### DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

### THE SOCIAL REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Independence - Freedom - Happiness

No.: 2010/2025/KSD/CV-CBTT

Ninh Binh, October 20, 2025

### PERIODIC DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

To: Ha Noi Stock Exchange

According to Clause 3, Article 14, Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16<sup>th</sup>, 2020 of The Ministy of Finance providing guidelines on disclosure of information on securities market, DNA Investment Joint Stock Company submits the disclosure of Quarter III/2025 financial statement to Ha Noi Stock Exchange as follow:

- 1. Corporation's name: DNA Investment Joint Stock Company
- Stock symbol: KSD
- Address: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial, Chau Son Ward, Ninh Binh.
- Telephone: 0226.384.8888-0226.384.0408
- Fax: 0226.3850.869
  - 2. Content of the disclosed information:

Quarter III/2025 financial statement:

Separate financial statement (The listed organization does not have

subsidiaries	companies	and its	s parent	accounting	unit has	subordinate	units)
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companies)

Combined financial statement (The listed organization has affiliated accounting units with independent accounting systems)

Consolidated financial statement (The listed oganization has subsidiaries

- Cases require to explain the reasons:

+ The accredited audit organization issued a qualified opinion rather than an unqualified opinion on the financial statement (regarding the 2025 audited financial statement):

	Yes					No
1927	9	100				

Explanation document in case of a qualified opinion:

Yes	Γ	No
1 00	1	TAI

+ Profit after tax for the reporting period varies by at least 5% before and after auditing, shifting from a loss to a profit or vice versa:

☐ Yes ⊠ No

<sup>\*</sup> This English translation is equivalent to and consistent with the original Vietnamese version. In case of any discrepancies or differences in interpretation between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall prevail.

Explanation document in case of	a qualified opinion:
Yes	☐ No
+ Profit after tax in the financial st	atement of the reporting period varies by at least
10% compared to the same period last	year:
⊠ Yes	☐ No
Explanation document in case of	a qualified opinion:
⊠ Yes	☐ No
+ Profit after tax for the reporting	period shows a loss, shifting from a profit in the
same period of the previous year to a lo	
⊠ Yes	□ No
Explanation document in case of	a qualified opinion:
	☐ No
This information is disclosured o	n the company's website dated October 20, 2025
at: http://www.hangermetal.vn/	
3. Report on transaction with a	value of 35% of total assets in 2025
In the case where the listed orga	anization has transaction, it is required to fully
report on the following contents:	
- Transaction detail:	
- Trading density/corporation's t	otal assets (%) (according to the most recent
annual finanacial statement):	
- Transaction completion date:	12810.
We hereby commit that the information	nation disclosed above is true and accurate, and
	w for the content of the disclosed information.
DNA	INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Atteched documents:	GENERAL DIRECTOR
Quarter III/2025 financial statement - Explanation document of the	Cổ PHÂN * DÂU TU * DNAC * CHAUSON - T. MIN
varience in Profit after tax	BUI VIỆT VƯƠNG
	BOI VIET VOONG
Digitally signed by CÔNG TY CÔ  PHÂN ĐẦU TƯ DNA  DN: C=VN, S=NINH BÌNH, L=	

Digitally signed by CÔNG TY CÔ
PHÂN DÂU TƯ DNA
DN: C=VN, S=NINH BÌNH, L=
Thành phố Phủ Lý, CN=CÔNG TY
CỔ PHÂN ĐÂU TƯ DNA,
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\* This English translation is equivalent to and consistent with the original Vietnamese version. In case of any discrepancies or differences in interpretation between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall prevail.



### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 3th quarter of 2025 DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY



### DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial Zone, Chau Son Ward, Ninh Bình Province

Tel:0226.3848888

Fax: 0226.3850869

### Financial statements

3th Quarter of 2025 Fiscal year

Form No. B01 - DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

### **DN- BALANCE SHEET**

As at 30st September 2025

	ASSETS	Code	Note	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
A.	CURRENT ASSETS	100		83.960.354.299	84.962.194.583
I.	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	22.476.793.923	36.220.607.374
1.	Cash	111		1.976.793.923	15.012.788.241
2.	Cash equivalents	112		20.500.000.000	21.207.819.133
II.	Short-term financial investments	120	V.2		-
1	Investments held to maturity	123			
III.	Short-term receivables	130		56.239.331.063	41.386.500.188
1.	Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3a	33.953.189.488	37.522.487.434
2.	Short term advances to suppliers	132	V.4	9.779.327.637	5.004.088.716
3.	Short-term loan receivables	135		-	-
4.	Other short-term receivables	136	V.5	14.807.623.938	59.924.038
4.	Short-term allowance for doubtful debts	137	V.6	-2.300.810.000	(1.200.000.000)
8.	Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	-
IV.	Inventories	140	V.6	3.008.833.388	6.831.223.095
1.	Inventories	141		3.008.833.388	6.831.223.095
2.	Allowance for inventories	149		=	
V.	Other short-term assets	150		2.235.395.925	523.863.926
1.	Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.11a	16.463.636	12.030.872
2.	Deductible VAT	152		2.218.932.289	511.833.054
3.	Taxes and other receivables from the state	153	V.14b	= "	-
В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		56.368.381.830	37.579.552.063
I.	Long-term receivables	210		-	_
1.	Long-term receivables from customers	211	V.3b	-	
2.	Long-term advances to suppliers	212		·	-
II.	Fixed assets	220		32.138.296.101	33.841.409.325
1.	Tangible fixed assets	221	V.7	32.138.296.101	33.841.409.325
	- Costs	222		84.378.881.399	83.423.399.339
	- Accumulated depreciation	223		-52.240.585.298	(49.581.990.014)
III.	Investment property	230		-	-
III.	Long-term unfinished assets	240	V.9	20.121.257.051	277.762.800
1.	Cost of construction in progress	242		20.121.257.051	277.762.800
IV.	Long-term financial investments	250	V.2	_	
	Other long-term assets	260		4.108.828.678	3.460.379.938
1.	Long-term prepayments	261	V.11b	4.108.828.678	3.460.379.938
	TOTAL ASSETS	270		140.328.736.129	122.541.746.646

### DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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### Financial statements

3th Quarter of 2025 Fiscal year

Form No. B01 - DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

### **DN-BALANCE SHEET**

As at 30st September 2025

Currency unit: VND

DEGOVE CEC				
RESOURCES	Code	Note	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
LIABILITIES	300		22.028.975.168	2.325.371.898
Current liabilities	310		21.803.975.168	2.325.371.898
Short-term payables to suppliers	311	V.11	66.031.597	240.512.768
Short-term advances from customers	312	V.12a	264.558.621	100.000.000
Taxes and other payables to the State	313	V.13a	1.476.358	2.520.282
Payables to employees	314			
Short-term accruals	315	V.14	60.000.000	36.944.444
Short-term unearned revenue	318	V.15	2.317.204.612	1.456.263.668
Other short-term payables	319	V.16	112.337.254	3.553.868
Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities	320	V.8	18.982.366.726	485.576.868
Non-current liabilities	330		225.000.000	- (
OWNER'S EQUITY	400		118.299.760.961	120.216.374.748
Owner's equity	410	V.17	118.299.760.961	120.216.374.748
Contributions from owners	411		120,000,000,000	120.000.000.000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a			120.000.000.000
- Preference shares	411b		-	-
Development investment funds	418		200.000.000	100.000.000
	421			116.374.748
50 Page 10 Pag			WARRIED TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR	829.960.952
DAR 500				(713.586.204)
			-	(713.300.204)
	430		· <u>-</u>	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	440	_	140.328.736.129	122.541.746.646
	Short-term payables to suppliers Short-term advances from customers Taxes and other payables to the State Payables to employees Short-term accruals Short-term unearned revenue Other short-term payables Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities Non-current liabilities OWNER'S EQUITY Owner's equity Contributions from owners - Ordinary shares with voting rights - Preference shares Development investment funds Undistributed post-tax profits - Undistributed post-tax profits of current period Capital expenditure fund Funding and other funds	Current liabilities Short-term payables to suppliers Short-term advances from customers Taxes and other payables to the State 313 Payables to employees 314 Short-term accruals Short-term accruals Short-term unearned revenue 318 Other short-term payables Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities 320 Non-current liabilities 330 OWNER'S EQUITY 400 Owner's equity Contributions from owners - Ordinary shares with voting rights - Preference shares Development investment funds Undistributed post-tax profits accumulated by the Lundistributed post-tax profits of current period Capital expenditure fund 422 Funding and other funds 430	Current liabilities Short-term payables to suppliers Short-term advances from customers Taxes and other payables to the State Taxes and other payables to the State Taxes and other payables to the State Taxes and other payables Taxes and other funds Taxes and Other State Taxe	LIABILITIES         300         22.028.975.168           Current liabilities         310         21.803.975.168           Short-term payables to suppliers         311         V.11         66.031.597           Short-term advances from customers         312         V.12a         264.558.621           Taxes and other payables to the State         313         V.13a         1.476.358           Payables to employees         314         4         60.000.000           Short-term accruals         315         V.14         60.000.000           Short-term unearned revenue         318         V.15         2.317.204.612           Other short-term payables         319         V.16         112.337.254           Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities         320         V.8         18.982.366.726           Non-current liabilities         330         225.000.000           OWNER'S EQUITY         400         118.299.760.961           Owner's equity         410         V.17         118.299.760.961           Contributions from owners         411         120.000.000.000           - Ordinary shares with voting rights         411a         120.000.000.000           - Preference shares         411b         -         -

**PREPARER** 

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Manh Khue

Nguyen Hong Tuan

Bui Viet Vuong

Ninh Binh 12st October 2025

CENERAL DIRECTOR

Address: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial Zone, Chau Son Ward, Ninh
Binh Province

3th Quarter of 2025 Fiscal year

Tel: 0226.3848888

Fax: 0226.3850869

### DN- INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

### 3TH QUARTER/2025

2	ITEMS	Code	Note	This quarter of the current year	This quarter of the previous year	Cumulative figures from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter (Current year)	Cumulative figures from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter (Previous year)
1.	Gross revenue from goods sold and services rende	01	VI.1	8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966	27.873.641.482	34.029.537.596
2.	Deductions	02		-	-		_
3.	Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered (10 = 01 - 02)	10		8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966	27.873.641.482	34.029.537.596
4.	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	11	VI.2	7.778.499.687	11.443.316.554	25.618.843.705	30.229.631.731
5.	Gross profit from goods sold and services rendered (20 = 10 - 11)	20		659.681.900	2.158.617.412	2.254.797.777	3.799.905.865
6.	Financial income	21	VI.3	41.921.594	86.277.678	747.245.599	1.135.730.455
7.	Financial expense	22	VI.4	51.104.641	9.579.330	123.708.693	363.577.340
	- In which: Interest expense	23					
8.	Phần lãi hoặc lỗ trong công ty liên doanh, liên kết	24			-		-
8.	Selling expenses	25	VI.5a	101.860.905	259.093.842	567.011.020	530.047.276
9	General and administration expenses	26	VI.5b	979.692.959	864.763.258	4.302.330.751	3.270.554.259
10.	Net operating profit $\{30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)\}$	30		(431.055.011)	1.111.458.660	(1.991.007.088)	771.457.445
11.	Other income	31	VI.6	74.403.500		74.403.500	7.004.010.068
12.	Other expense	32	VI.7	10.199	34.404.304	10.199	8.685.997.071
	Other profit/ (losses) (40 = 31 - 32)	40		74.393.301	(34.404.304)	74.393.301	(1.681.987.003)
14.	Accounting profit/ (losses) before tax (50=30+40)	50		(356.661.710)	1.077.054.356	(1.916.613.787)	(910.529.558)
15.	Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.8	-	171.732.294		33.550.476
16.	Net profit after corporate income tax expense	60		(356.661.710)	905.322.062	(1.916.613.787)	(944.080.034)
17.	Basic earnings per share	70	VI.10				
18. I	Diluted earnings per share	71	VI.11				

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Manh Khue

Nguyen Hong Tuan

Sinh Birth 1951 October 2025

GENERAL DIRECTOR

### DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial Zone, Chau Son Ward, Ninh Bình Province

### Financial statements

3th quarter of 2025 Fiscal year

### DN- STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - DIRECT METHOD - QUARTER

3th quarter of 2025

Currency unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Note	Cumulative figures from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter (Current year)	Cumulative figures from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter (Previous year)
I.CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Proceeds from goods sold, services rendered and other revenu	€ 01		12.529.581.220	70.917.905.699
2. Expenditures paid to suppliers	02		-12.988.451.342	-49.987.447.178
3. Expenditures paid to employees	03		-951.708.954	-4.346.568.805
4. Interest paid on loans	04		-51.104.641	-132.374.710
5. Corporate income tax paid	05			-171.732.294
6. Other cash inflows from operating activities	06		1.483.004.393	14.209.096.595
7. Other cash outflows on operating activities	07		-15.830.232.299	-14.543.555.509
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		(15.808.911.623)	15.945.323.798
II.CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of fixed assets and other long- term assets	21		-44.800.000	_
<ol> <li>Proceeds from sale, disposal of fixed assets and other long- term assets</li> </ol>	22			
3. Cash outflow for lending, buying debt instruments of other entities	23		-2.000.000.000	-23.000.000.000
<ol> <li>Cash recovered from lending, selling debt instruments of other entities</li> </ol>	24		13.000.000.000	15.315.008.251
5. Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27		717.201	117.431.252
Net cash flows from investing activities	30		10.955.917.201	(7.567.560.497)
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
1. Proceeds from borrowings	33			
2. Repayment of borrowings	34		-3.174.561.705	-10.871.219.900
Net cash flows from financing activities	40		(3.174.561.705)	(10.871.219.900)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash for the year(50=20+30+40)	50		(8.027.556.127)	-2.493.456.599
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60		15.012.788.241	17.506.244.840
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61		41.204.393	105.139.107
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year $(70 = 50 + 6)$	70	V.1	7.026.436.507	15.117.927.348

**PREPARER** 

**CHIEF ACCOUNTANT** 

Nguyen Manh Khue

Nguyen Hong Tuan

Ninh Bình, 19st October 2025

CÔNG TY COPHÂN

Cổ PHẨN ĐẦU TƯ DNA

SOBui Viet Vuong

Currency unit: VND

### I. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

### 1. Establishment

The Southeast Asia Hamico Export Joint Stock Corporation was established based on the conversion from Southeast Asia LLC. The Southeast Asia Hamico Export Joint Stock Corporation was renamed to DNA Investment Joint Stock Company according to Resolution No. 09/2014/KSD/NQ-HĐQT dated November 3, 2014, by the Board of Directors. The company operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 0700.212.810 dated September 29, 2009, with the 10th amendment registered on February 25, 2015, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ha Nam Province.

### Ownership structure

The company is a joint-stock company.

### 2. Business sector

The main business activities of the Company in 2th Quarter/2025 are the production of coat hangers, pants hangers for export, and leasing of factory premises.

### 3. Business activities

The business activities of the company, as per the business registration certificate, include:

- Manufacturing household electrical appliances: rice cookers, refrigerators, washing machines;
- Aquaculture, forestry, fruit tree cultivation;
- Freight transport by road;
- Manufacturing other wood products, products made from bamboo, rattan, straw, hay, and braided materials;
- Trading metals, metal ores;
- Wholesale of household goods: rice cookers, refrigerators, washing machines, refrigeration, electrical and mechanical appliances, household equipment;
- Wholesale of other construction materials and installation equipment;
- Short-term accommodation services;
- Restaurants and mobile catering services;
- Manufacturing products: refrigeration, electrical, mechanical appliances, and other household goods;
- Import and export of goods: refrigeration, electronics, electrical, mechanical appliances, equipment, materials, household goods, and products from mining and processing minerals for the company's business operations;
- Landscape, bonsai, park, and zoo services;
- Ecotourism services;
- Manufacturing products: machinery, metal products, electrostatic paint, metal plating;
- Manufacturing and processing of metal "METAL HANGERS" for clothes;
- Production of insulation foam and packaging foam;
- Manufacturing and processing of natural and industrial wood products;
- Mining and processing minerals;
- Leasing factory premises for office space and production workshops;
- Leasing warehouses and equipment;
- Buying and selling cars, motorcycles, and bicycles.

### 3. Business activities (continued)

- Buying and selling fabrics, ceramics, and mechanical industry materials;

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3th quarter of 2025 Currency unit: VND

- Trading activities: alcohol, beer, confectionery;
- Buying and selling processed wood, coal, ores, scrap metal; Import and export of minerals, steel;
- Import and export, buying and selling machinery, equipment, and materials, spare parts for industrial and agricultural mac
- Import and export, and buying and selling metal products and metal ores;
- Manufacturing and processing of nylon bags and export packaging;
- Buying, selling, importing, and exporting motorcycles, motorized vehicles, and parts of all kinds;
- Buying, selling, importing, and exporting automobiles and automobile parts of all types.

English name: DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Stock code: KSD

Head office: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial Zone, Chau Son Ward, Phu Ly City, Ha Nam Province.

### 4. Normal production and business cycle

The company's production and business cycle lasts for 12 months, following the normal fiscal year, starting from January 1st to December 31st each year.

### 5. The characteristics of the company's operations during the fiscal year have an impact on the financial statements

None.

### 6. Statement on the comparability of information in the financial statements

The selection of data and information to be presented in the financial statements is made according to the principle of comparability between corresponding accounting periods.

### II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD, CURRENCY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING

### 1. Accounting period

The company's accounting period starts on January 1st and ends on December 31st each year.

### 2. Currency unit used in accounting

Vietnamese Dong (VND) is used as the currency unit for accounting records.

### III. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

### 1. Applicable accounting standards

The company applies the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System as guided by Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on December 22, 2014, and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC on March 21, 2016, which amends and supplements certain provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance.

### 2. Statement of compliance with accounting standards and regulations

We have performed the accounting work of preparing and presenting the financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese accounting standards, the Vietnamese enterprise accounting system, and relevant legal regulations. The financial statements have been presented fairly and reasonably, reflecting the financial position, business results, and cash flows of the company.

The selection of data and information to be disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements has been made according to the materiality principle as specified in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 'Presentation of Financial Statements.

### IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3th quarter of 2025 Currency unit: VND

### 1. Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies used by the company to prepare the financial statements for the current year are consistent with the policies applied in preparing the financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024.

### 2. Exchange rates applied in accounting

The company converts foreign currency into Vietnamese Dong based on the actual transaction exchange rate and the exchange rate recorded in the accounting books.

### Principle for determining the actual transaction exchange rate

All foreign currency transactions arising during the period (foreign currency purchases and sales, capital contributions or received capital contributions, recognition of receivables and payables, asset purchases or expenses paid in foreign currency) are recorded based on the actual transaction exchange rate at the time of the transaction, as provided by the serving bank.

The year-end balances of monetary items (cash, cash equivalents, receivables, and payables, excluding prepaid amounts to suppliers, advance payments from customers, prepaid expenses, deposits, and deferred revenue) in foreign currencies are revalued based on the actual exchange rate published at the time the financial statements are prepared.

Exchange rate differences arising during the year from foreign currency transactions are recognized in the business results. The exchange rate differences from revaluing monetary items in foreign currencies at the end of the fiscal year, after offsetting the increase and decrease differences, are recognized in the business results.

### Principle for determining the exchange rate recorded in the accounting books

When recovering receivables, deposits, or settling payables in foreign currency, the company uses the actual exchange rate recorded in the accounting books.

When making payments in foreign currency, the company uses the moving weighted average exchange rate recorded in the accounting books.

### 3. Principle for recognizing cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits with banks.

Cash equivalents include term deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the investment date, which are highly liquid, easily convertible into a known amount of cash, and involve minimal risk in converting to cash.

### 4. Principles of accounting for financial investments

The company's financial investments include savings deposits at banks, recorded at historical cost. Fixed-term deposits with maturities greater than 3 months and up to 12 months are classified as short-term, while those exceeding 12 months are classified as long-term.

### 5. Principles of recognizing trade receivables and other receivables

Principles of recognizing trade receivables: Receivables are recognized at historical cost minus provisions for doubtful d

Receivables are classified as either trade receivables or other receivables depending on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the company and the debtor.

**Provisioning for doubtful receivables:** Provisions for doubtful debts are estimated for the portion of receivables and investments that are impaired, such as overdue receivables that are unlikely to be recoverable due to bankruptcy, dissolution, disappearance, or absconding by the debtor.

### 6. Principles of recognizing inventory

Principles of recognizing inventory: Inventory is recognized at historical cost, minus provisions for inventory obsolescence or impairment.

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3th quarter of 2025

Currency unit: VND

The method for valuing inventory is the weighted average cost method.

Inventory accounting method: Inventory is accounted for using the perpetual inventory system.

The method of establishing provision for inventory impairment: Provisions for inventory obsolescence are made when the net realizable value of inventory is lower than its historical cost. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price minus the estimated costs to complete and sell the product.

3th quarter of 2025 Currency unit: VND

### 7. Principles of recognizing and depreciating fixed assets

### 7.1 Principles of recognizing tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at historical cost minus accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes all costs necessary to acquire and bring the asset into a state ready for use. Subsequent costs are capitalized if they are expected to result in future economic benefits. Otherwise, they are recognized as expenses.

When fixed assets are sold or disposed of, the original cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized in the income or expense of the period.

### 7.2 Depreciation method for fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life.

### The estimated useful life of assets is as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles and transportation	4 - 30 years
Management equipment and tools	5 - 10 years

### 8. Principles of recognizing construction in progress

Construction in progress is recognized at cost. This cost includes all necessary expenses to acquire new fixed assets, build new ones, or repair, renovate, expand, or re-equip the technical infrastructure of the project, such as installation costs and equipment costs.

These costs are transferred to increase assets when the project is completed, the overall acceptance has been finalized, and the asset is handed over and ready for use.

### 9. Principles of recognizing prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the company include expenses that have already been incurred but are related to business activities over multiple accounting periods. The company's prepaid expenses include the following: insurance premiums, tools and equipment, fixed asset repair costs, land preparation costs for construction, etc...

The method for allocating prepaid expenses: Prepaid expenses are calculated and allocated to business production costs each period using the straight-line method. Based on the nature and extent of each type of expense, the allocation period is as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months; long-term prepaid expenses are allocated over 13 to 36 months. Specifically, land preparation costs for construction are gradually allocated to the expense category in the accounting period with an allocation period of 50 years (corresponding to the land lease period).

### 10. Principles of recognizing payables

Liabilities are recognized at their nominal value and are not recorded lower than the amounts owed.

The company classifies liabilities as payable to vendors, payable to employees, other payables, etc., depending on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the company and the party to whom payment is owed.

Liabilities are tracked in detail by the due date, the party to whom payment is owed, the type of foreign currency liability (including revaluation of liabilities that meet the definition of foreign currency-denominated monetary items), and other factors as required for the company's management needs.

At the time of preparing the financial statements, the company immediately recognizes a liability when there is evidence of a loss that is likely to occur, in accordance with the prudence principle.

Currency unit: VND

### 11. Principle of recognizing accrued expenses

Accrued expenses: These are recognized for expenses related to business operations during the period, but payment has not yet been made because an invoice has not been received or the necessary documentation and accounting records are incomplete. These expenses are recorded as operating expenses in the financial period, such as expenses for other services used, etc...

### 12. Principle of recognizing unearned revenue

Unearned revenue is recognized when products or services have been provided to customers, but the transaction involves multiple accounting periods, and the customer has made partial or full payment for the products or services that are related to these multiple accounting periods.

### 12. Principle of recognizing unearned revenue (continued)

Unearned revenue includes the amounts paid in advance by customers for one or more accounting periods for asset leasing; interest received in advance for loans or purchasing debt instruments; the difference between the selling price for installment or deferred payment sales and the price for immediate payment; and revenue corresponding to the value of goods, services, or discounts to customers in traditional customer programs.

Unearned revenue is allocated based on the principle that matches the revenue for each fiscal year.

### 13. Principles for recognizing equity

Owner's investment capital: Recognized according to the actual capital contributed by the owner.

Share premium: Recognized based on the increase in capital from issuing shares above par value and the increase or decrease in capital from the repurchase and reissuance of treasury shares.

Retained earnings: The amount of profit from the company's operations after deducting corporate income tax for the current year and any adjustments for retroactive changes in accounting policies or corrections of material errors from previous years.

Profit distribution: Profits are distributed according to the company's charter and the profit distribution plan approved by the General Shareholders' Meeting.

Increase or decrease in charter capital: Implemented based on the resolution of the annual General Shareholders' Meeting.

### 14. Principles and methods for recognizing revenue and other income

### Principles and methods for recognizing sales revenue

Sales revenue is recognized when all of the following five conditions are met:

- 1. The company has transferred most of the risks and rewards related to the ownership of the product or goods to the buyer;
- 2. The company no longer retains control over the goods as an owner or has control over the goods;
- 3. The revenue can be determined with reasonable certainty. When the contract allows the buyer to return purchased products or goods under specific conditions, the company should only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer has no right to return the products or goods (except for returns under exchanges for other goods or services);
- 4. The company has or will receive economic benefits from the sale transaction;
- 5. The costs related to the sales transaction can be determined.

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Currency unit: VND

### Principles and methods for recognizing service revenue

Revenue from service transactions is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably determined. In cases where the service transaction spans multiple periods, revenue is recognized in the period based on the portion of the work completed as of the date of the Balance Sheet for that period. Service revenue is recognized when all four (4) of the following conditions are met: 1. Revenue can be determined with reasonable certainty. When the contract allows the buyer to return the purchased service under specific conditions, revenue should only be recognized when those conditions no longer exist and the buyer has no right to return the service provided; 2. The company has or will receive economic benefits from the service transaction; 3. The portion of work completed as of the date of the Balance Sheet can be determined; 4. The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service transaction can be determined.

### Principles and methods for recognizing service revenue (continued)

If the outcome of the contract cannot be reliably determined, revenue will only be recognized to the extent that the costs incurred can be recovered.

### Principles and methods for recognizing financial revenue

Financial revenue reflects income from interest, other financial revenues of the enterprise (investments in subsidiaries, other capital investments, foreign exchange gains, etc.).

Revenue arising from interest, royalties, dividends, and profits distributed by the company is recognized when both of the following conditions are met: 1. It is probable that economic benefits will be received from the transaction; 2. The revenue can be reasonably measured.

- Interest income is recognized based on the time and actual Interest rate for each period.
- Dividends and profits are recognized when shareholders have the right to receive dividends or when capital contributors are entitled to profits from their investments.

When it becomes impossible to recover an amount previously recognized as revenue, the uncollectible or uncertain amount must be accounted for as an expense in the period, without reducing the revenue.

### 15. Principles and methods for recognizing the cost of goods sold

The cost of goods sold reflects the cost of the products, goods, or services sold during the period. The cost of goods sold is recognized at the time the transaction occurs or when it is reasonably certain that it will occur in the future, regardless of whether the payment has been made or not. The cost of goods sold and the revenue it generates are recognized simultaneously based on the matching principle.

### 16. Principles and methods for recognizing financial expense

The costs recognized as financial expenses include: interest expenses on loans, and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations related to foreign currency transactions.

These financial expenses are recognized in detail for each type of cost when they actually occur during the period and can be reliably determined when sufficient evidence of these expenses is available.

### 17. Principles and methods for recognizing current and deferred corporate income tax expenses

The corporate income tax expense includes current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses that arise during the year as the basis for determining the after-tax business results of the company for the current fiscal year.

Current corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable based on taxable income for the year and the applicable corporate income tax rate.

3th quarter of 2025

Currency unit: VND

Deferred corporate income tax expense refers to the amount of corporate income tax that will be paid in the future, arising from the recognition of deferred tax liabilities during the year and the reversal of deferred tax assets that were recognized in previous years. The company does not reflect deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities arising from transactions that are directly recognized in shareholders' equity.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is determined based on the temporary differences that are deductible, taxable temporary differences, and the corporate income tax rate.

The determination of the company's corporate income tax is based on current tax regulations. However, the final determination of corporate income tax is subject to the results of audits by the competent tax authorities.

### 18. Principles for recognizing earnings per share

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the holders of common shares of the company, after deducting the portion allocated for the bonus and welfare fund accrued during the period, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the holders of common shares of the company (after adjusting for dividends on convertible preferred shares) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, along with the weighted average number of potential common shares that would be issued if all potential dilutive common shares were converted into common shares.

### 19. Financial instruments

### Initial recognition

### Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 6, 2009 ("Circular 210"), financial assets are classified appropriately for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, including financial assets measured at fair value through the income statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The company decides on the classification of these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are recognized at cost, including directly related transaction costs.

The company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, receivables from customers, and other receivables.

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, as defined by Circular 210, for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, are classified appropriately as financial liabilities recognized through the income statement or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. The company determines the classification of financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost, including any directly related transaction costs.

The company's financial liabilities include payables to suppliers, accrued expenses, loans, and debts.

### Subsequent measurement

Currently, there is no requirement to remeasure the value of financial instruments after initial recognition.

### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is presented in the financial statements if, and only if, the company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Currency unit: VND

### 20. Related parties

Related parties are businesses or individuals, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, that have control over or are controlled by the company. This includes affiliates, individuals who directly or indirectly hold voting rights and have significant influence over the company, key management personnel such as the CEO, the Board of Directors, and close family members of these individuals or affiliated entities. In considering each relationship between related parties, the substance of the relationship is emphasized rather than its legal form.

### 21. Other accounting principles and methods

Value Added Tax: The company is registered for VAT under the deduction method.

Other Taxes and Fees: Other taxes and fees are handled in accordance with the current tax and fee regulations of the govern

### V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Cash	1.976.793.923	15.012.788.247
Vietnamese Dong cash	674.139.762	1.354.312.552
Cash in banks	1.302.654.161	13.658.475,695
+ VND cash in banks	1.288.259.104	13.630.294.225
- Asia NCB	7.500.000	
<ul> <li>Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for</li> <li>Investment and Development - Ha Nam Branch</li> <li>Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for</li> </ul>	592.111.475	10.811.031.887
Industry and Trade - Ha Nam Branch	682.816.437	2.812.113.676
Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ha Nam Branch		290.521
- Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ha Nam Branch		1.026.949
- Saigon-Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank	5.831.192	5.831.192
+ USD cash in banks	14.395.057	28.181.470
- Asia Commercial Bank - Ha Nam Branch		3.914.163
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development - Ha Nam Branch	9.519.831	18.952.687
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Ha Nam Branch	4.875.226	5.314.620
Cash equivalents	20.500.000.000	21.207.819.133
Deposits with a term of 3 months or less		21.207.017.133
Total	22.476.793.923	36.220.607.380

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2. Short-term investments	30/09/2025	
	VND	VND
Fixed-time deposits	20.500.000.000	21.207.819.133
Total	20.500.000.000	21.207.819.133

### 3. Trade receivables

<u>-</u>	30/09/20	025	01/01/2025		
_	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
a. Short-term	33.953.189.488	9.002.700.000	37.522.487.434	_	
A.S.C.T (Cambodia) Co., Ltd	20.879.418.742	-	25.031.001.625		
Nguyen Duc Nhuan	9.002.700.000	9.002.700.000	9.002.700.000	_	
Tung Tan Plastic Limited Company	217.056.376	-	3.000.000.000,00		
GSL International Joint Stock Company	3.537.348.111	-	2.563.920	-	
Thoi Dai Electronic Technology Company Limited	267.663.658	-		-	
Other customers	49.002.601	-	486.221.889	• **	
Total	33.953.189.488	9.002.700.000	37.522.487.434	-	

### 4. Advance payments for suppliers

	30/09/2	025	01/01/2	025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	9.779.327.637	-	5.004.088.716	
Domestic Supplier				
Nam Phat Construction and Trading Company Limited		-		-
Hung Thinh Notebook Paper Printing Joint Stock Company	163.678.906	0		-
GSL International Joint Stock Company		0	3.751.000.000	3
Nguyen Van Hao		0		=
		-	862.978.500	-
24h Fire Protection and				
Electronic Security Company Limited	250.000.000	-	250.000.000	-
Prepaid to other suppliers	9.365.648.731	-	140.110.216	
Total	9.779.327.637	-	5.004.088.716	-

### 5. Other receivables

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*	30/09/20	025	01/01/20	025
-	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	511.844.038	-	59.924.038	
- Other receivables	_	-	-	-
Receivables from other parties	-	-		-
- Advances	511.844.038		59.924.038	
Total	511.844.038	-	59.924.038	-

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3th quarter of 2025

-	•		
6	Inve	nta	MIAC

	30/09/2	025	01/01/20	025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Materials	2.258.486.312	-	3.581.840.271	_
Work in progress	4	_	4	_
Finished goods	750.347.076	-	2.227.723.700	_
Merchandise		-	1.021.659.120	-
Total	3.008.833.392	-	6.831.223.095	-

3th quarter of 2025

Currency unit: VND

Mẫu số B 09 - DN

## INCREASE AND DECREASE IN TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Items	Buildings and	Machinery and	Transportation	Management	Total
I. Historical cost			, constant	tools allu	
Opening balance	44.653.424.078	13.867.741.498	25 108 218 222	137 207 601	92 766 691 300
Increase in the period	487.200.000		777:017:00	100:177:161	65.100.001.50
- Increase in the period	487.200.000		000 000 501		612.200.000
Decrease in the period			000:000:071		017.700.000
- Liquidation, sale or disposition					•
Reclassification					1
Closing balance	45.140.624.078	13.867.741.498	25.108.218.222	137,297,601	- 84 378 881 399
II. Accumulated depreciation				1000	7700007010
Opening balance	25.701.941.941	10.437.182.306	15.202.063.508	31.131.121	51.372.318.876
Increase in the period	405.738.721	208.791.140	253.736.561		868 266 422
- Depreciation in the period	405.738.721	208.791.140	253.736.561		868 266 422
Decrease in the period					771.007.000
- Liquidation, sale or disposition					
Reclassification					
Closing balance	26.107.680.662	10.645.973.446	15 455 800 069	31 131 121	57 740 585 708
III. Remaining value				171:101:10	077:000:0470
1. At the begin of the year	18.951.482.137	3.430.559.192	9.906.154.714	106 166 480	£65 69£ P6£ 6£
2. At the end of the year	19.032.943.416	3.221.768.052	9.652.418.153	106 166 480	32 138 296 101
			22121	100:100:	O4.100.470.101

### DNA INVESTMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Le Chan Street, Chau Son Industrial Zone, Chau Son Ward, Phu Ly City, Ha Nam Province

# NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 3th Quarter of 2025

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8 . LOANS AND FINANCIAL LEASE LIABILITIES		30/09/2025	During the period	e period	30/06	30/06/2025
a) Loans	Value	Amount with the ability to repay	Increase	Decrease	Value	Amount with the ability to repay
Short-term loans Short-term bank loans	1.128.224.815 1.128.224.815	1.128.224.815	r t	3.174.561.705	22.156.928.431 22.156.928.431	22.156.928.431
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development - Ha Nam Branch (1)	1.128.224.815	1.128.224.815		3.174.561.705	4.302.786.520	4.302.786.520
NBC Bank	17.854.141.911	17.854.141.911			17.854.141.911	17.854.141.911
Long-term loans	,	•				1
Total	18.982.366.726	18.982.366.726 18.982.366.726	1	3.174.561.705	3.174.561.705 22.156.928.431 22.156.928.431	22.156.928.431

9 Long-term	work	in	progress
-------------	------	----	----------

	30/09	/2025	01/01/	/2025
_	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Construction in progress	20.121.257.051	-	277.762.800	-
Purchasing machinery and equip	oment	-	277.762.800	-
Total =	20.121.257.051	_	277.762.800	
10 Prepaid expenses				
			30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Short-term				
Long-term				
Total		_	0	0
11 Trade payables				
_	30/09/	/2025	01/01/	2025
_	Value	Amount with the ability to repay	Value	Amount with the ability to repay
a. Short-term	66.031.597	268.705.974	240.512.768	240.512.768
Ha Nam Electricity Company LKK Vietnam Limited		206.890.503	-	-
Company	20.499.316	16.283.190	35.783.191,00	35.783.191,00
IR Law Limited Company			64.800.000	64.800.000
Thanh Vinh Metals and Machinery Joint Stock				
Company		<b>.</b>		
Other customers	45.532.281	45.532.281	139.929.577	139.929.577
b. Long-term				-
Total	66.031.597	268.705.974	240.512.768	240.512.768

A. Short-term	12 Advance payment from custome	r			
Era Electronic Technology Co., Ltd. Nguyen Van Hao 24h Fire Prevention and Electronic Security Limited Company Duc Canh Steel Limited Company Other customers Total 134.524.865 100.000.000  13. Taxes and payables to the State at the beginning the period during the period during the period the period payable/daduct at the period of the corporate income Tax  Passental Income Tax  Personal Income Tax  Passentation Tax  Personal Income Tax			9	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Nguyen Van Hao					
24h Fire Prevention and Electronic Security Limited Company   Duc Canh Steel Limited Company   Other customers   Total		, Ltd.		134.524.865	100.000.000
Due Canh Steel Limited Company Other customers	S5 7				
Other customers			Company		
13. Taxes and payables to the State   Amount payable at the beginning of the period	Duc Canh Steel Limited Compa	any			
13. Taxes and payables to the State   Amount payable at the beginning of the period	Other customers				
Amount payable at the beginning of the period of the per	Total			134.524.865	100.000.000
Amount payable at the beginning of the period of the per	13. Taxes and payables to the State				_
Amount payable during the period of the pe	F-1,	Amount payable		Amount	Amount
Value Added Tax         -1.966.998.867         (1.966.998.867)           Corporate Income Tax         2.812.443         4.472.170         5.808.255         1.476.358           Property Tax, Land Rent Tax         - <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>paid/offset during</th> <th>payable/deduct at</th>		_		paid/offset during	payable/deduct at
Corporate Income Tax	Value Added Tax	-1.966.998.867			
Property Tax, Land Rent Tax					(1.200.228.807)
Property Tax, Land Rent Tax Taxes, fees, and other payable amounts  Total  -1.964.186.424  4.472.170  5.808.255  -1.965.522.509  b. Receivables Value Added Tax (511.833.054)  1.225.287.102  2.680.452.915 (1.966.998.867)  Total (511.833.054)  1.225.287.102  2.680.452.915 (1.966.998.867)  14. Accured expenses  30/09/2025  a. Short-term Công Công  30/09/2025  a. Short-term Revenue  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  4.456.263.668  Total  6. Other payables  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  4.456.263.668  Total  6. Other payables  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  4.456.263.668  Total  1.456.263.668  16. Other payables  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  4.456.263.668  16. Other payables  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  30/09/2025  4.456.263.668  16. Other payables  4.451.912		2.812.443	4.472.170	5.808.255	1.476.358
Total   -1.964.186.424   4.472.170   5.808.255   -1.965.522.509     Description of the property of the prope	2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (2.5 (				-
b. Receivables Value Added Tax Value Added Tax (511.833.054) 1.225.287.102 2.680.452.915 (1.966.998.867)  Total (511.833.054) 1.225.287.102 2.680.452.915 (1.966.998.867)  14. Accured expenses  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  a. Short-term Addit fee b. Long-term Công Công 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  a. Short-term Revenue from leasing premises Total  15. Unearned revenue  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  a. Short-term Revenue from leasing premises Total  16. Other payables  a. Short-term Social insurance Health insurance Unemployment insurance Unemployment insurance Total  Total  Total		-			-
Value Added Tax         (511.833.054)         1.225.287.102         2.680.452.915         (1.966.998.867)           Total         (511.833.054)         1.225.287.102         2.680.452.915         (1.966.998.867)           14. Accured expenses           30/09/2025         01/01/2025           a. Short-term         -         36.944.444           b. Long-term         -         36.944.444           b. Long-term         -         36.944.444           15. Unearned revenue         30/09/2025         01/01/2025           a. Short-term         2.317.204.612         1.456.263.668           Total         2.317.204.612         1.456.263.668           16. Other payables         30/09/2025         01/01/2025           a. Short-term         30/09/2025         01/01/2025           Social insurance         25.891.606         93.749.373           Health insurance         13.393.736         -           Unemployment insurance         14.251.912         -	Total	-1.964.186.424	4.472.170	5.808.255	-1.965.522.509
Total (511.833.054) 1.225.287.102 2.680.452.915 (1.966.998.867)  14. Accured expenses    30/09/2025 01/01/2025     a. Short-term	b. Receivables				·
Total	Value Added Tax	(511.833.054)	1.225.287.102	2.680.452.915	(1.966.998.867)
30/09/2025   01/01/2025     a. Short-term	Total	(511.833.054)	1.225.287.102	2.680.452.915	
a. Short-term - 36.944.444 Audit fee - 36.944.444 b. Long-term	14. Accured expenses		<del>_</del> <del>_</del>		
Audit fee - 36.944.444 b. Long-term				30/09/2025	01/01/2025
b. Long-term Cộng - 36.944.444  15. Unearned revenue  a. Short-term Revenue from leasing premises Total 2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668 Total 2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  16. Other payables  a. Short-term Social insurance Health insurance Unemployment insurance Unemployment insurance 13.393.736 Unemployment insurance 14.251.912  Total	a. Short-term		_	-	36.944.444
Cộng       - 36.944.444         15. Unearned revenue       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         Total       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         16. Other payables       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       25.891.606       93.749.373         Health insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -         Total       -	Audit fee			-	000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000
Cộng       - 36.944.444         15. Unearned revenue       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         Total       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         16. Other payables       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       25.891.606       93.749.373         Health insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -         Total       -	b. Long-term			_	3
15. Unearned revenue  a. Short-term Revenue from leasing premises Total  16. Other payables  2.317.204.612 2.317.204.612 30/09/2025 30/09/2025 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  30/09/2025 01/01/2025  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668			-		36 944 444
a. Short-term Revenue from leasing premises Total  1.456.263.668 Total  2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  16. Other payables  a. Short-term Social insurance Health insurance Unemployment insurance Total  30/09/2025 01/01/2025 01/01/2025 01/01/2025 01/01/2025	15 Unagened		=		30.544.444
a. Short-term       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         Total       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         16. Other payables       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       25.891.606       93.749.373         Health insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -	15. Unearned revenue				
Revenue from leasing premises       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         Total       2.317.204.612       1.456.263.668         16. Other payables       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         a. Short-term       25.891.606       93.749.373         Health insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -	a. Short-term		-	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Total 2.317.204.612 1.456.263.668  16. Other payables 30/09/2025 01/01/2025  a. Short-term Social insurance 25.891.606 93.749.373 Health insurance 13.393.736 - Unemployment insurance 14.251.912 -				2 217 204 612	1 456 262 662
16. Other payables  a. Short-term  Social insurance Health insurance Unemployment insurance  Total	5.5		s==		
a. Short-term       30/09/2025       01/01/2025         Social insurance       25.891.606       93.749.373         Health insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -			-	2.317.204.012	1.450.203.008
a. Short-term       25.891.606       93.749.373         Social insurance       13.393.736       -         Unemployment insurance       14.251.912       -	Pagarata Pagarata			30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Health insurance 13.393.736 - Unemployment insurance 14.251.912 -			-	20,0712023	01/01/2025
Health insurance 13.393.736 Unemployment insurance 14.251.912				25.891.606	93.749.373
Total				13.393.736	-
Total 53.537.254 93.749.373			_	14.251.912	
	Total		_	53.537.254	93.749.373

Currency unit: VND

### 17. Owner's equity

### a. Statement of Changes in Equity

Items	Contributions from owners	Development investment fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
Opening balance	120.000.000.000	200.000.000		120.200.000.000
Profit of the previous year	-	-	116.374.748	116.374.748
Closing balance of the previous	120.000.000.000	200.000.000	116.374.748	120.316.374.748
Opening balance	120.000.000.000	200.000.000	116.374.748	120.316.374.748
Contribution	_	-	_	
Profit of the period	-	-	(1.916.613.787)	(1.916.613.787)
Other increases	-	-	-	-
Other decreases	=3 <b>=</b> 3	_		
Closing balance	120.000.000.000	200.000.000	-1.800.239.039	118.399.760.961
b. Details of owner's equity contr	ibution	_		
		Equity contribution ratio	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Shareholders' capital contributions		100,00%	120.000.000.000	120.000.000.000
Total		100,00%	120.000.000.000	120.000.000.000
c. Transactions with owners rega	rding capital and di	= vidend distribution,	orofit sharing	
		,	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Owner's contributions		_	120.000.000.000	120.000.000.000
Capital contribution at the begin	ning of the year		120.000.000.000	120.000.000.000
Increase in capital contribution of	during the period			-
Decrease in capital contribution			-	-
Capital contribution at the end of	f the period		120.000.000.000	120.000.000.000
Dividends, profits distributed		_		-
d. Shares			30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Number of shares registered for issu	iance	-	12.000.000	01/01/2025 12.000.000
Number of shares sold to the public			12.000.000	12.000.000
Common stock			12.000.000	12.000.000
Number of shares repurchased			-	12.000.000
Number of shares outstanding			12.000.000	12.000.000
Common stock			12.000.000	12.000.000
Par value of the outstanding shares.	· VND/share.		10.000	10.000
e. Corporate's funds		! <b>=</b>		
			30/09/2025	01/01/2025
Development investment fund		_	200.000.000	200.000.000
Total			200.000.000	200.000.000
<ul> <li>The purpose of establishing and us</li> </ul>	sing the company's fi	unds ==		

The development investment fund is allocated from the after-tax corporate income and is used for expanding the production and business scale or for deep investment in the enterprise.

Currency unit: VND

### VI. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

1. Revenue from sales and provision of services		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Revenue from sales and provision of services	8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966
Total	8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966
2. Net revenues from sales and service provisions		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Net revenues from sales and service provisions	8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966
Total	8.438.181.587	13.601.933.966
3. Cost of goods sold		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	7.778.499.687	11.443.316.554
Cộng	7.778.499.687	11.443.316.554
4. Financial income		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Interest on deposits and loans	631.172	60.208.820
Exchange rate gain	619.393.745	112.766.336
Total	620.024.917	172.975.156
5. Financial expense		
•	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Interest on borrowings	51.104.641	37.448.236
Exchange rate loss		240.526.101
Other financial expenses		354.494
Total	51.104.641	278.328.831

6. Selling expenses and administrative expenses		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
a. Selling expenses		
Outsourced service expenses	101.860.905	198.639.784
Other cash expenses	-	
Total	101.860.905	198.639.784
b. Administrative expenses		5
Labor expenses	317.479.469	319.096.700
Depreciation expenses	74.767.156	102.308.480
Taxes, fees, and charges		166.302.218
Provision for doubtful debts		
Outsourced service expenses		2.589.599
Other cash expenses	587.446.334	632.303.353
Total	979.692.959	1.222.600.350
c.Selling expenses and administrative expenses deductions		
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts		-
Total	-	
8. Other incomes		250
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Profit from fixed asset disposal	-	
Income from fixed asset disposal	5 <b>2</b> 1	
Remaining value of disposed assets	-	7.000.000.000
Total	-	-
9. Other expenses		
•	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Other expenses		34.404.304
Total	-	34.404.304
10. Production and business expenses by factors	-	8
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Material expenses	1.135.366.378	3.696.719.328
Labor expenses	333.145.717	402.067.013
Depreciation expenses	796.368.465	1.898.562.561
Outsouced service expenses		195.367.524
Other cash expenses		80.282.926
Total	2.264.880.560	6.272.999.352

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3th quarter of 2025

11. Current corporate income tax expense		
	Year 2025	Year 2024
<ol> <li>Total accounting profit before tax for the year</li> </ol>	(1.916.613.787)	
2. Adjustments to profit for calculating corporate income tax (a+b)		
3 Cumulative losses		=
4. Total taxable income for corporate income tax (1+2+3)		-
5. Corporate income tax expense based on taxable income for the current		
year		-
6. Corporate income tax arrears from previous years		
Total current corporate income tax expense		-
12. Basic earnings per share		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Accounting profit after corporate income tax	-356.661.710	905.322.062
Adjustments for increase or decrease		-
Profit or loss allocated to common shareholders	-356.661.710	905.322.062
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year	12.000.000	12.000.000
Basic earnings per share	-29,72	75,44
13. Diluted earnings per share		
	3th Quarter/2025	3th Quarter/2024
Profit or loss allocated to common shareholders	(356.661.710)	905.322.062
Profit or loss allocated to common shareholders after adjusting for dilutive factors	(356.661.710)	905.322.062
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year	12.000.000	12.000.000
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year after adjusting for dilutive factors	12.000.000	12.000.000
Diluted earnings per share	(29,72)	75,44

Currency unit: VND

### VII. OTHER INFORMATION

### 1. Events after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period that require adjustments or disclosures in these financial statements.

### 2 Presentation of assets, revenues, and business results by segment

A business segment includes segments based on business fields and geographical regions.

A business segment based on the business field is a distinguishable part of the Company that engages in the production or provision of individual products, services, a group of related products or services, and this segment has risks and economic benefits distinct from those of other business segments.

A business segment based on geographical regions is a distinguishable part of the Company that engages in the production or provision of products or services within a specific economic environment, and this segment has risks and economic benefits distinct from those of other business segments in different economic environments.

The main activity of the Company is the production and export of garment hangers. The Company does not have any branches, so it does not present reports by geographical region. Additionally, the total revenue of the subsidiary business activities, including service provision (factory rental) and selling scrap, is less than (<) 10% of the total revenue of all segments, so it does not present reports by business field.

### 3 Comparative information

The comparative data is taken from the audited financial statements for the fiscal year 2024 of DNA Investment Joint Stock Company, audited by International Auditing and Valuation Company Limited, and the self-prepared financial statements for the fourth quarter of 2024.

4 Information about going concern: The Company will continue its operations in the future.

**PREPARER** 

**CHIEF ACCOUNTANT** 

Nguyen Manh Khue

Nguyen Hong Tuan

Ninh Bình 19st October 2025

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN ĐẦU TỰ

Bui Viet Vuong