

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Quarter 1 of 2025

Hanoi, April 2025

VINACOMIN-INVESTMENT, TRADING AND SERVICE JOINT STOCK COMPLANM under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC No.01, Phan Dinh Giot Street, Phuong Liet Ward, Thanh Xuan Distric, Ha noi, Viet NamDecember 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 March 2025

Currency: VND

ASSETS	CODE	NOTES	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
A. SHORT-TERM ASSETS	100		1.781.085.243.423	1.981.569.107.368
I. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	110		25.605.285.636	45.374.443.856
1. Cash	111	V.1	17.705.285.636	30.847.722.787
2. Cash Equivalents	112		7.900.000.000	14.526.721.069
II. SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS	120	V.2	15.336.575.342	15.336.575.342
1. Short term investments	121	-		
2. Provision for lost due to the decrease in prices of tra	122	-	·	-
3. Held-to-Maturity Investments	123		15.336.575.342	15.336.575.342
III. SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES	130		1.563.134.789.649	1.795.942.821.411
1. Short-term Receivables from Customers	131	V.3.a	214.556.359.736	280.206.286.235
2. Short-term advances to Suppliers	132	V.4	580.755.572.530	602.391.553.290
3. Short-term Internal Receivables	133			- 1
4. Receivables by the Scheduled Progress of Construct	i 134			
5. Short-term Loan Receivable	135		298.910.000.000	370.728.000.000
6. Other Short-term Receivables	136	V.5.a	487.481.381.409	561.185.505.912
7. Provision for Bad Debts (*)	137	V.6	(18.568.524.026)	(18.568.524.026
8. Insufficient Assets	139		-	
IV. INVENTORIES	140	V.7	174.143.043.960	118.540.378.919
1. Inventories	141	n = 1	174.143.043.960	118.540.378.919
2. Provision for inventory price decline (*)	149		- I U	
V. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	150		2.865.548.836	6.374.887.840
Short-term Prepaid Expenses	151		1.289.020.762	6.137.317.127
2. Value added tax deductibles	152		245.047.522	27.269.299
3. Taxes and Receivables from State Budget	153	V.8	1.331.480.552	210.301.414
4. Repurchase Government Bonds Transactions	154			
5. Others Current Assets	155		-	-

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 March 2025

Currency: VND

ASSETS	CODE	NOTES	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		314.680.889.205	316.383.463.206
I. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES	210			
1. Long-term Receivables from Customers	211	V.3.b		
2. Long-term Prepayment to Suppliers	212		-	
3. Working Capital in Subsidiaries	213	a link		
4. Long-term Internal Receivables	214	V.6	-	-
5. Long-term Loan Receivables	215		a gha a g	- 1
6. Other Long-term Receivables	216	V.5.b		
7. Provision for Long-term Bad Debts (*)	219		Systems of A	<u>.</u>
II. FIXED ASSETS	220		2.873.579.673	3.105.898.613
1. Tangible Fixed Assets	221	V.9	1.658.269.826	1.890.588.766
- Cost	222		23.240.549.308	23.240.549.308
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	223		(21.582.279.482)	(21.349.960.542)
2. Financial Lease Assets	224	V.10		-
- Cost	225		-	, se
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	226		- V	E .
3. Intangible Fixed Assets	227	V.11	1.215.309.847	1.215.309.847
- Cost	228		1.215.309.847	1.215.309.847
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	229		-	Yr
III. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES	230		-	100
- Cost	231		, e 1878 A 200 -	
- Accumulated Depreciation (*)	232	(a (0)	-	
IV. LONG TERM UNCOMPLETED ASSETS	240	V.12	659.685.248	659.685.248
Production in Progress: Long-term	241		-	
Capital Construction in Progress	242		659.685.248	659.685.248
V. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS	250	V.15	284.705.385.246	284.778.618.188
1. Investments in Subsidiaries	251		-	-
2. Investments in Associates, Joint-Ventures	252		279.050.987.853	279.110.681.828
3. Investments in Other Companies	253		3.784.000.000	3.784.000.000
4. Provision for Long-term Investments Devaluationn	254	V.15.3	(229.602.607)	(216.063.640
5. Held-to-Maturity Investments	255		2.100.000.000	2.100.000.000
VI. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS	260		26.442.239.038	27.839.261.157
1. Long-term Prepaid Expenses	261		26.442.239.038	27.812.193.877
2. Deferred Income Tax Assets	262		-	27.067.280
3. Others Non-current Assets	268	1 1 2	-	-
VII. Commercial advantage	269	2		-
TOTAL ASSETS	270		2.095.766.132.629	2.297.952.570.575

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025

Currency: VND

LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	CODE	NOTES	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
A. LIABILITIES	300		1.808.479.451.312	2.011.390.008.248
I. CURRENT LIABILITIES	310		1.808.368.301.312	2.011.278.858.248
1. Short-term Payables	311	V.16.a	314.293.424.717	472.251.910.283
2.Short term Advances Received from the	312	V.17.a	426.651.778.604	345.118.384.459
3. Taxes and Obligations to State Budget	313	V.20	8.560.757.677	8.203.422.827
4. Payables to employees	314		343.503.436	2.492.951.753
5. Short-term payable expenses	315	V.21	97.391.374.622	45.273.866.881
6. Short-Term Intercompany Payables	316			
7. Payables by Scheduled Progress of Construction Contracts	317	8 - 1		
8. Short-term Unrealized Revenue	318	7.5	60.000.000	60.000.000
9. Other short-term Payables	319	V.22	6.776.266.748	55.250.105.868
10. Short-term borrowings and financial leases	320	V.19	953.186.771.268	1.081.292.391.937
11. Provision of Short-term Payables	321	V.25	- 1	4" #
12. Reward and Welfare Fund	322		1.104.424.240	1.335.824.240
13. Price Stabilisation Fund	323		-	-
14. Repurchase Government Bonds Transactions	324	12	-	
II. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	330		111.150.000	111.150.000
1. Long-term Payables to Suppliers	331	V.16.b	-	
2.Long term Advances Received from the	332	V.17.b		_
3. Long-term Payable Expenses	333		-,	-
4. Internal Payables of Capital	334		-	<u>.</u>
5. Long-term Internal Payables	335			x .
6. Long-term Unrealized Revenue	336	V.18		1
7. Other Long-term Payables	337		-	-
8. Long-term borrowings and Financial Lease	338	V.23	111.150.000	111.150.000
9. Convertible Bonds	339	_ =	-	-
10. Payable Deferred Income Tax	340	V.24		•
11. Provision of Long-term Payables	341	V.25		
12. Science and Technology Development Fund	342			<u>-</u>

VINACOMIN-INVESTMENT, TRADING AND SERVICE JOINT STOCK COMBAND under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC No.01, Phan Dinh Giot Street, Phuong Liet Ward, Thanh Xuan Distric, Ha noi, Viet Naprecember 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025

Currency: VND

LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	CODE	NOTES	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
B. OWNER'S EQUITY	400		287.286.681.316	286.562.562.326
I. OWNER'S EQUITY	410	V.26	287.286.681.316	286.562.562.326
Owner's contributed capital	411		264.599.240.000	264.599.240.000
2. Equity Surplus	412			•
3. Other Owner's Equity	414		26.325.965	
4. Shares in Fund (*)	415			
5. Differences from Asset Revaluation	416	11 55 1	-	
6. Exchange Rate Differences	417	- 1		-
7. Development Investment Fund	418		14.928.178.127	14.928.178.127
8. Financial reserve fund	419			<u>.</u>
9. Other Funds	420			-
10. Retained earnings	421	× 1,55	6.251.847.861	5.251.036.710
Retained earnings accumulated to the Prior year	421a	1 1 2	5.560.199.694	1.562.846.308
Retained earnings of the current year	421b		691.648.167	3.688.190.402
11. Capital Construction Investment	422			
12. Corporation Arrangement Support Fund	423			
13. Minority shareholder interests	429	V.27	1.481.089.363	1.784.107.489
II. STATE BUDGET AND OTHER FUNDS	430			-
Subsidy Funds from State Budget	431			No ghill
2. Subsidy Funds Invested in Fixed Assets	432		· 12	
C. MINORITY SHAREHOLDER INTERESTS	439		-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	440		2.095.766.132.629	2.297.952.570.575

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

Ha noi, April 17, 2025 General Director

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN

ĐẦU TƯ, THƯƠNG MẠ VÀ DỊCH VỤ

UNGUYEN ANH DUC

NGUYEN THI THAM

NGUYEN TRUNG HIEU

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Quarter 1 of 2025

Currency: VND

AMERICA CO	CODE	Norma	Quarter	1	Accumulated from the	beginning of the
ITEMS	CODE	NOTES	2025	2024	2025	2024
1. Gross Revenue from Sale of Goods and Supply of Services	01	V.28	438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374	438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374
2. Deductible Items	02		-		-	
3. Net Revenue from Sale of Goods and Supply of Services	10		438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374	438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374
4. Cost of Goods Sold	11	V.29	425.277.394.067	181.105.633.019	425.277.394.067	181.105.633.019
5. Gross Profit from Sale of Goods and Supply of Services	20		13.323.837.692	9.981.837.355	13.323.837.692	9.981.837.355
6. Financial Income	21	V.30	10.374.235.899	15.999.916.038	10.374.235.899	15.999.916.038
7. Financial Expenses	22	V.31	17.206.182.900	20.883.986.514	17.206.182.900	20.883.986.514
- Including: Loan Interest Expense	23		17.206.182.900	20.885.814.639	17.206.182.900	20.885.814.639
8. Profit or loss in associated companies, joint ventures	24		(3.991.654)	3.065.294	(3.991.654)	3.065.294
9. Selling Expenses	25	V.35	915.155.069	478.121.779	915.155.069	478.121.779
10. General and Administration Expenses	26	V.34	3.600.503.472	3.999.397.812	3.600.503.472	3.999.397.812
11. Net Profit from Business Activities	30		1.972.240.496	623.312.582	1.972.240.496	623.312.581
12. Other Incomes	31	V.32		-	-	-
13. Other Expenses	32	V.33	978.653.881	-	978.653.881	· ·
14. Other Profits	40		(978.653.881)	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	(978.653.881)	
15. Accounting Profit before Tax	50		993.586.615	623.312.582	993.586.615	623.312.581
16. Current Income Tax Expenses	51	V.37.1	199.485.022	138.236.758	199.485.022	138.236.758
17. Deferred Income Tax Expenses	52	V.37.2	136.661.481	99.420.521	136.661.481	99.420.521
18. Profit after Tax	60		657.440.112	385.655.302	657.440.112	385.655.302
19. Profit after tax of shareholders of parent company	61	.,	691.648.167	404.311.658	691.648.167	404.311.658
20. Profit after tax of minority shareholders	62		(34.208.055)	(18.656.356)		(18.656.356)
21. Basic earnings per share	70	V.38			26	15
22. Diminished earnings per share	71				26	15

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

NGUYEN THỊ THAM

NGUYEN TRUNG HIEU

Ha noi, April 17, 2025

2001 Charta Director

CÔNG TY

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DÂU TƯ, THƯƠNG MẠI

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

By indirect method From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025

Currency: VND

			Currency: VND
ITEMS	CODE	From 01/01/2025 to 31/03/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 31/03/2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		and the same	
1.Profit before Taxes	01	993.586.615	623.312.582
2. Adjustments for		=	4
- Fixed Asset Depreciation	02	258.644.905	258.644.904
- Provisions	03		(1.828.127)
- Gains and Losses of Unrealized Exchange Rate Difference	04	0 **	s ≐
- Gains and Losses from Investment Activities	05	(10.370.244.245)	(16.002.981.330)
- Loan Interest Expenses	06	17.206.182.900	20.885.814.639
- Others Adjustments	07	-	-
3. Profits from operating Activities before Adjustment of Work	08	8.088.170.175	5.762.962.668
- Increase/Decrease in Receivables	09	153.385.919.140	5.691.431.669
- Increase/Decrease in Inventories	10	(55.602.665.041)	(138.561.047.347)
- Increase/Decrease in Payables (excluding payable loan interest			
and enterprise income tax)	11	(61.664.768.025)	(13.630.511.363)
- Increase/Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	12	6.218.251.204	1.781.459.596
- Increase, decrease trading securities	13	-	
- Loan Interest Paid	14	(13.693.188.624)	(20.885.814.639)
- Income Tax Paid	15	-	-
- Other Cash Receipts from Business Activities	16	- 1	-
- Other Cash Payments to Business Activities	17	(231.400.000)	(135.875.000)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	20	36.500.318.829	(159.977.394.416)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	- 1
1Cash Payments to Procure and/or Construct Fixed Assets and C	21		
2.Cash Receipts from the Liquidation, Assignment or Sale of Fixe	22	-	8 €
3.Cash Payments to Provide loans, to Acquire Debt Instruments o		(140.055.000.000)	(66.445.000.000)
4.Cash Receipts from the Recovery of Loans Provided, from the F		156.018.000.000	99.421.014.605
5.Cash Payments of Investments in Capital Contributions to Other			#. #. 1.1 — #. 1.1 = .
6.Cash Recovered from Investments in Capital Contributions to O		-	n=
7.Cash Receipts from Loan Interests, Dividends and Earned Profit		18.143.620	162.792.197
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	30	15.981.143.620	33.138.806.802
III.CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	
1.Cash Proceeds from the Issuance of Shares or Reception of Cap	31	-	N=
2.Cash Repayments of Contributed Capital to Owners or for			
Redemption of Shares by the Issuing Enterprise	32	_	
3.Cash Receipts from Short- or Long-term Borrowings	33	509.907.369.627	546.615.202.203
4.Cash Repayments of Principals of Borrowings	34	(582.157.990.296)	(444.356.805.450)
5.Cash Repayments of Financial Leasing Debts	35	(
6.Cash Payments of Dividends or Profits to Owners or Sharehold		-	(6.413.260)
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	40	(72.250.620.669)	102.251.983.493
NET CASH FLOWS IN THE PERIOD	50	(19.769.158.220)	(24.586.604.121)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of Period	60	45.374.443.856	143.059.635.118
Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	61	wear britis stading	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of Period	70	25.605.285.636	118.473.030.997

Prepared by

NGUYEN THI THAM

Chief Accountant

NGUYEN TRUNG HIEU

Hochoic April General Directo

GUNEN ANH DUC

March 31, 2025

I. CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPANY OPERATIONS

1. Form of capital ownership

Vinacomin Investment, Trade and Service Joint Stock Company is a joint stock company converted from a State-owned enterprise under Decision No. 150/2004/QD-BCN of the Minister of Industry dated December 1, 2004. The company was granted Business Registration Certificate No. 0203001258 by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hai Phong City on January 28, 2005. In November 2005, the Company moved its headquarters from Hai Phong city to Hanoi city and was granted Business Registration Certificate No. 0103009929 on November 14, 2005 by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment to replace Business Registration Certificate No. 0203001258. During its operation, changes in the company's business functions, names of founding shareholders, and changes in the General Director were also approved by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment in the Business Registration Certificates from the first to the 14th changes on July 6, 2015accordingly, the Business Registration Certificate number was changed to Enterprise Code No. 0200170658 in the 8th Business Registration Certificate change on October 1, 2010. The Company's charter capital according to the Certificate of Business Registration of Joint Stock Company No. 0200170658, changed for the 19th time on June 23, 2022, is VND 264,599,240,000 (In words: Two hundred sixty-four billion five hundred ninety-nine million two hundred forty thousand Done).

2. Business Field

Synthesize many business fields, including: trade, services.

3. Business sector

Main business activities:

- Production, assembly, consumption and warranty of heavy trucks and specialized vehicles of all kinds;
- Trading, direct import and export, entrusted import and export of all kinds of materials, equipment and vehicles;
- Coal business, water transport, road transport, wharves and yards;
- Rental of water and land transport vehicles; rental of machinery and equipment;
- Real estate business, land use rights of owners; users or lessees
- Trading high concentration ammonium nitrate, trading environmental equipment.

Characteristics of products produced or services provided by the enterprise: The company provides products and services under contract.

4. Normal business cycle

The Company's operating cycle is the period from the purchase of raw materials entering the production process to their conversion into cash or assets that are easily convertible to cash, usually not exceeding 12 months.

5. Characteristics of business operations during the year that affect the Financial

On December 12, 2016, Vietnam National Coal - Mineral Industries Group issued Official Letter No. 2948/QD-TKV on terminating the recognition of Vinacomin Investment, Trade and Service Joint Stock Company as a subsidiary of the Group from December 15, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, Vinacomin Investment, Trade and Service Joint Stock Company is an affiliated company of Vietnam National Coal - Mineral Industries Group..

6. Corporate structure

List of subsidiaries		
Company Name	Address	Capital contribution ratio
ITASCO Coal Import Export Trading Company Limited	No. 1/9 - Giang Van Minh - Quarter 4 - An Phu Ward - Thu Duc City - Ho Chi Minh City	100%
ITASCO Coal Trading and Trading Joint Stock Company	No. 10 Ho Xuan Huong, Minh Khai ward, Hong Bang district, Hai Phong city.	98,30%

ITASCO Energy Investment Joint Stock Company	7th Floor, No. 01 Phan Dinh Giot, Phuong Liet Ward, Thanh Xuan District Hanoi	99,41%
List of joint ventures and associates		
Company Name	Address	Capital contribution ratio
Vinacomin Investment, Minerals and Services Joint Stock Company	10th floor, MICCO building, lane 01 Phan Dinh Giot, Thanh Xuan	26,0%
Vinh Tan General Service Joint Stock Company	Dinh Giot, Thanh Xuan, Vinh Phuc Village, Vinh Tan Commune, Tuy Phong District, Binh Thuan Province, Vietnam	35%
Itasco Coal Processing and Trading Joint Stock Company	3rd Floor, No. 10 Ho Xuan Huong, Minh Khai Ward, Hong Bang	40,0%
Dong Hai Warehouse Services Joint Stock Company - Itasco	No. 123 Mieu Hai Xa, Du Hang Kenh Ward, Le Chan District, Hai Phong	7,68%
Itasco Minerals and Trading Joint Stock Company	No. 7, Group 3, Zone 8, Hong Hai Ward, Ha Long City, Quang Ninh	18,0%
Itasco Hanoi Coal Processing and Trading Joint Stock Company	House number 75, lane 254, Minh Khai street, group 2, Mai Dong ward, Hoang Mai district, Hanoi	20,0%
Itasco Mineral Processing and Services Joint Stock Company	House number 72, group 60, Diem Thuy area, Cam Dong ward, Cam Pha city Oyang Ninh	14,3%

7. Staff

The total number of employees of the Company as of March 31, 2025 is 60 people.

8. Statement on Comparability of Information in Financial

Comparative information is presented based on figures from the Consolidated Financial Statements for the first quarter of 2024.

II. FISCAL YEAR, CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Annual accounting period: According to the calendar year, starting from January 1 and ending on December 31.

2. Currency used in accounting

The currency used in accounting is Vietnamese Dong (VND).

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIMES APPLIED

1. Applicable accounting regime

The Company applies the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting Regime issued with Circular 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2. Statement on Compliance with Accounting Standards and

The Board of Directors of the Company ensures that the financial statements have been prepared and presented in compliance with the requirements of Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the current Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and relevant guidance documents on the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

1. Basis of financial statement consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of consolidating the financial statements of the parent company and subsidiaries controlled by the Company as at March 31, 2025, in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards. The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries used for consolidation are prepared for the same accounting period and apply consistent accounting policies. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to ensure consistency with the accounting policies applied by the Company. Intra-group transactions, liabilities and unrealized gains and losses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full when consolidating the financial statements.

Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of the non-controlling interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in excess of the non-controlling interests' interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the Company's interest except to the extent that the non-controlling interests have a binding obligation and are able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

An associate is an entity in which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Company. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Investments in associates over which the Company has significant influence are accounted for under the equity method. Interests in associates are presented in the consolidated balance sheet at cost adjusted for changes in the Company's share of the net assets of the associate after the date of acquisition. Losses of an associate in excess of the Company's interest in that associate are not recognised. Other distributions are considered as recoveries of investments and are deducted from the investment value.

2. Types of exchange rates applied in accounting

Commercial bank whose exchange rate the Company chooses to apply in accounting: Transactions at which commercial bank will use the exchange rate of that commercial bank.

Types of exchange rates applied when recording transactions

- Actual exchange rate at the time of transaction:

Used to convert to accounting currency for transactions recorded as increases: Goods, prepayments to vendors, payables.

In case of selling goods or providing services related to revenue received in advance or advance payment from the buyer: Revenue and income corresponding to the amount received in advance shall be applied the actual transaction exchange rate at the time of advance payment from the buyer.

- Actual exchange rate at the time of transaction:

Used to convert into accounting currency for transactions recorded as reductions: Accounts payable, Advance payments to sellers due to receipt of products and goods.

In case during a period there are many receivables or payables in foreign currency with the same entity, the actual recorded exchange rate for each entity is determined based on the moving weighted average of transactions with that entity.

- Actual exchange rate at the time of transaction:

Used to convert to the accounting currency on the credit side of cash accounts when making payments in foreign currency.

3. Principles of recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include: cash, demand deposits and deposits with maturity of less than 03 months, cash in transit and short-term investments with maturity of no more than 03 months from the date of investment, which can be easily converted into a certain amount of cash and have no risk of conversion into cash at the time of reporting. The determination of cash equivalents is ensured according to the provisions of Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 24 "Cash Flow Statement".

4. Principles of accounting for financial investments

Investment in associates

Principles for determining joint ventures and associates: Based on voting rights ratio.

Carrying value of investment in associate: Carrying value of investment in associate is determined using the equity method.

Accounting method for stock dividends: stock dividends only track the number of additional shares on the financial statement notes, do not record the value of shares received, do not record financial revenue, do not record the increase in investment value.

5. Principles of accounting for receivables

The classification of receivables as trade receivables and other receivables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Trade receivables: Includes commercial receivables arising from purchase and sale transactions.
- Other receivables: Including non-commercial receivables, not related to purchase and sale transactions (such as: receivables
 from loan interest, deposits, dividends and shared profits; payments on behalf of third parties that are entitled to be received
 back; receivables from fines, compensation, missing assets awaiting resolution, etc.).

Track receivables

Receivables are tracked in detail by original maturity, remaining maturity at the reporting date, by original currency and by each Receivables that meet the definition of foreign currency monetary items: Revalued at March 31, 2025 at the actual exchange rate at the end of the period (see also Note IV.2).

Receivables are recorded at no more than recoverable amount.

Method of establishing provision for doubtful debts

- The allowance for doubtful debts represents the portion of receivables that the Company expects to be uncollectible at the end of the financial year. Increases or decreases to the allowance account balance are recorded in administrative expenses during the period.
- Receivables overdue for 6 months or more (overdue period is determined based on the original purchase and sale contract, not taking into account debt extension between the parties) are provisioned at the following rate:

Overdue time	Provisioning ratio
From over 6 months to under 1 year	30%
From 1 year to less than 2 years	50%
From 2 years to less than 3 years	70%
3 years or more	100%

6. Principles of inventory recognition

Inventories are determined on the basis of the lower price between the original cost and the net realizable value. The determination is carried out according to the provisions of Accounting Standard No. 02- "Inventories", specifically: The original price of inventories includes: Purchase costs, processing costs and other directly related costs incurred to obtain the inventories at the current location and condition. Net realizable value is determined by the estimated selling price minus (-) the estimated cost to complete the product and the estimated costs necessary for consumption.

Inventory valuation method: Weighted average.

Inventory accounting method: Perpetual.

Method for determining the cost of unfinished business production at the end of the

The cost of unfinished production at the end of the period is determined by the Company by the total cost of direct labor and general production costs.

Method of setting up inventory price reduction provision: Provision for inventory impairment is created for the estimated loss arising due to impairment (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods, and merchandise inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment at the balance sheet date. Increases or decreases in the provision balance are recorded in cost of goods sold during the period.

7. Accounting and depreciation principles for fixed assets and financial lease fixed assets

a) Accounting principles for tangible and intangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at original cost minus accumulated depreciation.

The original cost of fixed assets is the total cost that the Company must spend to have the fixed assets up to the time the assets are put into a state of readiness for use. Determining the original cost of fixed assets for each type is in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 03 on tangible fixed assets.

Expenditures incurred after initial recognition (upgrade, renovation, maintenance, repair costs, etc.) are recorded in the production and business costs of the period. In cases where it can be clearly demonstrated that these costs have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard level of performance, these costs are capitalized as an additional cost of the fixed assets.

When fixed assets are sold or liquidated, their original cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the balance sheet and any gains or losses arising from their disposal are included in the income statement.

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Fixed Asset Group	Years
Houses, structures (**)	10 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	06 - 10 years
Means of transport (*)	07 - 10 years
Management equipment	05 - 08 years

(*): The company purchased a number of used cars, so the depreciation frame is determined according to the revaluation

(**): The depreciation frame of some fixed assets is determined according to the remaining time from the time of equitization of the enterprise.

Intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at original cost minus accumulated depreciation.

Land use rights

Intangible fixed assets are long-term land use rights at 1/9 Giang Van Minh, An Phu Ward, Thu Duc City, Ho Chi Minh City, which are recorded as intangible fixed assets when the Company is granted a Land Use Rights Certificate. The original cost of land use rights includes all costs directly related to bringing the land into a state ready for use. The Company does not amortize intangible fixed assets because the land use rights are indefinite.

Other regulations on management, use and depreciation of

fixed assets

Other regulations on management, use and depreciation of fixed assets are implemented by the Company in accordance with Circular 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013 of the Ministry of Finance and Circular No. 147/2016/TT-BTC dated October 13, 2016 of the Ministry of Finance.

b) Accounting principles for financial lease fixed assets

Financial leased fixed assets are stated at original cost minus accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a finance leased asset is recorded at the fair value of the leased asset plus any initial direct costs incurred in connection with the finance lease. If input VAT is deductible, the present value of the minimum lease payments does not include the VAT payable to the lessor.

Finance leased fixed assets are depreciated based on the application of a depreciation policy consistent with the depreciation policy of similar assets owned by the Company.

Business Combinations and Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is the fair value, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquiree and, in addition, any costs directly attributable to the business combination. The assets acquired, identifiable liabilities, and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at their fair values at the date of the combination.

The remaining difference between the purchase price of the investment and the investor's interest in the fair value of the identifiable net assets is called goodwill (the purchase price of the investment is greater than the investor's interest in the fair value of the identifiable net assets). Goodwill arising from a business combination is initially recognised at cost. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortized over its estimated useful life of 36 months. In the event of negative goodwill (the purchase price of the investment is less than the investor's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets), the difference is recognized in the consolidated income statement. As of March 31, 2025, goodwill has been fully amortized to the income statement.

Tax accounting principles

a) Current corporate income tax

Current income tax expense is determined on the basis of taxable income and the corporate income tax rate in the current year '(20%).

b) Deferred corporate income tax

Deferred income tax is the income tax expected to be paid or recovered due to temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their taxable values.

Deferred corporate income tax assets

Deferred corporate income tax assets are corporate income tax amounts that will be recovered in the future, determined based on deductible temporary differences, the carry-forward value of unused tax losses and tax incentives.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At the end of each reporting period, deferred tax assets are reviewed and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are also reviewed and recognised — to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is recognised in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity.

Tax rate

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized, or the liability is settled. The applicable tax rate is 20%, which is the tax rate effective for 2016.

c) Other taxes

Other taxes are applied according to current tax laws in Vietnam.

The Company's tax reports are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Since the application of tax laws and regulations to different types of transactions is susceptible to varying interpretations, the tax amounts presented in the financial statements may change upon final determination by the tax authorities.

10. Principles of accounting for prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are actual expenses that have been incurred but are related to the business performance of many accounting periods and the transfer of these expenses to the business performance of the following accounting periods.

Prepaid expenses are amortized using the straight-line method, including:

 Cost Type
 Time allocation

 Equipment repair and maintenance costs
 12 months

 Cost of tools and equipment (computers, printers, tables and chairs, air conditioners...) for office use
 12 months

 Car insurance costs
 12 months

 Other prepaid expenses
 12 - 24 months

 Long-term distribution tools (office ceiling, camera...)
 24 months

 One-time repair costs of fixed assets have large value
 24 months

Prepaid expenses are tracked in detail by period. At the time of preparing financial statements, prepaid expenses with a period of no more than 12 months or one business cycle from the time of prepayment are classified as short-term prepaid expenses, prepaid expenses with a period of more than 12 months or more than one business cycle from the time of prepayment are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses.

11. Principles of accounting for liabilities

The classification of payables as trade payables and other payables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Payables to suppliers: Includes commercial payables arising from transactions to purchase goods, services, and assets.
- Other payables: Includes non-commercial payables not related to the purchase, sale, or provision of goods and services (such as: payables for social insurance, health insurance, unemployment insurance, union funds, other payables, etc.).

Track your payables

Payables are tracked in detail by original maturity, remaining maturity at the reporting date, by currency and by entity. At the time of preparing the financial statements, payables with a remaining repayment period of no more than 12 months or one business cycle are classified as short-term payables, payables with a remaining repayment period of more than 12 months or more than one business cycle are recorded as long-term payables.

Payables that meet the definition of foreign currency monetary items: Revalued at 31/03/2025 at the actual transaction exchange rate at the end of the period (see also Note IV.2).

Liabilities are recorded at no less than the amount payable.

12. Principles of recording loans and financial lease liabilities

Finance lease liabilities are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments/or the fair value of the leased asset.

Loans and financial leases are tracked in detail by entity, term, and currency. At the time of preparing the financial statements, loans and financial leases due within 12 months or the next business cycle are classified as short-term loans and financial leases, loans with a repayment period of more than 12 months or more than one business cycle are recorded as long-term loans and financial leases.

13. Principles of recognition and capitalization of borrowing costs

Recording borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest costs and costs directly related to the loan (such as appraisal, auditing, loan application preparation costs...).

Borrowing costs are recognized as financial expenses in the period when incurred (except for cases of capitalization according to the provisions of Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 16 "Borrowing costs").

Capitalized borrowing costs

Borrowing costs arising from specific borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are included in the cost of that asset (capitalized) after deducting any income from the temporary investment of those borrowings. Borrowing costs are capitalized when it is probable that the future economic benefits from the use of the asset will flow to the enterprise and the interest costs can be reliably measured.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are completed. Borrowing costs incurred thereafter are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

14. Principle of recording payable expenses

Accrued expenses include the value of expenses that have been included in the operating expenses of the period, but have not been actually paid at the end of the financial period on the basis of ensuring the principle of matching between revenue and expenses. Accrued expenses are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amount payable for goods and services used, including the following items: interest expenses, payable for auditing, others...

Basis for determining types of expenses payable

- Interest expense payable: Based on time and interest rate payable.
- Audit fees payable, other: Based on contract and actual costs incurred during the period.

15. Principle of recognizing unrealized revenue

Unearned revenue is recognized when the Company receives prepayments from customers relating to the following items: Prepayments from customers for property rentals.

Unearned revenue allocation method: Unearned revenue is allocated and recorded in the business results of the period, based on the time and term of the amount received in advance.

16. Principle of equity recognition

a) Principles of recording owner's capital contribution

Owner's equity is recorded according to the actual capital contributed by shareholders.

b) Principles of recording undistributed profits

Undistributed profits reflect the business results (profit, loss) after corporate income tax and the Company's profit distribution or loss handling situation. Undistributed profits are monitored in detail according to the business performance results of each fiscal year (previous year, current year), and are also monitored in detail according to each profit distribution content (fund allocation, supplementing the Owner's Investment Capital, distributing dividends, profits to shareholders, to investors).

17. Principles and methods of revenue recognition

Revenue from sales of goods and finished products

Revenue from the sale of equipment and coal is recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer. Revenue is not recognised when there are significant uncertainties regarding the recovery of the consideration due or the possibility of a return.

Service revenue

Revenue from the provision of storage services and warehouse and asset leasing services is recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. When the outcome of the contract can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised based on the stage of completion of the work.

If the outcome of a contract cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Financial revenue

Financial revenue includes: Interest on deposits, dividends and shared profits, exchange rate differences and late payment interest on coal.

Interest on deposits: Recorded on the basis of time and actual interest rate of each period.

Late payment interest: Late payment interest is based on the late payment period and the actual interest rate during the period.

Revenue from real estate transfer activities

Revenue from the transfer of real estate of the Company is recognized when the majority of risks and benefits related to the real estate have been transferred to the buyer, regardless of whether the legal procedures for the land use right certificate have been completed or not and the transfer contract is irrevocable. Revenue is determined reliably and the Company is able to obtain the economic benefits from this transaction.

18. Principles of accounting for cost of goods sold.

Cost of goods sold is recorded on the principle of matching with revenue. Cost of transferred real estate is determined based on actual costs incurred directly related to investment and construction of real estate.

To ensure the principle of prudence, costs exceeding the normal level of inventories are immediately recorded in the period's expenses (after deducting compensation, if any), including: costs of direct materials consumed exceeding the normal level, labor costs, fixed general production costs not allocated to the value of products in stock, inventory loss, etc.

The company did not incur any write-downs of cost of goods sold during the year.

19. Principles of financial cost accounting.

Financial expenses include: lending and borrowing costs, exchange rate losses. Interest expenses (including pre-deducted amounts), exchange rate differences of the reporting period are fully recorded in the period.

20. Selling and administrative expenses

Selling costs: Are actual costs incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services, including sales staff salaries (salaries, wages, allowances, salary deductions), sales promotion, product introduction, product advertising, sales commissions, storage, packaging, and transportation costs.

Business management costs: Are general management costs, including salary costs for employees of the business management department (salaries, wages, allowances, etc.); social insurance, health insurance, union fees, unemployment insurance for business management employees; office materials, labor tools, depreciation of fixed assets used for business management; business license tax; provision for bad debts; outsourced services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, etc.); other cash expenses (reception, etc.).

21. Other accounting principles and methods

Cost of unfinished construction

Construction in progress includes the construction cost of the Trade Center in Phu Ly, Ha Nam. These projects are grouped into the construction investment cost item "Construction in progress" and transferred appropriately when the project is completed and put into use, based on the actual use of the assets.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET The indicators are presented in Vietnamese Dong (VND)

7	Canl	and.	Cank	eauiva	Laute
1.	Casn	unu	Casn	eautva	ienis

2.

cush unu cush equivalents			1 2027
		March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Cash on Hand	(i)	2.423.029.917	278.588.053
Cash in Bank	(ii)	15.282.255.719	30.569.134.734
Cash equivalents	(iii) _	7.900.000.000	14.526.721.069
Total	<u></u>	25.605.285.636	45.374.443.856
(i) Cash balance at the fund includes:			
	W	VND	VND
+ Parent company	_	328.256.794	63.958.217
+ ITASCO Coal Trading and Trading Joint Stock	c Company	2.079.722.760	213.635.153
+ ITASCO Coal Import Export Trading Company	y Limited	14.252.767	197.087
+ ITASCO Energy Investment Joint Stock Compa	iny	797.596	797.596
Total	_	2.423.029.917	278.588.053
(ii) Bank deposit balance includes:	_		
		VND	VND
+ Parent company	-	14.933.176.119	29.310.187.661
+ ITASCO Coal Trading and Trading Joint Stock	k Company	313.175.585	1.152.816.348
+ ITASCO Coal Import Export Trading Compan	170	22.322.162	103.312.332
+ ITASCO Energy Investment Joint Stock Compa	iny	13.581.853	2.818.393
Total		15.282.255.719	30.569.134.734
(iii) Cash equivalents include:	=	- N	
(III) Cash equivalents include.		VND	VND
+ Parent company	_	7.900.000.000	14.526.721.069
+ ITASCO Coal Trading and Trading Joint Stock	k Company	-	
+ ITASCO Coal Import Export Trading Compan	y Limited	-	
Total	_	7.900.000.000	14.526.721.069
Short-term Financial Investments			
Short term I manetal investments	e 8 =	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Other Short-term Investments		-	-
+ For Company		-	
Total Short-term Investments	50 	15.336.575.342	15.336.575.342
Provision for Short-term Investment Devaluation	_		
Net Short-term Investments	-	15.336.575.342	15.336.575.342
	_		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Receivables from Customers

nort-term Receivables from Customers achinery and electrical equipment manufacturing factory - active Environmental Company and Minh Construction and Tourism Group Joint Stock ampany antiral Construction Group Corporation and Nhat Coal Company - TKV and Dong Thermal Power Company - TKV and Tu Coal Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin and Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company and Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company and Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company at Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company at Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited asso Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company ang Minh Giao	11.818.854.551 66.260.996.934 1.391.292.999 1.064.880.000 251.675.000 9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342 42.215.384.608	11.818.854.551 66.260.996.93,4 1.391.292.999 8.479.600.000 251.675.000 25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035 2.427.925.897
TV Environmental Company Inh Minh Construction and Tourism Group Joint Stock Impany Intral Construction Group Corporation Interal Construction Group Corporation Interal Construction Group Corporation Intral Construction Group - TKV In Dong Thermal Power Company - TKV In Dong Thermal Power Company - Vinacomin Interal Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company Interal Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company Interal Company Interaction Inter	66.260.996.934 1.391.292.999 1.064.880.000 251.675.000 - 9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	66.260.996.93,4 1.391.292.999 8.479.600.000 251.675.000 25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
ntral Construction Group Corporation ong Nhat Coal Company - TKV n Dong Thermal Power Company - TKV t Tu Coal Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin m Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company m Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company uc Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	1.391.292.999 1.064.880.000 251.675.000 - 9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	1.391.292.999 8.479.600.000 251.675.000 25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
ong Nhat Coal Company - TKV In Dong Thermal Power Company - TKV In Tu Coal Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin Im Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company Im Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company In Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company In Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company In Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company In Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited In Stock Company	1.064.880.000 251.675.000 - 9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	8.479.600.000 251.675.000 25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
n Dong Thermal Power Company - TKV I Tu Coal Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin Im Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company Im Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company In Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company In Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company In Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited Is Stock Company	251.675.000 - 9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	251.675.000 25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
Tu Coal Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin m Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company m Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company uc Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	9.257.121.545 9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	25.868.181.818 7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
m Ma 2A Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company m Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company uc Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	7.671.134.951 9.974.716.035
m Ma 3 Hydropower Investment Joint Stock Company uc Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	9.715.470.713 1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	9.974.716.035
uc Long Hydropower Joint Stock Company a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	1.853.148.084 8.714.999.342	
a Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	8.714.999.342	2.427.925.897
ai Xuan Housing Development Investment Company Limited sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company		
sco Mineral Processing & Services Joint Stock Company	42 215 384 608	8.714.999.342
	72.213.304.000	43.026.084.608
ang Minh Giao	12.609.652.749	12.609.652.749
		10.274.989.000
her customers	49.402.883.211	71.436.182.351
tal	214.556.359.736	280.206.286.235
	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
epayment to Suppliers		
	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
ort-term Prepayment to Suppliers		oanuary 1, 2025
m Pha Port and Logistics Company - Vinacomin	12.027.459.963	1.272.570.459
OC Media and Technology Joint Stock Company	12.900.000.000	12.900.000.000
n My MBLAND Industrial Infrastructure Investment		
	83.500.000.000	75.000.000.000
	28.657.810.000	28.657.810.000
tnam Industrial Park Investment Joint Stock Company	414.313.204.774	414.313.204.774
ang Minh Construction Company 1 vietnam Environmental Consulting and	19.949.112.000	-
	4.695.563.508	-
	1.500.000.000	1.500.000.000
uyen Thi Tuyet Oanh	-	64.620.000.000
ner objects	3.212.422.285	4.127.968.057
tal	580.755.572.530	602.391.553.290
ner Receivables		
	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	11.874.246.085	25.462.732.085
The state of the s	2.563.262.923	2.461.805.523
	473.043.872.401	533.260.968.304
	487.481.381.409	561.185.505.912
al		
al	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
nn	My MBLAND Industrial Infrastructure Investment t Stock Company ANDINAVIAN HEAVY EQUIPEMENT nam Industrial Park Investment Joint Stock Company ing Minh Construction Company vietnam Environmental Consulting and struction Joint Stock Company Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company yen Thi Tuyet Oanh er objects all er Receivables er Short-term Receivables abor Receivables erposits, Mortgages and Collateral ther Receivables	C Media and Technology Joint Stock Company My MBLAND Industrial Infrastructure Investment tt Stock Company ANDINAVIAN HEAVY EQUIPEMENT 28.657.810.000 nam Industrial Park Investment Joint Stock Company 19.949.112.000 struction Company vietnam Environmental Consulting and struction Joint Stock Company Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company 1.500.000.000 yen Thi Tuyet Oanh 2r objects 3.212.422.285 2r Receivables March 31, 2025 2r Short-term Receivables 2posits, Mortgages and Collateral ther Receivables 473.043.872.401

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Bad debt

	March 31, 2025		January 1, 2025	
Receivables from Customers	Original price	Recoverable value	Original price	Recoverable value
Nga Viet Investment and Trading Joint Stock Co	10.214.999.342		10.214.999.342	
Phuc Thinh Company Limited	2.619.015.274		2.619.015.274	
Dong A Group Joint Stock Company (Quang Ni	4.577.547.242		4.577.547.242	
Waterway Construction Company 2	562.755.850		562.755.850	
Construction Company 545	360.426.070		360.426.070	
Mr. Le Anh Viet	27.650.000		27.650.000	
Other customers	206.130.248		206.130.248	
Total	18.568.524.026	: -	18.568.524.026	•_

Inventories

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Goods in Transit	4.574.150.908	13.217.582.211
Raw Materials, Materials	-	1.296.496.304
Tools and Supplies		
Production in Progress	150.687.199.720	85.144.607.072
Finished Goods		
Merchandise Inventory	18.881.693.332	18.881.693.332
Goods on Consignment	:=	2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Goods in Tax-suspension Warehouse		
Total inventories	174.143.043.960	118.540.378.919
Provision for Devaluation of Stocks (*)	-	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Net realizable value of inventory	174.143.043.960	118.540.378.919

Taxes and Receivables from State Budget

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Corporate income tax overpayment	7.259.201	7.259.201
Excess output VAT payment	1.324.221.351	203.042.213
Total	1.331.480.552	210.301.414

VINACOMIN-INVESTMENT, TRADING AND SERVICE JOINT STOCK COMPANY No.01, Phan Dinh Giot Street, Phuong Liet Ward, Thanh Xuan Distric, Ha noi, Viet Nam

Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

B 09 - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Tangible Fixed Asset Increase

6

	Houses, structures	Machinery, equipment	Means of transport	Management equipment	Other tangible fixed assets	Total
Original Cost of Tangible FA						
As of January 01,2025	12.297.759.846	684.566.600	10.004.880.000	253.342.862		23.240.549.308
Increase in Year	•			•		•
Finished Capital Construction		•			*	
Other Increase	•	1		1	ī	•
Liquidating, Selling	1	•			•	•
Other Decrease			•			
As of March 31, 2025	12.297.759.846	684.566.600	10.004.880.000	253.342.862	ī	23.240.549.308
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
As of January 01,2025	10.748.076.570	491.155.580	9.857.385.530	253.342.862	ı	21.349.960.542
Depreciation in Year	84.824.470		147.494.470	,		232.318.940
Other Increase	•	380		i ,		
Liquidating, Selling	1		•			•
Other Decrease			1 L	•		•
As of March 31, 2025	10.832.901.040	491.155.580	10.004.880.000	253.342.862	1	21.582.279.482
FA		N				
As of January 01,2025	1.549.683.276	193.411.020	147.494.470	4	1	1.890.588.766
As of March 31, 2025	1.464.858.806	193.411.020				1.658.269.826

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

10. Financial Lease FA Increase/Decrease

	Technology chain	Means of transport	Total
ORIGINAL COST		**************************************	
As of January 01,2025	-	- 2	-
Lease in Year	-		-
Other Increase	3 7	<u> </u>	
Buying Back Leasing FA	=	0	-
Other Decrease			~
As of March 31, 2025	-	-	- ,
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
As of January 01,2025	-	120	
Depreciation in Year	•:		:=:
Other Increase	<u>₩</u>		-
Buying Back Leasing FA	₩.	0	-
Other Decrease	<u>=</u>		
As of March 31, 2025	-	iii.	-
REMAINING VALUE			
As of January 01,2025	-	-	.=
As of March 31, 2025	-9		

11. Intangible Fixed Asset Increase/Decrease

	Land use rights	Patent Copyright	Total
ORIGINAL COST		_	
As of January 01,2025	1.215.309.847	-	1.215.309.847
Increase in Year		-	-
Other Increase	-		3 = 1
Liquidating, Selling		-	-
Other Decrease			
As of March 31, 2025	1.215.309.847	7	1.215.309.847
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	112	2	
As of January 01,2025		. 0	-
Depreciation in Year	-		-
Other Increase	3		-
Liquidating, Selling	-	-	
Other Decrease			-
As of March 31, 2025			-
REMAINING VALUE			
As of January 01,2025	1.215.309.847		1.215.309.847
As of March 31, 2025	1.215.309.847	-	1.215.309.847

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Capital Construction in Progress

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Total capital Construction in Progress:	659.685.248	659.685.248
Including major projects:		
+ Phu Ly Commercial Center - Ha Nam	659.685.248	659.685.248
+ Other projects		

13. Long-term Prepaid Expenses

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
+ Value of tools and equipment used	59.118.465	73.897.782
+ Value of management software	<u> </u>	
+ Office repair costs	97.340.374	335.674.291
+Non-agricultural land use tax		
+ Other costs	26.285.780.199	27.402.621.804
Total	26.442.239.038	27.812.193.877

14. Commercial advantage

The increase and decrease in trade advantage during the period is as follows:

					Total
ORIGINAL COST			X-200		
As of January 01,2025				-	-
Increase in Year	-	-		- 12	-
Decrease in Year		 -	>		
As of March 31, 2025	-			-	-
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
As of January 01,2025	-	-		-	-
Depreciation in Year	177- =	1=1			 1
As of March 31, 2025	-	-		-	-
REMAINING VALUE					
As of January 01,2025					
As of March 31, 2025	-		N = 1 1 1		_

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

15. Long-term financial investments

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Investments in Subsidiaries	0. 	
Investments in Associates, Joint-Ventures	279.050.987.853	279.110.681.828
Investments in Other Companies		
Others long-term investments	3.784.000.000	3.784.000.000
Total value of long-term financial investments Provision for Long-term Investments	282.834.987.853	282.894.681.828
Devaluation	(229.602.607)	(216.063.640)
Held-to Maturity Investments	2.100.000.000	2.100.000.000
Net value of long-term financial investments	284.705.385.246	284.778.618.188

15.1 Investments in Associates, Joint-Ventures

	Mar	ch 31, 2025	January 1, 2025		
Company name	Proportion	Value	Proportion	Value	
Vinacomin Investment, Minerals and Services Joint Stock Company	26%	7.020.000.000	26%	7.089.241.289	
Vinh Tan General Service Joint Stock Company	35,0%	1.050.000.000	35%	1.045.968.782	
Itasco Coal Processing and Trading Joint Stock Co	40,0%	6.069.456.792	40,0%	6.063.940.696	
An Xuan Electricity Trading Joint Stock Company	27,66%	13.831.100.000	27,66%	13.831.100.000	
An Viet Lai Chau Energy Development Investment	49,0%	251.080.431.061	49,0%	251.080.431.061	
Total		279.050.987.853		279.110.681.828	

15.2 Other long-term investments

	Marc	h 31, 2025	January 1, 2025	
Company name	Proportio	Value	Proportio	Value `
Itasco Minerals and Trading Joint Stock Company	18,00%	900.000.000	18,00%	900.000.000
Itasco Mineral Processing and Services Joint Sto-	14,29%	500.000.000	14,29%	500.000.000
Itasco Hanoi Coal Processing and Trading Joint S	20,00%	2.000.000.000	20,00%	2.000.000.000
Dong Hai Warehouse Services Joint Stock Company - Itasco	7,68%	384.000.000	19,20%	384.000.000
Total	=	3.784.000.000	_	3.784.000.000

15.3 Provision for impairment of long-term investments

Provision for diminution in value of long-term investments is made to reflect the decline in value of investments at the end of the fiscal year.

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Provision for impairment of long-term investments at the beginning of the period	(216.063.640)	(216.063.640)
이 점점 그리는 아이들이 보고 있는 것이 돼지 않는데 그 사람이 없는데 그리고 있다.		(210.003.040)
Total: Provisions made during the period	(13.538.967)	
Minus: SD reserve and reversal during the period Provision for long-term investment depreciation		-
at the end of the period	(229.602.607)	(216.063.640)

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

16. Payable to seller

		March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
a.	Short-term Payables		
	SJE Energy Company Limited	10.409.213.653	10.409.213.653
	SONG DA 11 JOINT STOCK COMPANY FLSMIDTH KOCH GMBH	13.749.041.037 13.330.767.250	35.129.227.321 13.330.767.250
	EUROPEAN Machinery and trucking servervices co.,	11.862.158.212	46.474.385.825
	Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company No. 18.1	18.554.338.877	20.187.720.702
	Viet Hung Construction & Foundation Treatment Company Limited	1.702.474.124	1.702.474.124
	Thanh Trung Construction Investment Company Limited	9.717.554.137	12.217.554.137
	Hoa Thanh Construction & Trading Joint Stock Company	5.742.312.739	5.742.312.739
	Duc Toan - Hai Ha Company Limited	14.470.706.340	14.470.706.340
	Minh Hung Transport Company Limited	2.370.491.653	2.370.491.653
	AN BINH VN INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRANSPORT CONSTRUCTION	4.343.257.715	4.343.257.715
	V&M Mechanical Construction Company Limited	6.188.111.648	22.475.127.668
	Bac Son Mid-Autumn Construction and Trading Company	8.878.986.878	4.296.518.390
	Ha Nam Binh Construction Materials Production Cooperative	8.956.219.619	5.371.174.000
	Company	35.212.417.101	32.910.858.040
	Tay Bac Construction and Trading Development Company Limited	9.248.043.089	9.248.043.089
	Other suppliers	139.557.330.645	231.572.077.637
	Total	314.293.424.717	472.251.910.283
17.	Buyer pays in advance	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
a.	Short term Advances Received from the Customers		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Cam Pha Coal Trading Joint Stock Company - Vinacomin Hanoi Coal Processing and Trading Joint Stock Company	8.132.850.000	8.132.850.000
	ITASCO	1.598.694.586	800.000.000
	Nghi Son Industrial Park No. 3 Infrastructure Investment and Exploitation Company Limited	236.851.577.879	169.404.561.750
		48.017.494.804	47.597.485.848
	Gia Hung Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company ITASCO Coal Processing and Trading Joint Stock Company	54.590.101.983	58.269.695.087
	Mao Khe Coal Company - TKV	1.064.880.000	1.064.880.000
	Dong Hai Warehouse Services Joint Stock Company - Itasco	4.914.386.400	1.004.880.000
	SONG DA 11 JOINT STOCK COMPANY	6.200.000.000	
	Thai Son Lam Trading and Service Company Limited	2.988.249.942	94.777.585
	Simacai Joint Stock Company	34.555.305.019	30.776.687.236
	+ Other customers	27.738.237.991	28.977.446.953
	Total	426.651.778.604	345.118.384.459
b.	Long term Advances Received from the Customers	-	
18.	Unrealized Revenue	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	+ Revenue received in advance	60.000.000	60.000.000
	Cộng	60.000.000	60.000.000

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

-	~.				•
19.	Short-term	borrowings	and	finance.	leases

+ Dividend payable to shareholders

+ Other payables

Total

19.	Short-term borrowings and finance leases		
		March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	Short-term Borrowings	953.186.771.268	1.081.292.391.937
	+ Bank borrowings	953.186.771.268	1.081.292.391.937
	+ Personal and corporate Borrowings	-	-
	Long-term debt due		-
	Total	953.186.771.268	1.081.292.391.937
20.	Taxes and Obligations to State Budget		
		March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	Payable VAT	222.371.496	163.748.535
	Import and Export Duties	-	-
	Corporation Income Tax	7.039.968.376	6.840.483.354
	Personal Income Tax	862.593.050	763.366.183
	Natural Resource Tax	-	-
	Land, Housing Tax and Land Rental		-
	Others Tax	435.824.755	435.824.755
	Fees, Charges and Other Payables		<u> </u>
	Total	8.560.757.677	8.203.422.827
21.	Cost to Pay		
		March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	Others cost to Pay	97.391.374.622	45.273.866.881
	+ Interest payable	3.512.994.216	1.350.588.367
	+ Audit fees payable	., B	135.000.000
	+ Others cost to Pay	93.878.380.406	43.788.278.514
	Total	97.391.374.622	45.273.866.881
22.	Other short-term payables		
22.	omer short term payables	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
	Pending Assets		-
	Trade Union Fees	85.276.418	69.378.418
	Social Insurance	60.509.301	35.120.301
	Health Insurance	1.620.000	1.620.000
	Unemployement Insurance	600.000	-
	Other short-term payables	6.628.261.029	55.143.987.149
	+ Must pay party fees	195.989.089	
	+ Accept short-term deposits and deposits	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 =
			1 107 0 10 127

1.487.048.427

53.656.938.722

55.250.105.868

1.487.048.427

4.945.223.513

6.776.266.748

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

23. Borrowings and Financial Lease Liabilities

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Long-term Borrowings	111.150.000	111.150.000
+ Bank borrowings	111.150.000	111.150.000
+ Finance lease	S	
+ Others borrowings	1 20 T 1	
Long-term debt		10 7 10 -17
+ Finance lease	n	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
+ Others long-term debt	<u></u>	
Bonds	<u> </u>	
Total	111.150.000	111.150.000
t. Deferred Income Tax Assets		
	March 31 2025	January 1, 2025

24.

	March 31, 2025	January 1, 2025
Deferred tax assets related to deductible temporary differences	-	27.067.280
Deferred income tax assets related to unused tax losses	=	= : y
Deferred income tax assets related to unused tax credits	-	. .
Reversal of deferred tax assets recognized from prior years		-
Total		27.067.280

25. Provision for Payables

	Warranty cost reserve	Others reserves		Total
This year				
As of January 01,2025				
Increase in Year				-
Use in Year				-
Reversal of unused reserves				
Adjustment for discounted cash flows	E (1 11	-
As of March 31, 2025	. •			_
In there	500			
Provision for short-term payables				
Provision for long-term payables	· E	-		-

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Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

26. Owner's Equity

Equity Fluctuatio

Equity Fluctuation Reconciliation Table								
	Owner's Equity	Other Owner's Equity	Non-controlling interest	Development Investment Fund	Exchange Rate Differences	Undistributed Profit	Total	
Last year's opening balance	264.599.240.000		1.868.810.071	10.928.178.127	•	8.393.320.778	285.789.548.976	
Capital increase in previous year	•			•	1			
Profit for the year	ï	,	(84.702.582)	•	·	3.688.190.402	3.603.487.820	
Other increase	ű	,	Î	•	ľ	170.517.930	170.517.930	
Exchange rate difference	ř	ï	·	•	(947.486.256)	•	(947.486.256)	
Capital reduction during the year	•	1					ı	
Pay dividends to shareholders	•	1	•			(2.645.992.400)	(2.645.992.400)	
Distribution of funds	-	ī		4.000.000.000		(4.355.000.000)	(355.000.000)	
Other discounts	•				947.486.256	,	947.486.256	
Last year ending balance/this year beginning balance	264.599.240.000		1.784.107.489	14.928.178.127		5.251.036.710	286.562.562.326	
Capital increase in previous year			1	1			•	
Profit for the year	ī		(34.208.055)			691.648.167	657.440.112	
Other increase	3	•				66.678.878	828.828	
Exchange rate difference	ì	,					1	
Capital reduction during the year	•		•				•	
Pay dividends to shareholders	ē	.0	1			1	•	
Distribution of funds	ī			J		1	•	
Other discounts	•		1		<u>.</u>			
Balance at the end of this year	264.599.240.000	-	1.749.899.434	14.928.178.127	r i	6.009.363.755	287.286.681.316	

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Owner's equity details

	Mare	ch 31, 2025		Janu	ary 1, 2025	
	Total	Common stock	Prefer red stock	Total	Cổ phiếu thường	Preferr ed stock
Vietnam National Coal -			SIOCK			stock
Mineral Industries Group	47.628.000.000	47.628.000.000	-	47.628.000.000	47.628.000.000	
Shareholders' equity	216.971.240.000	216.971.240.000		216.971.240.000	216.971.240.000	5
Equity Surplus	= <u>-</u> 8	=	•	Ti 👊 "	- I	-
Shares in Fund	<u> </u>	7-				<u> </u>
Total	264.599.240.000	264.599.240.000		264.599.240.000	264.599.240.000	
Capital transactions with	owners and divide	nd distribution, p	rofit sha	ring:		
				March 31, 2025	January	1, 2025
Owner's equity						
+ Beginning capital con	utribution			264.599.240.000	264.599.2	240.000
+ Capital increase duri	ng the year					
+ Capital contribution of	decreased during th	ne year		_		-
+ End of year capital co	ontribution			264.599.240.000	264.599.	240.000
Dividends, distributed pr	rofits					=
Share:						
				March 31, 2025	January	1, 2025
Number of shares registe	ered for issuance			26.459.924	26.	459.924
Number of shares sold to	the public			26.459.924	26.4	159.924
+ Common stock				26.459.924	26.	459.924
Number of shares bough	t back			-		-
+ Common stock				0: 0 =		
Number of shares outsta	nding			26.459.924	26.	459.924
+ Common stock				26.459.924	26.	459.924
Outstanding share price:	10.000 VND					
Other equity funds:						
				March 31, 2025	January	1, 2025
Investment Fund				14.928.178.127	14.928.	178.127
Financial reserve fund						

Purpose of fund allocation:

⁺ The development investment fund is used for investment in future business expansion such as capital investment in other enterprises, purchase of fixed assets, basic construction, research and development, training and improvement of working environment.

⁺ The financial reserve fund is set aside to compensate for the remaining loss or damage to assets occurring during business operations after compensation from organizations and individuals causing the loss and from insurance organizations, or to reserve for unexpected losses or damage due to objective factors or due to instability in the domestic or foreign economic and financial situation.

27. Minority shareholder interests

			Cộng
As of March 31, 2025			-
Charter capital	1.481.089.363		1.481.089.363
Other owners' equity		-	-1
Undistributed Profit		-	
	1.481.089.363	==	1.481.089.363
Profit (loss) in consolidated profit during the period		_	- 4

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

The indicators are presented in Vietnamese Dong (VND).

28. Sales and service revenue

29.

	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
Total sales and service revenue	438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374
In there:	Carrier a John III	
Sales Revenue	296.655.879.329	143.470.353.686
Sales of finished products	-,	
Service revenue	272.339.011	763.653.065
Construction revenue	141.673.013.419	46.853.463.623
Real Estate Business Revenue	2	*
Deductible Items		ν-
Trade Discounts		:=
Prices of Goods	-	=
Sales Returns		-
Net Revenue from Sale of Goods and Supply of Services	438.601.231.759	191.087.470.374
Sales Revenue	296.655.879.329	143.470.353.686
Service revenue	272.339.011	763.653.065
Sales of finished products	· *	:=
Construction revenue	141.673.013.419	46.853.463.623
Cost from Sale of Goods and Supply of Services		
	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
Cost of Goods Sold	293.396.861.618	141.243.498.866
Cost of Products Sold		
Cost of Services Supplied	159.961.979	1.340.372.319
Cost of Construction	131.720.570.470	38.521.761.834
Remaining value, transfer and liquidation costs of		
sold investment real estate		
Total	425.277.394.067	181.105.633.019

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Continued)

30.	Revenue from Financial Activities		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Interest on Bank Deposits, Loans	10.374.235.899	15.950.933.038
	Share transfer interest	H	-
	Dividends, profits shared		
	Profit from Exchange Differences - Received		48.983.000
	Profit from Exchange Differences - Receivable	n	
	Payment discount enjoyed		2 1 77 . (2)
	Others	-	9 -
	Total	10.374.235.899	15.999.916.038
31.	Financial Expenses		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Loan interest	17.206.182.900	20.885.814.639
	Payment Discounts, Interest of Deferred		
	Payments		-01
	Loss from Long-term, Short-term Investment Liquidation		<u>12</u> 6
	Loss from Selling Foreign Currency		
	Loss from Exchange Differences - Received		
	Loss from Exchange Differences - Received		
	Provision for Short-term and Long-term Investment Devaluation		(1.828.125)
		· ·	(1.020.125)
	Others Financial Expenses		20.002.004.514
	Total	17.206.182.900	20.883.986.514
32.	Other Incomes		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Liquidation, sale of fixed assets, construction		
	works	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	Gain on asset revaluation	≥- ; a =	-
	Fines collected		
	Taxes are reduced		
	Others	7 /2 0	-
	Total		-
	Other Expenses		
33.	Other Expenses	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Remaining value of fixed assets, liquidation	The state of the s	
	and sale costs of fixed assets		,-
	Loss on revaluation of assets		
	Late payment penalties		<u>.</u>
	Tax penalties	28.453.115	
	Others	950.200.766	
	Total	978.653.881	

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Continued)

21	4 1		. •	~
34.	Aan	unistra	ttion	Expenses

34.	Administration Expenses		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Employee costs	2.121.476.050	2.136.072.071
	Material cost management		
	Office supplies costs	18.677.707	110.425.852
	Fixed Asset Depreciation	115.094.529	115.094.529
	Taxes and fees	11.098.400	18.847.850
	Contingency costs		-
	Outsourcing service costs	714.536.615	619.168.381
	Other Expenses in Cash	619.620.171	999.789.129
	Total	3.600.503.472	3.999.397.812
35.	Selling Expenses		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Employee costs	425.092.301	429.526.574
	Cost of materials and packaging		
	Cost of tools and equipment	∞ 5€	Ξ.
	Fixed Asset Depreciation	<u> </u>	
	Warranty costs		
	Outsourcing service costs	189.504.906	
	Other Expenses in Cash	300.557.862	48.595.205
	Total	915.155.069	478.121.779
36.	Expenses by Factor		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Raw Material Costs	52.911.731.780	110.425.852
	Labor Costs	2.546.568.351	2.565.598.645
	Fixed Asset Depreciation	115.094.529	115.094.529
	Contingency costs		
	Outsourcing service costs	145.494.962.045	60.985.380.778
	Other Expenses in Cash	920.178.033	1.048.384.334
	Total	201.988.534.738	64.824.884.138

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Continued)

37. Current corporate income tax

37.2

27 1	Command	anumounta	ingoma	tax axpansa
3/.1	Curreni	corporate	income	tax expense

	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
income	199.485.022	138.236.758
Adjust previous year's income tax expense to this year's corporate income tax expense		
Total	199.485.022	138.236.758
<u>Deferred corporate income tax expense</u>		
A STATE OF S	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
Deferred corporate income tax expense arising from taxable temporary differences	136.661.481	99.420.521
Deferred corporate income tax expense arising from the		

reversal of deferred income tax assets Deferred corporate income tax income arising from deductible temporary differences Deferred corporate income tax income arising from unused tax losses and tax credits Deferred corporate income tax income arising from the

reversal of deferred income tax liabilities 99.420.521 Deferred corporate income tax expense 136.661.481

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

The Company uses the following information to calculate

basic	earnings	per	share:	
-------	----------	-----	--------	--

basic carrings per share.	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
Profit after corporate income tax	657.440.112	385.655.302
Profit attributable to common stockholders of the Company	691.648.167	404.311.658
Bonus and welfare fund deductions during the period		
Average common shares outstanding during the period (*)	26.459.924	26.459.924
Basic earnings per share	26	15

(*) Average common shares outstanding during the period datarminad as follows:

are determined as follows:	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
Average common shares outstanding at the beginning of the period	26.459.924	26.459.924
Average number of additional shares issued and outstanding during the period Minus: Average number of treasury shares repurchased		
during the period Average common shares outstanding during the period	26.459.924	26.459.924
	26.459.924	26.459.924

No.01, Phan Dinh Giot Street, Phuong Liet Ward, Thanh Xuan Distric, Ha noi, Viet Nam December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance

CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS**

39.	Non-cash transactions affect future cash flow statements		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Purchase of assets by assuming directly related liabilities or	- 1	-
	through finance lease transactions;		
	Buying a business through issuing shares;		
	Convert debt to equity;		
	Other non-monetary transactions		
	Total		=
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
40.	Amounts held by a business but not used		
41.	Actual loan amount collected during the period		
	75	March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Total		
42.	Amount actually paid back during the period		
		March 31, 2025	March 31,2024
	Total		

Other information

Contingent Liabilities, Commitments and Other Financial Information:

Events occurring after the balance sheet date:

Information about related parties:

Comparison information:

Continuous Operational Information

Other information:

Ha noi, April 17, 2025

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

General Director

NGUYEN ANH DUC

NGUYEN THI THAM

NGUYEN TRUNG HIEU