CAN THO WATER SUPPLY -SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK

THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

No. 485 /CTN

Can Tho, October 20,2025

PERIODIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To:

- State Securities Commission;
- Hanoi Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to Clause 3, Article 14 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Finance guiding information disclosure in the securities market, Can Tho Water Supply-Sewerage Joint Stock Company hereby discloses the financial statements (FS) for the third quarter of 2025 to the State Securities Commission and the Hanoi Stock Exchange as follows:

1. Name of company: CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT

STOCK	
- Stock symbol: CTW	
- Address: 2A Nguyen Trai, Ninh Kie	ı Ward, Can Tho City
- Telephone: 02923 810188	Fax: 02923 810188
- Email: ctncantho@gmail.com	Website: https://ctn-cantho.com.vn/
2. Content of disclosed information:	
- Financial statements for the third qua	arter of 2025.
x Separate FS (The listed org	canization has no subsidiaries and the s.);
Consolidated FS (The listed or	ganization has suubsidiaries);
Combined FS (The listed organization of its own accounting	anization has an accounting unit directly ng apparatus).
- Cases requiring explanation notes:	
+ The auditor issued an opinion tha	t was not an unqualified opinion on the
financial statements.	
Yes	X No
+ Explanatory note required if application	able:
Yes	x No
CÔNG TY CỔ PHÌ	ÂN CẤP THOÁT NƯỚC CẦN THƠ 1

🞐 Số 2A Nguyễn Trăi, phường Tân An, quận Ninh Kiều, Thành phố Cần Thơ



+ Net profit after tax in the reporting period sho	ows a difference of 5% or m	ore
before and after the audit, or a transition from loss to	profit or vice versa:	
Yes	x No	
+ Explanatory note required if applicable:		
Yes	x No	
+ Net profit after corporate income tax in	the income statement for	the
reporting period changes by 10% or more compa	ared to the same period of	the
previous year:		
x Yes	No	
+ Explanatory note required if applicable:	0155	
x Yes	No NG 7	Y C
+ Net profit after tax in the reporting period	is negative, transitioning from	othn a?
profit in the same period of the previous year to a lo	oss in this period or vice vers	ga
Yes	X No .TP.C	ÁH
+ Explanatory note required if applicable:		
Yes	x No	
+ Changing some financial indicators of the	same period (for comparisor	n) on
the Income Statements.		
Yes	X No	
+ Explanatory note required if applicable:		
Yes	X No	
This information was disclosed on the con	npany's website on: Octobe	er 20,
2025 at the link: https://ctn-cantho.com.vn/Quan-h	ne-co-dong/	
We hereby commit that the information disc		e full
legal responsibility for the content of the disclosed	l information.	
00015	Representative	
- Separate Financial	General Director	
statements for the third	IVÁC *	
quarter of 2025;	0/2///	
- Explanatory document		
No. 482/CTN dated	Tung Nguyan	
October 15, 2025	guyen Tung Nguyen	



CAN THO WATER SUPPLY -SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No.: 482/CTN

Regarding the explanation of the decrease in profit for Quarter 3/2025 compared to the same period last year.

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence – Freedom – Happiness

Can Tho City, October 15 2025

To:

- State Securities Commission of Vietnam;
- Hanoi Stock Exchange.

According to Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Finance regarding guidance on information disclosure on the securities market;

According to the Income statement in the Financial statements for Quarter 3/2025 of Can Tho Water Supply - Sewerage Joint Stock Company,

Today, Can Tho Water Supply - Sewerage Joint Stock Company explains the net profit after tax in the Financial statements of Quarter 3/2025 decreased by 56.02%, as compared to the same period last year due to the following reasons:

- Selling expenses; Financial expenses & General & administration expenses increased.

The above are the reasons for the decrease in net profit after tax in Quarter 3/2025 compared to the same period last year./.

Recipients

- As mentioned above;
- The Board of Directors Chairman; Head of the Supervisory Board;
- The Board of Management;
- Archive of Administrative and Financial Documents.

GENERAL DIRECTOR

Nguyen Tung Nguyen



CANTHO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

2 2A Nguyen Trai, Ninh Kieu Ward, Can Tho City

CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY TAX CODE: 1800155244

Address: 2A Nguyen Trai - Ninh Kieu Ward - Can Tho City



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER 3/2025

As at September 30, 2025

ASSETS	Code	Notes	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		184,037,658,027	126,729,772,916
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	103,868,455,256	42,354,858,421
1. Cash	111		77,518,073,199	13,540,492,149
2. Cash equivalents	112		26,350,382,057	28,814,366,272
II. Short-term financial investments	120	V.2a1	13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978
 Trading securities 	121		-	-
2. Provision for devaluation of trading securities	122		-	-
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123		13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978
III. Short-term receivables	130		9,623,442,233	13,730,611,096
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3	6,369,217,307	8,335,345,217
2. Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.4a	3,676,620,584	5,319,432,615
3. Short-term intercompany receivables	133		-	-
4. Construction contract-in-progress receivables	134			-
5. Receivables from short-term loans	135			-
Other short-term receivables	136	V.5a	512,004,730	1,010,233,652
7. Provision for doubtful debts	137	V.3	(934,400,388)	(934,400,388)
8. Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	-
IV. Inventories	140	V.7	50,729,047,908	42,572,119,860
1. Inventories	141		51,377,877,196	43,220,949,148
2. Provision for decline in value of inventories	149		(648,829,288)	(648,829,288)
V. Other current assets	150		5,954,783,260	2,194,438,561
 Short-term prepayments 	151	V.11	2,990,713,960	1,909,580,446
2. Deductible VAT	152	V.14b	2,956,443,225	277,232,040
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State				
Budget	153	V.14b	7,626,075	7,626,075
4. Repurchase and sale of Government's bonds	154		-	-
Other current assets	155		-	-

As at September 30, 2025

ASSETS	Code	Notes	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		548,210,032,478	490,396,334,595
. Long-term receivables	210		-	
Long-term trade receivables	211		X	+
2. Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212		-	-
3. Working capital from sub-units	213		-	-
4. Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	-
5. Receivables from long-term loans	215		4	+
6. Other long-term receivables	216	V.5b	165,071,565	165,071,565
7. Provision for doubtful long-term receivables	219		(165,071,565)	(165,071,565)
I. Fixed assets	220		398,592,645,496	362,405,127,295
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.8	398,226,979,687	362,039,461,486
- Cost	222		931,937,081,950	849,646,080,257
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(533,710,102,263)	(487,606,618,771)
2. Finance lease assets	224		Θ.	-
- Cost	225		-	-
- Accumulated depreciation	226		+	
Intangible fixed assets	227	V.9	365,665,809	365,665,809
- Cost	228		1,592,515,809	1,592,515,809
- Accumulated amortization	229		(1,226,850,000)	(1,226,850,000)
III. Investment Properties	230		1 - 1	
- Cost	231			7.
- Accumulated depreciation	232		-	-
IV. Non-current assets in progress	240	V.10	45,289,648,433	25,149,359,805
1. Works in progress	241		-2	-
2. Capital construction in progress	242		45,289,648,433	25,149,359,805
V. Long-term investments	250		94,108,701,353	88,927,881,353
1. Investments in subsidiaries	251	V.2b	93,225,052,406	88,044,232,406
2. Investments in associates, joint-ventures	252	V.2b	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
3. Investments in equity of other entities	253		-	-
4. Provision for decline in the value of long-term				
investments	254	V.2b	(2,116,351,053)	(2,116,351,053)
5. Held-to-maturity investments	255		-	-
VI. Other long-term assets	260		10,219,037,196	13,913,966,142
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.11	10,219,037,196	13,913,966,142
2. Deferred income tax assets	262		-	-
3. Equipment, materials, spare parts	263		-	-
4. Other long-term assets	268		-	
TOTAL ASSETS	270		732,247,690,505	617,126,107,511

As at September 30, 2025

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
c.	LIABILITIES	300		320,175,483,592	208,714,170,999
I.	Current liabilities	310		182,682,444,878	118,420,356,328
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.12	6,802,982,864	11,654,112,735
2.	Short-term advances from customers	312	V.13	2,680,412,639	396,962,714
3.	Taxes and other payables to the State Budget	313	V.14	3,685,860,494	3,070,592,626
4.	Payables to employees	314		20,956,613,061	18,406,082,489
5.	Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.15	1,065,905,894	1,988,515,816
6.	Short-term intercompany payables	316		· ·	-
7.	Construction contract-in-progress payables	317		-	-
8.	Short-term unrealized revenue	318		-	28,929,630
9.	Other short-term payables	319	V.16a	43,652,937,901	858,950,041
10.	Short-term borrowings and financial lease				
	liabilities	320	V.17a	90,343,624,790	69,591,862,161
11.	Provision for short-term payables	321	V.18	5,775,080,052	8,459,812,104
12	Bonus and welfare fund	322		7,719,027,183	3,964,536,012
13	Price stabilization fund	323		-	1 5/1-
14	Repurchase and sale of Government's bond	324		-	SH TE
II.	Long-term liabilities	330		137,493,038,714	90,293,814,671
1.	Long-term trade payables	331			-
2.	Long-term advances from customers	332		-	
3.		333		-	-
4.	Inter-company payables for operating capital received	334		-	4
5.	Long-term intercompany payables	335		-	-
	Long-term unrealized revenue	336			
7.	Other long-term payables	337	V.16b	441,866,383	441,866,383
8.	Long-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	338	V.17b	129,751,172,331	86,051,948,288
9	Convertible bond	339		-	_
	. Preferred shares	340		-	_
11		341		-	2
	Provision for long-term liabilities	342			
	Fund for science and technology development	343		7,300,000,000	3,800,000,000

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
D. OWNERS' EQUITY	400		412,072,206,913	408,411,936,512
I. Owners' equity	410	V.19	412,072,206,913	408,411,936,512
1. Owners' capital	411		280,000,000,000	280,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		280,000,000,000	280,000,000,000
- Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2. Share premium	412		6,908,981,300	6,908,981,300
3. Bond conversion option	413		-	11111
4. Owners' other capital	414		9,800,000	9,800,000
5. Treasury shares	415		(9,800,000)	(9,800,000)
6. Difference upon assets revaluation	4.16		-	
7. Foreign exchange differences	417			
8. Investment and development fund	418		77,262,434,041	58,471,940,586
9. Fund for support of arrangement of enterprises	419		-	C
10. Other funds	420		-	
11. Undistributed profit	421		47,900,791,572	63,031,014,626
 Undistributed profit accumulated to the end of prior period Undistributed profit in this period 	421a 421b		- 47,900,791,572	63,031,014,626
12. Investment reserve for basic construction	422			-
II. Budget sources and other funds	430		+	-
1. Budget sources	431		-	-
2. Fund to form fixed assets	432		<u> </u>	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		732,247,690,505	617,126,107,511

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

CONGENERAL DIRECTOR

CỐ PHÂN CẬP THOÁT NƯỚC CÂN THƠ

U.TP. CAN

Phan Thi Phung

Diep Ton Kien

Nguyen Tung Nguyen

INCOME STATEMENT

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	Quarter 3		Cumulative from the year to the end	
			Year 2025	Year 2024	Year 2025	Year 2024
1. Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	01	VI.1	72,308,113,685	77,474,455,754	222,868,614,414	254,116,611,991
2. Deductions	02		+	+	-	-
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	10	VI.2	72,308,113,685	77,474,455,754	222,868,614,414	254,116,611,99
4. Cost of good sold	11	VI.3	37,700,620,037	37,085,671,536	111,162,050,294	121,906,217,863
5. Gross profit (20 = 10 -11)	20		34,607,493,648	40,388,784,218	111,706,564,120	132,210,394,12810
6. Financial income	21	VI.4	306,162,534	152,383,008	17,041,341,182	11,355,466,736
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.5	2,651,460,566	1,750,372,854	7,219,124,999	5,642,127,446
In which: borrowing interest expenses	23		2,651,460,566	1,750,372,854	7,219,124,999	5,642,127,446
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.6a	14,588,789,759	9,935,258,869	32,744,319,796	31,178,154,536
9. General & administration expenses	26	VI.6b	12,053,794,301	10,214,329,895	32,351,256,235	25,064,716,190
10. Operating profit $(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))$	30		5,619,611,556	18,641,205,608	56,433,204,272	81,680,862,692
11. Other income	31	VI.7	1,931,675,852	550,422	1,944,517,660	848,703,915
12. Other expenses	32	VI.8	342,041,540	1,991,954,902	1,907,519,319	5,445,980,872
13. Other profit (40 = 31 - 32)	40		1,589,634,312	(1,991,404,480)	36,998,341	(4,597,276,957)
14. Net accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40)	50		7,209,245,868	16,649,801,128	56,470,202,613	77,083,585,735
15. Corporate income tax - current	51	VI.10	1,507,279,702	3,684,578,189	8,569,411,041	14,250,524,053
16. Corporate income tax - deferred	52			-	-	
17. Net profit after corporate income tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60		5,701,966,166	12,965,222,939	47,900,791,572	62,833,061,682

PREPARER

Phan Thi Phung

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Diep Ton Kien

Can Tho, October 15, 2025

CÔNG TY CO PHÂN CO PHÂN THOÁT NƯỚC CÂN THƠ

Nguyen Tung Nguyen

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under direct method)

As at September 30, 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes _	Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of Quarter 3		
			Year 2025	Year 2024	
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
1. Cash from sale of goods, service supply and other revenues	01		259,504,986,008	289,276,780,190	
2. Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	02		(98,145,954,373)	(80,952,164,880)	
3. Cash paid to employees	03		(54,845,815,373)	(47,546,456,621)	
4. Payment for interest on loan	04		(7,403,712,669	(5,967,251,117)	
5. Corporate income tax paid	05		(7,922,000,000)	(16,200,000,000)	
6. Other receipts from operating activities	06		6,191,384,855	1,521,582,881	
7. Other payments for operating activities	07		(38,602,012,592)	(40,403,718,988)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		58,776,875,856	99,728,771,465	
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
1. Purchase of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(85,959,667,401)	(57,234,509,267)	
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		4	1-	
3. Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23		(21,000,000,000)	(22,000,000,000)	
 Collection of loans, proceeds from sales of debt instruments of other entities 	24		33,039,452,055	6,200,000,000	
5. Investments in other entities	25		(5,180,820,000)	-	
6. Proceeds from divestment in other entities	26		-	-	
7. Dividends and interest received	27		17,386,769,653	11,393,616,176	
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities	30		(61,714,265,693)	(61,640,893,091)	
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
1. Proceeds from issue of shares and capital contribution	31		_	-	
2. Payments for shares returns and repurchases	32			_	
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	VII.	172,291,252,584	112,031,852,876	
4. Repayments of borrowings	34	VII.	(107,840,265,912)	(111,235,317,441)	
5. Payments for finance lease liabilities	35		-	-	
6. Dividends paid	36		4	(2,011,060)	
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities	40		64,450,986,672	794,524,375	

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under direct method)

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes _	Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of Quarter 3		
(15, T. COTO, N. E. S.)	-1		Year 2025	Year 2024	
Net cash inflows/(outflows) $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		61,513,596,835	38,882,402,749	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60	V1	42,354,858,421	25,049,509,775	
Effect of foreign exchange differences	61	-	i e :		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year $(70 = 50+60+61)$	70	·	103,868,455,256	63,931,912,524	

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Pho October 15, 202

GENERAL DIRECTOR

Cổ PHÂN THOÁT NƯỚC

EU.TP. CAN

Phan Thi Phung

Diep Ton Kien

Nguyen Tung Nguyen

As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Structure of ownership:

Can Tho Water Supply and Sewerage Joint Stock Company (referred to as "the Company") is a business entity privatized from Can Tho Water Supply and Sewerage One Member Limited Liability Company under Decision No. 3602/QĐ-UBND, dated December 8, 2014, issued by the People's Committee of Can Tho City. The Company operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 1800155244, first issued on June 28, 2004, by the Department of Planning and Investment of Can Tho City. The 11th revision of the Business Registration Certificate, dated August 31, 2020, records the change of address from An Hoi Ward to Tan An Ward. A confirmation of changes in enterprise registration details dated May 22, 2017, reflects updates in the scope of business activities, including the production of potable water and the trading of potable water. The 13th amended Enterprise Registration Certificate dated August 6, 2025 regarding the change of business registration details.

2. Business sector

Production, Services, Commercial Trading, ...

3. The Company's principal activities

Production of Potable Water; Trading of Potable Water.

Landing leveling.

Septic Tank Pumping Services; Sewerage & Wastewater Treatment Services (sewer unclogging and wastewater treatment activities).

Supervision of Civil and Industrial Construction and Finishing; Supervision of Geotechnical Surveys; Supervision of Construction and Completion of Water Supply and Sewerage; Topographic Surveys; Structural Design of Civil and Industrial Works; Design of Water Supply and Sewerage Systems.

Construction of Water Supply and Sewerage; Residential Buildings; Non-residential Buildings; Hydraulic Structures; Other Civil Engineering

Production and Trading of Electricity from Solar Energy.

Trading of Materials and Equipment for the Water Supply and Sewerage Sector.

Manufacturing of Materials and Spare Parts for the Water Supply and Sewerage Sector.

Road Patching.

Pipe Repair and Maintenance.

Calibration of Water Meters from 15mm to 100mm.

Production; Wholesale; Retail of Bottled Purified Water.

Other Professional, Scientific, and Technological Activities Not Elsewhere Classified (excluding bill payment and exchange rate information; securities consulting).

4. Normal operating cycle

Normal operating cycle of the Company lasts 12 months of the normal fiscal year beginning from January 01 and ending on December 31.

- 5. Operations in the fiscal year affecting the financial statements: Not applicable.
- 6. Total employees to Sep. 30, 2025: 316 people. (Jan. 01, 2024: 311 people).

IG TY HÂN AT HUG

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

7. Enterprise Structure

7.1. List of subsidiaries

As at September 30, 2024, the Company has two (02) directly owned companies as follows:

Company's name	Principal activities	Percentage of shareholding	Percentage of owning	Percentage of voting right
Tra Noc - O Mon Water supply Joint Stock Company	Water Extraction, Treatment, and Supply; Installation of Water Supply and Sewerage Systems.	65.42%	65.42%	65.42%
Address: Lot 12A, Tra Noc 2 Inc	dustrial Park, Phuoc Thoi	Ward, Can Tho C	City, Vietnam.	
Thot Not Water supply Joint Stock Company	Water Extraction, Treatment, and Supply;	85.81%	85.81%	85.81%

7.2. List of affiliated unit having no legal status and dependent cost-accounting

As at September 30, 2025, the Company has seven (07) branches as follows:

Branches include:

WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE CONSTRUCTION ENTERPRISE - BRANCH OF CAN THO WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: No. 2A Nguyen Trai, Ninh Kieu Ward, Can Tho City.

CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY - BRANCH 1

Address: No. 55 Tran Van Hoai, Ninh Kieu Ward, Can Tho City.

CAN THO WATER PLANT 1 - BRANCH OF CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: No. 298, 30/4 Street, Ninh Kieu Ward, Can Tho City.

HUNG PHU WATER PLANT - BRANCH OF CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Thanh Hoa Area, Hung Phu Ward, Cai Rang District, Can Tho City.

CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY - HUNG PHU BRANCH

Address: No. 52A2, Bui Quang Trinh Street, Phu An Residential Area, Hung Phu Ward, Can Tho City.

CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY - AN BINH BRANCH

Address: No. 302-304-AB1 Xuan Thuy Street, Hong Phat Residential Area, An Binh Ward, Can Tho City.

CAN THO WATER SUPPLY - SEWERAGE JOINT STOCK COMPANY - BONG VANG BRANCH

Address: No. 17, Group 5, My Phuoc Hamlet, An Binh Ward, Can Tho City.

8. Disclosure on comparability of information in the Financial Statements

The selection of figures and information need to be presented in the financial statements has been implemented on the principle of comparability among corresponding accounting periods.

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND REPORTING CURRENCY

1. Accounting period

The accounting period is begun on January 01 and ended December 31 annually.

The interim fiscal year is begun on January 01 and ended June 30 annually.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

2. Reporting currency

Vietnam Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

III. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES

1. Applicable Accounting System

The company applies the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System as instructed in Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam dated December 22, 2014, and its amendments and supplements.

2. Disclosure of compliance with Accounting Standards and the Corporate Accounting System

We conducted our accounting, preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and other relevant statutory regulations. The financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the results of its operations as well as its cash flows.

The selection of figures and information presented in the notes to the financial statements is complied with the material principles in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No.21 - Presentation of the financial statements.

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Foreign exchange rate applicable in accounting

The Company has translated foreign currencies into Vietnam Dong at the actual rate.

Principles for determining the actual rate

All transactions denominated in foreign currencies which arise during the year (trading foreign currencies, capital contribution or receipt of contributed capital, recording receivables, purchasing assets or costs immediately paid by foreign currencies) are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

Closing balance of monetary items (cash, cash equivalents, payables and receivables, except for prepayments to suppliers, prepayments from customers, pre-paid expenses, deposits and uncarned revenue) denominated in foreign currencies are revaluated at the actual rate ruling at the balance sheet date.

Foreign exchange differences, which arise from foreign currency transactions during the year, shall be included in the income statement. Foreign exchange differences due to the revaluation of ending balances of the monetary items in foreign currencies after offsetting their positive differences against negative differences shall be included in the income statement.

2. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposit and cash in transit.

Cash equivalents comprise term deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, highly liquid, readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3. Principles for accounting financial investments

Financial investments in Subsidiary, Associates

Principles for recording financial investments in subsidiaries: Subsidiary is a company which the Company has over 50% of voting right and the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to obtain economic benefits from the subsidiary's operation. When the Company ceases to control the subsidiary, the investment in the subsidiary will be written down.

The investment in associate is recorded when the Company has 20% - 50% of voting right in those companies and has considerable influence over their decisions on financial policies.

Investments in Subsidiary, associates are initially stated at original cost and will not be adjusted thereafter for change in the investor's share of the investee's net assets. The original cost includes purchase price and costs attributable to the investment. In case the investment is by non-monetary assets, the investment fee should be recorded at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the date of occurrence.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

3. Principles for accounting financial investments (cont.)

Provision for loss of investments in subsidiaries, associates is made when the investee suffers from loss and thus the Company possibly loses its capital or the investments' value is devalued. Basis for making provision for loss of investments is financial statements of the investee.

Equity investments in other entities

Equity investment in other entities represents the Company's investment in other entities' equity instruments. However, the Company does not hold any control or joint control right and exercise sgnificant influences over the investees either.

The investments are stated at original cost including purchase price and costs directly attributable to the investment. In case of non-monetary assets investment, the investment fee should be recorded at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the date of occurrence.

Regarding the investments the Company holds in a long time (not trading securities) and no significant influences are exercised on the investees, provision for loss will be made as follows:

+ If it is impossible to determine the investments' book value at the reporting date, the provision will be made on the basis the loss that investee suffers. Basis for making provision for loss of investments is the investee's financial statements.

Dividends being distributed by shares

In case of dividends are distributed by shares, the investor only observes the quantity of shares according to the notes to the financial statements, not record increase the investment value and revenue from financing activities.

Dividends, profit shared by monetary or non-monetary assets for pre-investment are not recorded to the financial income, but recorded a decrease in the value of investment.

Dividends, profit shared by monetary or non-monetary assets for post-investment are recorded to the financial income at the fair value on the receiving date.

4. Principles for recording trade receivables and other receivables

Receivables: At original cost less provision for doubtful debts.

The classifying of the receivables as trade receivables, inter-company receivables and other receivables depends on the nature of the transaction or relationship between the company and debtor.

Method of making provision for doubtful debts: Provision for doubtful debts is estimated for the loss value of the receivables, other held-to-maturity investments similar to doubtful debts that are overdue and undue, but are likely to become possibly irrecoverable due to insolvency of debtors who go bankruptcy, making procedures for dissolution, go missing or run away, ...

5. Principles for recording inventories

Inventories are stated at original cost less (-) the provisions for the decline in value of inventories and obsolete, deteriorated inventories.

Original costs are determined as follows:

- The original cost of raw materials, merchandises inventory consists of costs of purchase, costs of transportation and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Work in progress: costs of raw materials, labor and other directly costs for producing inventories incurred in the duration of processing water,...

Method of calculating inventories' value: weighted average method.

Method of accounting for the inventories: Perpetual method.

Method of making provision for decline in value of inventories: Provision for decline in value of inventories is made when the net realisable value of inventories is lower than their original cost. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Provision for decline in value of inventories is the difference between the cost of inventories greater than their net realisable value. Provision for decline in value of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net realisable value.

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As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

6. Principles for recording fixed assets

6.1 Principles for recording tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises all expenditures of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. The expenditures incurred after initial recognition are capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets when they have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of those tangible fixed assets. The expenditures which do not meet the above conditions are charged to the expenses in the year.

When the assets are sold or disposed, their original costs and the accumulated depreciation which have been written off and any gain or loss from disposal of assets are recorded in the income statement.

Determination of original costs of tangible fixed assets:

Tangible fixed assets purchased

The original cost of purchased tangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price less (-) trade discounts or reduction plus (+) taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed assets are put into operation such as fees for installation and trial operation of fixed assets; specialists and other direct costs.

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset formed from capital construction under the mode of tendering shall be the finalisation price of the construction project, other relevant fees plus (+) registration fee (if any).

Fixed assets which are buildings, structures attached to land use right, the value of land use right is computed separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

Tangible fixed assets constructed or produced by the Company itself:

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset which is constructed or produced by the Company itself shall include the actual production cost of the fixed asset plus (+) expenses for installation and trial operation. In case where the Company transfers its self-produced products to fixed assets, the original costs will be the production costs plus (+) other relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed asset is put into operation. In such case, all internal gains will not be recorded in the original costs of those fixed assets.

6.2 Principles for recording intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The original cost of a intangible fixed asset comprises all costs of owning the asset to the date it is put into operation as expected.

Principles for recording intangible fixed assets:

Purchase of separate intangible fixed assets

The original cost of purchased intangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price payable less (-) trade discounts or reduction plus (+) taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed assets are put into operation. The land use rights which are purchased together with buildings, structures will be determined separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

Land use right

The original cost of an intangible fixed asset which is the land use right shall be the payment made to obtain the lawful land use right plus (+) compensatory payments for clearance of site, expenses for levelling the ground, registration fee...

Computer software

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

6.3 Method of depreciating and amortizing fixed assets

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

The estimated useful life for assets is as follows:

Buildings and structures	06 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	06 - 15 years
Transportation and facilities	06 - 30 years
Office equipment	03 - 10 years
Intangible fixed assets	03 - 10 years

Land use rights which are granted for an indefinite term are carried at cost and not amortised.

7. Principles for recording construction in progress:

Construction in progress is stated at original cost. These are all necessary costs for purchasing fixed assets, building or repairing, improving, extending or equipping of the works such as Expenses of construction of D400 pipeline, D600 water transmission pipeline,...

These costs are capitalised as an additional cost of asset when the works have been completed. After the works have been finalized, the asset will be handed over and put into use.

8. Principles for recording prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are all expenses that actually incurred but relate to the operating result of several accounting periods. The Company's prepaid expenses include: Costs of land compensation (calculated based on the actual area used), resettlement costs, land transfer fees, land lease costs for An Binh, brand value, and other related expenses, ...

Method of allocating prepaid expenses: The determining and allocating of prepaid expenses into costs of production and doing business of each period is on a straight-line basis. Based on the nature and level of each expense, the term of allocation is defined as follows: short-term prepaid expenses should be allocated within 12 months; Long-term expenses should be allocated in the term from over 12 months to 36 months. The remaining value of assets that do not meet the standards for the original value of fixed assets as stipulated in Article 3 of Circular 45 will be allocated over no more than 3 years.

9. Principles for recording liabilities

Liabilities are recorded at original cost and not lower than the payment obligation.

Liabilities shall be classified into trade payables, inter-company payables and other payables depending on the nature of transactions and relationship between the Company and debtors.

Liabilities must be kept records in detail according to payment schedule, creditor \and other factors according to requirements of the enterprise.

At the reporting date, if it is evident that there is an unavoidable loss, an amount payable shall be recorded according to prudent principle.

10. Principles for recording borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings are total amounts the Company owes to banks, institutions, financial companies and other objects (excluding borrowings under the form of bond or preferred stock issuance which require the issuer to repurchase at a certain time in the future).

Financial lease liabilities are recorded as total payable amount calculated by present value of minimum lease payment amounts or fair value of leased assets.

Borrowings and financial lease liabilities are monitored in detail according to creditor, agreement and borrowed asset.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

11. Principles for recording and capitalizing borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs: Borrowing costs are loan interest and other costs incurred in direct relation to borrowings of an enterprise; Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred, except where the borrowing costs related to borrowings in respect of the construction or production of uncompleted assets, in which case the borrowing costs incurred during the period of construction are computed in those assets' value (capitalised) as part of the cost of the assets concerned when they satisfy conditions stipulated in the VAS No. 16 "Borrowing costs".

Capitalized rate: In case of joint capital borrowings, which are used for the purpose of investment in construction or production of an uncompleted asset, the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization in each accounting period shall be determined according to the capitalization rate for weighted average accumulated costs incurred to the investment in construction or production of such asset. The capitalization rate shall be calculated according to the weighted average interest rate applicable to the enterprises borrowings unrepaid in the period, except for particular borrowings for purpose of obtaining an uncompleted asset. The amount of borrowing costs capitalized during a period must not exceed the amount of borrowing costs arising during that period.

12. Principles for recording accruals

Accrued expenses include provision for construction material costs, provision for inspection costs, replacement of subscriber meters and filtration sand, and uniform expenses,... which have been arised in the reporting period, but have not been settled. These costs are recognised on the basis of reasonable estimates on the amounts to be paid in accordance with contracts, agreements.....

13. Principle for the Science and Technology Development Fund.

The company allocates and uses the Science and Technology Development Fund in accordance with the provisions of Joint Circular No. 12/2016/TTLT-BKHCN-BTC dated June 28, 2016, by the Ministry of Science and Technology and the Ministry of Finance, and Circular No. 05/2022/TT-BKHCN dated May 31, 2022, by the Ministry of Science and Technology. The allocation rate ranges from 3% to 10% of the taxable income of the company for the tax period.

14. Principles for recording owner's Equity

Principles for recording owner's Equity

The owners' equity is the amount that is initially contributed or supplemented by shareholders. The owners' equity will be recorded at the actual contributed capital by cash or assets calculated according to the par value of issued shares in the early establishment period or additional mobilization to expand operation.

Share premium

Share premium is the difference between the cost over and above the nominal value of the first issued or additionally issued share and the differences (increase or decrease) of the actual receiving amount against the repurchase price when treasury share is reissued. In case where shares are repurchased to cancel immediately at the purchase date, shares' value recorded decrease the business capital source at purchase date is the actual repurchase price and the business resource should be written down according to the par value and share premium of the repurchased shares.

Retained earnings

The retained earnings is recorded at the profit (loss) from the Company's result of operation after deducting the current year corporate income tax and the adjusted items due to the retroactive application of changes in accounting policy and adjustments for material misstatement of the previous year.

The retained earnings is based on the charter of the Company and approved by the annual shareholder meeting.

15. Principles and methods for recording revenues and other income

Revenue from goods sold

Revenue from the sale of good should be recognised when all the five (5) following conditions have been satisfied:1) The enterprise has transferred to buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods; 2) The enterprise retains neither continuing managerial involvement as an owner nor effective control over the goods sold; 3) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably; When the contract specifies that buyers are entitled to return products, goods they have bought under specific conditions, the enterprise will record the revenue only when those conditions no longer exist and the buyers do not have right to return products, goods (except for changing to other goods, services) 4) The economic benefits associated with the transaction has flown or will flow to the enterprise; 5) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

15. Principles and methods for recording revenues and other income (cont.)

Revenue from service rendered

Revenue from services rendered is recorded when the result of the supply of services is determined reliably. In case where the services are rendered in several periods, the revenue will recorded by the part of completed works at the balance sheet. Revenue from services rendered is determined when the following four conditions have been satisfied:

- 1. The revenue is determined firmly; When the contract specifies that buyers are entitled to return the service they have bought under specific conditions, the enterprise will record the revenue only when those conditions no longer exist and the buyers do not have right to return service;
- 2. The economic benefits associated with the transaction has flown or will flow from the supply of the provided service;
- 3. Part of completed works can be determined at the balance sheet date;
- 4. The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

If the contract's results can not be determined firmly, the revenue will be recorded at the recoverable level of expenses recorded.

Principles for recording revenues of a construction contract

Revenues of a construction contract include: Initial revenue inscribed in the contract; and increase and decrease amounts in the contract performance, bonuses and other payments, provided that these amounts are capable of changing the revenue and can be reliably determined. Revenue of a construction contract is determined as the reasonable value of received or to be received amounts. The determination of the contractual revenue is affected by many uncertain factors which depend on future events. The estimation must often be corrected upon the occurrence of such events and the settlement of uncertain factors. As a result, the contractual revenue may be increased or decreased in each specific period.

Construction contract revenues and costs are recognized in the following cases:

1. In case the construction contract defines that the contractor shall be entitled to payment basing on the progress: when achieving results of construction contract are estimated reliably, then turnover from the construction contract is recorded proportionally to part of works finished, determined by contractors on the date of financial statements without depending on bills under the progress made or not and the amount on the bills.

For fixed price construction contracts, the contract results shall be reliably estimated when the following four (4) conditions are simultaneously met: 1. Total contract revenue can be reliably calculated; 2. Enterprises can get economic benefits from the contract; 3. Costs for completing the contract and the work already completed at the time of compiling financial statements can be reliably calculated; 4. Costs related to the contract can be clearly identified and reliably calculated so that actual total contract cost can be compared with the total cost estimates.

For cost plus construction contracts, the contractual results shall be reliably estimated when the following two conditions are simultaneously met: 1. Enterprises can get economic benefits from the contract; 2. Costs related to the contract can be clearly identified and reliably estimated regardless of whether they are reimbursed or not.

Financial income

Financial incomes include interests, distributed dividend and foreign exchange gains,...

Income arising from interests, distributed dividends and profits of the enterprises shall be recognized if they simultaneously satisfy the two (2) conditions below

- 1. It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the concerned transactions;
- 2. Income is determined with relative certainty.
- Interests recognized on the basis of the actual time and interest rates in each period;
- Distributed dividends and profits shall be recognized when shareholders are entitled to receive dividends or the capitalcontributing parties are entitled to receive profits from the capital contribution.

When an amount which has been recorded as an income becomes irrecoverable, such irrecoverable or uncertainly recoverable amount must be accounted as expense incurred in the period, but not recorded as income decrease.

As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

16. Principles and method of recording cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold is the cost of products, goods, services sold in the period; and other expenses recorded in the cost of goods sold or recorded a decrease in the cost of goods sold in reporting period. The cost of goods sold is recorded at the date the transaction incurs or likely to incur in the future regardless payment has been made or not. The cost of goods sold and revenue shall be recorded simultaneously on conformity principle. Expenses exceeding normal consumption level are recorded immediately to the cost of goods sold on prudent principle.

17. Principles and method of recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include borrowing cost, ...

Financial expenses are recorded in details by their content and determined reliably when there are sufficient evidences on these expenses.

18. Principles and methods of recording taxes

Corporate income tax includes current corporate income tax incurred in the year and set basis for determining operating result after tax in current fiscal year.

Current tax: is the tax payable on the taxable income and tax rate enacted in current year in accordance with the law on corporate income tax.

Deferred income tax liabilities are the amounts of income tax payable in the future periods arising from the recording of the deferred income tax payable in the year and reversing the deferred income tax being recorded from prior years. The Company does not record in this account the deferred income tax assets or deferred income tax liabilities arising from the transactions being recorded directly in the owners' equity.

Deferred income tax asset is the reduction of deferred tax payable arising from the recording of the deferred income tax payable in the year and reversing the deferred income tax being recorded from prior years.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset when the Company has the legal right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are relevant to corporate income tax which is under the management of one tax authority of the same subject to corporate income tax and the Company has intention to pay current income tax liabilities and current income tax assets on a net basis.

The tax amounts payable to the State budget will be finalized with the tax office. Differences between the tax amounts payable specified in the book and the tax amounts under finalization will be adjusted when the tax finalization has been issued by the tax office.

The current corporate income tax rate of other non-preferential business activities is 20%.

19. Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009 (Circular No. 210), financial assets are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial assets which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides to classify these assets at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial assets are recognized at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash, short-term deposits, trade accounts receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities

According to Circular 210, financial liabilities are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial liabilities which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, financial liabilities determined on amortised cost basis. The Company decides to classify these liabilities at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial liabilities are recognized at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, other payables, accrued expenses, borrowings and liabilities.

Re-measurements after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the re-measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

19. Financial instruments (cont.)

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the report on financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the financial assets against financial liabilities or vice-versa and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

20. Related parties

Related parties include: Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including the Board of Management, Board of Directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

21. Principles for presenting assets, revenue and operating results by segment

A reportable segment includes business segment or a geographical segment.

A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Cash	77,518,073,199	13,540,492,149
Cash on hand	347,581,000	376,913,000
Demand deposits	77,170,492,199	13,163,579,149
Cash equivalents	26,350,382,057	28,814,366,272
Deposit with the term of 3 months (or less)	26,350,382,057	28,814,366,272
Total	103,868,455,256	42,354,858,421

2. Financial investments: See page 31-32.

3.

Total

Trade receivables	Sep. 30,	2025	Jan. 01, 2	2025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	6,369,217,307	(836,300,218)	8,335,345,217	(805,124,068)
Technology development of				
Construction JSC	320,534,195	(320,534,195)	320,534,195	(320,534,195)
Thu Duc City Technical				
Infrastructure Development Center	247,630,000	-	1,058,086,000	+
Nam Quoc JSC			2,104,692,000	-
Water bill receivables	5,009,222,067		3,190,750,752	-
Others	791,831,045	(515,766,023)	1,661,282,270	(484,589,873)
Total (a + b)	6,369,217,307	(836,300,218)	8,335,345,217	(805,124,068)
c. Receivables from related parti	es			
Tra Noc - O Mon Water Supply JSC	-	-:	9,460,800	1

U-TP.

9,460,800

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

4. Prepayments to suppliers	Sep. 30,	2025	Jan. 01, 2	2025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	3,676,620,584	(98,100,170)	5,319,432,615	(98,100,170)
Nam Quoc JSC	1,905,548,792	-	221,958,954	-
SAMCO Corporation	,	-	3,867,900,000	
Others	1,771,071,792	(98,100,170)	1,229,573,661	(98,100,170)
Total	3,676,620,584	(98,100,170)	5,319,432,615	(98,100,170)
5. Other receivables	Sep. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	512,004,730	-	1,010,233,652	-
Advances	407,671,561	-	555,017,534	
Others	104,333,169		455,216,118	-
5. Other receivables	Sep. 30,	2025	Jany 01;	2025
	Value	Provision	Value 🕴 \	Provision
b. Long-term	165,071,565	(165,071,565)	165,071,5650c	* (77,166,664)
Others	165,071,565	(165,071,565)	165,071,565	(77,166,664)
Total (a + b)	677,076,295	(165,071,565)	1,175,305,217	(77,166,664)
6. Doubtful debts: See page 33			"	

6. Doubtful debts: See page 3.

7. Inventories	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025

	T 1775 F. 17 LOS		
Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
30,220,360,597	+	33,619,478,376	
21,157,516,599	(648,829,288)	9,601,470,772	(648,829,288)
51,377,877,196	(648,829,288)	43,220,949,148	(648,829,288)
	30,220,360,597 21,157,516,599	30,220,360,597 - 21,157,516,599 (648,829,288)	30,220,360,597 - 33,619,478,376 21,157,516,599 (648,829,288) 9,601,470,772

- Book value of inventory used for mortgage or pledge of loan debts: Not applicable.
- Reason for provision: Inventory that is old, obsolete, and no longer in use.
- 8. Tangible fixed assets: See page 34.

9. Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights M	anagerial software	Total
Original cost	*		
Opening balance	365,665,809	1,226,850,000	1,592,515,809
New purchases		-	
Closing balance	365,665,809	1,226,850,000	1,592,515,809
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance		1,226,850,000	1,226,850,000
Charge for the period		-	-
Closing balance		1,226,850,000	1,226,850,000
Net book value			
Opening balance	365,665,809	4	365,665,809
Closing balance	365,665,809	-	365,665,809

- * Ending carrying value of intangible fixed assets pledged/mortgaged as borrowing security: VND 0.
- * Ending original costs of intangible fixed assets-fully depreciated but still in use: VND 1,226,850,000.
- * Ending original costs of intangible fixed assets-waiting to be disposed: Not applicable.
- * Commitments on intangible fixed assets acquisitions, sales of large value in the future: Not applicable.
- * Other changes in intangible fixed assets: Not applicable.

As at September 30, 2025

10. Non-current assets	Sep. 30,	2025	Jan. 01, 2	2025
in progress	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a Construction in progress	45,289,648,433		25,149,359,805	-
- Basic construction	45,019,648,433	Α.	24,407,717,205	H
+ Network infrastructure				
projects	35,692,076,953	+	15,926,835,226	+
+ Construction projects	9,327,571,480	4	8,480,881,979	-
- Major repairs of fixed assets	270,000,000		741,642,600	+
Total	45,289,648,433		25,149,359,805	-
11. Prepaid expenses			Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Short-term prepaid expenses TB36/24-02 TLK D400 river wa	ater & clean water clus	ter 3,4 NMNCT1	2,990,713,960	1,909,580,446 337,093,334
DN100 and DN150 meters supply	lied for 4CNCN under	code SCTX22/25	2,242,190,740	-
Booster pump pit for D400 trans	mission pipeline - Qua	ang Trung		474,256,816
Installation of solar energy syste	m at Hung Phu water p	olant	448,937,500	
Others			299,585,720	1,098,230,296
Long-term prepaid expenses			10,219,037,196	13,913,966,142
4s Cello data logger set (90 sets)			293,333,333	633,333,336
	The payment to the State for the addition of land area previously used for rice cultivation that was lost or to increase the efficiency of land use for rice cultivation at Hung Phy Irrigation System.			
Data logger 4S+6S as the propos			1,732,791,670	2,846,729,167
Others			6,935,378,133	8,741,069,333
Total		1	13,209,751,156	15,823,546,588
12. Trade payables	Sep. 30,	2025	Jan. 01,	2025
	Value	Amount to be able to pay	Value	Amount to be able to pay
a. Short-term	6,802,982,864	6,802,982,864	11,654,112,735	11,654,112,735
Minh Nghi Trading and Services LLC	-		3,465,217,940	3,465,217,940
Bach Viet Technology JSC	1,046,704,860	1,046,704,860	3,267,550,000	3,267,550,000
Owa Viet Nam Installment JSC	2,044,192,920	2,044,192,920	+	÷
Hung Anh Construct Service Business JSC	1,688,440,637	1,688,440,637		
Others	2,023,644,447	2,023,644,447	4,921,344,795	4,921,344,795
Total	6,802,982,864	6,802,982,864	11,654,112,735	11,654,112,735
13. Advances from customers a. Short-term			Sep. 30, 2025 2,680,412,639	Jan. 01, 2025 396,962,714
Urban Management Department	, Ninh Kieu District (fe	ormer)	2,218,253,365	10.1
Others		_	462,159,274 2,680,412,639	396,962,714 396,962,714
Total	Total			

As at September 30, 2025

14. Taxes and pay	yables to the	Jan. 01, 2025	Payable amount	Paid amount	Sep. 30, 2025
VAT	-	- 14	11,560,951,123	11,560,951,123	- 4
Corporate in	come tax	427,826,022	8,569,411,041	7,922,000,000	1,075,237,063
Personal inc		240,177,440	1,773,069,422	1,975,497,899	37,748,963
Resource tax		104,698,640	946,498,920	945,454,520	105,743,040
Business lice	ense tax	2	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
Environment for domestic	tal protection fee wastewater	1,951,960,680	20,210,256,209	20,045,191,685	2,117,025,204
Forest environment protection fe		345,929,844	1,049,280,024	1,045,103,644	350,106,224
Total	3	3,070,592,626	44,259,229,146	43,643,961,278	3,685,860,494
b. Receivable	s				
VAT	_	7,626,075			7,626,075
Total		7,626,075	<u>-</u>	-	7,626,075
15. Accrued expe a. Short-term				Sep. 30, 2025 1,065,905,894	Jan. 01, 2025 1,988,515,816
Electricity ex	xpenses			512,199,212	506,214,968
Provision for	other expenses			553,706,682	1,482,300,848
Total				1,065,905,894	1,988,515,816
16. Other payabl	es		_	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
a. Short-term				43,652,937,901	858,950,041
	insurances and unio			64,138,000	62,842,000
	environmental prote				
	n June,2020 and ear	lier)		412,823,927	412,823,927
Dividend pay	yable cating the domestic v	vater cupply system		39,216,122,200	18,082,200
(compensabl		vater suppry system		3,463,075,800	-
Other payabl	les			496,777,974	365,201,914
b. Long-term				441,866,383	441,866,383
Deposits				123,300,000	123,300,000
Other payabl	les			318,566,383	318,566,383
Total (a + b				44,094,804,284	1,300,816,424
17. Borrowings a		San 2	0, 2025	Jan. 01,	
lease liabilitie	_	Бер. 50	Amount to be able	Jan. UI,	Amount to be able
	_	Value	to pay	Value	to pay
financial lease		61,677,876,244	61,677,876,244	47,975,130,161	47,975,130,161
(1) Vietcombani Branch	k - Can Tho	28,304,558,347	28,304,558,347	25,679,011,193	25,679,011,193
(2) Vietinbank -	Can Tho Branch	33,373,317,897	33,373,317,897	22,296,118,968	22,296,118,968
	borrowings and e liabilities due t	28,665,748,546	28,665,748,546	21,616,732,000	21,616,732,000
(3) Vietcombani Branch	k - Can Tho	17,475,200,930	17,475,200,930	13,388,732,000	13,388,732,000
(4) BIDV - Can	Tho Branch	8,228,000,000	8,228,000,000	8,228,000,000	8,228,000,000
(5) Vietinbank -	Can Tho Branch	2,962,547,616	2,962,547,616		



As at September 30, 2025

	wings and financial	Sep. 3	30, 2025	Jan. 01	1, 2025
	abilities (cont.)	Value	Amount to be able to pay	Value	Amount to be able to pay
	g-term borrowings and ial lease liabilities	129,751,172,331	129,751,172,331	86,051,948,288	86,051,948,288
Bank		129,751,172,331	129,751,172,331	86,051,948,288	86,051,948,288
) Vieto Brane	ombank - Can Tho ch	90,145,320,659	90,145,320,659	68,365,618,589	68,365,618,589
) BIDV	- Can Tho Branch	24,037,421,113	24,037,421,113	17,686,329,699	17,686,329,69
) Vietin	nbank - Can Tho Branch	15,568,430,559	15,568,430,559		+
Total		220,094,797,121	220,094,797,121	155,643,810,449	155,643,810,44
Notes o	on borrowings from bank	S			
	Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	Form of security
) Short-to	erm borrowings from Vieto	combank - Can Tho I	Branch are in accordance	with the following con	ntracts
	58/DN/HM/2023	Jan. 24, 2025 12 months	Fluctuations over time	28,304,558,347	Buildings, structure machinery and equipment
) Short-to	erm borrowings from Vieti 032/2024-	nbank - Can Tho Bro Apr. 26, 2024			
1	HDCVHM/NHCT820	12 months	Fluctuations over time	33,373,317,897	Unsecured borrowing
) Mediun	n and long-term borrowing	s from Vietcombank	- Can Tho Branch are in	accordance with the f	following contracts:
	Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	Form of security
	05/2018-VCBCT	Feb. 09, 2018 180 months	9.00%	3,640,000,000	
	86/DN/TL/2018	Aug. 24, 2018 Feb. 12, 2033	9.00%	4,033,000,000	Future assets
-	97/DN/TDH/2019	Jun. 18, 2019 Mar. 12, 2033	9.00%	689,500,000	
	76/DN/TDH/2018	Aug. 16, 2018 120 months	9.00%	1,042,500,000	
	136/DN/TDH/2018	Oct. 29, 2018 120 months	9.00%	1,097,429,875	Transportation and
					facilities
	134/DN/TDH/2018	Oct. 25, 2018 120 months	9.00%	1,247,000,000	facilities
,	134/DN/TDH/2018 171/DN/TDH/2018		9.00% 9.00%	1,247,000,000 1,824,785,545	facilities
-		120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019 120 months			facilities
-	171/DN/TDH/2018	120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019	9.00%	1,824,785,545	
-	171/DN/TDH/2018 186/DN/TDH/2019	120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019 120 months Aug. 27, 2019	9.00% 7.50%	1,824,785,545 846,682,000	facilities Future assets
-	171/DN/TDH/2018 186/DN/TDH/2019 146/DN/TDH/2019	120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019 120 months Aug. 27, 2019 120 months Sep. 16, 2019	9.00% 7.50% 8.80%	1,824,785,545 846,682,000 1,759,853,284	
	171/DN/TDH/2018 186/DN/TDH/2019 146/DN/TDH/2019 167/DN/TDH/2019	120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019 120 months Aug. 27, 2019 120 months Sep. 16, 2019 120 months Dec. 24, 2019	9.00% 7.50% 8.80% 8.80%	1,824,785,545 846,682,000 1,759,853,284 1,672,816,562	
_	171/DN/TDH/2018 186/DN/TDH/2019 146/DN/TDH/2019 167/DN/TDH/2019 218/DN/TDH/2019	120 months Dec. 25, 2018 120 months Jan., 2019 120 months Aug. 27, 2019 120 months Sep. 16, 2019 120 months Dec. 24, 2019 120 months Jan. 22, 2020	9.00% 7.50% 8.80% 8.80%	1,824,785,545 846,682,000 1,759,853,284 1,672,816,562 1,970,129,044	

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

17. Borrowings and financial lease liabilities (cont.)

(3) Medium and long-term borrowings from Vietcombank - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following contracts:

Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	From of security
103/DN/TDH/2020	Oct. 20, 2020 120 months	7.80%	551,078,220	
92/DN/TDH/2020	Sep. 09, 2020 120 months	7.20%	1,847,098,191	Transportation and facilities
117/DN/TDH/2020	Nov. 25, 2020 120 months	7.00%	539,215,483	
122/DN/TDH/2020	Dec. 11, 2020 120 months	6.80%	678,954,522	Transportation and
130/DN/TDH/2020	Dec. 24, 2020 120 months	6.80%	176,329,841	facilities
133/DN/TDH/2020	Dec. 30, 2020 120 months	6.80%	306,075,000	Transportation and
134/DN/TDH/2020	Dec. 31, 2020 120 months	6.80%	277,292,000	facilities
09/DN/TDH/2021	Jan. 27, 2021 120 months	6.80%	1,058,499,500	
13/DN/TDH/2021	Jan. 29, 2021 120 months	6.80%	1,552,292,873	Transportation and facilities
15/DN/TDH/2021	Feb. 03, 2021 120 months	6.80%	1,529,018,000	
32/DN/TDH/2021	Apr. 02, 2021 120 months	6.70%	227,600,000	
44/DN/TDH/2021	Apr. 28, 2021 120 months	6.70%	747,594,050	Transportation and facilities
92/DN/TDH/2021	Oct. 14, 2021 120 months	6.70%	1,024,360,000	(Herrina A.
107/DN/TDH/2021	Oct. 27, 2021 72 months	6.70%	881,500,000	
111/DN/TDH/2021	Nov. 04, 2021 120 months	6.70%	2,301,846,453	Transportation and facilities
112/DN/TDH/2021	Nov. 09, 2021 120 months	6.70%	605,000,000	
114/DN/TDH/2021	Nov. 17, 2021 120 months	6.70%	1,915,200,000	
115/DN/TDH/2021	Nov. 24, 2021 120 months	6.70%	334,000,000	Transportation and facilities
116/DN/TDH/2021	Dec. 07, 2021 120 months	6.70%	449,224,698	
125/DN/TDH/2021	Dec. 23, 2021 60 months	6.70%	667,770,620	Transportation
128/DN/TDH/2021	Dec. 28, 2021 96 months	6.70%	534,945,000	Transportation and facilities
129/DN/TDH/2021	Dec. 28, 2021 120 months	6.70%	1,069,752,000	Future assets
114/DN/TDH/2021	Apr. 28, 2022 120 months	7.50%	884,000,000	Transportation and facilities
61/DN/TDH/2022	Jun. 01, 2022 120 months	7.90%	481,000,000	Future machinery and
62/DN/TDH/2022	Jun. 01, 2022 120 months	7.90%	1,426,472,700	equipment

As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

17. Borrowings and financial lease liabilities (cont.)

(3) Medium and long-term borrowings from Vietcombank - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following contracts:

Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	From of security
85/DN/TDH/2022	Aug. 11, 2022 120 months	8.00%	501,000,000	
86/DN/TDH/2022	Aug. 04, 2022 120 months	8.00%	374,000,000	Facilities
87/DN/TDH/2022	Aug. 11, 2022 120 months	8.00%	196,635,000	
88/DN/TDH/2022	Aug. 11, 2022 120 months	8.00%	286,800,000	Facilities
89/DN/TDH/2022	Aug. 11, 2022 120 months	8.00%	270,160,000	
133/DN/TDH/2022	Dec. 06, 2022 120 months	10.70%	770,220,000	Facilities
134/DN/TDH/2022	Dec. 08, 2022 120 months	10.70%	3,684,480,000	
135/DN/TDH/2022	Dec. 14, 2022 120 months	10.70%	692,920,000	
136/DN/TDH/2022	Dec. 08, 2022 120 months	10.70%	596,648,000	Facilities
29/DN/TDH/2023	Apr. 06, 2023 120 months	10.20%	676,675,000	
135/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	654,975,000	
136/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	1,783,471,000	Facilities
137/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	2,795,100,000	
138/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	2,782,075,000	
139/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	3,673,197,000	Facilities
140/DN/TL/2023	Nov. 29, 2023 120 months	7.70%	5,200,140,000	
49/DN/TL/2024	Jun. 17, 2024	7.10%	1,986,000,000 I	Future machinery an equipment
60/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	7.10%	3,055,856,000	• • •
61/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	6.60%	618,322,000	Facilities
62/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	6.60%	592,978,000	
63/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	6.60%	966,346,000	
64/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	6.60%	828,656,000	Facilities
65/DN/TDH/2025	Jun. 23, 2025 120 months	6.60%	2,445,904,000	



As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

17. Borrowings and financial lease liabilities (cont.)

(3) Medium and long-term borrowings from Vietcombank - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following contracts:

From of security
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(4) Medium and long-term borrowings from BIDV - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following controls:

Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	From of security
143/DN/TL/2025	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	6,800,000,000	
144/DN/TL/2025	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	615,000,000	Facilities
145/DN/TL/2025	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	449,000,000	
146/DN/TL/2025	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	599,000,000	F1041
147/DN/TL/2025	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	2,892,000,000	Facilities
001/2022/447218/HDTD	Aug. 16, 2022 84 months	6.83%	405,482,607	Facilities
002/2022/447218/HDTD	Oct. 10, 2022 84 months	7.00%	743,599,151	racilities

(4) Medium and long-term borrowings from BIDV - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following contracts:

Contract	Date Term	Interest rate (%/year)	Balance	From of security	
001/2023/447218/HDTD	Jun. 02, 2023 84 months	7.20%	2,674,700,000	Future machinery and	
002/2023/447218/HDTD	Jun. 26, 2023 84 months	7.70%	1,711,050,000	equipment	
003/2023/447218/HDTD	Aug. 11, 2023 84 months	7.20%	2,185,840,000	Future machinery and equipment	
004/2023/447218/HDTD	Sep. 15, 2023 84 months	7.20%	926,683,537	Facilities	
001/2024/447218/HDTD	Feb. 28, 2024 72 months	7.60%	4,168,551,936	Bong Vang Wastewater Treatment Water Plant	
11/2024/447218/HDTD	Nov. 06, 2024 84 months	8.00%	10,380,300,633	Facilities	
09/2025/447218/HDTD	Sep. 30, 2025	6.50%	9,069,213,249		

Term

Jul. 24, 2025

From of security

MDC center

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

17. Borrowings and financial lease liabilities (cont.)

Contract

01/2025-

HDCVDADT/NHCT820-CTN 02/2025-

(5) Medium and long-term borrowings from Vietinbank - Can Tho Branch are in accordance with the following contracts: Date

Interest rate (%/year)

6.7%

Balance

6,416,666,666

02/2025- HDCVDADT/NHCT820-CTN	1.1 21 2025		8,157,047,620	Transportation
03/2025- HDCVDADT/NHCT820-CTN	Aug 22 2025	6.7%	3,094,416,667	Maddanas
04/2025- HDCVDADT/NHCT820-CTN	A 21 2025	6.7%	862,847,222	Machinery and equipment
18. Provision liability			Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
a. Short-term			5,775,080,052	8,459,812,104
Salaries provision			5,775,080,052	8,459,812,104
b. Long-term			-4	_
Long-term provision				+
Total (a + b)			5,775,080,052	8,459,812,104
19. Owners' equity				
a. Comparison schedule for c	hanges in Owner's E	quity: See page 35.		
b. Details of owners' shareho	lding	% of shareholding	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
+ State-owned capital		51.00%	142,800,000,000	142,800,000,000
+ Binh Duong Water and Envir Joint Stock Company	ronment Corporation -	24.64%	69,000,000,000	69,000,000,000
+ Thu Dau Mot Water Joint Sto	ock Company	22.96%	64,299,000,000	64,299,000,000
+ Others	(minority)	1.40%	3,901,000,000	68,200,000,000
Total	(100.00%	280,000,000,000	280,000,000,000
* Number of treasury shares: 1	,400 shares	_		
* The value of bonds converted	l into shares during th	e period: No occurrence.		
c. Capital transactions with o	wners and distributi	on of dividends, profits		Quarter 3
Owners' equity				280,000,000,000
At the beginning of the period	d			280,000,000,000
At the end of the period				280,000,000,000
Dividends distributed				18,479,076,000
d. Shares			Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Number of shares registered to	be issued		28,000,000	28,000,000
Number of shares issued shares	3		28,000,000	28,000,000
Ordinary share			28,000,000	28,000,000
Number of shares repurchased			1,400	1,400
Ordinary share			1,400	1,400
Number of existing shares in is	sue		27,998,600	27,998,600
Ordinary share			27,998,600	27,998,600
Par value: VND/share.		_	10,000	10,000
e. Funds			Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Investment and development fu	ind	_	77,262,434,041	58,471,940,586
Total		_	77,262,434,041	58,471,940,586
* Purpose of appropriating and	l using funds			

Investment and development fund is established from the profit after tax of the enterprise and used for expanding the



operating scale or investing further in the enterprise.

As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE INCOME S 1. Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	STATEMENT Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
	Quarter 3/2023	Quarter 3/2024
a. Revenue		
Revenue from water production and sewerage	70,033,421,573	75,342,810,898
Revenue from installation, transfer of materials,	2,274,692,112	2,131,644,856
Total	72,308,113,685	77,474,455,754
b. Revenue from related parties	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Tra Noc - O Mon Water supply Joint Stock Company	•	7,262,500
Thot Not Water supply Joint Stock Company	36,630,000	50,799,000
Total	36,630,000	58,061,500
2. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Net revenue from water production and sewerage	70,033,421,573	75,342,810,898
Net revenue from installation, transfer of materials,	2,274,692,112	2,131,644,856
Total	72,308,113,685	77,474,455,754
3. Cost of good sold	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Cost of water production and sewerage	36,845,127,449	36,431,132,479
Cost of installation, transfer of materials,	855,492,588	654,539,057
Total	37,700,620,037	37,085,671,536
4. Financial income	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Interest income from deposits, loans	306,162,534	152,383,008
Total	306,162,534	152,383,008
5. Financial expenses	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Interest expense from banks	2,651,460,566	1,750,372,854
Total	2,651,460,566	1,750,372,854
6. Selling expenses and General and administration expenses a. Selling expenses	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Salaries	7,425,731,062	5,679,938,858
Flow meter subscription	6,789,317,513	2,994,472,011
Other expenses	373,741,184	1,260,848,000
Total	14,588,789,759	9,935,258,869
b. General and administration expenses		
Salaries	8,161,339,501	5,779,353,830
Materials, tools and supplies	352,472,331	211,544,628
Office supplies	104,963,676	576,663,654
Depreciation	50,947,365	52,804,113
Taxes, fees and duties	284,862,489	·
Communication expenses	80,986,703	81,292,667
Management electricity expenses	109,944,730	68,534,249
Other expenses paid by cash	2,908,277,506	3,444,136,754
Provision expenses	-	•
Total	12,053,794,301	10,214,329,895

As at September 30, 2025		Unit: VND
7. Other income	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Liquidation of materials, fixed assets, tools, and equipment	1,931,674,350	
Others	1,502	550,422
Total	1,931,675,852	550,422
8. Other expenses	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Support expenses for operations	207,600,000	264,440,000
Social work support expenses	10,000,000	245,500,000
Others	124,441,540	1,482,014,902
Total	342,041,540	1,991,954,902
9. Costs of production and doing business by factors	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Raw materials	11,387,235,445	Y 8,900,453,547
Labor cost	28,554,486,899	21,583,120,887
Depreciation and amortization	16,486,639,689	10c /3,425,598,083
Outside services	4,511,270,024	853,135,346
Other expenses paid by cash	13,968,835,584	11,256,961,690
Total	74,908,467,641	59,419,269,553
10. Current corporate income tax	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
1. Total accounting profit before tax	7,209,245,868	16,649,801,128
2. Adjustments to increase (decrease) accounting profit to determine taxable income:	327,152,643	1,773,089,815
2.1 Adjustment to increase	327,152,643	1,773,089,815
+ Unreasonable expenses	327,152,643	1,773,089,815
2.2 Adjustment to decrease	-	+
+ Dividend income from subsidiaries	4	
3. Periodic taxable income (1+2)	7,536,398,511	18,422,890,943
+ Taxable income	7,536,398,511	18,422,890,943
+ Provision for the science and technology fund	-81	*
4. Total periodic corporate income tax	1,507,279,702	3,684,578,189
+ Corporate income tax for the current period	1,507,279,702	3,684,578,189

11. Objectives and financial risks management policies

Major risks of financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of Management considers the application of management policies for the above risks as follows:

11.1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. There are three market risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risks, for example risk of stock price. Financial instruments affected by the market risks include: cash, trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables, other borrowings and liabilities.

The following sensibility analysis relates to the financial position of the Company as at September 30, 2025.

The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant.

When calculating the sensibility analysis, the Board of Management assumes that the sensibility of available-for-sale liability in the balance sheet and related items in the income statement is affected by changes in the assumption of corresponding market risks. This analysis is based on the financial assets and liabilities that the Company held as at September 30, 2025.

As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

11.1. Market risk (cont.)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. Market risks due to change in interest rate of the Company mainly relate to: borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits.

The Company manages the interest rate risk by analyzing the competition status in the market in order to apply the interest rate that brings benefits to the Company and still in the limit of its risk management.

Sensibility to interest rate

The Company does not analyze the sensibility to the interest rate since change in the interest rate at the reporting date is insignificant.

11.2. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk due to the uncertainty in a counterparty's ability to meet its obligations causing the financial loss. The Company bears credit risks from production and doing business activities (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities including deposits and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

The Company minimizes credit risk by only dealing with financially sound entities. The Company regularly monitors receivables closely to urge collection. On this basis, and the Company's receivables are related to many different customers, so credit risk is not concentrated on a certain customer.

Deposit

The Company mainly maintains deposits in big and prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company realized that the concentration level of credit risk to deposits is low.

The Board of Management of the Company has assessed that most financial assets are not overdue and impaired since these financial assets relate to prestigious customers who have good liquidity capacity, except for overdue and/or impaired receivables presented in the following table:

Not overdue &	Overdue	
not impaired	Not impaired	Impaired
5,679,797,305	-	1
+		1,201,424,732
5,679,797,305	121	1,201,424,732
-	-	(1,099,471,953)
5,679,797,305	-	101,952,779
Not overdue &	Overdue	
not impaired	Not impaired	Impaired
9,345,578,869		
200	-	-
	-	1,080,056,719
9,345,578,869	2	1,080,056,719
	-	(1,099,471,953)
9,345,578,869		(19,415,234)
	5,679,797,305 5,679,797,305 5,679,797,305 Not overdue & not impaired 9,345,578,869 9,345,578,869	not impaired Not impaired 5,679,797,305 - 5,679,797,305 Not overdue & Overdue not impaired Not impaired 9,345,578,869 - 9,345,578,869

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

11.3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from the difficulty in fulfilling financial obligations due to lack of capital. The liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from difference of maturity of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company supervises liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash, cash equivalents and borrowings from banks at the level that the Board of Management considers as sufficient to sastisfy the Company's activities and minimize influences of changes in cash flows.

The following table summarizes liquidity deadline of the Company's financial liabilities on the basis of estimated payments in accordance with contract which are not discounted:

Sep. 30, 2025	Under 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowings and liabilities	90,343,624,790	88,868,152,737	40,883,019,594	220,094,797,121
Trade payables	6,802,982,864	,982,864		6,802,982,864
Accrued expenses	1,065,905,894		-	1,065,905,894
Other payables	496,777,974	441,866,383		938,644,357
	98,709,291,522	89,310,019,120	40,883,019,594	228,902,330,236
Jan. 01, 2025	Under I year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Boπowings and liabilities	69,591,862,161	64,614,368,007	21,437,580,281	155,643,810,449
Trade payables	11,654,112,735		-	11,654,112,735
Accrued expenses	1,988,515,816		2	1,988,515,816
Other payables	778,025,841	318,566,383		1,096,592,224
	84,012,516,553	64,932,934,390	21,437,580,281	170,383,031,224

The Company is able to access capital sources and with regards to due borrowings within 12 months, the Company may continue to be lent by its current creditors.

Secured assets

The Company pledged part of future tangible fixed assets as security for short-term and long-term borrowings from banks (See Notes 17 - Borrowings and financial leasing liability).

The Company does not hold any secured assets of the third party as at September 30, 2025.

12. Financial assets and liabilities: See page 36.

The book value of financial assets and financial liabilities is stated at the value that the financial instruments are convertible in present transaction among partners, except for compulsory sale or disposal.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value:

The book value of cash on hand and bank deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term liabilities is equivalent to the book value of these items because these instruments are in short-term.

Except for the above-mentioned items, the fair value of long-term financial assets and financial liabilities has not been valuated and determined officially as at September 30, 2025. However, the Board of Management has assessed that the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities is not significantly different from the book value at the fiscal year end.

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

1.	Borrowing amount in the period	Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of Quarter 3		
		Year 2025	Year 2024	
	- Proceeds from the borrowing under normal agreement	172,291,252,584	38,919,152,699	
2.	Payment for principal debts	Cumulative from the be		
		Year 2025	Year 2024	
	- Payment for principal debts under normal agreement	107,840,265,912	55,735,172,588	



As at September 30, 2025 Unit: VND

VIII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Contingent liabilities, commitments and other information: Not applicable.

2. Subsequent events

There are no significant events since the period end that need to be adjusted or noted in the financial statements.

3. Related party transactions

Related parties	Relationship
Tra Noc - O Mon Water supply Joint Stock Company	Subsidiary
That Not Water supply Joint Stock Company	Subsidiary
Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company	Associate
Mr. Nguyen Huu Loc	Chairman
Mr. Nguyen Tung Nguyen	General Director

During the year, transactions with related parties as follows:

Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
That Not Water supply Joint Stock Company	170.357.040	54.862.920
Tra Noc - O Mon Water supply Joint Stock Company		7.843.500
Total	170.357.040	62.706.420
Trade receivables	-	10.150.920
That Not Water supply Joint Stock Company		10.150.920
Total		10.150.920

Related party	Relationship	Transactions	Movement	Balance of recceivables/
Board of Directors and Board of Management Key members		Remuneration, salaries and bonus	723.998.000	(oc 343.200.000)
+ Income of the Board of Direct	ors, Board of Ma	nagement.	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024
Board of Directors and Board of I	Management	Remuneration, salaries and bonus	723.998.000	590.400.000
Total			723.998.000	590.400.000

4. Presentation of segment asset, revenue and operating result

The company primarily operates in the production and business of clean water, with the majority of its revenue generated in Can Tho City. The Board of Management of the Company defines that the issuing managemental decisions of the Company mainly bases on types of products, services that the Company provides, not on the geographial region where the Company provides its products, services. Therefore, the major report is by business sector.

5. Comparative information

The financial statements for the year 2024 were audited by Ho Chi Minh City Auditing and Informatic Services Co., Ltd. (AISC); the financial statements for Quarter 3/2024.

6. Information on going-concern operation: The Company will continue its operation in the future.

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

EVERAL DIRECTOR

0016 an Tho, October 15, 202

Cổ PHẨN CẤP THOÁT NƯỚC CẦN THƠ

Diep Ton Kien

Nguyen Tung Nguyen

Phan Thi Phung

As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

2. Financial investments

	a. Investments held to maturity			Sep. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
			_	Original value	Book value	Original value	Book value
	a.1. Short-term			13,861,929,370	13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978	25,877,744,978
	- Deposits with term over 3 months an	d under 12 months		13,861,929,370	13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978	25,877,744,978
	a.2. Long-term				-	-	-
	- Deposits with terms over 12 months			-	_		-
	Total	,		13,861,929,370	13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978	25,877,744,978
	b. Investment in other entities	e :	Sep. 30, 2025			Jan. 01, 2025	
		Original value	Provision	Fair value	Original value	Provision	Fair value
	- Investment in subsidiaries	93,225,052,406	-	93,225,052,406	88,044,232,406		88,044,232,406
(1)	+ Tra Noc - O Mon Water supply Joint Stock Company	58,439,492,406		58,439,492,406	58,439,492,406		58,439,492,406
(2)	Thot Not Water supply Joint Stock Company	34,785,560,000	-	34,785,560,000	29,604,740,000		29,604,740,000
	- Investment in associates	3,000,000,000	(2,116,351,053)	883,648,947	3,000,000,000	(2,116,351,053)	883,648,947
(3)	+ Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company	3,000,000,000	(2,116,351,053)	883,648,947	3,000,000,000	(2,116,351,053)	883,648,947
	Total	96,225,052,406	(2,116,351,053)	94,108,701,353	91,044,232,406	(2,116,351,053)	88,927,881,353



As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

2. Financial investments (cont.)

The operating situation of subsidiaries, associates, and significant transactions between related parties during the period

- (1) According to the business registration certificate No. 101154817, registered for the first change on May 23, 2018, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Can Tho City, the company's investment in Trac Noc- O Mon Water Supply is VND 41,041,082,406, equivalent to 65.42% of the charter capital. In Quarter 1/2021, Can Tho Water Supply and Sewerage Joint Stock Company made an additional investment of VND 17,398,410,000, raising the total investment to VND 58,439,492,406. The subsidiary's business operations are profitable and stable.
- (2) According to the business registration certificate No. 1800635554, registered for the third change on April 27, 2012 (first registration on July 25, 2006), issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Can Tho City, the company has registered an investment of VND 29,604,740,000, equivalent to 85.81% of the charter capital, in Thot Not Water Supply Joint Stock Company. In Quarter 3/2025, Can Tho Water Supply and Sewerage Joint Stock Company made an additional investment of VND 5,180,820,000, raising the total investment to VND 34,785,560,000. The business operations of Thot Not Water Supply Joint Stock Company are stable and profitable.
- (3) According to the business registration certificate No. 1800661071 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Can Tho City, the company has registered an investment of VND 3,000,000,000, equivalent to 30% of the charter capital, in Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company (Can Tho). The company has ceased operations but has not completed the tax code cancellation procedure. The provision for the investment in this company is reflected in the financial statements for the year 2013 (as per the audit result notice No. 44/TB-KVV dated January 16, 2023, from the State Audit Office of Region V)
 - As at September 30, 2025, the subsidiaries are operating effectively, except for Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company (Can Tho), which is incurring losses and in the process of dissolution. Therefore, the company has made a provision for the impairment of financial investments in Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company (Can Tho).



As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

6. Doubtful debts

		Sep. 30, 2025			Jan. 01, 2025	
Company	Original value	Recoverable amount	Debtors	Original value	Recoverable amount	Debtors
Total overdue or undue receivables that are unlikely to recover	1,201,424,732	101,952,779		1,080,056,719	101,952,779	
Tan Tien Plastic Joint Stock Company (Can Tho)	110,778,478	÷	Debt overdue more than 3 years	110,778,478		Debt overdue more than 3 years
Technology Development of Construction Joint Stock Company	320,534,195	+	Debt overdue more than 3 years	320,534,195	4	Debt overdue more than 3 years
Huynh Huu Toan (Compensation for stolen materials)	125,578,430	÷	Debt overdue more than 3 years	125,578,430		Debt overdue more than 2 years
Hung Lam Limited Liability Company	104,284,000	.+.	Debt overdue more than 3 years	104,284,000	¥	Debt overdue more than 3 years
Hoang Giang Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company	170,667,309	-	Debt overdue more than 3 years	170,667,309	-	Debt overdue more than 3 years
Others	104,360,586	- 4	Debt overdue more than 3 years	104,360,586		Debt overdue more than 3 years
Le Do Hoang Phuong	39,493,135		Debt overdue more than 3 years	39,493,135	Y -	Debt overdue more than 3 years
Tan An Construction Joint Stock Company	85,585,499	59,909,849	Debt overdue from 06 months to 01 year	85,585,499	59,909,849	Debt overdue from 06 months to 01 year
A&C Auditing and Consulting Company Limited	59,400,000	17,820,000	Debt overdue from 02 years to 03 years	59,400,000	17,820,000	Debt overdue from 02 years to 03 years
Watech Construction Consulting Joint Stock Company	80,743,100	24,222,930	Debt overdue from 02 years to 03 years	80,743,100	24,222,930	Debt overdue from 02 years to 03 years



As at September 30, 2025

Tangible fixed assets	4			Y		
Items	Buildings & structures	Machinery & equipment	Transportation & facilities	Office equipment	Total	
Original cost						
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2025	222,429,858,192	114,586,637,273	503,570,445,292	9,059,139,500	849,646,080,25	
New purchases	-	5,272,726,062	12,100,522,961	401,997,306	17,775,246,329	
Transfers from basic construction	8,427,492,197	11,403,271,638	44,684,991,529	-	64,515,755,364	
Disposal, sale		•			-	
Balance as at Sep. 30, 2025	230,857,350,389	131,262,634,973	560,355,959,782	9,461,136,806	931,937,081,950	
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2025	162,419,000,016	87,050,321,875	231,222,735,992	6,914,560,888	487,606,618,771	
Charge from the beginning of the year	9,336,654,148	6,917,550,664	29,261,138,676	588,140,004	46,103,483,492	
Disposal, sale	-	-		4	-	
Balance as at Sep. 30, 2025	171,755,654,164	93,967,872,539	260,483,874,668	7,502,700,892	533,710,102,263	
Net book value						
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2025	60,010,858,176	27,536,315,398	272,347,709,300	2,144,578,612	362,039,461,486	
Balance as at Sep. 30, 2025	59,101,696,225	37,294,762,434	299,872,085,114	1,958,435,914	398,226,979,687	

^{*} Ending net book value of tangible fixed assets pledged/mortgaged as borrowing security: VND 286,692,018,014.



^{*} Ending original costs of tangible fixed assets-fully depreciated but still in use: VND 129,740,695,871.

^{*} Ending original costs of tangible fixed assets-waiting to be disposed: VND 118.884.752.

^{*} Commitments on tangible fixed assets acquisitions, sales of large value in the furture: Not applicable.

^{*} Other changes in tangible fixed assets: Not applicable.

Unit: VND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at September 30, 2025

19. Owners' Equity

a. Comparison schedule for changes in Owner's Equity

	-	•					
Items	Owner's capital	Share premium	Owners' other capital	Treasury share (9,800,000)	Investment and Development Fund	Undistributed profit	Total 366,244,020,214
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2024	280,000,000,000	6,908,981,300	9,800,000		49,534,759,813		
- Gain in prior year	-	-	-	-		63,031,014,626	63,031,014,626
- Provision for the development investment fund,		_		_	8,937,180,773	(8,937,180,773)	-
 Provision for the reward and welfare fund, 					_	(2,384,022,328)	(2,384,022,328)
- Dividend distributed 2023	***	-	-			(18,479,076,000)	(18,479,076,000)
Balance as at Dec. 31, 2024	280,000,000,000	6,908,981,300	9,800,000	(9,800,000)	58,471,940,586	63,031,014,626	408,411,936,512
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2025	280,000,000,000	6,908,981,300	9,800,000	(9,800,000)	58,471,940,586	63,031,014,626	408,411,936,512
- Gain in current year		-		-	-	47,900,791,572	47,900,791,572
- Provision for the reward and welfare fund 2024		4	1		-	(5,042,481,171)	(5,042,481,171)
- Provision for the development investment fund,			_		18,790,493,455	(18,790,493,455)	-
- Dividend distributed 2024	1					(39,198,040,000)	(39,198,040,000)
Balance as at Sep. 30, 2025	280,000,000,000	6,908,981,300	9,800,000	(9,800,000)	77,262,434,041	47,900,791,572	412,072,206,913



As at September 30, 2025

Unit: VND

12. Financial assets and financial liabilities

The following table specifies book value and fair value of the financial instruments presented in the financial statements.

		Book	Fair value			
	Sep. 30,	2025	Jan. 01,	2025	Sep. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision		
Financial assets						
- Held-to-maturity investments	13,861,929,370	-	25,877,744,978	-	13,861,929,370	25,877,744,978
- Trade receivables	6,369,217,307	(836,300,218)	8,335,345,217	(836,300,218)	5,532,917,089	7,499,044,999
- Other receivables	269,404,734	(165,071,565)	620,287,683	(165,071,565)	104,333,169	455,216,118
- Cash and cash equivalents	103,868,455,256	-	42,354,858,421	-	103,868,455,256	42,354,858,421
TOTAL	 124,369,006,667	(1,001,371,783)	77,188,236,299	(1,001,371,783)	123,367,634,884	76,186,864,516
Financial liabilities						
 Borrowings and liabilities 	220,094,797,121	-	155,643,810,449		220,094,797,121	155,643,810,449
- Trade payables	6,802,982,864	-	11,654,112,735	-	6,802,982,864	11,654,112,735
- Accrued expenses	1,065,905,894	-	1,988,515,816		1,065,905,894	1,988,515,816
- Other payables	938,644,357	_	1,096,592,224	-	938,644,357	1,096,592,224
ГОТАL	228,902,330,236	- 1	170,383,031,224		228,902,330,236	170,383,031,224
4			A 200			