying amount of the fixed asset only if it is certain that these costs will result in future economic benefits from the use of the asset. Costs that do not meet this condition are recognized as expenses in the period incurred.

When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the books, and any resulting gain or loss from the disposal is recognized in income or expenses for the period.

Acquired tangible fixed assets

The cost of a tangible fixed asset includes the purchase price (less any trade discounts or rebates), taxes (excluding refundable taxes), and any directly attributable costs necessary to bring the asset into working condition for its intended use, such as installation costs, trial operation costs, expert fees, and other directly related costs.

Fixed assets, including buildings and structures attached to land use rights, have the value of the land use rights separately determined and recognized as intangible assets.

8.2. Principle for recognizing intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are recognized at historical cost less accumulated amortization. The historical cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises all costs incurred by the enterprise to acquire the intangible asset up to the time it is ready for its intended use.

The historical cost of an intangible fixed asset representing land use rights includes the amount paid to legally acquire the land use rights from another party, as well as costs for compensation, site clearance, land leveling, and registration fees.

Land Use Rights

Land use rights represent all actual costs directly related to the land that the Group has incurred, including amounts paid to obtain land use rights, compensation expenses, site clearance costs, land leveling expenses, registration fees, etc. When land use rights are acquired together with buildings and structures on the land, the value of the land use rights is separately identified and recorded as an intangible fixed asset.

8.3. Depreciation method for fixed assets (FA)

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful life is the period during which the asset is expected to be used in production or business operations.

The estimated useful life of the fixed assets is as follows:

Buildings and structures

40 yrs

Transportation and transmission equipmen

10 yrs

Land use rights with a limited term are depreciated in accordance with the land lease term (50 years).

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

9. Principle for recognizing construction in progress costs

Construction in progress reflects costs directly related to assets under construction, including machinery and equipment being installed for production, leasing, and management purposes, as well as costs related to the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are recognized at cost and are not depreciated.

These costs are transferred to the asset account when the project is completed, the final acceptance has been performed, and the asset is handed over and ready for use.

10. Principle for recognizing and depreciating investment properties

Principle for recognizing investment properties: Investment properties are land use rights, buildings, part of a building, or infrastructure owned or leased by the Company for the purpose of generating rental income or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are presented at cost, less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of investment properties: It includes all costs incurred by the Company or the fair value of any consideration exchanged to acquire the investment property, up to the point of purchase or completion of construction of the investment property.

Costs related to investment properties incurred after initial recognition are recognized as operating expenses in the period, unless it is certain that these costs will increase the future economic benefits from the investment property, in which case they are capitalized and added to the cost of the investment property.

Investment properties held for rental income are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the property.

The estimated useful life of investment properties held for rental income is as follows:

Factories, structures

40 yrs

Investment properties held for capital appreciation are not depreciated. If there is clear evidence that the value of investment properties held for capital appreciation has declined compared to market value and the impairment loss can be reliably measured, the investment property is written down to its new value, and the loss is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

11. Principle for recognizing prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual costs incurred but related to business activities across multiple accounting periods. The method for allocating prepaid expenses: Prepaid expenses are allocated to business operating expenses for each period using the straight-line method.

The Company's prepaid expenses include the following costs:

Tools and equipment: Tools and equipment that have been put into use are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method, with the allocation period not exceeding 36 months.

Insurance costs: Fire insurance and property insurance that the Company purchases and pays for in advance for multiple accounting periods.

Repair Costs: One-time major repair costs are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method over a period of 24 months.

12. Principle for recognizing payables

Payables are recognized for amounts due in the future related to goods and services received. Payables are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amounts owed.

The classification of payables into payables to suppliers, accrued expenses, intercompany payables, and other payables is carried out based on the following principles:

- Payables to suppliers reflect trade payables arising from the purchase of goods, services, and assets, where the supplier is an independent entity, including payables related to imports through consignment agents.
- Other payables reflect amounts owed that are non-trade in nature and are not related to the purchase, sale, or provision of goods and services.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

13. Principles for the Recognition of Borrowings and Capitalization of Borrowing Costs

Principles for the Recognition of Borrowing Costs: Borrowing costs include interest expenses and other costs incurred directly in connection with borrowings. Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses when incurred.

In cases where borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time (more than 12 months) to get ready for their intended use or sale, such borrowing costs are capitalized. For specific loans used for the construction of fixed assets or investment properties, interest expenses are capitalized even if the construction period is less than 12 months. Any income earned from the temporary investment of borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the cost of the related assets.

For general borrowings partly used for the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the weighted average accumulated expenditures on those assets. The capitalization rate is the weighted average interest rate applicable to the borrowings outstanding during the period, excluding borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a particular qualifying asset.

14. Principle for recognizing payables

Accrued Expenses reflect amounts payable for goods and services that have been received from suppliers or provided to customers but have not yet been paid due to the absence of invoices or insufficient accounting documentation, as well as amounts payable to employees for accrued leave and other production and business expenses that must be accrued.

15. Principle for recognizing equity

Shareholders' contributions

Owner's contributions are recognized based on the actual amount contributed by the shareholders.

Share premium: Share premium is recognized as the difference between the issue price and the nominal value of shares issued in the initial offering, additional issuances, the difference between the reissue price and the book value of treasury shares, and the equity component of convertible bonds upon maturity. Direct costs related to the additional issuance of shares and the reissuance of treasury shares are deducted from the share premium.

Principle for recognizing undistributed profit

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after allocations to reserves in accordance with the Group's Charter and legal regulations, and after approval by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

16. Principles and methods for recognizing revenue and other income

Principles and methods for recognizing revenue from the sale of goods and finished products

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all of the following five conditions are met:

- 1. The Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the product or goods to the buyer;
- 2. The Company no longer retains control over the goods as if it were the owner or has control over the goods;
- 3. The revenue can be reliably measured. When the contract allows the buyer the right to return the goods purchased under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the goods (except when the customer has the right to return goods in exchange for other goods or services);
- 4. The Company has received or will receive economic benefits from the sale transaction;
- 5. The costs related to the sale transaction can be reliably measured.

Principles and methods for recognizing revenue from service transactions

Revenue from service transactions is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably measured. If the service is performed over multiple periods, revenue is recognized for the period based on the portion of the work completed as of the end of the reporting period.

The outcome of a service transaction is considered reliably measurable when all of the following four conditions are met:

- 1. The revenue can be reliably measured. If the contract allows the buyer the right to return the purchased service under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the service;
- 2. It is probable that economic benefits will flow from the service transaction;
- 3. The stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be reliably measured;
- 4. The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service transaction can be reliably measured.



For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

16. Principles and methods for recognizing revenue and other income (Continued)

Principles and methods for recognizing financial income

- 1. It is probable that economic benefits will flow from the transaction;
- 2. The income can be reliably measured.

Financial income includes interest income, dividends, profits from investments, and other financial income of the Company.

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis, determined based on the balances of interest-bearing accounts and the actual inter. When an amount previously recognized as revenue becomes uncollectible or is deemed uncertain to be collected, it must be recorded as an expense in the period incurred, rather than as a reduction of revenue.

17. Principles and methods for recognizing cost of goods sold (COGS)

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost of products, goods, or services in the reporting period. The cost of goods sold is recognized at the time the transaction occurs or when it is reasonably certain that the cost will be incurred in the future, regardless of whether the payment has been made. Cost of goods sold and revenue are recognized simultaneously according to the matching principle. Costs exceeding normal consumption are immediately recognized in the cost of goods sold based on the prudence principle.

18. Principles and methods for recognizing financial expenses

Financial expenses include: costs or losses related to financial investment activities, borrowing costs; provision for impairment of financial investments, foreign exchange losses, and other financial expenses.

Each financial expense is recognized separately for each type of cost when it is incurred during the period and can be reliably measured with sufficient evidence of the costs.

19. Principles and Methods for Recognizing Current Corporate Income Tax Expenses and Deferred Corporate Income Tax Expenses

Corporate Income Tax Expenses include current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses incurred during the year, which are the basis for determining the Company's post-tax business results for the current financial year. Current corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable calculated based on taxable income for the year and the applicable corporate income tax rate.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax expected to be payable in the future, arising from the recognition of deferred income tax liabilities during the year and the reversal of previously recognized deferred income tax assets. The Company does not recognize deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities arising from transactions that are directly recorded in equity.

Deferred income tax income refers to the reduction of deferred corporate income tax expenses resulting from the recognition of deferred income tax assets during the year and the reversal of previously recognized deferred income tax liabilities.

The Company offsets deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities only when it has a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities, and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and are administered by the same taxation authority, and the Company intends to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

Taxes payable to the state budget will be finalized with the tax authority. Any differences between the tax payable as recorded in the accounting books and the tax amounts determined through tax audits or finalization will be adjusted upon receipt of the official finalization results.

The current corporate income tax rate applicable to the Company and its subsidiary is 20%.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

20. Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 6, 2009 ("Circular 210"), financial assets are appropriately classified for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, into financial assets recognized at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and financial assets available for sale. The Company determines the classification of these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are determined at cost, including any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, receivables from customers and other receivables, and shortterm investments.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, as defined under Circular 210 for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, are appropriately classified into financial liabilities recognized through the income statement, and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of these financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost, including any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include payables to suppliers, other payables, debts, and loans.

Subsequent measurement

Currently, there is no requirement to remeasure the value of financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented at their net value in the financial statements if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends to either settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

21. Principles for Recognizing Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, after deducting the appropriations to the Bonus and Welfare Fund made during the period, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (after adjusting for dividends on convertible preferred shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued if all potential ordinary shares that have a dilutive effect were converted into ordinary shares.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

22. Related parties

- (i) Entities that control, or are controlled directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or are under common control with the reporting entity (including parent companies, subsidiaries, and subsidiaries within the same group);
- (ii) Associate companies (as defined in Accounting Standard No. 07 "Accounting for Investments in Associate Companies");
- (iii) Individuals who have the right, directly or indirectly, to vote in the reporting entity, leading to significant influence over the entity, including close family members of these individuals. Close family members of an individual are those who can be controlled or controlled by the individual in dealings with the entity, such as parents, spouses, children, and siblings.
- (iv) Key management personnel who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the reporting entity, including executives, management personnel of the company, and close family members of these individuals.
- (v) Entities in which individuals described in (iii) or (iv) hold, directly or indirectly, a significant voting interest or through which they can significantly influence the entity. This includes companies owned by the executives or major shareholders of the reporting entity, as well as companies that share key management personnel with the reporting entity.

In considering each related party relationship, the substance of the relationship should be considered, rather than just its legal form.

23. Principles for the Presentation of Assets, Revenue, and Consolidated Business Results by Segment

A business segment includes segments classified by business field and segments classified by geographical area.

A business field segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged in the production or provision of individual products or services, or a group of related products or services, and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged in the production or provision of products or services within a specific economic environment and is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of business segments operating in other economic environments.

V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025 13,084,274,412
Cash	17,077,993,031	13,004,2/4,412
Cash	12,829,940,998	143,678,607
Non-term bank deposits	4,248,052,033	12,940,595,805
Total	17,077,993,031	13,084,274,412

2. Financial investments (see from page 32 to page 33)

3. Receivables from customers	Sep 30, 2	025	Jan 1, 2025	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	23,196,339,926	(570,785,746)	17,602,153,893	(570,785,746)
Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic				
Management Joint Stock Company	14,032,796,180	_	14,653,226,180	
Charity Fund for Quality of Life			2,179,764,000	-
Hung Phu Fertilizer Company Limited	8,017,500,000			
Other receivables from custome	1,146,043,746	(570,785,746)	769,163,713	(570,785,746)
Total	23,196,339,926	(570,785,746)	17,602,153,893	(570,785,746)

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

3. Receivables from customers (Continued)

b. Receivables from Related Party Customers

Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company Charity Fund for Quality of Life

14,032,796,180

14,653,226,180

2,179,764,000

14,032,796,180

16,832,990,180

T-- 1 2025

4. Pro

Total

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. Prepayments to suppliers	Sep 30, 2025		Jan 1, 2025	
. Prepayments to suppliers	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Short-term	11,764,083,698	-	10,470,229,297	-
Cao Gia Phat Construction Investment Jsc (*)	10,366,800,000		9,866,800,000	
Green Portal Corporation	1,155,000,000		-	
Prepayments to other suppliers	242,283,698	_	603,429,297	-
Total	11,764,083,698	-	10,470,229,297	

^(*) The prepayment represents 30% of the value of Construction Contract No. 01/2024/HDTCXD/CGP-GREEN for the construction of the functional food manufacturing plant, under the package: Construction - Phase 2, located at Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park Phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province.

5. Loan Receivables	Sep 30, 2025		Jan 1, 2025	
5. Loan Receivables	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	70,000,000,000	-	70,000,000,000	-
Thanh Cong Startup Investment Fund Jsc (*)	70,000,000,000	<u>-</u>	70,000,000,000	-
Total	70,000,000,000	-	70,000,000,000	-
b. Loan receivables are from rel	ated parties.			
Thanh Cong Startup Investment Fund Jsc	70,000,000,000		70,000,000,000	-
Total	70,000,000,000	-	70,000,000,000	-

^(*) Explanation of the loan item:

The loan granted to Thanh Cong Startup Investment Fund Joint Stock Company is based on the following agreements:

- Loan Agreement No. 01/HĐV/TT dated January 1, 2024. The Company continued to extend the loan under Agreement No. 01/HDV/TT signed on December 30, 2024, with a loan term until December 31, 2025, at an interest rate of 7% per annum.

This loan is secured by all shares held in the Company by the shareholders Mr. Dang Duc Thanh, Ms nguyen Thi Thanh Loan, anh Mr huynh Ky Tran under the Commitment Letter dated August 20, 2025.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

Other receivables	Sep 30, 20)25	Jan 1, 20	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	284,452,065,060		298,341,666,259	
Interest receivables from term deposits	1,489,065,754	•	1,927,397,259	
A Laura for implementation				
Advance for implementation of resort and healthcare real estate projects (1)	37,300,000,000		37,300,000,000	
+ Mr Trần Công Lộc	17,600,000,000	-	17,600,000,000	
+ Mr Nguyễn Minh Cường Receivable from individuals	19,700,000,000	_	19,700,000,000	
for capital contribution			43,310,000,000	
transfer		-	22,900,000,000	
+ Mr Đặng Thanh Sơn			11,610,000,000	
+ Mr Hàng Nhật Quang		_	8,800,000,000	
+ Mr Đặng Đức Trung + Mr Nguyễn Văn Lai	-		-	
Advance payments for asset purchases and product research and development (2)	72,134,894,000		40,880,499,000	
+ MrNguyễn Trọng Nghĩa	36,100,000,000	-	8,195,605,000	
+ Mr Nguyễn Văn Lai	12,350,000,000		13,800,000,000	
+ MrNguyễn Khắc Ghi Advance payments for	23,684,894,000		18,884,894,000	
investment project implementation (3)	33,140,000,000	-	34,620,770,000	
+ Mrs Đặng Thị Minh Tuyết	33,140,000,000		34,620,770,000	
Deposits and pledges	140,300,000,000	-	140,300,000,000	
+ Mr Đặng Đức Thành (4)	140,300,000,000		140,300,000,000	
Other receivables Other advance payments to	67,500,000			
employees	20,605,306	-	3,000,000	
b. Long-term	591,680,750	9. -	556,250,000	
Deposits and pledges	591,680,750	-	556,250,000	
Total	285,043,745,810		298,897,916,259	

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

6. Other receivables (Continued)

c. Other receivables from rel	lated parties			
+ Mr Trần Công Lộc	17,600,000,000	-	17,600,000,000	-
+ Mrs Đặng Thị Minh Tuy	vết 33,140,000,000	-	34,620,770,000	
+ Mr Đặng Đức Thành	140,300,000,000		140,300,000,000	·
+ Mr Nguyễn Minh Cường	19,700,000,000		19,700,000,000	-
+ Mr Đặng Thanh Sơn			22,900,000,000	-
+ Mr Hàng Nhật Quang		-	11,610,000,000	-
+ Mr Đặng Đức Trung		-	8,800,000,000	-
Total	210,740,000,000	-	255,530,770,000	-

Notes to other receivables

- (1) Advance payment for the investment plan of the project "Japanese Medical Resort + Vietnam Lingzhi Mushroom Museum" in Vinh Long Province under Decision No. 0101/QĐ-CT.HĐQT dated January 30, 2024. As of the present date, the project has not yet been implemented, and the Company is considering alternative plans to change the project's purpose in order to comply with the local land use planning.
- (2) Advance for research and development of 40 products from Wisconsin ginseng under Decision No. 45/2023/GPC/QD-HĐQT dated September 4, 2023, and according to the progress report on the product development program from U.S. ginseng updated to August 1, 2025. As of the reporting date, the projects are still in the research and trial production stage. Some products have been granted product registration certificates and produced in commercial batches for market distribution, such as: instant ginseng powder, special ginseng powder, Wisconsin ginseng lozenges, Wisconsin G-Plus ginseng capsules, turmeric-honey ginseng, U.S. ginseng extract, and U.S. Wisconsin ginseng wine. According to the Minutes of the Board of Management' Meeting No. 0108/2025/GPC/BB-HĐQT dated August 11, 2025, products that have entered into commercial production will be recognized as assets or expenses in compliance with regulations before December 31, 2025.
- (3) Advance payment for the acquisition of equity interests in companies specialized in cultivating valuable medicinal plants such as Ngoc Linh ginseng and Lingzhi mushrooms, under the Board of Directors' Meeting Minutes No. 144/2024/GPC/BBH-HĐQT dated December 24, 2024. The transaction is expected to be completed before December 31, 2025. As of the present date, the Company is in the process of selecting potential entities for investment.
- (4) Deposit for the acquisition of real estate at 259 Tran Xuan Soan Street, Quarter 4, Tan Hung Ward, Ho Chi Minh City under Transfer Agreement No. 0103/GPC/TTCN-2024 dated March 26, 2024 between the Company and Mr. Dang Duc Thanh (Chairman of the Board of Directors) and his spouse, which was approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders under Resolution No. 22/2024/GPC/NQ-DHDCD dated March 6, 2024. The transfer procedures have not yet been completed. According to the Board of Management' Meeting Minutes No. 0108/2025/GPC/BB-HDQT dated August 11, 2025, the deadline for completion of the transfer has been extended to December 31, 2026. This property is currently pledged as collateral for a loan of Organic Tien Thinh Joint Stock Company (subsidiary).

Other receivables (1), (2), and (3) are secured by the assets of Mr. Dang Duc Thanh - Chairman of the Board of Management and Ms. Lam Thi Thanh Bich, as well as by the shares held in the Company by shareholders Ms. Dang Bich Van, Ms. Dang Bich Hong, and Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong under the Commitment Letter dated August 20, 2025.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

7. Inventories	Sep 30, 2025		Jan 1, 2025	
-	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Raw materials and supplies	-	-	240,000	-
Work in progress			23,000,000	-
Goods	18,614,090,094	-	21,084,225,518	-
Total	18,614,090,094	-	21,107,465,518	-

⁻ The value of obsolete, deteriorated, or unsellable inventories as of the end of the period: none.

8. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings and structures	Transportation vehicles	Total
Original cost			
Beginning balance	6,532,500,000	4,190,500,000	10,723,000,000
Ending balance	6,532,500,000	4,190,500,000	10,723,000,000
Accumulated depreciation			
Beginning balance	1,088,750,000	1,406,585,844	2,495,335,844
Depreciation for the period	122,484,375	314,287,506	436,771,881
Ending balance	1,211,234,375	1,720,873,350	2,932,107,725
Net book value			
Beginning balance	5,443,750,000	2,783,914,156	8,227,664,156
Ending balance	5,321,265,625	2,469,626,650	7,790,892,275

9 Intangible fixed assets

Items	Quyền sử dụng đất	Tổng cộng
Original cost		
Beginning balance	2,999,808,000	2,999,808,000
Ending balance	2,999,808,000	2,999,808,000
Accumulated depreciation		
Beginning balance	452,190,236	452,190,236
Depreciation for the period	44,997,120	44,997,120
Ending balance	497,187,356	497,187,356
Net book value		
Beginning balance	2,547,617,764	2,547,617,764
Ending balance	2,502,620,644	2,502,620,644

⁻ The value of inventories pledged or mortgaged to secure liabilities as of the end of the period: none.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

10 Increase, decrease in investment property

Items	Beginning balance	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	Ending balance
a. Investment properties for	*			
lease (1)				
Original cost	22,210,000,000	-	•	22,210,000,000
Infrastructure	22,210,000,000	-	-	22,210,000,000
Accumulated depreciation	3,701,666,640	416,437,497		4,118,104,137
Infrastructure	3,701,666,640	416,437,497		4,118,104,137
Net book value	18,508,333,360	-		18,091,895,863
Infrastructure	18,508,333,360	-	-	18,091,895,863
b. Investment properties held for capital appreciation (2)				
Original cost	40,090,000,000	_	20,090,000,000	20,000,000,000
House and Land use rights	40,090,000,000	-	20,090,000,000	20,000,000,000
Impairment loss	_	-	-	
Net book value	40,090,000,000	-		20,000,000,000
House and Land use rights	40,090,000,000	_	-	20,000,000,000

⁽¹⁾ The investment property for lease is the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang. The Company has signed an annex extending the lease agreement, with the lease term of 1 year starting from February 1, 2025, and ending on January 31, 2026.

Disclosure of the fair value of investment properties

The fair value of the investment property has not been formally assessed and determined as of September 30, 2025. However, based on the actual leasing situation and the market prices of adjacent land, the Company's Executive Board believes that the market value of the investment property is higher than its carrying amount as of this date.

The income and expenses related to leasing the investment property for lease are as follows:

From 1 January to 30 September

2025	2024
49,090,910	72,727,274
6,379,637	8,461,091
	49,090,910

⁽²⁾ Investment property held for capital appreciation consists of the currently unused portion of the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang with the value of VND 20.000.000.000 and the land use rights for plot 213, map sheet 13, Nha Be Commune, Ho Chi Minh City with the value of VND 20.090.000.000, the Company has transferred according to the notarized contract dated September 24, 2025

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

11.	Construction	in	progress
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Total	29,895,729,610	873,303,694		30,769,033,304
Others	97,133,302	-	-	97,133,302
Functional Food Manufacturing Plant (*)	29,798,596,308	873,303,694		30,671,900,002
mstruction in progress	Jan 1, 2025	Expenses incurred during the period	Transferred to fixed assets during the period	Sep 30, 2025

^(*) The Functional Food Manufacturing Plant project, with a capacity of 17,000 products per year, is being constructed at Giao Long Industrial Park, Vinh Long Province. The construction of the building and other items under Phase 1 of the construction package has been completed. As of now, the project is continuing with the investment items under Phase 2 of the construction package, which includes the construction of the factory, and has not yet been completed or put into operation.

package, which includes the construction of the factory, and	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
12. Payables to suppliers	Бер 50, 2025	
a. Short-term	131,694,466	101,119,093
Tools and equipment	102,757,450	41,056,164
Insurance purchase expenses	28,937,016	43,039,336
Other items	-	17,023,593
b. Long-term	645,267,389	428,457,463
Tools and equipment	20,496,479	21,199,843
Wisconsin Ginseng Center	-	139,537,907
Research and development expenses for ginseng wine	333,333,336	
Other items	291,437,574	267,719,713
Total	776,961,855	529,576,556

Value	Amount that can be repaid	Value	Amount that can be
			repaid
105,316,557,267	105,316,557,267	163,108,967,238	163,108,967,238
52,760,923,788	52,760,923,788	46,858,110,431	46,858,110,431
-	-	7,991,011,563	7,991,011,563
1,120,633,479	1,120,633,479	1,674,845,244	1,674,845,244 106,585,000,000
	52,760,923,788	52,760,923,788 52,760,923,788 - - 1,120,633,479 1,120,633,479	52,760,923,788 52,760,923,788 46,858,110,431 - 7,991,011,563 1,120,633,479 1,120,633,479 1,674,845,244

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

13. Loans and finance lease liabilities	Sep 30.	, 2025	Jan 1, 2025		
(continued)	Value	Amount that can be repaid	Value	Amount that can be repaid	
b. Long-term	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	
 Vietcombank – Saigon Cholon Branch (3) 	9,463,127,002	9,463,127,002	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	
Total	115,346,105,983	115,346,105,983	173,138,515,954	173,138,515,954	

Disclosure of details for each loan:

- (1) Vietcombank Saigon Cholon Branch includes the following short-term loan agreement:
- '* Loan agreement under credit limit No. 002B/2025 dated March 10, 2025, and subsequent amendments:
- Purpose of the loan: To supplement working capital;
- Principal and interest repayment period: From March 11, 2024, to November 10, 2025;
- Interest rate: 6.3% 6.8% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to the land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province;
- Land use rights and assets attached to the land at the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View Building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang City.
- * Loan agreement under credit limit No. 121B25 dated July 14, 2025:
- Purpose of the loan: To supplement working capital;
- Contract term: 12 months from the signing date;
- Principal and interest repayment period: 9 months from the disbursement date; principal repayment at maturity, monthly interest payments;
- Interest rate: 6.8% per annum;

Collateral:

- Apartment No. 1.09, AB block, Aview 1 Apartment Building, 13C Residential Area, Nguyen Van Linh Street, Binh Hung Commune, Ho Chi Minh City, under the Housing Mortgage Contract No. 159/NHNT-KH/TC/24 dated June 13, 2024;
- Land use rights and house ownership at No. 259 Tran Xuan Soan Street, Quarter 4, Tan Hung Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, legally owned and used by Mr. Dang Duc Thanh and Mrs. Lam Thi Thanh Bich, under the Land Use Rights and House Ownership Mortgage Contract No. 159-1/NHNT-KHBL/TC/24 dated December 20, 2024.
- (2) Saigon Bank Binh Chanh Branch includes the following short-term loan agreement:

Credit agreement No. 0032/2025/HDTDHMDP-PN signed on July 31, 2025:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;
- Repayment period: From July 31, 2025, to July 30, 2026;
- Interest rate: 8.8% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to land located at plot No. 213, map sheet No. 13, address: Nha Be Commune, Ho Chi Minh City.

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

13. Disclosure of bank loans (Continued)

(3) Long-term loan and current portion of long-term debt payable to Vietcombank – Saigon Cholon Branch includes the following loan agreement:

Loan agreement under credit limit No. 335C22 signed on October 5, 2022:

- Loan purpose: To pay for the construction of the functional food manufacturing plant;
- Repayment period: From January 26, 2023, to October 26, 2032;
- Interest rate: 10.4% 11.2% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5 in Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province;
- Land use rights and assets attached to land at the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang;
- Pledge of receivables agreement No. 030/NHNT-KH/TC/20 signed on January 3, 2020.

Disclosure of related party loans

(4) Short-term loan from Green Standard International Joint Stock Company includes the following loan agreement:

Loan Contract dated June 10, 2024, and attacched Loan Contract Appendices:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;
- Loan term: 18 months, from June 10, 2024, to December 10, 2025;
- Interest rate: As of June 30, 2025, the applicable interest rate is 4.2% per annum.

14. Payables to suppliers	Sep 30), 2025	Jan 1	1, 2025
	Value	Amount that can be repaid	Value	Amount that can be repaid
Short-term	8,507,802,534	8,507,802,534	380,623,214	380,623,214
Representative Office of Investment Newspaper in Ho				
Chi Minh City	-	-	127,627,500	127,627,500
Green Art Trading Co., Ltd.			174,182,400	174,182,400
Tam Phuc Production, Trading, Service, Import-				
Export Co., Ltd.	7,933,000,000	7,933,000,000	78,813,314	78,813,314
Homelink House Service Development and Investment				
Corporation	542,200,910	542,200,910	-	-
Other payables to suppliers	32,601,624	32,601,624	-	
Total	8,507,802,534	8,507,802,534	380,623,214	380,623,214

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

15. Taxes and	other	payables	to	the state	
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Jan 1, 2025	Amount payable during the period	Amount paid during the period	Sep 30, 2025
N 2			
-	3,299,145,041	3,299,145,041	-
	138,340,900	138,340,900	
_	60,695,649	60,695,649	-
863,236,730	1,069,984,555	1,003,043,775	930,177,510
230,214,266	441,026,452	538,573,288	132,667,430
	1,591,305	1,591,305	
-	8,000,000	8,000,000	
1,093,450,996	5,018,783,902	5,049,389,958	1,062,844,940
	- 863,236,730 230,214,266	during the period - 3,299,145,041 138,340,900 - 60,695,649 863,236,730 1,069,984,555 230,214,266 - 1,591,305 - 8,000,000	Jan 1, 2025 during the period during the period - 3,299,145,041 3,299,145,041 138,340,900 138,340,900 - 60,695,649 60,695,649 863,236,730 1,069,984,555 1,003,043,775 230,214,266 441,026,452 538,573,288 - 1,591,305 1,591,305 - 8,000,000 8,000,000

Disclosure of the method for determining taxes, fees, and other payable charges.

VAT

The Company pays Value Added Tax (VAT) using the credit method. The applicable VAT rates are as follows:

Tax rate

- Fertilizer

- Wisconsin Ginseng, Lingzhi mushrooms

Tax free

- Other goods and services

10%

During the period, the Company received a VAT reduction for certain goods and services from 10% to 8% under Decree No. 180/2024/NĐ-CP from January 01,2025 to June 30, 2025, and Decree No. 174/2025/NĐ-CP from July 01,2025 to December 31, 2026.

Export and import duties

The company files and pays according to the customs notice.

Other taxes

The company declares and pays in accordance with the regulations.

16. Short-term accrued expenses	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
Other expenses	-	74,117,805
Total	-	74,117,805
17. Other Payable	Sep 30, 2025	01/01/2025
a. Short-term Receipt of deposits and pledges Interest payable	465,800,000 3,157,138,220	465,800,000 1,088,340,932
Other Payable	36,000,000	25,634,597
Total	3,658,938,220	1,579,775,529
 Other payables to related parties Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company 	3,157,138,220	1,088,340,932
Total	3,157,138,220	1,088,340,932

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

VND

18.	Eo	uity

a. Reconciliation of changes in Owners' Equity: See page 34

b.	Details	of	owner's	contributed	capital
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b. Details of owner 5 contributes		Ownership Percentage	Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
Mr Đặng Đức Thành	15,600,000	28.85%	156,000,000,000	156,000,000,000
Mrs Nguyễn Thị Thanh Loan	7,800,000	14.43%	78,000,000,000	78,000,000,000
Others	30,672,143	56.72%	306,721,430,000	306,721,430,000
Total	54,072,143	100%	540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
c. Equity Transactions with Own	ers and distribution		Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
of dividends and profits Contributed Capital of Owners			540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
Beginning balance of contribut	ed capital		540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
Increase in contributed capital			-	-
Ending balance of contributed			540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
	7		Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
d. Shares Number of shares registered for iss	suance		54,072,143	54,072,143
Number of shares sold to the publi			54,072,143	54,072,143
Common shares	•		54,072,143	54,072,143
Number of shares repurchased			-	
Number of outstanding shares			54,072,143	54,072,143
Common shares			54,072,143	54,072,143
Par value of outstanding shares: V	ND/share		10,000	10,000

e. Profit Distribution

Information on profit distribution during the year:

During the period, the Company distributed 2024 profits according to Resolition of the 2025 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 47/2025/NQ-ĐHĐCĐ dated May 15, 2025 as follows:

	Total	365,300,000
· Appro	opriation to the Bonus and Welfare Fund	239,300,000
· Appro	priation to the Remuneration Fund of the Board of Directors and Supervisory Board	126,000,000

f. Non-controlling interests

	From I January to	30 September
	2025	2024
Beginning balance	10,522,310,037	10,721,964,359
Profit for the period	261,979,371	381,370,726
Dividend distribution		-
Ending balance	10,784,289,408	11,103,335,085

19. Off-Balance Sheet Items

Various	Foreign	Currencies
, minner	I UI CISI	CHITCHES

		Sep 30, 2025	Jan 1, 2025
USD		12.34	31.41
Total	29	12.34	31.41
	25		

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED COME		
1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Revenue from Sale of Goods	32,006,910,903	10,518,631,493
Revenue from sales of investment properties	15,700,000,000	
Service revenue	18,122,182	24,013,091
Total revenue	47,725,033,085	10,542,644,584
Deductions from revenue	-	-
Net revenue	47,725,033,085	10,542,644,584
2. Cost of Goods Sold	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Cost of Goods Sold for Merchandise	30,604,189,302	7,472,742,766
Net book value of investment properties	20,090,000,000	-
Cost of Goods Sold for Services	2,502,479	2,502,479
	50,696,691,781	7,475,245,245
Total		Q3/2024
3. Financial Income	Q3/2025	-
Interest Income from Bank Deposits	695,059,868	1,754,866,399
Realized Foreign Exchange Gains	2,615	94
Total	695,062,483	1,754,866,493
4. Financial Expenses	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Interest Expenses	1,652,885,513	666,063,409
Realized Foreign Exchange Losses	1,652,885,532	1,164
Total		
5. Selling Expenses	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Material and Packaging Expenses		34,908,375
Tools and Supplies Expenses	48,670,753	11,771,646
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	21,312,501	21,312,501
Outsourced Service Expenses	398,654,256	34,722,754
Other Selling Expenses	233,682,507	224,677,539
Total	702,320,017	327,392,815
6. General and Administrative Expenses	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Staff Costs	1,706,264,922	1,865,063,074
Office Supplies Expenses	1,481,818	2,352,000
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	124,278,126	124,278,126
Taxes, Fees, and Charges		N
Outsourced Service Expenses	573,220,146	468,901,750
Other Administrative Expenses	208,139,229	139,500,026
Total	2,613,384,241	2,600,094,976
7. Other Income	Q3/2025	Q3/2024
Sponsorships Received from Partners	109,147,962	-
Other Income	-	-
Cộng	109,147,962	-

Unit: VND

746,041,248

746,041,248

41,594,000

18

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025 O3/2024 03/2025 8. Other Expenses 151,309,059 151,309,059 Depreciation of Non-Operating Fixed Assets 791,390 Penalties and Fines Related to Tax Violations 668 Other Expenses 151,309,727 152,100,449 Total O3/2024 Q3/2025 9. Production and Business Expenses by Nature 7,507,651,141 50,694,189,302 Raw materials and supplies expenses 1,865,063,074 1,706,264,922 Labor Costs 145,590,627 145,590,627 Depreciation of Fixed Assets 503,624,504 971,874,402 Outsourced Service Expenses 380,803,690 494,476,786 Other Cash Expenses 10,402,733,036 54,012,396,039 Total 03/2024 O3/2025 10. Current Corporate Income Tax Expenses 1. Corporate income tax expense based on taxable income for 3rd Quarter the 193,352,060 215,480,748 current year 2. Adjustments of prior years' corporate income tax expenses to the 3rd Quarter current year's corporate income tax expense 215,480,748 193,352,060 3. Total current corporate income tax expense Q3/2024 Q3/2025 11. Deferred corporate income tax expense - Deferred income tax expense arising from taxable temporary differences + Provision for investment in joint ventures and associates Tổng chi phí thuế thu nhập doanh nghiệp hoãn lại O3/2024 03/2025

12 Basic earnings per share

Accounting profit after corporate income tax

Adjustments for increases or decreases

- Adjustments for increases
- Adjustments for decreases

Profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year

Basic earnings per share (*)

Diluted earnings per share (**)

Vinh Long, 29th October 2025

GENERAL DIRECTOR

(136)

(136)

(7,362,102,050)

(7,362,102,050)

54,072,143

CỔ PHẨN TẬP ĐOÀN

GREEN+

Lê Dinh Phong

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

Nguyễn Quốc Việt

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

V.2. Financial Investments

Short-term Original Value Booking Value Original Value Booking Value S0,000,000,000 S0,000,000,000 S0,000,000,000 S0,000,000,000 S0,000,000,000 Booking Value Booking Value Booking Value Booking Value Booking Value S0,000,000,000 S0,000,000,000 Booking Value Bo	a. Held-to-Maturity Investments	Sep 30, 2025	2025	Jan 1	Jan 1, 2025
22,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 50,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 50,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 50,000,000,000		Original Value		Original Value	Booking Value
22,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 50,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 22,000,000,000 50,000,000,000	Short-term	22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
$22,000,000,000 \qquad 22,000,000,000 \qquad 50,000,000,000$	Term deposits with a 12-month maturity at Vietcombank – Saigon Cho Lon Branch (*)	22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000	20,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
	Total	22,000,000,000	22,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000

(*) These are term deposits with an original term of 12 months at the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank) that are automatically renewed, with an interest rate of 4.8% per annum as of September 30, 2025.

c. Investment in other entities		Sep 30, 2025			Jan 1, 2025	
	Cost Price	Accumulated Profit (Loss) from Associates	Carrying Amount under the Equity Method	Cost Price	Accumulated Cost Price Profit (Loss) from Associates	Carrying Amount under the Equity Method
- Investment in Joint Ventures and Associates	183,000,000,000	453,615,562	183,453,615,562	183,000,000,000	(120,575,147)	182,879,424,853
+ Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company	183,000,000,000	453,615,562	183,453,615,562	183,000,000,000	(120,575,147)	182,879,424,853
Total	183,000,000,000	453,615,562	183,453,615,562	183,000,000,000	(120,575,147)	182,879,424,853

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For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

V.2. Long-term Financial Investments (Continued)

- Notes to Investment in Associates

+ Green Standard Housing International Joint Stock Company

Company. In the 3rd quarter of 2025, The business results for the first 9 months of 2025 of International Green Standard Housing Joint Stock Company are profitable and have equivalent to 22.90% of its charter capital. As of September 30, 2025, the Group had fully contributed the registered capital to Green Standard Housing International Joint Stock According to Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301115366 dated March 23, 2022, and subsequent amended Enterprise Registration Certificates issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ben Tre Province, the Group registered an investment of VND 183,000,000,000 in Green Standard Housing International Joint Stock Company, positive accumulated profit.

T T		Son 30 2025			Jan 1, 2025	
c. Equity investment in Other Entities	Cost Price	Provision	Net Value (*)	Cost Price	Provision	Net Value (*)
1						
- Family Investment in Other Entities	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154
Tong Khoi Investment and						
To the Point Stack Company	7 250 000 000 000	(58 662 846)	7.191.337,154	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154
Development John Stock Company	200,000,007,1	(0:00000)				1 404 224 4EA
Total	7.250.000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	4CI,/CC,1VI,/
I Otal	-11					

- Notes to Equity Investment in Other Entities

+ Dong Khoi Investment and Development Joint Stock Company

According to Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301098657 dated October 16, 2020, and subsequent amended Enterprise Registration Certificates issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ben Tre Province, the Group registered an investment of VND 18,250,000,000 in Dong Khoi Investment and Development Joint Stock Company, equivalent to 36.5% of its charter capital. In 2024, the Company transferred part of its owned shares at par value to Mr. Dang Duc Trung in accordance with Resolution No. 45/2024/GPC/NQ-DHDCD dated May 7, 2024, and the Share Transfer Agreement dated May 8, 2024. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had invested VND 7,250,000,000, equivalent to 14.5% of the charter capital, and the value of the investment in Dong Khoi Investment and Development Joint Stock Company has decreased. Unit: VND

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 3rd Quarter period ended 30 September 2025

V.19. Equity

a. Statement of Changes in Equity

				Non-controlling	
	Contributed Capital	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Interests	Total
rems	415 940 000 000	97.564.000.000	67,061,470,993	10,721,964,359	591,287,435,352
Balance as at January 1, 2027			6,241,567,466	381,370,726	6,622,938,192
- Profit for the Period	2023	,	(821,122,198)		(821,122,198)
- Appropriation to boilus and welland in a ro			(151,000,000)	•	(151,000,000)
- Kemuneration for the Board of Discosis Balance as at September 30, 2024	415,940,000,000	97,564,000,000	72,330,916,261	11,103,335,085	596,938,251,346
				750 010 000	504 484 411 660
Balance as at January 1, 2025	540,721,430,000		43,240,671,623	10,522,310,037	374,404,414,000
- Profit for the Period	1	1	(5,105,843,654)	261,979,371	(4,843,804,283)
- Appropriation to Bonus and Welfare Funds for 2024	r 2024		(239,300,000)	1	(239,300,000)
Remineration for the Board of Directors			(126,000,000)	1	(126,000,000)
Ralance as at Sentember 30, 2025	540,721,430,000		37,769,527,969	10,784,289,408	589,275,247,377
Dalance as at September 2					

^(*) According to Notice No. 175/QD-SGDHN dated January 20, 2025, the Hanoi Stock Exchange announced the first trading day for the shares subject to change in trading registration of Green+ Group Joint Stock Company, which is Monday, February 3, 2025, with a total of 54,072,143 registered shares for trading.