# TỔNG CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN PHONG PHÚ

PHONG PHU CORPORATION

# CỘNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Độc lập - Tự do - Hạnh phúc

Independence - Freedom - Happiness

Số: 344 /PP-TCKT No.: /PP-TCKT

Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 28 tháng 10 năm 2025 Ho Chi Minh City, 28 October 2025

# CÔNG BỐ THÔNG TIN ĐỊNH KỲ BÁO CÁO TÀI CHÍNH REGULAR DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL REPORTS

Kính gửi: Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Hà Nội (HNX) To: Hanoi Stock Exchange (HNX)

Thực hiện quy định tại khoản 3, khoản 4 Điều 14 Thông tư số 96/2020/TT- BTC ngày 16/11/2020 của Bộ Tài chính hướng dẫn công bố thông tin trên thị trường chứng khoán, **Tổng Công Ty Cổ phần Phong Phú** (MCK: PPH) thực hiện công bố thông tin báo cáo tài chính (BCTC) Quý 3/2025 với Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Hà Nội như sau:

Complying with the provisions of Clause 3, Article 14 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16<sup>th</sup>, 2020 of the Ministry of Finance guiding information disclosure on the stock market, Phong Phu Corporation (Stock code: PPH) would like to disclose the Financial Statements in Quarter III of 2025 with Hanoi Stock Exchange as follows:

- 1. Tên tổ chức/ Name of Organization: TỔNG CÔNG TY CỖ PHẦN PHONG PHÚ/ Phong Phu Corporation
  - Mã chứng khoán/ Stock code: PPH
  - Địa chi/ Address: 48 Tăng Nhơn Phú, Phường Tăng Nhơn Phú, Tp. HCM/ No. 48 Tang Nhơn Phu Street, Tang Nhơn Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.
  - Điện thoại liên hệ/ Tel: 02822101693
  - Website: www.phongphucorp.com
  - 2. Nội dung thông tin công bố/ Content of information disclosure:
  - BCTC Quý 3/năm 2025 theo quy định tại khoản 3 Điều 14 Thông tư số 96/2020/TT-BTC gồm/ Financial Statements in Quarter III of 2025 in accordance with Clause 3, Article 14 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC, including:
- ☐ BCTC riêng (Tổ chức không có công ty con và đơn vị kế toán cấp trên có đơn vị trực thuộc)/ Separate Financial Statements (Listed organizations has no subsidiaries and superior accounting units have affiliated units);
- ☐ BCTC hợp nhất (Tổ chức có công ty con)/ Consolidated Financial Statements (Listed organizations have subsidiaries);
- ☑ BCTC tổng hợp (Tổ chức có đơn vị kế toán trực thuộc tổ chức bộ máy kế toán riêng)/ Combined Financial Statements (Listed organizations has an accounting units directly under its own accounting system).
  - Các trường hợp thuộc diện phải giải trình nguyên nhân/ Cases in which the cause must be explained:



+ Tổ chức kiểm toán đưa ra ý kiến không phải là ý kiến chấp nhận toàn phần đối với BCTO	7
(đối với BCTC được kiểm toán năm) / The auditing organization expresses an opinion that is no	it
a fully accepted opinion for financial statements (for audited financial statements in 2025):	ii)
□ Có/ Yes □ Không/ No	
Văn bản giải trình trong trường hợp tích có / Explanatory documents in case of	a
"Yes" answer:	
□ Có/ Yes □ Không/ No	
+ Lợi nhuận sau thuế trong kỳ báo cáo có sự chênh lệch trước và sau kiểm toán từ 5% tro	ď
lên, chuyển từ lỗ sang lãi hoặc ngược lại (đối với BCTC được kiểm toán năm)/ Profit after tax i	n
the reporting period has a difference before and after the audit of 5% or more, converted from	n
loss to profit or vice versa (for audited financial statements in 2025):	
□ Có/ Yes □ Không/ No	
Văn bản giải trình trong trường hợp tích có/ Explanatory documents in case of	а
"Yes" answer:	
□ Có/ Yes □ Không/ No	
+ Lợi nhuận sau thuế thu nhập doanh nghiệp tại Báo cáo kết quả kinh doanh của kỳ báo	0
cáo có thay đổi từ 10% trở lên so với báo cáo cùng kỳ năm trước?/ The profit after corporat	e
income tax in the business performance statement of the reporting period changes by 10% or mor	e
compared to the same period of the previous year?	
□ Có/Yes ☑ Không/No	
Văn bản giải trình trong trường hợp tích có/ Explanatory documents in case of	a
"Yes" answer:	
□ Có/Yes □ Không/No	
+ Lợi nhuận sau thuế trong kỳ báo cáo có bị lỗ, chuyển từ lãi ở báo cáo cùng kỳ năm trướ	С
sang lỗ ở kỳ này hoặc ngược lại? / The profit after tax in the reporting period suffered a loss	,
converted from profit in the same period last year to a loss in this period or vice versa?	
□ Có/ Yes ☑ Không/ No	
Văn bản giải trình trong trường hợp tích có/ Explanatory documents in case of	a
"Yes" answer:	
□ Có/ Yes □ Không/ No	
Thông tin này được công bố trên trang thông tin điện tử của Công ty vào ngày: 28/10/2025 tạ	i
đường dẫn/ This information was published on the Company's website on 28 October 2025 at th	e
link: http://www.phongphucorp.com/shareholder/bao-cao-tai-chinh.html.	
Chúng tôi xin cam kết các thông tin công bố trên đây là đúng sự thật và hoàn toàn chịu trách nhiện	
trước pháp luật về nội dung thông tin công bố./ We hereby commit that the information published	
above is true and take full responsibility before the law for the content of the published	d
information. val	
D: 112 /3 17 /0 1 / 1 P	

# Đại diện tổ chức/Organization Representative

Người đại diện theo pháp luật/ Legal Representative

(Ký, ghi rõ họ tên, chức vụ, đóng dấu) (Signature, full name, position, and company seal)

TÔNG CHÁM ĐỘC/ GENERAL DIRECTOR

TÔNG
CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN
PHONG PHÚ

DƯƠNG KHUÊ



48 Tang Nhon Phu, HCM City

(028) 6684 7979

m phongphucorp.com

(O28) 3728 1893

# COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**QUARTER III OF 2025** 

www.phongphucorp.com

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City. COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER III/2025

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

# COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

As of 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
1	2	3	4	5
A – CURRENT ASSETS	100	Lb	1.307.784.352.652	1.305.091.264.770
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110		114.468.628.189	48.821.827.874
1. Cash	111	V.1	24.468.628.189	48.821.827.874
2. Cash equivalents	112		90.000.000.000	in the second se
II. Short-term investments	120		606.721.706.198	546.189.593.362
1. Trading securities	121	186		
2. Provisions for devaluation of trading securities	122			· ·
3. Held to maturity investments	123	V.2	606.721.706.198	546.189.593.362
III. Short-term receivables	130		451.129.009.740	387.271.746.631
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3	377.846.836.183	356.039.714.909
Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.4	3.682.460.200	12.967.093.911
3. Short-term inter-company receivables	133			
4. Receivables according to the				
progress of construction contract	134			- 1
5. Receivables for short-term loans	135			
6. Other short-term receivables	136	V.5	111.782.032.654	53.741.672.529
7. Allowance for short-term doubtful debts	137	V.6	(42.183.197.683)	(35.491.061.945
8. Deficit assets for treatment	139		878.386	14.327.227
IV. Inventories	140	V.7	133.986.623.607	322.115.489.144
1. Inventories	141		135.414.468.484	323.543.334.021
2. Allowances for inventories	149		(1.427.844.877)	(1.427.844.877
V. Other current assets	150		1.478.384.918	692.607.759
1. Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.8	1.270.615.903	411.646.587
2. Deductible Value Added Tax	152			73.192.157
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State	153	V.18	207.769.015	207.769.015
4. Trading Government bonds	154			
5. Other current assets	155			
B – NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		1.532.071.589.244	1.411.111.406.597
I. Long-term receivables	210		127.550.998.510	307.066.666
1. Long-term trade receivables	211	i die	To the second	
2. Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212			
3. Working capital in affiliates	213			
Long-term inter-company receivables     Receivables for long-term loans	214 215			
6. Other long-term receivables	216		127.550.998.510	307.066.666
7. Allowance for long-term doubtful debts	219		127.550.770.510	307.000.000
II. Fixed assets	220		725.240.404.531	746.422.718.729
Tangible fixed assets	221	V.9	725.140.894.489	746.314.162.328
- Historical cost	222	1719/50 1719/50 1719/50	1.933.146.988.755	1.893.966.104.332
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(1.208.006.094.266)	(1.147.651.942.004

ITEMS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
1	2	3	4	5
2. Financial leased assets	224		•	
- Historical cost	225			
- Accumulated depreciation	226	194		• 1
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.10	99.510.042	108.556.401
- Initial cost	228		583.927.273	583.927.273
- Accumulated amortization	229		(484.417.231)	(475.370.872)
III. Investment properties	230	- 1 7 W &		• (
- Historical cost	231		-	
- Accumulated depreciation	232			
IV. Long-term assets in process	240		2.186.667.865	2.723.566.654
1. Long-term work in process	241			
2. Construction in progress	242	V.11	2.186.667.865	2.723.566.654
V. Long-term financial investments	250	V.2b	671.187.678.719	654.692.266.189
1. Investments in subsidiaries	251		248.850.000.000	234.450.000.000
2. Investments in joint ventures and associates	252		371.267.159.796	371.267.159.796
3. Investments in equity of other entities	253	3	105.929.737.637	105.929.737.637
4. Provisions for devaluation of long-term				
financial investments	254	300	(54.859.218.714)	(56.954.631.244)
5. Held-to-maturity investments	255			-
V. Other non-current assets	260		5.905.839.619	6.965.788.359
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261		5.905.839.619	6.965.788.359
2. Deferred income tax assets	262	3	3735 ST :	
3. Long-term components and spare parts	263	- 34	literate -	<b>=</b> 0 =
Other non-current assets	268			
TOTAL ASSETS	270		2.839.855.941.896	2.716.202.671.367
C - LIABILITIES	300		1.182.528.880.453	1.320.684.337.905
I. Current liabilities	310		624.497.367.129	769.964.615.973
Short-term trade payables	311	V.12	187.683.460.111	205.037.265.215
2. Short-term advances from customers	312	V.13	125.758.259.568	129.315.513.090
3. Taxes and other obligations to the State Budget	313	V.14	48.643.135.940	76.189.460.093
4. Payables to employees	314	V.15	34.668.313.626	36.211.658.961
5. Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.16	7.773.973.032	4.089.822.379
6. Short-term inter-company payables	316			•
7. Payables according to the progress				
of construction contract	317			· Commence of the control of the con
8. Short-term unearned revenues	318		3.189.198.063	4.029.941.115
9. Other short-term payables	319	V.17a	33.782.948.107	129.763.651.965
<ol><li>Short-term borrowings and financial leases</li></ol>	320	V.18a	99.091.761.049	110.557.998.607
11. Provisions for short-term payables	321		62.473.188.366	62.473.188.366
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322		21.433.129.267	12.296.116.182
13. Price stabilization fund	323			
14. Trading Government bonds	324		(#1)	(B)
II. Non-current liabilities	330		558.031.513.324	550.719.721.932
Long-term trade payables	331	Phil		
2. Long-term advances from customers	332			
3. Long-term accrued expenses	333			
4. Inter-company payables for working capital	334			
5. Long-term inter-company payables	335			

ITEMS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance	
1		3	4	5	
6. Long-term unearned revenues	336		18.847.936.403	20.497.647.770	
7. Other long-term payables	337	V.17b	13.917.342.000	13.891.296.000	
8. Long-term borrowings and financial leases	338	V.18b	525.266.234.921	516.330.778.162	
9. Convertible bonds	339				
10. Preferred shares	340				
11. Deferred income tax liability	341				
12. Provisions for long-term payables	342			- T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T	
13. Science and technology development fund	343		le 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
D - OWNER'S EQUITY	400		1.657.327.061.443	1.395.518.333.462	
I. Owner's equity	410	V.19	1.657.327.061.443	1.395.518.333.462	
1. Capital	411		746.708.910.000	746.708.910.000	
- Ordinary shares carrying voting rights	411a		746.708.910.000	746.708.910.000	
- Preferred shares	411b				
2. Share premium	412		32.368.276.001	32.368.276.001	
3. Bond conversion options	413		•	_	
4. Other sources of capital	414				
5. Treasury stocks	415				
6. Differences on asset revaluation	416			Li e i _ n' <sub>e</sub> r'	
7. Foreign exchange differences	417		7 5 - 2		
8. Investment and development funds	418		492.173.636.476	457.277.635.476	
9. Business arrangement supporting fund	419			•	
10. Other funds	420	1		₩n	
11. Retain earnings	421		386.076.238.966	159.163.511.985	
- Retained earnings accumulated to the end of the previous period	421a		53.581.818.485	159.163.511.985	
- Retained earnings of the current period	421b	1 44 6	332.494.420.481		
12.Construction investment fund	422	- 00			
II. Other sources and funds	430				
1. Sources of expenditure	431		L s		
2. Funds to form fixed assets	432		1		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	440		2.839.855.941.896	2.716.202.671.367	

Ho Chi Minh City, 27 October 2025

30 GENERAL DIRECTOR

TÔNG CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Tran Lan Anh

Le Thi Tu Anh

Duong Khue

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City. COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER III/2025 For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025

# COMBINED INCOME STATEMENT

# **QUARTER III OF 2025**

ITEMS	Code	Note	Quarter III			n the beginning of year
TIEMS	Couc	1,000	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1- Sales	01	VI.1	385.833.157.244	418.824.170.888	1.260.194.801.178	1.207.189.998.979
2 - Sales deductions	02	VI.2	155.974.280	118.681.086	261.203.314	175.175.866
3. Net Sales (10= 01-03)	10		385.677.182.964	418.705.489.802	1.259.933.597.864	1.207.014.823.113
4. Costs of sales	11	VI.3	329.758.606.202	370.250.694.491	1.081.485.909.019	1.056.660.495.593
5 Gross profit (20=10-11)	20		55.918.576.762	48.454.795.311	178.447.688.845	150.354.327.520
6. Financial income	21	VI.4	110.637.731.991	128.556.866.240	371.532.759.258	383.368.606.536
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.5	12.736.248.613	3.659.243.441	39.445.405.023	52.971.754.610
In which: Loan interest expenses	23		5.800.626.367	6.863.685.497	22.626.782.248	20.931.672.446
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.6	5.123.069.113	4.757.447.513	13.869.239.498	12.222.307.450
9. General and administration expenses	26	VI.7	66.337.444.408	77.335.989.364	165.303.202.159	160.004.581.742
10. Net operating profit						
[30 = 20 + (21-22) - (24+25)]	30		82.359.546.619	91.258.981.233	331.362.601.423	308.524.290.254
11. Other income	31	VI.8	2.851.860.983	4.297.099.166	3.121.970.808	5.295.876.853
12. Other expenses	32	VI.9	275.221.972	1.223.459.985	1.686.151.751	4.240.117.964
13. Other profits/(loss) $(40 = 31-32)$	40		2.576.639.011	3.073.639.181	1.435.819.057	1.055.758.889
14. Total accounting profit before tax (50=30+40)	50		84.936.185.630	94.332.620.414	332.798.420.480	309.580.049.143
15. Current income tax	51				7.50	10 s
16. Deferred income tax	52		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		. 11 0 . 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
17. Profit after Tax (60=50-51)	60		84.936.185.630	94.332.620.414	332.798.420.480	309.580.049.143
18. Basic earnings per share	70				G - C 135	

Ho Chi Minh City, 27 October 2025

0301 CENERAL DIRECTOR

PREPARER

Tran Lan Anh

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Le Thi Tu Anh

Duong Khue

# COMBINED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Direct method) **QUARTER III OF 2025**

Unit: VND

2	- 500 MeV SeV	CHECK!			Quarter III		the beginning of the year	
No.	ITEMS	Code	Note	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	
I.	Cash flows from operating activities							
1.	Proceeds from sales and services rendered and							
	other revenues	01		449.077.475.943	417.957.484.688	1.269.818.584.194	1.144.282.182.344	
2.	Expenditures paid to suppliers	02	lici	(332.996.531.038)	(321.900.681.560)	(999.519.378.481)	(933.142.511.549)	
3.	Expenditures paid to employees	03		(27.416.741.975)	(28.828.864.974)	(94.923.936.403)	(95.047.849.032)	
4.	Interests paid	04	1 5	(855.649.089)	(1.083.721.982)	(19.106.633.718)	(22.378.448.793)	
5.	Corporate income tax paid	05				(29.729.199)	i ja	
6.	Other cash inflows	06		1.061.277.011	4.161.244.265	7.308.639.014	18.855.136.857	
7.	Other cash outflows	07	1.8	(95.913.347.674)	(12.743.685.510)	(182.375.033.671)	(248.482.916.534)	
	Net cash flows from operating activities	20		(7.043.516.822)	57.561.774.927	(18.827.488.264)	(135.914.406.707)	
II.	Cash flows from investing activities							
1.	Purchases and construction of fixed assets							
	and other non-current assets	21		(3.404.905.973)	(4.681.642.845)	(57.874.036.706)	(40.946.462.331)	
2.	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets					WAS COLORED TO THE AMERICAN		
	and other non-current assets	22		2.227.547.227	5.056.271.901	2.227.547.227	5.913.271.901	
3.	Cash outflow for lending, buying debt	604U		(210 000 000 000)	(225 000 000 000)	(7(1,000,000,000)	(809,175,656,331)	
4	instruments of other entities	23		(310.000.000.000)	(335.000.000.000)	(761.000.000.000)	(809.175.050.551)	
4.	Cash recovered from lending, selling debt instruments of other entities	24		205.500.000.000	213.000.000.000	700.500.000.000	743.656.983.597	
5.	Investments in other entities	25		•		(14.400.000.000)	(25.591.240.000)	
6.	Withdrawals of investments in other entities	26				-	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
7.	Interest earned, dividends and profits received	17500		177.365.248.868	144.418.064.751	380.763.051.308	457.924.110.414	
1.	18 100 mg 3 1 mg	30	10	71.687.890.122	22.792.693.807	250.216.561.829	331.781.007.250	
	Net cash flows from investing activities	30	1 5	71.007.070.122	22.772.073.007	250.210.501.025		
III.								
1.	Proceeds from issuing stocks and capital contributions from owners	31				-		
2,	Repayment for capital contributions and							
	re-purchases of stocks already issued	32						
3.	Proceeds from borrowings	33		3.455.697.622	3.916.463.901	20.850.161.225	37.497.618.602	
4.	Repayment for loan principal	34		(5.481.156.050)	(19.240.724.575)	(42.478.921.537)	(62,777.808.505)	
5.	Payments for financial leased assets	35		a 1			1.00	
6.	Dividends and profit paid to the owners	36			(48.669.045.253)	(144.113.512.938)	(167.031.875.828	
	Net cash flows from financial activities	40		(2.025.458.428)	(63.993.305.927)	(165.742.273.250)	(192.312.065.731)	
		50		62.618.914.872	16.361.162.807	65.646.800.315	3.554.534.812	
	Net cash flows during the fiscal year	30		02.010.714.072	10.001.102.007	00.070.000.010		
	Cash and cash equivalents at the				42 400	40.024.027.021	25 407 207 007	
	beginning of fiscal year	60	V.1	51.849.713.317	12.600.578.991	48.821.827.874	25.407.206.986	
	Effect of exchange rate fluctuations	61						
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end		1			SECURIO SE		
	of fiscal year	70	V.1	114.468.628.189	28.961.741.798	114.468.628.189	28.961.741.798	

Ho Chi Minh City, 27 October 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Le Thi Tu Anh

GENERAL DIRECTOR

PHO'HO'C

Duong Khue

Tran Lan Anh

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – QUARTER 3 - 2025 For the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2025

# NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER 3 - 2025

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1. Investment form

Phong Phu Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") is a joint stock company.

# 2. Operating fields

The Corporation's operating fields are industrial manufacturing, trading and servicing.

#### 3. Principal business activities

The principal business activities of the Corporation are manufacturing and trading fibers, cloth, towels, sewing thread, embroidery thread, garments and fashion clothes (excluding bleaching, dyeing, starching and printing on the textile, sewed, knitted products, processing second-hand goods); trading silk, thread, textile fibers and garments, etc.

#### 4. Normal operating cycle

The normal operating cycle of the Corporation is within 12 months.

#### II. FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

#### 1. Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Corporation is from 01 January to 31 December annually.

#### 2. Accounting currency unit

The accounting currency unit is Vietnamese Dong (VND) because the Corporation's transactions are primarily made in VND.

#### III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM

#### 1. Accounting System

On December 22, 2014, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, guiding the corporate accounting regime to replace Decision No. 15/2006/QD-BTC dated March 20, 2006, of the Minister of Finance and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated December 31, 2009, of the Ministry of Finance. The Corporation applies the accounting standards, this Circular, and other circulars that guide the implementation of the accounting standards of the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of Combined Financial Statements.

#### 2. Statement of the compliance with the Accounting Standards and System

The Board of Directors ensures to follow all the requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System, which were issued together with the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 and other Circulars guiding implementation of the Vietnamese Accounting Standards of the Ministry of Finance in preparation and presentation of the Combined Financial Statements.

#### IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Accounting convention

All the Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis (except for the information related to cash flows).

The Corporation's affiliates have their own accounting sections but cannot do the accounts recording independently. The Combined Financial Statements of the whole Corporation are

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Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

prepared on the basis of the combining of the Financial Statements of the Corporation's affiliates. Revenue and balances between affiliates are excluded when the Combined Financial Statements are prepared.

#### 2. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as of the transaction dates. The ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as of the balance sheet date.

Foreign exchange differences arisen from foreign currency transactions during the year shall be included into financial income or financial expenses. Foreign exchange differences due to the revaluation of ending balances of the monetary items in foreign currencies after offsetting their positive differences against negative differences shall be included into financial income or financial expenses.

The exchange rate used to convert foreign currency transactions is the actual exchange rate ruling as at the time of these transactions. The actual exchange rates applied to foreign currency transactions are as follows:

- For the foreign currency trading contract (including spot contract, forward contract, future contract, option contract, currency swap): the exchange rate stipulated in the contracts of trading foreign currency between the Corporation and the Bank.
- For capital contribution made or received: the buying rate ruling as at the date of capital
  contribution of the bank where the Corporation opens its account to receive contributed capital.
- For receivables: the buying rate ruling as at the time of transactions of the commercial bank where the Corporation designates the customers to make payments.
- For payables: the selling rate ruling as at the time of transactions of the commercial bank where the Corporation supposes to make payment.
- For acquisition of assets or immediate payments in foreign currency (not included into payable accounts): the buying rate of the commercial bank where the Corporation makes payments.

The exchange rates used to re-evaluate the ending balances of monetary items in foreign currencies are determined according to the following principles:

- For foreign currency deposits: the buying rate of the bank where the Corporation opens its foreign currency account.
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as other assets: the buying rate of each bank
- For monetary items in foreign currencies classified as liabilities: the selling rate of each bank.

#### 3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term investments of which the due dates do not exceed 3 months from the dates of the investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value as of the balance sheet date.

#### 4. Financial investments

# Held-to-maturity investments

Investments are classified as held-to-maturity investments that the Corporation intends and is able to hold to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits for the purpose of receiving periodical interest.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost including the acquisition cost and other transaction costs. After initial recognition, these investments are recorded at recoverable

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value. Interest from these held-to-maturity investments after acquisition date is recognized in the profit or loss on the basis of the interest income to be received. Interest incurred prior to the Corporation's acquisition of held-to-maturity investments is deducted into the costs as at the acquisition time.

When there is reliable evidence proving that a part or the whole investment cannot be recovered and the loss is reliably determined, the loss is recognized as financial expenses during the period while the investment value is derecognized.

#### Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates

Subsidiaries

Subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Corporation. Control is the Corporation's power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity which is established by a contractual arrangement whereby the Corporation and the involved parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over an economic activity, and exists only when the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the venturers.

#### Associates

An associate is an entity which the Corporation has significant influence but not the control to govern the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is the right to participate in making the associate's financial and operating policies but not control those policies.

#### Initial recognition

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates are initially recognized at costs, including the purchase price or capital contributions plus other directly attributable expenditure. In case of investment in non-monetary assets, the costs of the investment are recognized at the fair value of non-monetary assets at the arising time.

Dividends and profits incurred prior to the acquisition of investments are deducted into the investment costs. Dividends and profits incurred after the acquisition of investments are recorded into the Corporation's financial income. Particularly, the dividends paid in form of shares are not recorded as an increase in values but the increasing quantity of shares is followed up.

Provisions for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

Provisions for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are made when the subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates suffer from losses at the rate equal to the difference between the actual capital invested by investors in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates and the actual owner's equity multiplying (x) by the Corporation's rate of capital contribution over the total actual capital invested by investors in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates. If the subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates are consolidated into the Consolidated Financial Statements, the basis for impairment provisions is the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Increases/(decreases) in the provisions for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates as of the balance sheet date are recorded into financial expenses.

# Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include such investments in equity instruments that do not enable the Corporation to have the control, joint control or significant influence on these entities.

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Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at costs, including cost of acquisition plus other directly attributable transaction costs. Dividends and profits incurred prior to the acquisition of investments are deducted into investment costs. Dividends and profits incurred after the acquisition of investments are recorded into the Corporation's financial income. Particularly, the dividends paid in form of shares are not recorded as an increase in costs, but the increases in quantity of shares is followed up.

Provisions for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments in listed shares or fair value of investments which is reliably measured, provisions are made on the basis of the market value of shares.
- For investments of which the fair value cannot be measured at the time of reporting, provision
  is made based on the losses suffered by investees, with the amount defined by the difference
  between owners' actual contributed capital and the total owners' equity as of the balance sheet
  date multiplied (x) by the Corporation's rate of charter capital owning in these investees.

Increases/(decreases) in the provisions for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities as of the balance sheet date are recorded into financial expenses.

#### Receivables

Receivables are recognized at the carrying amounts less allowances for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables as trade receivables or other receivables is made according the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect receivables concerning the commercial nature arising from purchase and sale transactions between the Corporation and customers who are independent to the Corporation.
- Other receivables reflect receivables not concerning the commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase and sale transactions.

Allowance for doubtful trade receivables is made for each individual receivable based on the aging of overdue debts, after offsetting against payables (if any), or based on the estimated potential loss, as follows:

- As for overdue debts:
  - 30% of the value of debts overdue between 6 months and less than 1 year.
  - 50% of the value of debts overdue between 1 year and less than 2 years.
  - 70% of the value of debts overdue between 2 years and less than 3 years.
  - 100% of the value of debts overdue more than 3 years.
- As for doubtful debts: Allowance is made on the basis of the estimated loss.

Allowance for other receivables is made for each doubtful debt on the basis of estimated loss.

Increases/(decreases) in the obligatory allowance for doubtful debts as of the balance sheet date are recorded into general and administration expenses.

#### 6. Inventories

Inventories are recognized at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- For materials and merchandise: Costs comprise costs of purchases and other directly relevant costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions.
- · For work-in-process: Costs are as follows:

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- Construction of real estate project: Costs include construction costs, loan interest, land use right and other directly relevant expenses.
- Production of products: Costs include costs of main materials, labors and other directly relevant expenses.
- For finished goods: Costs comprise costs of materials, direct labor and directly relevant general
  manufacturing expenses allocated on the basis of normal operations.

Stock-out costs are determined in accordance with the weighted average method and recorded in line with the perpetual method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business deducts the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Allowance for devaluation of inventories is recognized for each category of inventory when their costs are higher than their net realizable values. Increases/(decreases) in the obligatory allowance for devaluation of inventories as of the balance sheet date are recorded into costs of sales.

#### 7. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses comprise actual expenses incurred but relevant to financial performance in several accounting periods. Prepaid expenses of the Corporation mainly include expenses on land use right, repair expenses, expenses of tools and rental. These prepaid expenses are allocated over the prepayment period or period in which corresponding benefits are realized.

# Land use right

Expenses on transfer of land use right include the actual expenses paid for the transferred land being used by the Corporation. Expenses on transfer of temporary land use right are allocated over the term specified in Land Use Right Certificate.

#### Repair expenses

Repair expenses include the actual expenses used to repair offices for lease, machinery and equipment. These expenses are allocated into the financial performance for the maximum period of 3 years.

#### Expenses of tools

Expenses on tools being put into use are allocated into costs in accordance with the straight-line method for the maximum period of 3 years.

#### 8. Operating leased assets

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incident to ownership belonging to the lessor. The lease expenses are allocated in the Corporation's operation costs in accordance with the straight-line method over the lease term and do not depend on the method of lease payment.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are determined by their historical costs less accumulated depreciation. Historical costs of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses paid by the Corporation to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenses arising subsequent to initial recognition are included into historical costs of fixed assets only if it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of these assets. Those which do not meet the above conditions will be recorded into operation expenses during the year.

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When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposal is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated in accordance with the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The depreciation period applied is as follows:

Fixed assets	Years
Buildings and structures	05 - 40
Machinery and equipment	05 - 15
Vehicles	06 - 10
Office equipment	03 - 08

#### 10. Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are determined by their initial costs less accumulated amortization.

Initial costs of intangible fixed assets include all the costs paid by the Corporation to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other costs relevant to intangible fixed assets arising subsequent to initial recognition are included into operation costs during the year only if these costs are associated with a specific intangible fixed asset and result in future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of these assets.

When an intangible fixed asset is sold or disposed, its initial costs and accumulated amortization are written off, then any gain or loss arising from such disposal is included in the income or the expenses during the year.

The Corporation's intangible fixed asset only includes computer software.

Expenses attributable to computer software, which is not a part associated with the relevant hardware, will be capitalized. Costs of computer software include all the expenses paid by the Corporation until the date the software is put into use. Computer software is amortized in accordance with the straight-line method from 2 - 5 years.

#### 11. Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress reflects the expenses (including relevant loan interest expenses following the accounting policies of the Corporation) directly attributable to assets under construction, machinery and equipment under installation for purposes of production, leasing and management as well as the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are recorded at historical costs and not depreciated.

#### 12. Contractual arrangement

#### Jointly controlled operations

In respect of its interest in jointly controlled operations, the Corporation shall recognize in its Combined Financial Statements:

- the assets that the Corporation controls.
- the liabilities that the Corporation incurs.
- the Corporation earns from the sale of goods or services by the joint venture.
- the expenses that the Corporation incurs

#### 13. Pavables and accrued expenses

Payables and accrued expenses are recorded for the amounts payable in the future associated with the goods and services received. Accrued expenses are recognized on the basis of reasonable estimates for the amount payable.

The classification of payables as trade payables, accrued expenses or other payables is made according the following principles:



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- Trade payables reflect payables of commercial nature arising from the purchase of goods, services, or assets, of which the seller is an independent entity with the Corporation.
- Accrued expenses reflect expenses for goods, services received from suppliers or supplied to
  customers but have not been paid, invoiced or lack of accounting records and supporting
  documents; pay on leave payable to employees; and accrual of operation expenses.
- Other payables reflect payables of non-commercial nature and irrelevant to purchase, sales of goods or provisions of services.

The payables and accrued expenses are classified as short-term and long-term items in the Combined Balance Sheet on the basis of their remaining term as of the balance sheet date.

#### 14. Owner's equity

#### Owner's capital

The contributed capital is recorded according to the actual amount invested by the shareholders.

#### Share premiums

Share premiums are recorded in accordance with the difference between the issuance price and face value upon the IPO, additional issue or the difference between the re-issuance price, carrying value of treasury stocks and the equity component of convertible bonds upon maturity. Expenses directly related to the additional issue of stocks and the re-issuance of treasury stocks are recorded as a decrease in share premiums.

#### 15. Profit distribution

Profit after tax is distributed to the shareholders after appropriation for funds under the Charter of the Corporation as well as legal regulations and approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Profit distribution to shareholders is done under consideration to non-monetary items belonging to retained earnings which probably affects cash flows and dividend payment ability, including gains arisen from the revaluation of assets contributed as capital, interest due to the revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-monetary items.

Dividends are recorded as payables upon the approval of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### 16. Recognition of revenue and income

# Revenue from sales of merchandise and finished goods

Revenue from sales of merchandise and finished goods are recognized when the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Corporation transfers most of risks and benefits incident to the ownership of merchandise or products to customers.
- The Corporation retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the merchandise, products sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Where the contracts stipulate that buyers have the right to return products, merchandise purchased under specific conditions, the revenue is recorded only when those specific conditions are no longer exist and buyers retains no right to return merchandise, products (except for the case that such returns are in exchange for other goods or services).
- The Corporation received or shall probably receive the economic benefits associated with sale transactions.
- The cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the sale transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Revenue from provisions of services

Revenue from provisions of services shall be recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:



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- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably. When the contract stipulates that the buyer is entitled to return the services provided under specific conditions, the revenue is recognized only when these specific conditions are no longer existed and the buyer is not entitled to return the services provided.
- The Corporation received or shall probably receive the economic benefits associated with the provision of services.
- The stage of completion of the transaction at the end of reporting period can be measured reliably.
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

In the case that the services are provided in several accounting periods, the determination of revenue is done on the basis of the volume of work done as of the balance sheet date.

#### Revenue from sales of real estate

Revenue from sales of real estate that invested by the Corporation shall be recognized when all of the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The real estate is fully completed and handed over to the buyers, and the Corporation has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the real estate.
- The Corporation retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the real estate sold.
- · The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- The Corporation received or shall probably receive the economic benefits associated with the transaction.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.
- In case the customer has the right to complete the interior of the real estate and the Corporation
  completes the interior of the real estate according to the designs, models, and customer
  requirements under the separate contract, sales are recognized upon the completion and
  handover of the main construction works to customers.

#### Interest

Interest is recorded, based on the term and the actual interest rate applied in each particular period.

#### Dividends and distributed profits

Dividends and distributed profits are recognized when the Corporation becomes entitled to receive dividends or profits from its capital contributions.

#### 17. Revenue deductions

Revenue deductions only include sales returns incurred in the same period of providing products, merchandise, services, in which revenue is derecognized.

In case of products, merchandise, services provided in the previous years but sales returns incurred in the current year, revenue is derecognized as follows:

- If sales returns incur prior to the release of the Combined Financial Statements, revenue is derecognized on the Combined Financial Statements of the current year.
- If sales returns incur after the release of the Combined Financial Statements, revenue is derecognized on the Combined Financial Statements of the following year.

#### 18. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include loan interest and other costs incurred directly relevant to borrowings.

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Borrowing costs are recorded as an expense when it is incurred. In case the borrowing costs are directly attributable to the construction or the production of an asset in progress, which takes a substantial period of time (over 12 months) to get ready for intended use or sales of the asset, these costs will be included in the cost of that asset. To the extent that the borrowings are especially for the purpose of construction of fixed assets and investment properties, the borrowing cost is eligible for capitalization even if construction period is under 12 months. Incomes arisen from provisional

#### 19. Expenses

Expenses are those that result in outflows of the Corporation's economic benefits and are recorded at the time of transactions or when incurrence of the transaction is reliable regardless of whether payment for expenses is made or not.

Expenses and their corresponding revenues are simultaneously recognized in accordance with matching principle. In the event that matching principle conflicts with prudence principle, expenses are recognized based on the nature and regulations of accounting standards in order to guarantee that transactions can be fairly and truly reflected.

#### 20. Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax.

investments as loans are recognized as a decrease in the costs of relevant assets.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount computed based on the taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between tax and accounting figures, non-deductible expenses as well as those of non-taxable income and losses brought forward.

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is the amount of corporate income tax liability or refundable due to temporary differences between carrying values of assets and liabilities serving the preparation of the Financial Statements and basis for calculation of income tax. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all the temporary taxable differences. Deferred income tax assets are recorded only when there is an assurance on the availability of taxable income in the future against which the temporarily deductible differences can be used.

Carrying values of deferred corporate income tax assets are considered as of the balance sheet date and will be reduced to the rate that ensures enough taxable income against which the benefits from part of or all of the deferred income tax can be used. Deferred corporate income tax assets, which have not been recorded before, are considered as of the balance sheet date and are recorded when there is certainly enough taxable income to use these unrecognized deferred corporate income tax assets.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are determined at the estimated rate to be applied in the year when the assets are recovered or the liabilities are settled based on the effective tax rates as of the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax is recognized in the Income Statement. In the case that deferred income tax is related to the items of the owner's equity, that corporate income tax will be included in the owner's equity.

The Corporation shall offset deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if:

 The Corporation has the legal right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities; and

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- Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are relevant to corporate income tax which is under the management of one tax authority either:
  - Of the same subject to corporate income tax; or
  - The Corporation has intention to pay current income tax liabilities and current income tax
    assets on a net basis or recover tax assets and settle tax liability simultaneously in each
    future period to the extent that the majority of deferred income tax liabilities or deferred
    income tax assets are paid or recovered.

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# V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ITEMS OF THE COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

# 1. Cash and cash equivalents

	Ending balance	Beginning of Year
Cash on hand	1.824.341.063	1.984.031.115
Demand bank deposits	22.644.287.126	46.837.796.759
Cash equivalents	90.000.000.000	-
Total	114.468.628.189	48.821.827.874

# 2. Held-to-maturity investments and financial investments

# 2a. Held-to-maturity investments

Term deposits at banks

#### 2b. Financial investments

	Ending balance		Beginning of Year		
_	Original amount	Provision	Original amount	Provision	
Investment in subsidiaries	248.850.000.000		234.450.000.000		
Phong Phu Home Textile Joint Stock	240.030.000.000		234.430.000.000	71.	
Company	220.050.000.000		220.050.000.000	_	
Nam Duong Phu JSC	28.800.000.000		14.400.000.000		
Investments in joint ventures,	20100010001		11110000000		
associates	371.267.159.796	(15.463.749.845)	371.267.159.796	(23.917.720.035)	
Coats Phong Phu Limited Liability		Account of the same of the sam		11	
Company	85.253.638.578	-	85.253.638.578		
Nha Trang Textile & Garment JSC	70.968.627.165	(3.729.027.380)	70.968.627.165	(11.888.438.169)	
HUD Saigon Housing and Urban					
Development Investment JSC	10.000.000.000		10.000.000.000		
Dalat Garment Joint-Stock Company	6.769.616.000		6.769.616.000		
Phong Phu Trading & Investment					
Promotion Corporation	6.800.516.237	(6.800.516.237)	6.800.516.237	(6.800.516.237)	
Phong Phu - Daewon - Thu Duc					
Housing Development Corporation	144.586.200.608	(4.934.206.228)	144.586.200.608	(5.228.765.629)	
Dong Nam Textile JSCs	46.888.561.208		46.888.561.208		
Investments in other entities	105.929.737.637	(39.395.468.869)	105.929.737.637	(33.036.911.209)	
Binh An garment Textile material					
Accessories Joint Stock Company	13.027.052.451	(2.618.942.325)	13.027.052.451	(1.423.365.164)	
Lien Phuong Textile & Garment					
Corporation	32.288.540.334	(14.497.595.822)	32.288.540.334	(9.402.117.994)	
Gia Dinh Development Corporation	12.533.634.095	-	12.533.634.095	•	
Gia Dinh - Phong Phu Textile and					
Garment Corporation	5.852.355.319	(5.852.355.319)	5.852.355.319	(5.852.355.319)	
Vietnam Wool Joint Stock Company	1.337.103.882	(877.928.858)	1.337.103.882	(877.928.858)	
Viet Nam Textile Garment Materials					
Trading and Manufacturing Company					
Limited	11.282.879.453	(10.750.784.394)	11.282.879.453	(10.683.281.723)	
Saigon – Rachgia Corporation	2.984.184.383	(2.984.184.382)	2.984.184.383	(2.984.184.382)	
Hung Phu Joint Stock Company	1.813.677.769	(1.813.677.769)	1.813.677.769	(1.813.677.769)	
Vinatex Nam Dinh City Development	7 500 000 000		<b>7</b> 500 000 000		
Joint Stock Company Phuoc Loc Joint Stock Company	7.500.000.000		7.500.000.000		
	3.216.754.481		3.216.754.481		
Phong Phu International JSC  Total	14.093.555.470	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.093,555.470		
Total =	726.046.897.433	(54.859.218.714)	711.646.897.433	(56.954.631.244)	

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Changes in provision for investments in other entities are as follows:

	Current period
Beginning balance	56.954.631.244
Provision/(Reversal of provision)	(2.095.412.530)
Ending balance	54.859.218.714

# 3. Short-term receivables from customers

	<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
Receivables from related parties	326.752.663.959	314.703.284.105
Nha Trang Textile & Garment Joint Stock Company	924.653.877	
Coats Phong Phu Limited Liability Company	288.841.619.798	262.239.956.872
Phong Phu Trading & Investment Promotio	n	
Corporation	11.930.807.340	12.930.807.340
Phong Phu Home Textile Joint Stock Company	8.620.337.456	25.331.087.476
Nam Duong Phu Joint Stock Company	2.816.749.458	35.349.229
Phuoc Loc Joint Stock Company	11.670.941.498	12.412.373.059
Phong Phu International Joint Stock Company	1.438.986.936	1.479.363.077
Hoa Tho Textile - Garment Joint Stock Corporation	508.567.596	274.347.052
Receivables from other customers	51.094.172.224	41.336.430.804
Other customers	51.094.172.224	41.336.430.804
Total	377.846.836.183	356.039.714.909

# 4. Short-term prepayments to suppliers

• • •	<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
Prepayments to related parties	933.606.000	-
Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group	189.000.000	
Nam Duong Phu Joint Stock Company	744.606.000	
Prepayments to other suppliers	2.748.854.200	12.967.093.911
Ace Trading Co.,Ltd	210.199.968	327.941.966
Hoang Thi Loan Textile & Gaxrment JSC		
- Prepayment for processing services		10.000.000.000
Other suppliers	2.538.654.232	2.639.151.945
Total	3.682.460.200	12.967.093.911

#### 5. Other receivables

#### 5a. Other short-term receivables

Ending ba	Ending balance		of Year
Value	Provision	Value	Provision
1.030.554.587		2.006.193.539	
		1.651.686.000	
1.030.554.587		354.507.539	
110.751.478.067 (	27.275.446.849)	51.735.478.990 (	19.534.309.268)
55.241.292.415			
	Value 1.030.554.587  1.030.554.587  110.751.478.067 (2010)	Value Provision  1.030.554.587  1.030.554.587  110.751.478.067 (27.275.446.849)	Value         Provision         Value           1.030.554.587         -         2.006.193.539           1.651.686.000         1.651.687         354.507.539           110.751.478.067 (27.275.446.849)         51.735.478.990 (1)

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – QUARTER 3 - 2025

For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

	Ending b	alance	Beginning	g of Year
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Receivables arising from the invoice reversal and contract cancellation for the project transfer of the residential area in Phuoc Long Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.				
Saigon Agriculture Incorporation - Receivables from business cooperation of the Lang Le Bau Co Project	43.532.895.759 (	(24 032 805 750)	43 532 805 750	(16.291.758.178)
Profit distributed	5.727.890.412	24.032.073.737)	4.516.764.120	(10.271.736.176)
Other short-term receivables	6.249.399.481	(3.242.551.090)		(3.242.551.090)
Total	111.782.032.654 (	(27.275.446.849)	53.741.672.529	(19.534.309.268)

# 5b. Other long-term receivables

	Ending balance Value	Beginning of Year Value
Saigon Agriculture Incorporation - Receivables from business cooperation of		
the residential project in Phuoc Long Ward, Ho Chi Minh City	127.550.998.510	307.066.666
Total	127.550.998.510	307.066.666
D. 146.1.1.14		

#### 6. Doubtful debts

	Ending	balance	Beginni	ng of Year
	Original amount	Recoverable value	Original amount	Recoverable value
Related party	11.930.807.340		12.930.807.340	_
Phong Phu Trading & Investment Promotion				
Corporation	11.930.807.340		12.930.807.340	
Other organizations and individuals	49.806.977.824	19.554.587.481	49.841.142.183	27.280.887.578
Saigon Agriculture				
Incorporation	43.532.895.759	11.758.862.419	43.532.895.759	27.241.137.581
Tai Tin Company Limited	3.242.551.090		3.242.551.090	
Other organizations and individuals	3.031.530.975	7.795.725.062	3.065.695.334	39.749.997
Total	61.737.785.164	19.554.587.481	62.771.949.523	27.280.887.578

Changes in allowances for doubtful debts are as follows:

	Current period
Beginning balance	35.491.061.945
Allowance/(Reversal of allowance)	6.692.135.738
Ending balance	42.183.197.683

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For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

#### 7. Inventories

	Ending	balance	Beginnin	g of Year
	Original amount	Provision	Original amount	Provision
Goods in transit (Purchases)	25.343.730.910			
Materials and supplies	32.548.955.452	(1.304.453.894)	53.504.488.225	(1.304.453.894)
Work-in-process	23.753.996.702	- 1-2	23.434.012.227	=
Finished goods	42.492.958.183	(123.390.983)	51.725.535.854	(123.390.983)
Merchandises	11.274.827.237	( <del>-</del> )	7.112.733.251	-
Work-in-progress costs of the residential project in Phuoc Long Ward, Ho Chi Minh				
City			187.766.564.464	
Total	135.414.468.484	(1.427.844.877)	323.543.334.021	(1.427.844.877)

# Changes in allowance for devaluation of inventories are as follows:

	Current period
Beginning balance	1.427.844.877
Extraction/(reversal) of provision	<u> </u>
Ending balance	1.427.844.877

# 8. Prepaid expenses

#### 8a. Short-term prepaid expenses

		<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
	Tools, equipment, and production materials	255.973.749	379.563.256
	Repair and maintenance costs	1.014.642.154	
	Other expenses	<u> - 111111111</u>	32.083.331
	Total	1.270.615.903	411.646.587
8b.	Long-term prepaid expenses		
		<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
	Land use right	2.816.326.500	3.918.367.320
	Repair expenses	289.266.665	784.921.825
	Tools	2.800.246.454	2.262.499.214
	Total	5.905.839.619	6.965.788.359

# 9. Tangible fixed assets

	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Office equipment	Total
Historical costs Beginning balance	564.879.749.986	1.288.031.630.694	28.838.920.199	12.215.803.453	1.893.966.104.332
Acquisition during the period	-	500.000.000	20.030.720.177	12.213.003.433	500.000.000
Completed construction	7.236.737.332	45.415.287.694	632.881.905		53.284.906.931
Liquidation, disposal		(14.604.022.508)			(14.604.022.508)
Ending balance	572.116.487.318	1.319.342.895.880	29.471.802.104	12.215.803.453	1.933.146.988.755

Depreciation

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COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – QUARTER 3 - 2025

For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

		Buildings and structures	Machinery a equipment		Vehicles	Office equipment	Total
	Beginning balance Depreciation during the	229.260.186.648	893.016.374	.743	18.787.772.984	6.587.607.629	1.147.651.942.004
	period during the	17.493.077.694	55.335.884	.843	1.591.888.320	537.323.913	74.958.174.770
	Liquidation, disposal		(14.604.022.	508)			(14.604.022.508)
	Ending balance	246.753.264.342	933.748.237	.078	20.379.661.304	7.124.931.542	1.208.006.094.266
	Net book values						
	Beginning balance	335.619.563.338	395.015.255	.951	10.051.147.215	5.628.195.824	746.314.162.328
	Ending balance	325.363.222.976	385.594.658	3.802	9.092.140.800	5.090.871.911	725.140.894.489
10.	Intangible fixed asse	ts					
			Costs		Depreciation	Net book va	alue
	Beginning balance			27.273	475.370.872	108.55	
	Depreciation during t	he period		Y/ <b>2</b> 8	9.046.359		
	<b>Ending balance</b>		583.92	27.273	484.417.231	99.51	0.042
11	C						
11.	Construction-in-prog	ress		Enc	ling balance	Beginning of	of Year
	Acquisition of fixed a	assets			537.706.046	1.074.6	504.835
	Construction-in-prog	ress		1.	.648.961.819	1.648.9	061.819
	Total		- 1		186.667.865		666.654
12.	Short-term trade pay	ables					
	Short-term trade pay	ables		End	ling balance	Beginning	of Year
	Payables to related	parties			252.715.248	187.950.	
	Nha Trang Textile &	Garment JSC		6.	214.183.996	1.465.	953.176
	Phuoc Loc Joint Stoc	200			133.286.508		795.381
	Coats Phong Phu Lin	confidence of the Charles	E-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-co-		856.257.126	160.984.	769.508
	Nam Duong Phu Joir	•			206.238.960	10.050	-
	Phong Phu Home Te		Company		842.748.658		941.924
	Payables to other su Other suppliers	ppners			<b>430.744.863</b> 430.744.863		805.226 805.226
	Total				683.460.111	205.037.	
12	CI	6			24 n 2 n 1		
13.	Short-term advances	from customers		End	ling balance	Beginning	of Year
	Advances from other	er customers	19.1		758.259.568	129.315.	s Astronomorphisms
	Vietnam Textile Gar Manufacturing Comp Advances from cus	oany Limited tomers with re-	spect to the	9.	962.577.900	9.962.	577.900
	transfer of terra		of Housing	117	401 907 749	115 401	927 749
	Development Project Other customers	in Phuoc Long	ward		401.827.748	115.401.	
	Total				393.853.920 7 <b>58.259.568</b>	129.315.	107.442
	Total			123.	130.439.308	149.515.	313.030

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For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

# 14. Taxes and other obligations to the State Budget

	Ending balance		Beginning	of Year
	Payable	Receivable	Payable	Receivable
VAT on domestic sales	4.627.534.280		2.400.564.140	
Corporate income tax		207.769.015	29.729.199	207.769.015
Personal income tax	1.476.150.998		1.238.850.898	
Natural resource tax	8.789.760		9.027.760	
Land rental (*)	42.530.660.902		72.511.288.096	
Fees and other payables				
Total	48.643.135.940	207.769.015	76.189.460.093	207.769.015

<sup>(\*)</sup> Land rent is due for payment to the state budget on October 30, 2025 and November 30, 2025

#### 15. Payables to employees

Accrued salaries, allowances, bonuses, and other payables to employees.

# 16. Short-term accrued expenses

	Ending balance	Beginning of Year
Employee benefits expenses	186.627.284	
Service expenses	3.894.262.224	3.552.006.566
Repair expenses	3.008.570.815	
Other	684.512.709	537.815.813
Total	7.773.973.032	4.089.822.379

# 17. Other payables

# 17a. Other short-term payables

	<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
Payables to related parties	11.148.518.720	55,203,190,148
Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group - Loan		
interest expenses	11.148.518.720	2.794.184.998
Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group -		
Dividends payable		52.372.314.400
Phong Phu Home Textile Joint Stock Company -		
Disbursement on behalf		36.690.750
Payables to other organizations and individuals	22.634.429.387	74.560.461.817
An Tam Investment Development Joint Stock		
Company - Receive capital contributions	19.500.000.000	19.500.000.000
Dividends payable	1.889.594.985	53.293.689.860
Other short-term payables	1.244.834.402	1.766.771.957
Total	33.782.948.107	129.763.651.965

#### 17b. Other long-term payables

	Ending balance	Beginning of Year
Lien Phuong Textile & Garment Corporation -		
Receipt of long-term capital contribution	5.226.000.000	5.226.000.000
Receipt of long-term deposits, mortgages	8.691.342.000	8.665.296.000
Total	13.917.342.000	13.891.296.000

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For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

# 18. Borrowings and financial leases

# 18a. Short-term borrowings and financial leases

		Ending balance	Beginning of Year
	Current portions of long-term loans payable to related party	17.865.392.459	16.438.837.322
	Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group (ADB)	17.865.392.459	16.438.837.322
	Short-term loans and financial leases payable to other organizations and individuals	81.226.368.590	94.119.161.285
	Short-term loans from banks	13.838.738.987	22.646.200.332
	- BIDV	8.037.196.902	8.980.019.302
	- Vietinbank		2.970.661.960
	- Vietcombank	5.801.542.085	5.016.412.424
	- ACB	-	5.679.106.646
	Other short-term loans from individuals	67.387.629.603	71.472.960.953
	Total	99.091.761.049	110.557.998.607
18b.	Long-term borrowings and financial leases		
		<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
	Long-term loans payable to related party	525.266.234.921	516.330.778.162
	Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group (ADB)	525.266.234.921	516.330.778.162
	Total	525.266.234.921	516.330.778.162

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – QUARTER 3 - 2025 For the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2025

# 19. Owner's equity

# 19a. Statement of the fluctuations in owner's equity

	Capital	Share premiums	Investment and development fund	Retained earnings	Total
1. Beginning balance	746.708.910.000	32.368.276.001	457.277.635.476	159.163.511.985	1.395.518.333.462
2. Increases during the period	- 1		34.896.001.000	332.798.420.480	367.694.421.480
Gain from profit during the period				332.798.420.480	332.798.420.480
Appropriation for funds			34.896.001.000		34.896.001.000
3. Decreases during the period		-		(105.885.693.499)	(105.885.693.499)
Distribution of prior-year profit				(105.581.693.500)	(105.581.693.500)
Appropriation of funds Distribution of the remaining				(68.246.248.000)	(68.246.248.000)
dividend for 2024	1 1 1			(37.335.445.500)	(37.335.445.500)
Distribution of profit for the current year Remuneration for the Board of				(303.999.999)	(303.999.999)
Directors and the Supervisory Board		5-1		(303.999.999)	(303.999.999)
4. Ending balance	746.708.910.000	32.368.276.001	492.173.636.476	386.076.238,966	1.657.327.061.443

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	. Details of capital contribution of the owners	<b>Ending balance</b>	Beginning of Year
	Vietnam National Textile and Garment Group	374.087.960.000	374.087.960.000
	Other shareholders	372.620.950.000	372.620.950.000
	Total	746.708.910.000	746.708.910.000
VI.	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE I	TEMS OF THE CO	OMBINED INCOME
1.	Revenue from sales and service provision		
		9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
	Revenue from sales of finished goods  Revenue from sales of goods and services	555.179.208.958	561.977.515.750
	provision	705.015.592.220	645.063.837.232
	Revenue from real estate business operations		148.645.997
	Total	1.260.194.801.178	1.207.189.998.979
2.	Sales deductions		
	200 12	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
	Sales returns	261.203.314	175.175.866
	Total	261.203.314	175.175.866
3.	Costs of sales		
	. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
	Costs of finished goods sold	446.429.200.582	469.415.374.826
	Costs of goods and services provision	635.056.708.437	587.455.132.295
	Provision/(Reversal) for decline in value of		
	inventories	(#E	(210.011.528)
	Total =	1.081.485.909.019	1.056.660.495.593
4.	Financial income		
		9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
	Interest on term deposits	17.853.845.713	18.656.494.698
	Interest on non-term deposits	171.012.253	43.971.169
	Dividends, profit sharing	351.710.216.618	363.045.528.945
	Foreign exchange gain	1.490.372.990	1.622.611.724
	Interest on late payment	307.311.684	
	Total	371.532.759.258	383.368.606.536
5.	Financial expenses		
		9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
	Loan interest expenses	22.626.782.248	20.931.672.446
	Unrealized foreign exchange loss	18.101.568.127	13.131.622.765
	Realized foreign exchange loss	812.467.178	455.287.852
	Provision/(Reversal) for impairment of		
	investments	(2.095.412.530)	9.037.409.735
	Expense for interest subsidy on delayed payments _ Total	-	9.415.761.812
		39.445.405.023	52.971.754.610

Address: No. 48 Tang Nhon Phu Street, Tang Nhon Phu Ward, Ho Chi Minh City COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – QUARTER 3 - 2025

For the fiscal year ended on December 31,2025

Notes to the Combined Financial Statements (cont.)

6.	Selling	expenses
0.	Seiling	expenses

	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
Expenses for employees	3.851.473.454	3.497.685.042
Transportation expenses	2.140.933.925	1.732.872.083
Other expenses	7.876.832.119	6.991.750.325
Total	13.869.239.498	12.222.307.450

# 7. General and administration expenses

	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
Employee expenses	40.276.639.696	38.694.336.202
Material costs	2.202.473.179	2.518.119.416
Depreciation of fixed assets	2.402.287.916	2.692.300.472
Taxes, fees, and charges	79.488.010.738	77.965.761.443
Provision of doubtful debts	6.692.135.738	(31.250.000)
Outsourced service costs	29.282.811.649	32.362.171.602
Other expenses	4.958.843.243	5.803.142.607
Total	165.303.202.159	160.004.581.742

#### 8. Other income

	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
Site clearance compensation received	142.035.000	
Gain on disposal and liquidation of fixed assets	2.225.510.190	4.566.113.149
Other income	754.425.618	729.763.704
Total	3.121.970.808	5.295.876.853

# 9. Other expenses

	9 months of 2025	9 months of 2024
Site clearance costs	1.285.921.754	
Fines paid	110.526.207	845.575.481
Late payment fees	9.571.487	2.816.657.979
Other expenses	280.132.303	577.884.504
Total	1.686.151.751	4.240.117.964

# 10. Earnings per share

Information on earnings per share is presented in the Consolidated Financial Statements

Ho Chi Minh City, October 27, 2025

TÔNG CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN

Tran Lan Anh Preparer Le Thi Tu Anh Chief Accountant **Duong Khue General Director**  C.P \* HILL