# SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025 GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION \* M.S.D.A.

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Management of Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the separate financial statements of the Company for the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

# 1. General information

#### THE COMPANY

Green+ Group Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") is a joint stock company operating under Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, initially registered on June 1, 2016, and most recently amended for the 14th time on November 28, 2024, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ben Tre Province.

Form of capital ownership: Joint Stock Company.

The Company's business operations

The Company's business sectors include the trading of functional food products and leasing of premises.

#### Stock code: GPC

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park – Phase 2, An Phuoc Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben Tre Province, Vietnam.

In addition, the Company also has a branch located at No. 73-75 Tran Trong Cung Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### 2. Financial status and business results

The Company's financial status and business results for the first quarter of 2025 are presented in the attached financial statements.

# 3. Members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Board of Management, and the Chief Accountant

The members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Executive Board, and the Chief Accountant during the first quarter of 2025 and up to the date of preparation of the financial statements are as follows:

# Members of the Board of Directors

Mr-	Đặng Đức Thành	Chairman
Ms	Đặng Bích Hồng	Member
Ms	Lâm Thị Diệu Hương	Member
Mr	Phạm Hoàng Lương	Member

#### Supervisory Board

Mr	Hàng Nhật Quang	Head
Mr	Trần Công Lộc	Member
Mr	Nguyễn Minh Cường	Member

## Board of Management, and the Chief Accountant

Mr	Lê Đình Phong	General Director	
Mr	Nguyễn Công Thành	Deputy General Director	
Mr	Nguyễn Quốc Việt	Deputy General Director also Chief Accountant	

# The Company's legal representative during the first quarter of 2025 and up to the date of preparation of the financial statements is as follows:

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr. Đặng Đức Thành and Mr. Lê Đình Phong.

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# 4. MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the separate financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the period. In preparing those separate financial statements, management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- Prepare the separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the separate financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### 6. STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025 and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for 1st Quarter period then ended in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of separate financial statements.

# Bến Tre, 29th April 2025



Dang Dire Thanh Chairman of the Board of Directors

# SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

	ASSETS	Code	Notes	31/03/2025	01/01/2025
A.	CURRENT ASSETS	100		379,793,452,964	401,534,192,482
I.	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	25,558,958,176	13,029,594,958
1.	Cash	111		25,558,958,176	13,029,594,958
2.	Cash equivalents	112			
п.	Short-term investments	120	V.2a	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
1.	Trading securities	121		-	
2.	Provision for decline in value of trading securities	122			
3.	Held-to-maturity investments	123		50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
Ш.	Short-term Receivables	130		282,764,164,912	316,523,263,703
1.	Short-term trade receivables from customers	131 <sup>.</sup>	V.3a	17,485,490,926	17,602,153,893
2.	Short-term Prepayments to Suppliers	132	V.4	12,272,924,639	10,470,229,297
3.	Short-term advances to suppliers	133			
4.	Receivables based on construction contract				
	progress	134			
	Short-term loan receivables	135		-	-
	Other short-term receivables	136	V.5a	253,576,535,093	289,021,666,259
7.	Provision for doubtful short-term receivables	137	V.3a	(570,785,746)	(570,785,746)
8.	Assets pending resolution	139			
IV.	Inventories	140	V.6	20,881,782,127	21,107,465,518
1.	Inventories	141		20,881,782,127	21,107,465,518
2.	Provision for decline in value of inventories	149			
v.	Other Short-term Assets	150		588,547,749	873,868,303
1.	Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.7a	109,732,917	101,119,093
	Deductible VAT	152		478,814,832	772,749,210
	Taxes and other receivables from the State	153			
	Government bond repurchase transactions	154			and an started
	Other short-term assets	155		a starting and the	

# SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

	ASSETS	Code	Notes	31/03/2025	01/01/2025	
B.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		349,811,701,448	349,918,402,435	
I.	Long-term Receivables	210		556,250,000	556,250,000	
	. Long-term trade receivables from customers	211				
	Long-term advances to suppliers	212			-	
	. Capital allocated to subsidiaries/branches	213				
	. Long-term intra-company receivables	214				
5.	. Long-term loan receivables	215			in the second second	1
	Other long-term receivables	216	V.5b	556,250,000	556,250,000	
7.	Provision for doubtful long-term receivables	219				AA
П.	Fixed Assets	220.		10,614,692,253	10,775,281,920	1
1.	. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.8	8,082,073,529	8,227,664,156	T
	- Cost	222		10,723,000,000	10,723,000,000	-
	- Accumulated depreciation	223		(2,640,926,471)	(2,495,335,844)	
2.	Finance-leased fixed assets	224	*			
	- Cost	225			-	
	- Accumulated depreciation	226			-	
3.	Intangible fixed assets	227	V.09	2,532,618,724	2,547,617,764	
	- Cost	228		2,999,808,000	2,999,808,000	
	- Accumulated depreciation	229		(467,189,276)	(452,190,236)	
III,	. Investment Properties	230	V.10	58,459,520,861	58,598,333,360	
	Cost	231		62,300,000,000	62,300,000,000	
	- Accumulated depreciation	232		(3,840,479,139)	(3,701,666,640)	
IV.	Long-term asset in progress	240		30,162,208,622	29,895,729,610	
1.	Costs of unfinished production and business activi	241				
	Construction in progress cost	242	V.11	30,162,208,622	29,895,729,610	
v.	Long-term Financial Investments	250	V.2b	249,664,350,082	249,664,350,082	
1.	Investment in subsidiaries	251		60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	
2.	Investment in joint ventures and associates	252		183,000,000,000	183,000,000,000	
3.	Capital contribution to other entities	253		7,250,000,000	7,250,000,000	
4.	Provision for long-term financial investments	254		(585,649,918)	(585,649,918)	
5.	Held-to-maturity investments	255			-	
VI.	Other Non-current Assets	260		354,679,630	428,457,463	
1.	Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.7b	354,679,630	428,457,463	
2.	Deferred income tax assets	262				
3.	Long-term equipment, materials, and spare parts	263				
4.	Other non-current assets	268			5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
	Total Assets	270		729,605,154,412	751,452,594,917	

# SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Code	Notes		31/03/2025	01/01/2025	5
C. LIABILITIES	300		148	3,395,185,076	170,800,736,486	
I. Current Liabilities	310		138	3,365,636,360	160,771,187,770	
1. Payables to short-term suppliers	311	V.12		248,540,226	380,623,214	
2. Advances from customers (short-term)	312			- 1 C - 1 P	1,915,000	
3. Taxes and other amounts payable to the State	313	V.13		362,866,975	320,489,336	
4. Payables to employees	314			22,847,049	181,299	
5. Accrued short-term expenses	315				61,748,928	-
6. Short-term intra-company payables	316					
7. Payables based on construction contract progress	317			104 - 21		1
8. Unearned revenue – short-term	318			- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	4,909,091	r
9. Other short-term payables	319	V.14a	24	4,728,600,132	16,347,050,872	V
10. Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	320	V.15a	112	2,482,332,730	143,244,967,238	in the
11. Provision for short-term payables	321				-	1
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322	· V.16		520,449,248	409,302,792	
13. Price stabilization fund	323					
14. Government bond repurchase transactions	324			1		
II. Non-current Liabilities	330		10	0,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	
1. Payables to long-term suppliers	331			1.00		
2. Advances from customers (long-term)	332			-		
3. Accrued long-term expenses	333					
4. Payables to affiliates regarding business capital	334			÷	-	
5. Long-term intra-company payables	335			-		
6. Unearned revenue – long-term	336			-		
7. Other long-term payables	337			1.11.1-1.14	1948 B	
8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	338	V.15b	10	),029,548,716	10,029,548,716	
9. Convertible bonds	339					
10. Preferred shares	340			hin the state		
11. Deferred income tax liabilities	341				-	
12. Provision for long-term payables	342			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·	
13. Science and technology development fund	343		6 2 Y 1		· · · ·	_

# SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Form number B 01 - DN

Unit: VND

	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Code	Notes	31/03/2025	01/01/2025
D.	OWNER'S EQUITY	400		581,209,969,336	580,651,858,431
I.	Owner's Capital	410	<b>V.17</b>	581,209,969,336	580,651,858,431
1.	. Capital contribution from owners	411		540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
	Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
	Preferred shares	411b			
2.	. Share premium	412		1. State 2. State 1.	2
	. Convertible bond option rights	413			-
	. Other owner's capital	414			
	. Treasury shares	415			-
	Asset revaluation surplus	416		· · · · · · · · ·	-
	. Foreign exchange differences	417			
	. Development investment fund	418		-	
	Business restructuring support fund	419			- 8
	). Other equity funds	420	5. 1	-	/
	. Undistributed after-tax profit	421		40,488,539,336	39,930,428,431
	Retained earnings accumulated to the end of the pa	n 421a		39,689,044,012	33,947,039,986
	Retained earnings of the current-period	421b		799,495,324	5,983,388,445
12	2. Capital for basic construction investment	422			
п.	Other funds and resources	430			
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	. 440		729,605,154,412	751,452,594,917

PREPARER

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

# CHIEF ACCOUNTANT



# Nguyễn Quốc Việt

# SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

					From 1 January t	o 31 March
ITEMS	Code	Notes	Q1/2025	Q1/2024		
					2025	2024
1. Revenue from sales of goods and provision of serv	01	VI.1	15,314,805,845	10,780,815,315	15,314,805,845	10,780,815,315
2. Deductions from revenue	02					
3. Net revenue from sales of goods and provision of s	10	VI.2	15,314,805,845	10,780,815,315	15,314,805,845	10,780,815,315
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.3	10,975,911,431	8,436,568,648	10,975,911,431	8,436,568,648
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and provision	20		4,338,894,414	2,344,246,667	4,338,894,414	2,344,246,667
(20 = 10 - 11)						
6. Financial income	21	VI.4	499,869,479	597,223,818	499,869,479	597,223,818
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.5	482,309,431	636,680,691	482,309,431	636,680,691
Including: Interest expense	23			636,680,691		636,680,691
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.6	696,822,161	571,803,974	696,822,161	571,803,974
9. General and administrative expenses	26	VI.7	2,424,862,469	1,451,131,367	2,424,862,469	1,451,131,367
10. Operating profit	30		1,234,769,832	281,854,453	1,234,769,832	281,854,453
(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))						
11. Other income	31	VI.8	113,204	469,937,581	113,204	469,937,581
12. Other expenses	32	VI.9	171;506,822	278,524,857	171,506,822	278,524,857
13. Other profit (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(171,393,618)	191,412,724	(171,393,618)	191,412,724
14. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40)	50		1,063,376,214	473,267,177	1,063,376,214	473,267,177
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51	VI.11	263,880,890	139,574,809	263,880,890	139,574,809
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52					

17. Profit after corporate income tax 60(60 = 50 - 51 - 52) 799,495,324

333,692,368

333,692,368

PREPARER

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyễn Quốc Việt

130100997 Ben Tre, 29th April 2025 GENERAL DIRECTOR TA GREEN+ Lê Dình Phong NH

799,495,324

# SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect Method)

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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ITEMS	Code	Notes	From 1 January	y to 31 March
			2025	2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPRATING ACTIVIT	TIES			
1. Profit before tax	01		1,063,376,214	473,267,177
2. Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment		V.8 V.9		
properties	02	V.10	299,402,166	299,402,166
Provisions	03			
Gains/losses from foreign exchange rate differences due to revaluation of monetary		*		
items denominated in foreign currencies	04		-	
Investment gains/losses	05	VI.4	(499,869,173)	(595,377,771)
Interest expenses	06	VI.5	482,308,935	636,680,691
Other adjustments	07			
3. Operating profit before changes in working capital	08		1,345,218,142	813,972,263
Increase (-), decrease (+) in receivables	09		(11,026,923,119)	(8,047,474,071)
Increase (-), decrease (+) in inventories (excluding interest payable and income tax	10		225,683,391	(3,656,158,184)
payable)	-11		8,943,693,574	(112,449,111)
Increase (-), decrease (+) in prepaid expenses	12		65,164,009	203,702,413
Increase (-), decrease (+) in trading securities	13			-
Interest paid	14		(684,057,863)	(636,680,691)
Corporate income tax paid	15		(125,275,070)	
Other cash receipts from operating activities	16			
Other cash payments from operating activities	17		(130,237,963)	(600,567,000)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20		(1,386,734,899)	(12,035,654,381)

# SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect Method)

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

п	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVIT	TES			
	Purchase, construction of fixed assets and other				
1.	long-term assets	21		(766,479,012)	(353,562,592)
2.	Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and				
	other long-term assets	22		1997 - 1997 - 19	-
3.	Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments				
	of other entities	23			
4.	Loan recoveries, resale of debt instruments of	24			
	other entities				
	Capital contribution to other entities	25			
6.	Proceeds from recovery of other entities'	26		43,310,000,000	5,760,000,000
-	contributed capital			2,135,211,637	3,091,838,955
1.	Interest, dividends, and profits received	27			
	Net cash flow from investing activities	30		44,678,732,625	8,498,276,363
п	I. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVI	TIES			
1.	Proceeds from issuance of shares, capital				
	contribution from owners	31			
2.	Return of contributed capital to owners, repurchase of issued shares	32			
3.	Proceeds from borrowings	33		10,601,926,671	13,894,522,070
4.	Repayment of principal loans	34		(41,364,561,179)	(10,652,215,406)
5.	Repayment of finance lease liabilities	35		-	
6.	Dividends and profits paid to owners	36			-
	Net cash flow from financing activities	40		(30,762,634,508)	3,242,306,664
	Net cash flow for the year $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		12,529,363,218	(295,071,354)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of	60		13,029,594,958	5,400,012,979
	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash	61		-	-
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the ye	70	V.1	25,558,958,176	5,104,941,625

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

Nguyễn Quốc Việt



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For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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#### I. Business Characteristics of the Company

#### 1. The Company

Green+ Group Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") is a joint stock company operating under Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, initially registered on June 1, 2016, and most recently amended for the 14th time on November 28, 2024, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ben Tre Province.

#### Form of capital ownership: Joint Stock Company.

#### Stock code: GPC

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park - Phase 2, An Phuoc Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben Tre Province, Vietnam.

+ In addition, the Company also has a branch located at No. 73-75 Tran Trong Cung Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### 2. The Company's business operations

The Company operates in the fields of commerce and services.

#### 3. Core business operations

The Company's business sectors include the trading of functional food products and leasing of premises.

#### 4. Normal production and business cycle

The Company's operating cycle lasts within 12 months, following the standard financial year starting from January 1 and ending on December 31.

#### 5. The Company's operational characteristics during the first quarter of 2025 had an impact on the financial statements.

None.

#### 6. Total number of employees as of March 31, 2025: 31 employees. (As of March 31, 2024: 29 employees.)

#### 7. Organizational structure of the Company

#### 7.1. List of subsidiaries

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had one (01) directly owned subsidiary as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Business Activities	Ownership Percentage	Ownership interest	Voting rights percentage	
Tien Thinh Organic Joint Stock	Business in fertilizer	85.7%	85.7%	85.7%	
Company	trading			State March Sta	

#### 7.2. List of associates

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had one (01) associate as follows:

Name of associate	Business Activities	Ownership Percentage	Ownership interest	Voting rights percentage
Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company	Architectural activities and related technical consultancy	22.9%	22.9%	22.9%

#### 8. Statement on the comparability of information in the financial statements

The selection of figures and information to be presented in the financial statements is carried out based on the principle of comparability between corresponding accounting periods.

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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#### **II. ACCOUNTING FISCAL YEAR AND CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING**

#### 1. Accounting fiscal year

The Company's financial year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 each year.

#### 2. Currency used in accounting

The Vietnamese Dong (VND) is used as the currency for accounting record-keeping.

#### **III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND ACCOUNTING REGIME APPLIED**

#### 1. Accounting regime applied

The Company applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Enterprise Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014; Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amending and supplementing certain provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC; and other relevant circulars and guidance on the implementation of accounting standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

#### 2. Statement of compliance with accounting standards and accounting regime

The Executive Board affirms that it has complied with the requirements of the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Enterprise Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amending and supplementing certain provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, as well as other circulars and guidelines issued by the Ministry of Finance on the implementation of accounting standards in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

#### IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting (except for information related to cash flows).

#### 2. Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the accounting period.

Exchange differences arising during the period from foreign currency transactions are recognized in financial income or financial expenses. Exchange differences resulting from the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the financial year, after offsetting gains and losses, are also recognized in financial income or financial expenses.

#### Principles for determining the exchange rates used in foreign currency transactions

The exchange rate used to translate foreign currency transactions is the actual transaction rate at the time the transaction occurs. The actual transaction rate for foreign currency transactions is determined as follows:

The actual transaction rate for foreign exchange transactions (including spot contracts, forward contracts, futures contracts, options contracts, and swap contracts) is the exchange rate agreed upon in the foreign exchange purchase or sale contract between the Company and the bank.

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

#### 2. Foreign Currency Transactions (Continued)

For capital contributions or receipt of contributed capital, the exchange rate applied is the buying rate of the commercial bank where the Company opens its account to receive the investor's capital on the date of contribution.

For receivables, the exchange rate applied is the buying rate of the commercial bank designated by the Company for customer payment at the time the transaction occurs.

For payables, the exchange rate applied is the selling rate of the commercial bank at which the Company expects to conduct the transaction at the time the transaction occurs.

For transactions involving the purchase of assets or expenses that are immediately settled in foreign currencies (not through payables accounts), the exchange rate applied is the buying rate of the commercial bank where the Company makes the payment. or receipt of contributed capital, recognition of receivables and payables, and transactions involving the purchase of assets or expenses immediately settled in foreign currencies—are accounted for using the actual exchange rate at the time the transaction occurs.

#### Principle for determining exchange rates at the end of the financial year

- The actual transaction rate used for revaluating monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are classified as assets is the buying rate of the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank). The buying exchange rate as of March 31, 2025 is VND 25,380 per USD.

- The actual transaction rate used for revaluating monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are classified as liabilities is the selling rate of the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank). The selling exchange rate as of March 31, 2025 is VND 25,740 per USD.

#### Principle for determining exchange rates used in accounting records

When collecting receivables, deposits, or making payments of payables in foreign currencies, the Company applies the specifically identified actual book exchange rate.

When making payments in foreign currencies, the Company uses the moving average exchange rate recorded in the accounting books.

#### 3. Principle for recognizing cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits with banks.

#### 4. Accounting principles for financial investments

#### Accounting principles for held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments include time deposits with banks.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price and any transaction costs related to the acquisition of the investments. After initial recognition, these investments are measured at their recoverable value. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis. Any interest earned before the Company takes ownership is deducted from the initial cost at the time of purchase.

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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#### 4. Accounting principles for financial investments (Continued)

#### Accounting principles for investments in subsidiaries and associates

A subsidiary is an enterprise that is controlled by the parent company. Control is achieved when the parent company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of the investee in order to obtain economic benefits from the investee's activities.

An associate is an enterprise over which the Company has significant influence but does not have control over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is demonstrated by the right to participate in the decisions on the financial and operating policies of the investee, but without having control over those policies.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are initially recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price or the capital contribution, plus any directly attributable costs related to the investment. In the case of investments made with non-monetary assets, the investment is recognized at the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the transaction date.

Dividends and profits from periods prior to the purchase of the investment are accounted for as a reduction in the carrying value of the investment. Dividends and profits from periods after the purchase of the investment are recognized as income. Dividends received in the form of additional shares are only tracked in terms of the increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received.

A provision for impairment of investments in subsidiaries and associates is recognized when the subsidiary or associate incurs losses. The provision is calculated as the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties to the subsidiary or associate and the actual equity, multiplied by the Company's ownership percentage relative to the total actual capital contributions of the parties in the subsidiary or associate.

#### Accounting principles for investments in equity instruments of other entitie

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include investments in equity instruments where the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution, plus any direct transaction costs related to the investment. Dividends and profits from periods prior to the purchase of the investment are accounted for as a reduction in the carrying value of the investment. Dividends and profits from periods after the purchase of the investment are recognized as income. Dividends received in the form of additional shares are only tracked in terms of the increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received, or are recognized at par value (except for state-owned enterprises that follow the applicable laws and regulations).

Provisions for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments where the fair value cannot be determined at the reporting date, the provision for impairment is made based on the losses of the investee, with the provision calculated as the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties to the other entity and the actual equity, multiplied by the Company's ownership percentage relative to the total actual capital contributions of the parties in the other entity.

#### 5. Principle for recognizing trade receivables and other receivables

Receivables are presented at their carrying amount, less any provision for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables is carried out based on the following principles:

- Receivables from customers reflect trade receivables arising from buy-and-sell transactions between the Company and independent buyers, including receivables for goods sold under export consignment arrangements with other entities.

- Other receivables reflect non-trade receivables that are not related to buy-and-sell transactions.

#### NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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#### 5. Principles for recognizing trade receivables and other receivables (Continued)

A provision for doubtful debts is made for each receivable based on the aging of overdue debts or the expected amount of loss. Specifically:

- For overdue receivables;

- For receivables that are not yet overdue but are considered unlikely to be recovered: the provision is based on the estimated amount of loss.

The increase or decrease in the provision for doubtful debts to be made at the end of the financial year is recognized as part of administrative expenses.

#### 6. Principle for recognizing inventory

Inventory is recognized at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

#### The cost of inventory is determined as follows:

- Raw materials, goods: include the purchase cost and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and condition

- Work-in-progress: includes only the cost of raw materials.

Inventory valuation method: Using the First-In, First-Out (FIFO) method.

Inventory accounting: Perpetual inventory method.

Method for creating provision for inventory write-down (if any): A provision for inventory write-down is made for each inventory item where the cost exceeds the net realizable value. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The increase or decrease in the provision for inventory write-down to be made at the end of the financial year is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

#### 7. Principle for recognizing and depreciating fixed assets (FA)

#### 7.1. Principle for recognizing tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at cost, less accumulated depreciation. The cost includes all expenditures that the company incurs to acquire the asset and bring it to the intended use at the time it is ready for use. Subsequent costs are added to the carrying amount of the fixed asset only if it is certain that these costs will result in future economic benefits from the use of the asset. Costs that do not meet this condition are recognized as expenses in the period incurred.

When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the books, and any resulting gain or loss from the disposal is recognized in income or expenses for the period.

#### Acquired tangible fixed assets

The cost of a tangible fixed asset includes the purchase price (less any trade discounts or rebates), taxes (excluding refundable taxes), and any directly attributable costs necessary to bring the asset into working condition for its intended use, such as installation costs, trial operation costs, expert fees, and other directly related costs.

Fixed assets, including buildings and structures attached to land use rights, have the value of the land use rights separately determined and recognized as intangible assets.

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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#### 7.2. Principle for recognizing intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are recognized at cost, less accumulated amortization. The cost of intangible fixed assets includes all expenditures that the Company incurs to acquire the asset and bring it to its intended use. Costs incurred after initial recognition are recognized as production and business expenses unless these costs are associated with a specific intangible fixed asset and increase the economic benefits from that asset.

When an intangible fixed asset is sold or disposed of, the cost and accumulated amortization are removed from the books, and any resulting gain or loss from the disposal is recognized in income or expenses for the year.

Determining the cost in each case

#### Land use right

Land use rights represent all the actual costs incurred by the Company directly related to the land, including the cost of acquiring the land use rights, compensation, land clearance, land leveling, registration fees, and other associated costs. When land use rights are purchased along with buildings and structures on the land, the value of the land use rights is separately determined and recognized as an intangible fixed asset.

#### 7.3. Depreciation method for fixed assets (FA)

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful life is the period during which the asset is expected to be used in production or business operations.

The estimated useful life of the fixed assets is as follows:	
Buildings and structures	40 yrs
Transportation and transmission equipmen	10 yrs
I - I was visited to us do manifested in accord	man with the land

Land use rights with a limited term are depreciated in accordance with the land lease term (50 years).

#### 8. Principle for recognizing construction in progress costs

Construction in progress reflects costs directly related to assets under construction, including machinery and equipment being installed for production, leasing, and management purposes, as well as costs related to the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are recognized at cost and are not depreciated.

These costs are transferred to the asset account when the project is completed, the final acceptance has been performed, and the asset is handed over and ready for use.

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#### NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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#### 9. Principle for recognizing and depreciating investment properties

Principle for recognizing investment properties: Investment properties are land use rights, buildings, part of a building, or infrastructure owned or leased by the Company for the purpose of generating rental income or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are presented at cost, less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of investment properties: It includes all costs incurred by the Company or the fair value of any consideration exchanged to acquire the investment property, up to the point of purchase or completion of construction of the investment property.

Costs related to investment properties incurred after initial recognition are recognized as operating expenses in the period, unless it is certain that these costs will increase the future economic benefits from the investment property, in which case they are capitalized and added to the cost of the investment property.

Investment properties held for rental income are depreciated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the property.

The estimated useful life of investment properties held for rental income is as follows:

Factories, structures

Investment properties held for capital appreciation are not depreciated. If there is clear evidence that the value of investment properties held for capital appreciation has declined compared to market value and the impairment loss can be reliably measured, the investment property is written down to its new value, and the loss is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

#### 10. Principle for recognizing prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual costs incurred but related to business activities across multiple accounting periods. The method for allocating prepaid expenses: Prepaid expenses are allocated to business operating expenses for each period using the straight-line method.

The Company's prepaid expenses include the following costs:

Tools and equipment: Tools and equipment that have been put into use are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method, with the allocation period not exceeding 36 months.

Insurance costs: Fire insurance and property insurance that the Company purchases and pays for in advance for multiple accounting periods.

#### 11. Principle for recognizing payables

Payables are recognized for amounts due in the future related to goods and services received. Payables are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amounts owed.

The classification of payables into payables to suppliers, accrued expenses, intercompany payables, and other payables is carried out based on the following principles:

- Payables to suppliers reflect trade payables arising from the purchase of goods, services, and assets, where the supplier is an independent entity, including payables related to imports through consignment agents.

- Other payables reflect amounts owed that are non-trade in nature and are not related to the purchase, sale, or provision of goods and services.

#### 12. Principle for recognizing loans

The value of loans is recognized as the total amount borrowed from banks and other parties (excluding loans in the form of bond issuances or preferred stock issuances with mandatory buyback clauses at a certain future date).

Loans are tracked in detail by each lender, debt party, loan agreement, and type of borrowed asset.

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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#### 13. Principle for recognizing accrued expenses

Accrued expenses reflect amounts owed for goods or services received from suppliers or provided to customers but not yet paid, due to the absence of invoices or incomplete accounting documentation. It also includes amounts owed to employees for accrued wages, paid leave, and other expenses that need to be accrued for production or business activities.

#### 14. Principle for recognizing unearned revenue

Unearned revenue is revenue that will be recognized in accordance with the portion of the obligation that the Company will fulfill in one or more subsequent accounting periods.

Unearned revenue includes amounts paid in advance by customers for one or more accounting periods for the rental of assets.

The method of allocating unearned revenue is based on the proportion of the obligation that the Company will fulfill in one or more subsequent accounting periods.

#### 15. Principle for recognizing equity

#### Shareholders' contributions

Owner's contributions are recognized based on the actual amount contributed by the shareholders.

Share premium: Share premium is recognized as the difference between the issue price and the nominal value of shares issued in the initial offering, additional issuances, the difference between the reissue price and the book value of treasury shares, and the equity component of convertible bonds upon maturity. Direct costs related to the additional issuance of shares and the reissuance of treasury shares are deducted from the share premium.

#### Principle for recognizing undistributed profit

Net income after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after the allocation of funds in accordance with the Company's bylaws and legal requirements, and has been approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders takes into account non-cash items included in the retained earnings that may affect cash flow and the ability to pay dividends, such as gains from the revaluation of assets contributed as capital, gains from the revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments, and other non-cash items.

Dividends are recognized as payables when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

# 16. Principles and methods for recognizing revenue and other income

## Principles and methods for recognizing revenue from the sale of goods and finished products

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all of the following five conditions are met:

1. The Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the product or goods to the buyer;

2. The Company no longer retains control over the goods as if it were the owner or has control over the goods;

3. The revenue can be reliably measured. When the contract allows the buyer the right to return the goods purchased under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the goods (except when the customer has the right to return goods in exchange for other goods or services);

4. The Company has received or will receive economic benefits from the sale transaction;

5. The costs related to the sale transaction can be reliably measured.

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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#### 16. Principles and methods for recognizing revenue and other income (Continued)

#### Principles and methods for recognizing revenue from service transactions

Revenue from service transactions is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably measured. If the service is performed over multiple periods, revenue is recognized for the period based on the portion of the work completed as of the end of the reporting period.

The outcome of a service transaction is considered reliably measurable when all of the following four conditions are met:

1. The revenue can be reliably measured. If the contract allows the buyer the right to return the purchased service under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the service:

2. It is probable that economic benefits will flow from the service transaction;

- 3. The stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be reliably measured;
- 4. The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service transaction can be reliably measured.

#### Principles and methods for recognizing financial income

Financial income is recognized when both of the following conditions are met:

- 1. It is probable that economic benefits will flow from the transaction;
- 2. The income can be reliably measured.

Financial income includes interest income, dividends, profits from investments, and other financial income of the Company.

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis, determined based on the balances of interest-bearing accounts and the actual inter-

Dividends and profit distributions are recognized when the Company has the right to receive dividends or profits from its investments. Dividends received in the form of additional shares are only tracked by the increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received.

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis, determined based on the balances of interest-bearing accounts and the actual interest rates for each period.

#### 17. Principles and methods for recognizing cost of goods sold (COGS)

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost of products, goods, or services in the reporting period. The cost of goods sold is recognized at the time the transaction occurs or when it is reasonably certain that the cost will be incurred in the future, regardless of whether the payment has been made. Cost of goods sold and revenue are recognized simultaneously according to the matching principle. Costs exceeding normal consumption are immediately recognized in the cost of goods sold based on the prudence principle.

#### 18. Principles and methods for recognizing financial expenses

Financial expenses include: costs or losses related to financial investment activities, borrowing costs; provision for impairment of financial investments, foreign exchange losses, and other financial expenses.

Each financial expense is recognized separately for each type of cost when it is incurred during the period and can be reliably measured with sufficient evidence of the costs.

#### 19. Principles and methods for recognizing current income tax expenses

Principles and methods for recognizing current income tax expenses

Current income tax is the tax calculated based on taxable income. The taxable income differs from accounting profit due to adjustments for temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses, as well as adjustments for non-taxable income and carried-forward losses.

Current income tax is the tax calculated based on taxable income. The taxable income differs from accounting profit due to adjustments for temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses, as well as adjustments for non-taxable income and carried-forward losses.

Taxes payable to the state budget will be specifically settled with the tax authorities. Any differences between the tax payable per the accounting records and the amounts verified during tax assessments will be adjusted when the final settlement with the tax authorities is made.

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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20. Financial instruments

Initial recognition

**Financial** assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 6, 2009 ("Circular 210"), financial assets are appropriately classified for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, into financial assets recognized at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and financial assets available for sale. The Company determines the classification of these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are determined at cost, including any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, receivables from customers and other receivables, and short-term investments.

**Financial liabilities** 

Financial liabilities, as defined under Circular 210 for the purpose of disclosure in the financial statements, are appropriately classified into financial liabilities recognized through the income statement, and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of these financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost, including any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include payables to suppliers, other payables, debts, and loans.

Subsequent measurement

Currently, there is no requirement to remeasure the value of financial instruments after initial recognition.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented at their net value in the financial statements if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends to either settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 21. Related parties

(i) Entities that control, or are controlled directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or are under common control with the reporting entity (including parent companies, subsidiaries, and subsidiaries within the same group);

(ii) Associate companies (as defined in Accounting Standard No. 07 "Accounting for Investments in Associate Companies");

(iii) Individuals who have the right, directly or indirectly, to vote in the reporting entity, leading to significant influence over the entity, including close family members of these individuals. Close family members of an individual are those who can be controlled or controlled by the individual in dealings with the entity, such as parents, spouses, children, and siblings.

(iv) Key management personnel who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the reporting entity, including executives, management personnel of the company, and close family members of these individuals.

(v) Entities in which individuals described in (iii) or (iv) hold, directly or indirectly, a significant voting interest or through which they can significantly influence the entity. This includes companies owned by the executives or major shareholders of the reporting entity, as well as companies that share key management personnel with the reporting entity.

In considering each related party relationship, the substance of the relationship should be considered, rather than just its legal form.

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

# V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

. Cash and cash equivalents	Original currency	31/03/2025	01/01/2025
Cash		25,558,958,176	13,029,594,958
Cash		25,206,034,932	143,678,007
Non-term bank deposits		352,923,244	12,885,916,951
- Việt Nam đồng		352,213,438	12,885,123,817
+ Vietcombank		338,210,660	12,870,761,051
+ Other banks		14,002,778	14,362,766
- Foreign currency	28,11 USD	709,806	793,134
Total		25,558,958,176	13,029,594,958

#### 2. Financial investments (see from page 34 to page 35)

3. Receivables from customers	31/03/20	25	01/01/20	25
and a start in the second start	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	17,485,490,926	(570,785,746)	17,602,153,893	(570,785,746)
Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic				
Management Joint Stock				
Company	14,653,226,180		14,653,226,180	- /
Charity Fund for Quality of				
Life	2,179,764,000		2,179,764,000	
Other receivables from customers	652,500,746	(570,785,746)	769,163,713	(570,785,746)
Total	17,485,490,926	(570,785,746)	17,602,153,893	(570,785,746)
Receivables from related —	31/03/2025		01/01/2025	
parties	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic				
Management Joint Stock				
Company	14,653,226,180		14,653,226,180	
Charity Fund for Quality of				
Life	2,179,764,000		2,179,764,000	
Total	16,832,990,180		16,832,990,180	

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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4. Prepayments to suppliers	31/03/2025		01/01/2025	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Short-term	12,272,924,639		10,470,229,297	-
Cao Gia Phat Construction Investment Jsc (*)	10,366,800,000		9,866,800,000	
Successful Entrepreneurship Academy Investment Jsc				
Prepayments to other suppliers	1,906,124,639		603,429,297	-
Total	12,272,924,639		10,470,229,297	-

(\*) The prepayment represents 30% of the value of Construction Contract No. 01/2024/HDTCXD/CGP-GREEN for the construction of the functional food manufacturing plant, under the package: Construction - Phase 2, located at Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park Phase 2, An Phuoc Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben Tre Province.

5. Other receivables	31/03/20	25	01/01/2025	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	253,576,535,093		289,021,666,259	-
Interest receivables from term deposits	292,054,795		1,927,397,259	
Advance for land use right transfer				
+ Mr Lê Đình Phong		- 10 A		1970 (1990 <b>-</b> 19
+ Mrs Đặng Thị Minh Tuyết				-
+ Mr Trần Công Lộc			-	-
Advance for implementation of resort and healthcare real				
estate projects (1)	37,300,000,000		37,300,000,000	1.000
+ Mr Trần Công Lộc	17,600,000,000		17,600,000,000	-
+ Mr Nguyễn Minh Cường	19,700,000,000		19,700,000,000	-

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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Other receivables (Continued)	31/03/20	125	01/01/20	01/01/2025	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
Other receivables (Continued)	25,300,000,000		25,300,770,000	-	
+ Mrs Đặng Thị Minh Tuyết	25,300,000,000	-	25,300,770,000	-	
Advance for investment project implementation (2)	50,330,499,000		40,880,499,000	-	
+ Mr Nguyễn Trọng Nghĩa - Head of Product Development					
Department	8,195,605,000		8,195,605,000		
+ Mr Nguyễn Văn Lai	12,350,000,000	Sector Dellevel	13,800,000,000		
+ Mr Nguyễn Khắc Ghi	29,784,894,000		18,884,894,000	- 10.0	
Receivable from individuals for capital contribution			42 210 000 000		
transfer (4)		알 등 위 이 문 등 등	43,310,000,000		
+ Mr Nguyễn Văn Lai		Provide the	-		
+ Mr Đặng Thanh Sơn	361 521		22,900,000,000		
+ Mr Hàng Nhật Quang		-	11,610,000,000	-	
+ Mr Đặng Đức Trung	-		8,800,000,000		
Other advances	22,500,000		3,000,000		
Other receivables	31,481,298				
Deposits and pledges	140,300,000,000		140,300,000,000		
+ Mr Đặng Đức Thành (5)	140,300,000,000	-	140,300,000,000	-	
. Long-term	556,250,000		556,250,000	- 1. S. S. S. S. S.	
Deposits and pledges	556,250,000		556,250,000	- 10 M	
Total	254,132,785,093		289,577,916,259	-	
. Other receivables from related p	arties				
+ Mr Lê Đình Phong					
+ Mr Trần Công Lộc	17,600,000,000		17,600,000,000		
+ Mrs Đặng Thị Minh Tuyết	25,300,000,000	1.1.1.1	25,300,770,000	-	
+ Mr Đặng Đức Thành	140,300,000,000		140,300,000,000	- 10	
+ Mr Nguyễn Minh Cường	19,700,000,000		19,700,000,000		
+ Mr Đặng Thanh Sơn			22,900,000,000		
+ Mr Hàng Nhật Quang			11,610,000,000		
+ Mr Đặng Đức Trung			8,800,000,000		
Total	202,900,000,000		246,210,770,000	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

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#### 5. Other receivables (Continued)

#### Notes to other receivables

(1) The purpose of the advance is to implement the investment plan for the project "Japanese Wellness Resort + Vietnamese Lingzhi Mushroom Museum" in Ben Tre Province under Decision No. 0101/QĐ\_CT.HĐQT dated January 30, 2024. As of the reporting date, the project has not yet been commenced.

(2) The purpose of the advance is to implement the capital transfer for companies engaged in the cultivation and production of valuable medicinal plants such as Ngoc Linh Ginseng and Lingzhi Mushrooms, in accordance with the Board of Directors' Meeting Minutes No. 144/2024/GPC/BBH-HĐQT dated December 24, 2024. The implementation period is from December 25, 2024, to December 31, 2025. As of the reporting date, the Company is in the process of selecting potential entities for investment.

(3) The purpose of the advance is to conduct research and development of 40 products derived from Wisconsin ginseng, pursuant to Decision No. 45/2023/GPC/QD-HDQT dated September 4, 2023, and based on the progress report on the U.S. Ginseng Product Development Program updated as of March 20, 2025. As of the reporting date, the projects are still in the research and trial phases, and some products have been granted product registration certificates.

(4) These are receivables from the transfer of shares in accordance with Resolution No. 45/2024/GPC/NQ-ĐHĐCĐ dated May 7, 2024, and Resolution No. 35/2024/GPC/NQ-ĐHĐCĐ dated April 15, 2024. The Company divested its investments in Dong Khoi Development Joint Stock Company, Green Portal Joint Stock Company, and Green Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company to individuals. As of the date of preparation of the 2024 financial statements, the Company had fully collected these receivables in cash.

(5) This is a deposit for the transfer of real estate located at 259A Tran Xuan Soan Street, Tan Kieng Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, under the transfer agreement No. 0103/GPC/TTCN-2024 dated March 26, 2024, between the Company and Mr. Dang Duc Thanh (Chairman of the Board of Directors) and his spouse, which was approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders under Resolution No. 22/2024/GPC/NQ-ĐHĐCĐ dated March 6, 2024. The Company has not yet completed the transfer procedures. According to the Board of Directors' Meeting Minutes No. 145/2024/GPC/BBH-HĐQT dated December 25, 2024, the transfer completion deadline will be extended by an additional 18 months (no later than October 2026). This property is currently being used as collateral for a loan of Organic Tien Thinh Joint Stock Company (a subsidiary).

Other receivables under items (1), (2), and (3) are secured by the assets of Mr. Dang Duc Thanh (Chairman of the Board of Directors) and Mrs. Lam Thi Thanh Bich, in accordance with the Letter of Commitment dated March 19, 2025.

31/03/2025		01/01/2025	
Value	Provision	Value	Provision
240,000	-	240,000	
	-	23,000,000	
20,881,542,127		21,084,225,518	
20,881,782,127	-	21,107,465,518	-
ble inventories: None			
		31/03/2025	01/01/2025
	*	109,732,917	101,119,093
		73,047,844	41,056,164
		25,338,787	43,039,336
		11,346,286	17,023,593
		354,679,630	428,457,463
		16,353,574	21,199,843
		· · · · ·	139,537,907
		338,326,056	267,719,713
		464,412,547	529,576,556
	Value 240,000 - 20,881,542,127	Value         Provision           240,000         -           -         -           20,881,542,127         -           20,881,782,127         -	Value         Provision         Value           240,000         -         240,000           -         -         23,000,000           20,881,542,127         -         21,084,225,518           20,881,782,127         -         21,107,465,518           able inventories: None         31/03/2025         109,732,917           73,047,844         25,338,787         11,346,286           354,679,630         16,353,574         -           338,326,056         464,412,547         -

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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Unit: VND

Tangible fixed assets Items	Buildings and structures	Transportation vehicles	Tota
Original cost			
Beginning balance	6,532,500,000	4,190,500,000	10,723,000,000
Ending balance	6,532,500,000	4,190,500,000	10,723,000,000
Accumulated depreciation			
Beginning balance	1,088,750,000	1,406,585,844	2,495,335,844
Depreciation for the period	40,828,125	104,762,502	145,590,627
Ending balance	1,129,578,125	1,511,348,346	2,640,926,471
Net book value			
Beginning balance	5,443,750,000	2,783,914,156	8,227,664,156
Ending balance	5,402,921,875	2,679,151,654	8,082,073,529

# 9 Intangible fixed assets

Items	Land Use Rights	Total
Original cost		
Beginning balance	2,999,808,000	2,999,808,000
Ending balance	2,999,808,000	2,999,808,000
Accumulated depreciation		
Beginning balance	452,190,236	452,190,236
Depreciation for the period	14,999,040	14,999,040
Ending balance	467,189,276	467,189,276
Net book value		
Beginning balance	2,547,617,764	2,547,617,764
Ending balance	2,532,618,724	2,532,618,724

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For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

10 Increase, decrease in investment property

Items	Beginning balance	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	Ending balance
a. Investment properties for lea	ase (1)			
Original cost	22,210,000,000			22,210,000,000
Infrastructure	22,210,000,000	State - L		22,210,000,000
Accumulated depreciation Infrastructure	<b>3,701,666,640</b> <i>3,701,666,640</i>	<b>138,812,499</b> <i>138,812,499</i>	-	<b>3,840,479,139</b> <i>3,840,479,139</i>
Net book value Infrastructure	<b>18,508,333,360</b> 18,508,333,360			<b>18,369,520,861</b> 18,369,520,861
b. Investment properties held for	or capital appreciation (2	)		
<b>Original cost</b> House and Land use rights	<b>40,090,000,000</b> <i>40,090,000,000</i>		4	<b>40,090,000,000</b> <i>40,090,000,000</i>
Impairment loss House and Land use rights				-
Net book value House and Land use rights	<b>40,090,000,000</b> <i>40,090,000,000</i>	1	-	<b>40,090,000,000</b> <i>40,090,000,000</i>
				Contract of the second s

(1) The investment property for lease is the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thac Gian Ward, Thanh Khe District, Da Nang. The Company has signed an annex extending the lease agreement, with the lease term of 1 year starting from February 1, 2024, and ending on January 31, 2025.

(2) Investment property held for capital appreciation consists of the currently unused portion of the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thac Gian Ward, Thanh Khe District, Da Nang, and the land use rights for plot 213, map sheet 13, Phuoc Kien Commune, Nha Be.

#### Disclosure of the fair value of investment properties

The fair value of the investment property has not been formally assessed and determined as of March 31, 2025. However, based on the actual leasing situation and the market prices of adjacent land, the Company's Executive Board believes that the market value of the investment property is higher than its carrying amount as of this date.

The income and expenses related to leasing the investment property for lease are as follows:

	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Rental income	15,861,819	16,071,273
Direct expenses related to generating rental income	2,502,479	6,534,250

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For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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#### 11. Construction in progress

1

on on a care	during the period	assets during the period	31/03/2025
29.798.596.308	266.479.012		30,065,075,320
97,133,302			97,133,302
29,895,729,610	266,479,012		30,162,208,622
	29,798,596,308 97,133,302	29,798,596,308 266,479,012 97,133,302 -	during the period         period           29,798,596,308         266,479,012         -           97,133,302         -         -

(\*) The Functional Food Manufacturing Plant project, with a capacity of 17,000 products per year, is being constructed at Giao Long Industrial Park, Ben Tre Province. The construction of the building and other items under Phase 1 of the construction package has been completed. As of now, the project is continuing with the investment items under Phase 2 of the construction package, which includes the construction of the factory, and has not yet been completed or put into operation.

12 Payables to suppliers	31/03/2025		01/01/2025	
	Value	Amount that can be repaid	Value	Amount that can be repaid
Short-term	248,540,226	248,540,226	380,623,214	380,623,214
Representative Office of Investment Newspaper in Ho				
Chi Minh City	127,627,500	127,627,500	127,627,500	127,627,500
Green Art Trading Co., Ltd.			174,182,400	174,182,400
Other payables to suppliers	120,912,726	120,912,726	78,813,314	78,813,314
Total	248,540,226	248,540,226	380,623,214	380,623,214

#### 13 Taxes and other payables to the state

•	01/01/2025	Amount payable during the period	Amount paid during the period	31/03/2025
Payable				
VAT on domestic sales		658,012,087	658,012,087	
VAT on imported goods		138,340,900	138,340,900	
Export and import duties	100 C			976.97 <b>-</b> 31
Corporate income tax	125,275,070	263,880,890	125,275,070	263,880,890
Personal income tax	195,214,266	173,302,254	269,530,435	98,986,085
Land tax and land lease payments		1,529,717	1,529,717	
Other fees, charges, and payables		\$,000,000	8,000,000	
Total	320,489,336	1,243,065,848	1,200,688,209	362,866,975

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

r the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025		Unit: VIVL
Disclosure of the method for determining taxes, fees, and other payable charge	es.	
VAT		
The Company pays Value Added Tax (VAT) using the credit method. The applicable	ble VAT rates are as follow	avc.
The Company pays value Added Tax (TAT) using the orean method. The appendix	no viti invo no to totto	
- Wisconsin Ginseng, Lingzhi mushrooms		Tax rat 5%
- Wisconsin Ginseng, Lingzhi mushrooms - Other goods and services		10%
During the year, the Company received a VAT reduction for certain goods and 94/2023/ND-CP dated December 28, 2023, and Decree No. 72/2024/ND-CP dated		
Export and import duties		
The company files and pays according to the customs notice.		
Corporate income tax Income from other activities is subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 20%.		
Property tax Land lease payments are made according to the notice from the tax authority.		
Other taxes		
The company declares and pays in accordance with the regulations.		
4 Other Payable	31/03/2025	01/01/2025
a. Short-term		
Short-term margin deposits and pledges received	465,800,000	465,800,000
Amounts payable for borrowed funds (*)	23,300,700,000	14,780,700,000
	948,340,932	1,088,340,932
Other payables	13,759,200	12,209,940
Total	24,728,600,132	16,347,050,872
b. Other payables to related parties		
Organic Tien Thinh Joint Stock Company (*)	23,300,700,000	14,780,700,000
Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company	948,340,932	1,088,340,932
Total	24,249,040,932	14,780,700,000
(*) This interest-free loan will be offset against dividends distributed from previo		

Company.

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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15 Loans and finance lease liabilities	31/03/2	2025	01/01/2025	
	Value	Amount that can be repaid	Value	Amount that can be repaid
a. Short-term borrowings and				
finance lease liabilities	112,482,332,730	112,482,332,730	143,244,967,238	143,244,967,238
- Vietcombank – Saigon Cholon				
Branch (1)	26,497,954,935	26,497,954,935	26,994,110,431	26,994,110,431
- SaigonBank – Binh Chanh				
Branch (2)	7,991,011,563	7,991,011,563	7,991,011,563	7,991,011,563
<ul> <li>Due payables – Vietcombank</li> <li>Saigon Cholon Branch (3)</li> </ul>	1,408,366,232	1,408,366,232	1,674,845,244	1,674,845,244
- Green Standard International	1,400,500,252	1,400,500,252	1,071,010,211	1,0, 1,0,0,2,1
Housing Joint Stock Company (4)	76,585,000,000	76,585,000,000	106,585,000,000	106,585,000,000
b. Long-term borrowings and				
finance lease liabilities	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716
- Vietcombank – Saigon Cholon				
Branch (3)	. 10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716	10,029,548,716
Total	122,511,881,446	122,511,881,446	153,274,515,954	153,274,515,954

#### Disclosure of details for each loan:

#### Disclosure of bank loans

(1) Vietcombank - Saigon Cholon Branch includes the following short-term loan agreement:

Loan agreement under credit limit No. 014/VCB-KHDN-TD/2024 dated January 17, 2024, and its amendments:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;

- Repayment period: From January 18, 2024, to March 21, 2025;

- Interest rate: 6.3% - 7.3% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5 in An Phuoc Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben Tre Province;

- Land use rights and assets attached to land at the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thac Gian Ward, Thanh Khe District, Da Nang.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company has fully repaid this loan.

#### NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

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#### Disclosure of bank loans (Continued)

(2) Saigon Bank - Binh Chanh Branch includes the following short-term loan agreement:

Credit agreement No. 0081/2023/HDTDHMDP-PN signed on July 10, 2023:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;

- Repayment period: From September 30, 2024, to October 12, 2025;

- Interest rate: 8.5% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to land located at plot No. 213, map sheet No. 13, address: Phuoc Kien Commune, Nha Be District, Ho Chi Minh City.

(3) Long-term loan and current portion of long-term debt payable to Vietcombank – Saigon Cholon Branch includes the following loan agreement:

Loan agreement under credit limit No. 335C22 signed on October 5, 2022:

- Loan purpose: To pay for the construction of the functional food manufacturing plant;

- Repayment period: From January 26, 2023, to October 26, 2032;

- Interest rate: 10.4% - 11.2% per annum;

Collateral:

- Land use rights and assets attached to land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5 in An Phuoc Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben Tre Province;

- Land use rights and assets attached to land at the second floor of the HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thac Gian Ward, Thanh Khe District, Da Nang;

- Pledge of receivables agreement No. 030/NHNT-KH/TC/20 signed on January 3, 2020.

#### Disclosure of related party loans

(4) Short-term loan from Green Standard International Joint Stock Company includes the following loan agreement: Loan agreement dated June 10, 2024, and the Loan Agreement Addendum dated September 30, 2024:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;

- Loan term: 12 months, from June 10, 2024, to June 10, 2025;

- Interest rate: As of March 31, 2025, the applicable interest rate is 4.2% per annum.

Ending balance	520,449,248	437,802,792
Fund expenditure	(4,237,963)	(464,667,000)
Increase due to profit allocation	115,384,419	821,122,198
Beginning balance	409,302,792	81,347,594
16 Bonus and welfare fund	Q1/2025	Q1/2024

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

#### 17 Equity

#### a. Statement of changes in equity

Items	Owner's equity contributions	Share premium	Undistributed after- tax profit	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2024	415,940,000,000	97,564,000,000	62,136,592,184	575,640,592,184
Profit			333,692,368	333,692,368
Allocation to welfare fund			(821,122,198)	(821,122,198)
Board of Directors' remuneration			(151,000,000)	(151,000,000)
Balance as of March 31, 2024	415,940,000,000	97,564,000,000	61,498,162,354	575,002,162,354
Balance as of January 1, 2025	540,721,430,000		39,930,428,431	580,651,858,431
Profit		이는 것을 해 좋아?	799,495,324	799,495,324
Allocation to welfare fund			(115,384,419)	(115,384,419)
Board of Directors' remuneration			(126,000,000)	(126,000,000)
Balance as of March 31, 2025	540,721,430,000	-	40,488,539,336	581,209,969,336

(\*) According to Notice No. 175/QĐ-SGDHN dated January 20, 2025, the Hanoi Stock Exchange announced the first trading date for the shares of Green+ Group Joint Stock Company, with the first trading date being Monday, February 3, 2025, and the total number of shares registered for trading being 54,072,143 shares.

On October 16, 2024, the Company completed the issuance of 12,478,143 shares to increase its share capital from retained earnings in 2024, with an issue price of 10,000 VND per share. As a result, the Company's share capital increased from 415,940,000,000 VND to 540,721,430,000 VND. This capital increase was reflected in the 14th amendment of the Business Registration Certificate, issued on November 28, 2024, by the Ben Tre Department of Planning and Investment.

According to the resolution of the General Shareholders' Meeting No. 70/2024/GPC/NQ-HĐQT dated July 4, 2024, the General Shareholders' Meeting approved the resolution to issue shares to shareholders at a rate of 30% from equity capital. The total number of shares to be issued is 12,478,143 common shares with an issue price of 10,000 VND per share from the share premium and undistributed after-tax profit, to increase the charter capital to 540,721,430,000 VND.

<ul> <li>b. Share Capital Details</li> <li>Mr Đặng Đức Thành</li> <li>Mrs Nguyễn Thị Thanh Loan</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>	Number of Shares 15,600,000 7,800,000 30,672,143	28.85%	<b>31/03/2025</b> 156,000,000,000 78,000,000,000 306,721,430,000	01/01/2025 156,000,000,000 78,000,000,000 306,721,430,000
Total	54,072,143	100.00%	540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000
c. Equity Transactions with Own and distribution of dividends and			31/03/2025	01/01/2025
Contributed Capital of Owners Beginning balance of contributed Increase in contributed capital da Ending balance of contributed ca	uring the period	•	540,721,430,000 - 540,721,430,000	540,721,430,000 - 540,721,430,000

		number B 09 - DN
NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025		Unit: VNL
d. Shares	31/03/2025	01/01/202
	54,072,143	54,072,143
Number of shares sold to the public	54,072,143	54,072,143
Number of shares sold to the public	54,072,143 54,072,143	54,072,143
	54,072,145	54,072,175
Number of shares repurchased	54,072,143	54,072,143
Number of outstanding shares	54,072,143 54,072,143	54,072,143 54,072,143
Common shares	54,072,143 10,000	54,072,143
Par value of outstanding shares: VND/share	10,000	10,000
e Profit Distribution		
Information on profit distribution during the year:		•
In Quarter 1 of 2024, the Company distributed the 2024 profits as follows:		
III Quarter 1 of 2024, the Company distributed the 2024 promo as tenents		VNI
· Appropriation to the Remuneration Fund of the Board of Directors and S	Supervisory Board	126,000,000
· Appropriation to the Bonus and Welfare Fund		115,384,419
Total		241,384,419
18 Off-Balance Sheet Items		
18 Off-Balance Sneet Items		
Various Foreign Currencies	31/03/2025	01/01/202
USD	28.11	31.41
	28.11	31.41
Total		1 Production Barris
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT O	DR LOSS
Total I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services	STATEMENT OF PROFIT O Q1/2025	
<b>1. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</b> <b>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</b>		
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue Revenue from Sale of Goods	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026	<b>Q1/2024</b> 10,764,744,042
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue Revenue from Sale of Goods	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue Revenue from Sale of Goods Revenue from Leasing Premises	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819	<b>Q1/2024</b> 10,764,744,042
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE 1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services a. Revenue Revenue from Sale of Goods Revenue from Leasing Premises Total	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315
<ul> <li>I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue Revenue Revenue from Sale of Goods Revenue from Leasing Premises Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024
<ul> <li>I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue</li> <li>Revenue from Sale of Goods</li> <li>Revenue from Leasing Premises</li> <li>Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> <li>Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024
<ul> <li>I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue</li> <li>Revenue from Sale of Goods</li> <li>Revenue from Leasing Premises</li> <li>Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> <li>Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Life Quality Foundation Charity Fund</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024 1,578,923,050
<ul> <li>I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue</li> <li>Revenue from Sale of Goods</li> <li>Revenue from Leasing Premises</li> <li>Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> <li>Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Life Quality Foundation Charity Fund</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024 1,578,923,050
<ul> <li>1. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue</li> <li>Revenue from Sale of Goods</li> <li>Revenue from Leasing Premises</li> <li>Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> <li>Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Life Quality Foundation Charity Fund</li> <li>Total</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845 Q1/2025 - - -	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024 1,578,923,050
<ul> <li>1. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE</li> <li>1. Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> <li>a. Revenue</li> <li>Revenue from Sale of Goods</li> <li>Revenue from Leasing Premises</li> <li>Total</li> <li>b. Revenue from Related Parties</li> <li>Green+ Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Life Quality Foundation Charity Fund</li> <li>Total</li> <li>2. Net Revenue from Sales of Goods and Provision of Services</li> </ul>	Q1/2025 15,298,944,026 15,861,819 15,314,805,845 Q1/2025 - - - 2 Q1/2025	Q1/2024 10,764,744,042 16,071,273 10,780,815,315 Q1/2024 1,578,923,050 - 1,578,923,050 Q1/2024

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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3. Cost of Goods Sold Cost of Goods Sold for Merchandise	<b>Q1/2025</b> 10,973,408,952	<b>Q1/2024</b> 8,430,034,398
Cost of Leasing Premises	2,502,479	6,534,250
Total	10,975,911,431	8,436,568,648
4. Financial Income	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Interest Income from Bank Deposits	499,869,173	597,223,331
Realized Foreign Exchange Gains	306	487
Total	499,869,479	597,223,818
. Financial Expenses	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Interest Expenses	482,308,935	636,680,691
Realized Foreign Exchange Losses	496	-
Total	482,309,431	636,680,691
. Selling Expenses	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Material and Packaging Expenses	578,118	7,092,000
Tools and Supplies Expenses	28,292,771	35,505,585
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	21,312,501	21,312,501
Outsourced Service Expenses	18,321,188	23,537,468
Other Selling Expenses	628,317,583	484,356,420
Total	696,822,161	571,803,974
. General and Administrative Expenses	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Staff Costs	1,843,904,934	1,073,142,744
Office Supplies Expenses	1,156,818	18,212,816
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	124,278,126	124,278,126
Taxes, Fees, and Charges	9,529,717	7,000,000
Outsourced Service Expenses	296,454,346	137,753,540
Other Administrative Expenses	149,538,528	90,744,141
Total	2,424,862,469	1,451,131,367
. Other Income	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Sponsorships Received from Partners		469,937,181
Other Income	113,204	400
Total	113,204	469,937,581
Other Ferrences	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Other Expenses		Q1/2024
Sponsorship Expenses	20,000,000	120 212 746
Depreciation of Non-Operating Fixed Assets	151,309,659	139,213,746
Penalties and Fines Related to Tax Violations	197,163	120 211 111
Other Expenses		139,311,111
Total	171,506,822	278,524,857

Green P	lus Joint	Stock Cor	poration
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For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

Unit: VND

0. Production and Business Expenses by Nature	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
Cost of Goods	11,005,939,138	8,497,379,049
Labor Costs	1,843,904,934	1,073,142,744
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	145,590,627	145,590,627
Outsourced Service Expenses	314,775,534	161,291,008
Other Cash Expenses	777,856,111	575,100,561
Total	14,088,066,344	10,452,503,989
1. Current Corporate Income Tax Expenses		
The corporate income tax payable for the year is estimated as follows:		
	Q1/2025	Q1/2024
1. Total Accounting Profit Before Tax	1,063,376,214	473,267,177
2. Adjustments to Increase or Decrease Accounting Profit to Determine		
Taxable Income:	256,028,234	224,606,870
2.1. Adjustments to Increase	256,028,234	224,606,870
Non-deductible Expenses	256,028,234	224,606,870
2.2. Adjustments to Decrease		
Dividends Received		-
3. Taxable Income	1,319,404,448	697,874,047
4. Taxable Profit	1,319,404,448	697,874,047
5. Corporate Income Tax Rate	20%	20%
6. Corporate Income Tax Payable at the Standard Rate	263,880,890	139,574,809
7. Current Corporate Income Tax Payable	263,880,890	139,574,809

PREPARER

Nguyễn Thị Ngọc Tuyền

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

GENERAL DIRECTOR MIC 2 COF \* GREEN+ Lê Đình Phong

Bến Tre, 29th April 2025

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Nguyễn Quốc Việt

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For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025

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V.2. Financial Investments						
a. Held-to-Maturity Investments		1	31/03/2025	2025	01/01/2025	025
			<b>Original Value</b>	Booking Value	Original Value	Booking Value
Short-term			50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
Term deposits with a 12-month maturity at Vietcombank - Saigon Cho Lon Branch (*)	mbank – Saigon Cho Lo	on Branch (*)	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
Total			50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
(*) These are term deposits with an original term of 12 months at the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank) that are automatically renewed, with an interest rate of 4.1% per annum as of March 31, 2025.	of 12 months at the Joi 1, 2025.	nt Stock Commercial 1	Bank for Foreign Traa	le of Vietnam (Vietcom	bank) that are automati	cally renewed, with
b. Long-term Financial Investments		31/03/2025			01/01/2025	
	Original Value	Provision	Fair Value	<b>Original Value</b>	Provision	Fair Value
Investments in Subsidiaries:	60,000,000,000	•	60,000,000,000	. 60,000,000,000	•	60,000,000,000
- Tien Thinh Organic Joint Stock Company (1)	60,000,000,000	•	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	•	60,000,000,000
- Investments in Joint Ventures and Associates	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928

b. Long-term Financial Investments		31/03/2025			01/01/2025	
	<b>Original Value</b>	Provision	Fair Value	Original Value	Provision	Fair Value
Investments in Subsidiaries:	60,000,000,000	•	60,000,000,000	. 60,000,000,000	1	60,000,000,000
- Tien Thinh Organic Joint Stock Company (1)	60,000,000,000	,	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	1	60,000,000,000
- Investments in Joint Ventures and Associates	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928
- Green Standard International Housing Joint Stock Company (2)	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928	183,000,000,000	(526,987,072)	182,473,012,928
- Dong Khoi Investment and Development Joint Stock Company (3)		•	•			
- Equity Investments in Other Entities:	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154
- Dong Khoi Investment and Development Joint Stock Company (3)	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154	7,250,000,000	(58,662,846)	7,191,337,154
Total	250,250,000,000	(585,649,918)	(585,649,918) 249,664,350,082	250,250,000,000	(585,649,918)	249,664,350,082

V.2. Financial Investments (Continued)

**Significant Transaction** Contribution Ratio Voting Rights Ratio Capital **Ownership Ratio** Share **Core Business** Address Company

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Investments in Subsidiaries - Tien Thinh Organic 73-7 Joint Stock Company Cun (1) Dist	For the 1st Quarter period ended 31 March 2025 Investments in Subsidiaries - Tien Thinh Organic 73-75 Tran Trong Joint Stock Company Cung Street, Tan (1) Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, Ho Chi	Fertilizer Trading	6,000,000	85.7%	, 85.7%	Unit: VND 85.7% - Borrowing Money - Repayment of Borrowed Money
Investments in Associates - Green Standard La International Housing sh Joint Stock Company Cl H1 (2) H1	es Land lot No. 318, Map Architectural sheet No. 21, Phu Activities Chien Hamlet, Phu Related Tec Hung Commune, Ben Consultancy Tre City, Ben Tre	Architectural Activities and Related Technical Consultancy	18,300,000	22.9%	22.9%	22.9% - Taking a Loan - Payment of Loan Interest
Long-term Investments i - Dong Khoi I Investment and s Development Joint H Stock Company (3) 5	Long-term Investments in Other Companies - Dong Khoi Land lot No. 721, Map Real Estate Business Investment and sheet No. 25, Quoi Development Joint Hung Hamlet, Quoi Stock Company (3) Son Commune, Chau Thanh District, Ben	Real Estate Business	725,000	14.5%	14.5%	14.5%