MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

Reviewed Interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025



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THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company (briefly called "the Company") has the pleasure in presenting this report and the Reviewed Interim financial statements of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

1. General information

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company is operating under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0302533156 on 08 February 2002, and the 22nd amendment Business Registration Certificate dated 10 June 2025 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City.

Charter capital of the Company at 30/06/2025 and at 01/01/2025 is VND 255,458,670,000 equivalent with 25,545,867 shares which have par value of VND 10,000/ share.

The Company's shares are officially traded on the UPCOM market - the stock exchange of unlisted public companies on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code MKP according to Decision No. 1072/QD-SGDHN issued by Hanoi Stock Exchange on 29 December 2017 and the first trading date was 29 January 2018.

The Company's head office is located at 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Street, Phu Tho Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

According to Business registration certificate, the Company's business activities are:

- Producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances;
- Producing other foodstuffs not yet classified in any other category;
- Producing non-alcoholic beverages and mineral water;
- Producing wooden crates for packaging;
- Short-time accommodation;
- Other uncategorized specialized wholesale;
- Retail of medication, medical equipment, cosmetic, hygiene products in specialized stores;
- Wholesale of food products;
- Wholesale of beverages:
- Wholesale of other household uncategorized appliances;
- Wholesale of other machines, equipment and spare parts;
- Commercial introduction and promotion;
- Other uncategorized financial services;
- Doing business in real-estate, land use rights of owner, users or leased land;
- Technical inspection and analysis:
- Other professional practice, science and technology;
- Agency, intermediary, auction;
- Wholesale of cloth, garments and footwear;
- Activities of hospitals, health stations;
- Other medical activities not classified in any category;
- Producing cosmetics, soap, detergent, polish and sanitary finished product;
- Medical and dental practice activities.

In this period, the Company's principal activities are producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances.

2. The members of Board of Directors, Board of General Directors and Board of Supervisors

The members of the Board of Directors, the Board of General Directors and the Board of Supervisors in the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and to the date of this report include:

The Board of Directors

Full name	Position	
Mr. Le Anh Phuong	Chairman	
Ms. Huynh Thi Lan	Vice Chairman	
Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan	Member	
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	Member	
Ms. Nguyen Thi Hang	Member	Appointed on 24/04/2025
Mr. Satoshi Kawamura	Member	Resigned on 24/04/2025
Ms. Nguyen Thi Quynh Anh	Member	Resigned on 24/04/2025
Ms. Lu Thi Khanh Tran	Member	Resigned on 24/04/2025

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THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board of General Directors

Full name	Position	
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	General Director	Appointed on 07/05/2025
Ms. Huynh Thi Lan	Deputy General Director	Appointed on 07/05/2025
Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan	Deputy General Director	Resigned on 07/05/2025
Mr. Le Anh Phuong	Deputy General Director	

The Board of Supervisors

Full name	Position
Mr. Nguyen Viet Luan	Chief Supervisor
Mr. Nguyen Ba Khoa	Member
Mr. Tran Trung Ngon	Member

Legal Representative

The Legal Representative of the Company during the six-month period ended at 30 June 2025 and at the date of this report is:

Full name	Nationality	Position
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	Vietnamese	General Director

3. The Company's financial position and operating results

The Company's financial position and its operating result for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 are reflected in the accompanying interim financial statements.

4. Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the Notes to the interim Financial statements

5. Auditors

AFC Vietnam Auditing Company Limited has been appointed to review the Company's interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

6. Statement of the Board of General Directors' responsibility in respect of the interim financial statements

The Board of General Directors of the Company is responsible for preparing the interim financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company, as well as of its operation results and its cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025. In preparing those interim financial statements, the Board of General Directors is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basic unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business; and
- Design, implement and maintain the Company's internal control for prevention and detection of fraud and error to preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that the proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the Vietnamese Accounting System. The Board of General Directors is also responsible for managing the assets of the Company and therefore has taken the appropriate measures to prevent and detect frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of General Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim financial statements.

7. Approval of the interim financial statements

The Board of Directors hereby approves the accompanying financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, its operation results and cash flows of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

LE ANH PHUONG Chairman

- DUOC PHÂM

Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025





REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To:

The Shareholders, the Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company ("the Company"), prepared on 14 August 2025, as set out from page 5 to 37, which comprise the Interim Balance sheet as at 30 June 2025, the Interim Income statement, the Interim Cash flow statement for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and the Notes to the Interim Financial statements.

The Board of General Directors' responsibility

The Board of General Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements of the Company in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements to preparation and presentation of the financial statements and for such internal control as the Board of General Directors of the Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion these interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Auditor's Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim financial position of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim income statement and their interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

CÓNG TV TNHM KHÉM TOÁN FC VIỆT NAM

> PHAM THI NGOC LIEN Deputy General Director

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 1180-2023-009-1 Authorized representative

AFC VIETNAM AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025

ΓFD

LE HUYNH BAO

No. 5449-2021-009-1

Auditor

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Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
ASSETS				
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		848,678,173,643	921,868,124,944
I. Cash and cash equivalents1. Cash2. Cash equivalents	110 111 112	5.1	71,511,758,222 51,511,758,222 20,000,000,000	146,963,151,214 81,963,151,214 65,000,000,000
II. Short-term financial investments1. Trading securities2. Provision for diminution in value of held for trading securities3. Held to maturity investments	120 121 122	5.2	30,946,711,100 10,946,711,100 - 20,000,000,000	55,946,711,100 10,946,711,100 - 45,000,000,000
 III. Short-term receivables 1. Short-term trade receivables 2. Short-term advances to suppliers 3. Short-term inter-company receivables 4. Receivable from construction contracts under percentage of completion method 5. Short-term loan receivables 6. Other short-term receivables 7. Provision for doubtful debts 8. Deficient assets pending resolution 	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 139	5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	49,780,525,743 42,790,211,359 17,387,470,446	57,033,454,040 53,208,184,737 14,038,678,345 1,476,292,684 (11,689,701,726)
IV. Inventories1. Inventories2. Provision for devaluation in inventories	140 141 149	5.7	692,362,983,769 722,705,877,630 (30,342,893,861)	659,153,915,031 689,496,808,892 (30,342,893,861)
V. Other short-term assets 1. Short-term prepayments 2. Deductible VAT 3. Other receivables from State budget 4. Transactions to buy, resell government bonds 5. Other short-term assets	150 151 152 153 154	5.8 5.14	4,076,194,809 856,272,630 81,433,132 3,138,489,047	2,770,893,559 1,941,082,864 776,594,285 53,216,410

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
B - NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		682,259,197,160	698,269,524,945
I. Long-term receivables1. Long-term trade receivables2. Long-term advances to supplies3. Paid-in capital in wholly-owned subsidiaries	210 211 212 213		10,500,000,000	- - -
4. Long-term inter-company receivables5. Long-term loan receivables6. Other long-term receivables7. Provision for doubtful long-term debts	214 215 216 219	5.9	10,500,000,000	- - -
II. Fixed assets1. Tangible fixed assetsCostAccumulated depreciation2. Finance leasesCost	220 221 222 223 224 225	5.10	51,663,186,332 43,840,187,657 284,826,409,847 (240,986,222,190)	53,483,498,121 45,608,064,450 282,181,109,344 (236,573,044,894)
Accumulated depreciationIntangible fixed assetsCostAccumulated amortization	226 227 228 229	5.11	7,822,998,675 14,004,583,139 (6,181,584,464)	7,875,433,671 14,004,583,139 (6,129,149,468)
III. Investment property - Cost - Accumulated depreciation	230 231 232		- - -	- - -
IV. Long-term assets in progress1. Long-term work in progress2. Construction in progress	240 241 242		2,414,610 - 2,414,610	2,414,610 - 2,414,610
V. Long-term financial investments 1. Investments in subsidiaries 2. Investment in Joint-venture and associates	250 251 252	5.2	617,646,215,765 900,000,000,000	641,152,358,782 900,000,000,000
3. Investments in other entities4. Provision for diminution in value of long-term investments	253 254		24,068,960,000 (306,422,744,235)	24,068,960,000 (282,916,601,218)
5. Held to maturity investment	255		<u>~</u>	-
VI. Other non-current assets1. Long-term prepayments2. Deferred income tax assets3. Long-term equipment, supplies and spare parts	260261262263	5.8	2,447,380,453 2,447,380,453 -	3,631,253,432 3,631,253,432 -
4. Other non-current assets	268		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	270		1,530,937,370,803	1,620,137,649,889

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
RESOURCES				
C - LIABILITIES	300		295,239,873,768	335,453,642,726
I. Current liabilities 1. Trade accounts payable 2. Advance from customers 3. Taxes and amounts payable to State budget 4. Payables to employees 5. Accrued expenses 6. Inter-company payables 7. Construction contract payables based on agreed progress billings 8. Unrealized revenues 9. Other current payables 10. Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities 11. Provision for short-term payables 12. Bonus and welfare funds 13. Price Stabilization Fund 14. Transactions to buy, resell government bonds	310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324	5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15	101,460,526,943 31,466,058,388 43,273,180,700 626,038,071 8,173,188,599 554,861,637 - - 11,087,135,658 - 6,280,063,890	148,605,264,950 62,887,287,314 47,636,745,104 6,346,477,406 9,969,744,259 298,117,362 - - 11,008,966,658 - 10,457,926,847
II. Long-term liabilities 1. Long-term trade payables 2. Long-term advance from customers 3. Long-term accrued expenses 4. Long-term inter-company payables of capital 5. Long-term inter-company payables 6. Long-term unearned revenues 7. Other long-term liabilities 8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease obligations 9. Convertible bond 10. Preferred stock 11. Deferred income tax liabilities 12. Other long-term provisions 13. Scientific and technological development fund	330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343	5.17	193,779,346,825 - - - - 193,779,346,825 - - - -	186,848,377,776 - - - - 186,848,377,776 - - - -

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
D - EQUITY	400		1,235,697,497,035	1,284,684,007,163
1. Owner's equity 1. Owners' invested equity 2. Ordinary shares with voting rights 3. Preference shares 2. Surplus of stock capital 3. Convertible bonds option 4. Other owner's capital 5. Treasury shares 6. Assets revaluation difference 7. Foreign exchange difference 8. Investment and development funds 9. Enterprise reorganization support fund 10. Other owner's funds 11. Undistributed profit after tax Undistributed profit after tax brought forward Undistributed profit after tax for the current	410 411 411a 411b 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 421a	5.18	1,235,697,497,035 255,458,670,000 255,458,670,000 - 409,789,114,458 - (14,487,151,158) - 581,829,844,305 - 3,107,019,430 32,591,059,015 (29,484,039,585)	1,284,684,007,163 255,458,670,000 255,458,670,000 - 409,789,114,458 - (14,487,151,158) - 578,599,664,283 - 55,323,709,580 14,538,459,309 40,785,250,271
year 12. Construction capital sources	422			-
II. Non-business expenditure fund and other funds1. Non-business expenditure fund2. Non-business expenditure fund invested in fixed assets	430 431 432		- - -	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		1,530,937,370,803	1,620,137,649,889

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant PHAN THI LAN HUONG General Director

CÔ PHÂN MÂH ĐƯỢC PHÂM

Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
1. Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	01		420,940,117,173	461,855,919,523
2. Deductions	02		92,845,934	
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services (10 = 01 - 02)	10	6.1	420,847,271,239	461,855,919,523
4. Cost of goods sold	11	6.2	304,811,946,283	311,767,762,521
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services (20 = 10 - 11)	20		116,035,324,956	150,088,157,002
6. Financial income	21	6.3	2,842,958,080	2,097,989,114
7. Financial expenses	22	6.4	25,319,511,733	27,715,988,445
- In which: Ioan interest	23		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
8. Selling expenses	25	6.5	56,362,816,689	58,571,248,804
9. General and administration expenses	26	6.6	66,989,994,253	56,799,468,738
10. Operating profit {30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)}	30		(29,794,039,639)	9,099,440,129
11. Other income	31	6.7	359,678,156	44,106,452
12. Other expenses	32	6.8	49,678,102	420,623,046
13. Profit from other activities (40 = 31 - 32)	40		310,000,054	(376,516,594)
14. Accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40)	50		(29,484,039,585)	8,722,923,535
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51	5.14	-:	1,864,198,403
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		-	_
17. Net profit after tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60	=	(29,484,039,585)	6,858,725,132

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant PHAN THI LAN HUONG General Director

CÔ PHẨN

Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			- 12-1
ACTIVITIES			
1. Net profit before tax	01	(29,484,039,585)	8,722,923,535
2. Adjustments for:			
- Depreciation and amortisation	02	4,620,733,244	4,885,208,361
- Provisions	03	23,639,396,406	31,731,786,317
- Foreign exchange (gains)/losses arising from	04	158,649,585	199,844,371
revaluation of monetary accounts			
- Profits from investing activities	05	(2,603,154,932)	(1,727,165,687)
- Interest expense	06	-	-
- Other adjustments	07	-	-
3. Operating income before changes in	08	(3,668,415,282)	43,812,596,897
working capital		\$ /54 B	
- (Increase)/decrease in receivables	09	4,100,275,753	(8,718,171,168)
- (Increase)/decrease in inventories	10	(33,209,068,738)	(104,776,152,377)
- Increase/(decrease) in payables (exclude loan	11	(26,856,478,139)	46,737,695,628
interest payables, CIT payables)			
- (Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses	12	2,268,683,213	3,211,221,642
- (Increase)/decrease in business securities	13	=:	=
- Interest paid	14	-	-
- Corporate income tax paid	15	(9,346,477,406)	(8,690,008,085)
 Other cash inflow from operating activities 	16	-	.=
 Other cash outflow from operating activities 	17_	(10,639,633,000)	(3,417,305,456)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20	(77,351,113,599)	(31,840,122,919)
II. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
 Cash outflow for purchasing and construction 	21	(2,800,421,455)	(6,880,575,098)
of fixed assets and other long-term assets			
Proceeds from sale, disposal of fixed assets	22	22,727,273	1,929,090,908
and other long-term assets			
Cash outflow for lending, buying debt	23	(177,733,726,033)	(155,833,589,845)
instruments of other entities			
Cash recovered from lending, selling debt	24	192,233,726,033	105,833,589,845
instruments of other entities			
5. Investments in other entities	25	-	-
Cash recovered from investments in other	26	-	5 -7
entities		0.004.745.000	4 000 000 750
7. Interest earned, dividends and profits received	27	2,801,715,330	1,869,866,756
Net cash flow from investing activities	30	14,524,021,148	(53,081,617,434)
III A A A I I I A W I I DAN EINIAN AND A A ATRICTER			
III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	0.4		
Proceeds from issuing stocks, receiving capital	31	-	-
from owners	20		
Capital withdrawals, buying treasury shares	32	. 	-
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	90000 200000	-
4. Payments to settle loan principals	34		
Payments to settle finance lease liabilities Dividends and profits paid.	35 36	(12 624 110 500)	(12 634 110 500)
6. Dividends and profits paid		(12,634,110,500)	(12,634,110,500)
Net cash flow from financing activities	40	(12,634,110,500)	(12,634,110,500)



INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
NET CASH FLOWS DURING THE PERIOD (50 = 20 + 30 + 40)	50	(75,461,202,951)	(97,555,850,853)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	60	146,963,151,214	117,228,834,235
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rate	61	9,809,959	8,307,638
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD (70 = 50 + 60 + 61)	70	71,511,758,222	19,681,291,020

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI
Chief Accountant

PHAN THI LAN HUONG General Director

CÔ PHÂN HÓA - DƯỢC PHẨM

Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1.1 Structure of ownership

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company ("the Company") is operating under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0302533156 on 08 February 2002, and the 22nd amendment Business Registration Certificate dated 10 June 2025 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City.

Charter capital of the Company at 30/06/2025 and at 01/01/2025 is VND 255,458,670,000 equivalent with 25,545,867 shares which have par value of VND 10,000/ share.

The Company's shares are officially traded on the UPCOM market - the stock exchange of unlisted public companies on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code MKP according to Decision No. 1072/QD-SGDHN issued by Hanoi Stock Exchange on 29 December 2017 and the first trading date was 29 January 2018.

The Company's head office is located at 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Street, Phu Tho Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

The Company has the following affiliated units:

No. Name

- Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company
- 2 Branch of Mekophar Chemical 410 Nguyen Tri Phuong Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company at Da Nang City, Vietnam Danang City
- 3 Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company
- 4 Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company – Medicine Store 1
- 5 Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company
- 6 Representative office of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company at Hanoi

Address

B26-B28-TT17 Van Quan - Yen Phuc New Urban Area, Ha Dong Ward, Hanoi City, Vietnam 410 Nguyen Tri Phuong Street, Hoa Cuong Ward, Da Nang City, Vietnam

17A Cach Mang Thang Tam Street, Binh Thuy Ward, Can Tho City, Vietnam D9-10, 143/1 To Hien Thanh Street, Hoa Hung Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

No.1, Alley 69, Yen Xuan Street, Vinh Hung Ward, Nghe An Province, Vietnam BT-2D (16B-3) - 16, Mo Lao New Urban Area, Dai Mo Ward, Hanoi City, Vietnam

1.2 Scope of operating activities

The Company operates in the field of production, trading, rendering services.

1.3 Line of business

According to Business registration certificate, the Company's business activities are:

- Producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances;
- Producing other foodstuffs not yet classified in any other category;
- Producing non-alcoholic beverages and mineral water;
- Producing wooden crates for packaging;
- Short-time accommodation;
- Other uncategorized specialized wholesale;
- Retail of medication, medical equipment, cosmetic, hygiene products in specialized stores;
- Wholesale of food products;
- Wholesale of beverages;
- Wholesale of other household uncategorized appliances;
- Wholesale of other machines, equipment and spare parts;
- Commercial introduction and promotion;
- Other uncategorized financial services;
- Doing business in real-estate, land use rights of owner, users or leased land;
- Technical inspection and analysis;
- Other professional practice, science and technology;

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

- Agency, intermediary, auction;
- Wholesale of cloth, garments and footwear;
- Activities of hospitals, health stations;
- Other medical activities not classified in any category;
- Producing cosmetics, soap, detergent, polish and sanitary finished product;
- Medical and dental practice activities.

In this period, the Company's principal activities are producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances.

1.4 Normal business cycle

Business cycle of the Company is not exceeding 12 months.

1.5 Declaration on the comparability of information on the interim financial statements

The figures presented in the financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 are comparable to the corresponding figures of the previous period.

1.6 Employees

As at 30 June 2025, the total number of employees of the Company was 633 (31 December 2024: 651 persons).

2. ACCOUNTING YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

2.1 Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Company is from January 01 to December 31 annually.

2.2 Accounting currency

The Company maintains its accounting records in Vietnamese dong (VND) due to the collect and spending are made primarily by currency VND.

3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS APPLICATION

3.1 Accounting Standards and regulations application

The Company's financial statements comply with Vietnamese Accounting System according to the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 (briefly as "Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC") and the Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated 21 March 2016 issued by the Ministry of Finance guiding the preparation and presentation methods of the financial statements and Vietnam Accounting Standards.

The Company complies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Accounting Systems according to the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC and existing guiding circulars issued by the Ministry of Finance in Vietnam in relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

3.2 Comply with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Accounting System

The Board of General Directors is ensure that complied with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC and as well as the guiding implementation of Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in relating to the preparation and presentation of financial.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis (except for information relating to cash flows).

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

4.2 Foreign currency transactions

In this period, transactions in currencies other than VND during the fiscal year have been translated into VND at exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of the accounting period, the balances of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into VND at the buying exchange rate and selling exchange rates quoted by the commercial bank where the Company often has transaction prevailing on this date.

Foreign exchange differences arising during the year from transactions in foreign currencies are recognized in the financial income or expenses. Exchange differences arising from revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the end of fiscal year after offsetting between increase and decrease difference is recognized in the financial income or expenses.

4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, cash in banks (demand deposits) and cash in transit. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value at the report date.

4.4 Financial investments

Trading securities

Trading securities include stocks and bonds listed on the stock market; securities and other financial instruments held for trading purposes (including securities bought and sold for profit with a maturity of more than 12 months).

Trading securities are recorded at cost, including: Purchase price plus purchase costs (if any) such as brokerage expense, transaction expense, information provision, taxes, and banking fees. The original price of trading securities is determined according to the fair value of the payments at the time of the transaction. Trading securities are recorded at the time when investors have ownership, specifically: Listed securities are recognized at the time of order matching (T+0) and unlisted securities are recorded at the time of official ownership in accordance with the law.

Provision for devaluation in value of trading securities is made for possible loss in value when there is firm evidence of the market value of those securities held by the Company for trading purposes at the time of preparation of the financial statements.

Held-to-maturity investments

Investments are classified as held to maturity when the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments held to maturity include: bank deposits with a term (including treasury bills, promissory notes), bonds, the preferred shares which issued compulsory acquisition at a certain point in the future and loans held to maturity for the purpose of collecting interest periodically and other held to maturity investments.

Investments held to maturity are initially recognized at cost including purchase price and the expenses related to the purchase of investments. After initial recognition, these investments are stated at recoverable value. Interest income from investments held to maturity after the acquisition date is recognized in the Income statement on an accrual basis. Rates enjoyed before the holding is deducted from the cost of acquisition.

When there is strong evidence suggesting that part or all of the investments may not be recoverable and the damage can be measured reliably, the loss is recorded in financial expenses in the year and reduced directly to investment value.

When an investment is liquidated, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognized as income or expense.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are controlled by the Company. The control is achieved when the Company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of the investee enterprise so as to obtain economic benefits from the operation of this enterprise.

Investments in subsidiaries are initially recorded at cost, including purchase price or capital contributions plus costs directly attributable to the investments. In case of investments in non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recorded at the fair value of non-monetary assets at the time they occur.

Provision for investment losses in subsidiaries is made when the Company receiving the invested capital suffers a loss, leading to the possibility of the Company losing capital or when the value of investments in subsidiaries decreases in value.

The basis for making provision for investment losses is the financial statements of the invested company.

Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of another entity but the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee.

These investments are initially recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution plus any directly attributable costs of the investment. The Board of Management reviews these investments to recognize any provision at the end of the accounting period.

Provisions for loss of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For an investment in listed shares or the fair value of the investment is reliably determined, the provision is based on the market value of the shares.
- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the time of preparing financial statements, provision is made based on the investee's loss with an allowance equal to the difference between the actual contributed capital of the investee and the investor multiplied by the Company's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual contributed capital of the parties in the other entity.

Increase or decrease in provision for diminution in value of investments in other entities have recorded at the end of the fiscal year, and is recognized in the financial expense.

4.5 Receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

The classifications of receivables are trade receivables and other receivables, which complied with the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from commercial transactions with purchase sale between the Company and an independent purchaser.
- Other receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from non-commercial transactions, and not to be related to the purchase sale transactions.

The provision for doubtful debts represents the estimated loss due to non-payment arising on receivables that were outstanding at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recognised as general and administrative expense in the Income statement

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

4.6 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Materials, goods: comprising all costs of purchase and related expenses directly incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods: comprising costs of raw materials, direct labor and general production costs directly related to the production process.
- Work in process: including raw materials expenses, direct labor and production expenses.

Net realisable value means the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Company applies the perpetual inventory method of accounting for inventories and the cost is determined on the weighted average method.

Provision for decline of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net realisable value. Increase or decrease in the balance of provision for decline of inventories should be set aside at the fiscal year end and is recognized in cost of goods sold.

4.7 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

Prepaid expenses of the Company include:

Repairing expenses, tools and equipment

Tools and equipment's has been put into use are amortised to expense under the straight-line method to amortise time not exceeding 3 years.

4.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs incurred after initial recognition is only recorded as increase in cost of fixed assets if these costs are sure to increase economic benefits in the future by using this assets. The costs incurred are not satisfied conditions are recognized as an expense in the period.

When selling or liquidating assets, their cost and accumulated depreciation of the assets are written off in the financial statements and any gain or loss which are arising from disposal are recorded in the income statement.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets which is calculated under the straight-line depreciation method with useful time of the asset is estimated as follows:

Building and structure	05 – 25
Machinery and equipment	05 – 10
Transportation	05 – 10
Office equipment	03 – 05

Years

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

4.9 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs related to intangible assets incurred after initial recognition are recognized as expenses in the period, unless these costs are associated with an intangible asset and increase economic benefits from these assets.

When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the balance sheet and any gain or losses resulting from their disposal are recognized in other income or other expense.

The Company's intangible fixed assets include:

Copyright of stem cells usage

All the actual costs that the Company spent related directly to copyright of stem cells usage. The copyright of stem cells usage of the Company is amortised in 3 years.

Land use rights

Land use rights are all the actual costs that the Company spent related directly to the land use, includes: money spent to have the right to use land, compensation and site clearance expense, leveling, registration fee,... The land use right of the Company is recorded according to cost base and is not amortised.

Computer software

The expenses of purchasing computer software, which is not a part associated with the relevant hardware, will be capitalised. The initial cost of computer software includes all the expenses paid until the date the software is put into use. Computer software is amortised according to straight —line method in 2-5 years.

4.10 Construction in progress

Construction in progress presents costs that are directly related (including related interest expenses in accordance with the Company's accounting policy) to assets under construction, machinery and equipment being installed for production, leasing and management purposes as well as costs related to the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are stated at cost and are not depreciated.

4.11 Accounts payables and accrued expenses

Accounts payable and accrued payable are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future, which are related to the goods and services received. Accrued payables are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable.

The classification of liabilities is trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables are in accordance with the following principles:

- Trade payables reflects the payables occurring from the commercial transactions with purchase of goods, services, property and the seller, which is an independent unit with the Company.
- Accrued payables reflect the amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or has provided to the buyer but not paid due to no or insufficient billing records, accounting records and payable to employees on sabbatical salary, production costs that must be accrued.
- Other payables reflect the payables from non-commercial payables and not relate to the purchase – sale transactions.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

4.12 Salary

Salary expenses are determined based on salary, wage and allowances as stated in agreed-upon labor contracts.

4.13 Salary deduction

Social insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 17.5% and deducted from employees' salaries 8%.

Health insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 3% and deducted from employees' salaries 1.5%.

Unemployment insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 1% and deducted from employees' salaries 1%

Trade unions fees deducted on salaries to the cost of 2%.

4.14 Unrealized revenue

Unrealized revenue is an advance revenue mainly consisting of prepayments from customers for one or more accounting periods for asset leasing.

The Company recognizes unrealized revenue in proportion to the obligations that the Company will have to perform in the future. When the revenue recognition conditions are met, unrealized revenue is recognized in the income statement for the period corresponding to the portion that satisfies the revenue recognition condition.

4.15 Owners' equity

Contributed capital of the owner

Capital is recorded according to the amount actually invested by shareholders.

Surplus of stock capital

Surplus of stock capital are recognized at the difference between the issued price and face value of shares when first released, the release added, the difference between the price reissued and the book value of treasury shares and structures the capital of the convertible bond at maturity. Direct expenses related to the issuance of additional shares and treasury shares reissued are reduced Surplus of stock capital.

Treasury shares

When repurchasing shares issued by the Company, the payment including transaction-related expenses is recognized as treasury shares and recorded as a deduction in equity. When reissuing, the difference between the re-issuance price and the book price of treasury shares is recorded in the item "Equity surplus".

Funds

Funds are set up and used in accordance with the Company's Charter.

4.16 Profit distribution

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after the deduction of funds under the Charter of the Company and the provisions of the law which were approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders is considered non-monetary assets and liabilities in net undistributed profit may affect cash flow and ability to pay dividends as profit from revaluation of assets contributed as capital and interest due to the revaluation of monetary items, the financial instruments and non-monetary items other.

Dividends are recognized as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

4.17 Revenues

Revenues from sales of goods

Revenues from sales shall be recognized if it simultaneously meets the following five (5) conditions:

- (a) The Company has transferred the majority of risks and benefits associated with the right to own the products or goods to the buyer;
- (b) The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the goods owner, or the right to control the goods;
- (c) Revenues from sales has been determined with relative certainty. When the contract states that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased products and goods under specific conditions, the Company can only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the product ((except for return in the form of exchange for other goods or services);
- (d) The Company has gained or will gain economic benefits from the good sale transaction;
- (e) It is possible to determine the costs related to the goods sale transaction.

Property rental revenue

Property rental revenue is recognized on the principle of allocating the rental amount received in advance in accordance with the rental period.

Revenues from rendering services

The revenue of transaction related to the provision of services is recorded when the result of the transaction can be measured reliably. In case that the services are to be provided in many accounting periods, the determination of sales in each period is done on the basis of the service completion rate as of the balance sheet date. The result of this transaction can be measured reliably when satisfy all four conditions:

- (a) Revenue can be measured reliably. When the contract states that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased service under specific conditions, the Company can only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the rendering service;
- (b) It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the service provision transaction;
- (c) The work volume finished on the date of making the accounting balance sheet can be determined:
- (d) The costs incurred from the service provision transaction and the costs of its completion can be determined.

Interest

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis, are determined on the balance of cash in bank and the actual interest rate for each period.

Distributed dividends and profits

Dividends and distributed profits are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profits from capital contributions. Dividends received in shares are only tracked for the number of additional shares, not the value of shares received.

4.18 Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax expenses for the year comprises only current income tax.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Current income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount is calculated on taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between accounting and tax, non-deductible expenses as well as adjusted income are not taxed and losses be transferred.

Tax settlement of the Company will be assessed by the Tax Department. Due to the application of laws and regulations on taxes for different incurred transactions which can be explained in many different ways, tax payable presented in the financial statements can be immediately changed according to the decision of the tax authorities.

4.19 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or service and that has its own risks and returns which are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or services in a particular economic environment and that has its own risks and returns which are different from of segment operating in other economic environment.

4.20 Financial instrument

Financial assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Financial assets of the Company include cash and cash equivalents, customer receivables and other receivables.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are determined at cost plus any costs directly transaction of such financial assets.

Financial liabilities

The classification of financial liabilities depends on the nature and purpose of the financial liabilities and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Financial liabilities of the Company include payable to suppliers, accrued expenses and other payables.

At the time of initial recognition, except for financial liabilities related to financial leasing and convertible bonds are recorded at cost allocation, other financial liabilities are determined at cost plus costs directly transaction of such financial liabilities.

Amortized cost is determined by the value of the initial recognition of financial liabilities minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization of interest calculated at the actual interest rate method of the difference between the value initially recognized and the maturity value, minus deductions (directly or through the use of a provision) by reducing the value or by irrevocable.

The real interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of one or a Company of financial liabilities and amortizing the interest income or interest expense in the relevant period. Real interest rate is the interest rate discounting the cash flows estimated to be paid or received in future during the expected lifetime of the financial instrument or a shorter, if necessary, return to the current book value net financial liabilities.

Owner's equity instruments

Owner's equity instruments are contracts that prove benefits remaining about asset of Company after deducting all of its obligation.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Offsetting of financial instruments

The financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented on the balance sheet, and if only:

- The Company has the legal right to offset the values were recognized, and
- It intends to pay on a net basis or recognized assets and paid liabilities at the same time.

4.21 Related parties

The parties are related if having the ability to control or significant influence across the decision making of financial policies and operations. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subjected to common control or common significant influences.

The following individuals/ companies are considered as related parties:

Individuals / Company	Location	Relationship
Mekophar Company Limited An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited Nipro Pharma Corporation Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation The Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors, the Board of General Directors	Vietnam Vietnam Vietnam Japan Vietnam	Subsidiary Other related party Other related party Major Shareholder Major Shareholder Key members

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO ITEMS IN THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

ouon una ouon oquituionio		30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Cash on hand – VND Cash in bank – VND Cash in bank – USD Cash in bank – EUR Cash equivalents	(*)	1,466,279,296 49,383,280,480 636,331,027 25,867,419 20,000,000.000 71,511,758,222	3,986,531,268 77,268,000,984 686,088,355 22,530,607 65,000,000,000 146,963,151,214

Detail of balance of cash in bank by foreign currency as at 30 June 2025, as follows:

	Foreign currency	Equivalent VND
Cash in bank		
- USD	24,530.88	636,331,027
- EUR	858.59	25,867,419

(*) Cash equivalents are deposits with a term of 3 months or less deposited at commercial banks with interest rates according to each deposit contracts.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.2 Financial investments

Financial investments of the Company include trading securities, held-to-maturity investments and investments in other entities, detail is as follows:

5.2.1 Trading securities

	30/06/2025			(01/01/2025	
	Cost VND	Provision VND	Fair value VND	Cost VND	Provision VND	Fair value VND
Stock Vidipha Central Pharmaceutical	4,070,000,000	; _	7,992,000,000	4,070,000,000	-	7,992,000,000
JSC (a) OPC Pharmaceutical JSC (a)	241,461,100	-	1,100,178,800	241,461,100	THE	1,155,650,000
Pharmaceutical Packaging JSC	6,635,250,000	9	(*)	6,635,250,000	1=	(*)
0.00	10,946,711,100	-		10,946,711,100	-	

- (a) The fair value of trading securities is determined according to the closing prices on 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 of the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange.
- (*) At 30 June 2025 and 01 January 2025, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Notes to the financial statements, because there is no listed price on the market and Vietnamese accounting standards, the Vietnamese enterprise accounting regime. There is currently no guidance on how to calculate fair value and use valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from the carrying amount.

5.2.2 Held-to-maturity investments

	30/06/2	2025	01/01/2	2025
	Historical cost VND	Book value VND	Historical cost VND	Book value VND
Short-term				
Term deposits	20,000,000,000	20,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	45,000,000,000
	20,000,000,000	20,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	45,000,000,000

The balance of short-term term deposits as at 30 June 2025 is deposits at commercial banks with a term of 6 months with interest rates according to each corresponding deposit contract.

MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Street, Phu Tho Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.2.3 Investments in other entities

	30/06/2025					01/0	1/2025	
	Ownership and voting	The plant of the p			Ownership and voting	Cost	Provision	Fair value
	%	VND	VND	VND	%	VND	VND	VND
Investments in subsidiaries Mekophar Company Limited (a)	100.00	900,000,000,000	(306,422,744,235)	(*)	100.00	900,000,000,000	(282,916,601,218)	(*)
Investments in other entities An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company (b)	18.34	18,518,960,000	-	(*)	18.34	18,518,960,000	-	(*)
Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited (c)	15.00	5,550,000,000	-	(*)	15.00	5,550,000,000	-	(*)
		924,068,960,000	(306,422,744,235)		_	924,068,960,000	(282,916,601,218)	

- (a) Mekophar Company Limited was established in Vietnam, operating under Investment Certificate No. 413041000084 dated 26 January 2015 issued by the Management Board of High-Tech Park and the Business Registration Certificate No. 0313141915 dated 26 January 2015, the 9th amendment certificate dated 21 November 2023 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. Mekophar Company Limited's Charter capital is VND 900,000,000. Mekophar Company Limited's principal activities are producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substance. According to Resolution No. 22/NQ-DHDCD dated 4 February 2025 of the General Meeting of Shareholders of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company (Parent Company), the policy of merging Mekophar Company Limited into the Parent Company has been approved. At the time of issuing this report, the Company is still carrying out the merger procedures.
- (b) An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company was established in Vietnam, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0302774433 dated 25 November 2002, the 18th amendment certificate dated 05 July 2022 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company's Charter capital is VND 134,400,000,000. An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company's principal activities are operations of hospitals and clinics.
- Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited was established in Vietnam, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0312680625 dated 10 March 2014 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited's Charter capital is VND 37,000,000,000. Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited's principal activities are short-term accommodation, restaurants and mobile catering services.
- (*) At 30 June 2025 and 01 January 2025, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Notes to the financial statements, because there is no listed price on the market and Vietnamese accounting standards, the Vietnamese enterprise accounting regime. There is currently no guidance on how to calculate fair value and use valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from the carrying amount.

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.3	Short-term accounts receivables	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
		VND	VND
	Trade receivables – related parties		
	An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company	353,467,528	216,144,129
	Mekophar Company Limited	75,259,203	2,008,920,659
	Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited	1,567,500,000	_
	Trade receivables – other parties		
	Tan Tao Industrial Zone Branch (Zuellig)	9,385,514,766	9,385,514,766
	Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company (Hanoi Branch)	7,501,328,649	11,103,963,889
	Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company (Can Tho Branch)	739,409,113	2,929,847,786
	Other customers	23,167,732,100	27,563,793,508
	-	42,790,211,359	53,208,184,737
5.4	Short-term advances to suppliers		
5.4	Short-term advances to suppliers	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
		VND	VND
	Advances to other suppliers	VIVE	VILD
	Global Law Company Limited	4,722,222,222	
	Zhejiang Dongying Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd	3,224,340,000	, -
	Truking Technology Limited	3,080,298,000	3,080,298,000
	Kim Linh Phat Corporation Joint Stock Company	1,064,250,000	1,064,250,000
	Shanghai Ajnomoto Trading	1 -	7,404,851,643
	Ott !!	F 000 000 004	0 400 070 700

5.5 Other short-term receivables

Other suppliers

	30/06/2025		01/01/20)25
	Amount Provision		Amount	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Receivables – other parties				
Deposit interest	365,698,630	=	586,986,301	
Remuneration for non-	192,000,000	-	408,000,000	-
management members of the				
Board of Directors				
Advances	150,000,000	-	-	-
Pledge, collateral, deposit	225,072,740	-	-	-
Insurance receivables	424,027,683	-	421,306,383	-
Other receivables	69,000,000	-	60,000,000	_
	1,425,799,053	-	1,476,292,684	-

5,296,360,224

17,387,470,446

2,489,278,702 **14,038,678,345**

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.6 Bad debts

		30/06/2025	30/06/2025			
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Trade receivables						
Tan Tao Industrial Zone Branch (Zuellig)	9,385,514,766	-	(9,385,514,766)	9,385,514,766	-	(9,385,514,766)
National Phytopharma Joint-Stock Company - Tan Tao Industry Park Branch	762,038,533	1=	(762,038,533)	762,038,533	-	(762,038,533)
Other customers	981,844,398	447,647,879	(534,196,519)	1,151,769,994	749,474,416	(402,295,578)
Advances to supplier Kim Linh Phat	s 1,064,250,000	_	(1,064,250,000)	1,064,250,000	_	(1,064,250,000)
Corporation Joint Stock Company	1,00 1,200,000		(1,001,200,000)	.,55 .,255,655		
Other suppliers	76,955,297		(76,955,297)	76,955,297	1,352,448	(75,602,849)
	12,270,602,994	447,647,879	(11,822,955,115)	12,440,528,590	750,826,864	(11,689,701,726)

5.7 Inventories

	30/06	/2025	01/01	/2025
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Raw materials	532,660,470,260	-	508,589,928,549	-
Tools	1,846,503,066	-	1,924,816,887	=
Work-in-process	51,893,269,714		53,864,503,102	=
Finished goods	135,963,659,056	(30,342,893,861)	124,762,846,715	(30,342,893,861)
Goods	341,975,534		354,713,639	
	722,705,877,630	(30,342,893,861)	689,496,808,892	(30,342,893,861)

5.8 Short-term, long-term prepaid expenses

5.8.1 Short-term prepaid expenses

		30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
	Office rental Fire insurance expense Major repair of fixed assets, machinery spare parts	184,366,867 671,905,763	72,000,000 737,467,465 1,131,615,399
		856,272,630	1,941,082,864
5.8.2	Long-term prepaid expenses	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
	Major repair of fixed assets, machinery spare	2,447,380,453	3,631,253,432
	part	2,447,380,453	3,631,253,432

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.9 Long-term loan receivables

	30/06/20	25	01/01/2025				
	Amount Provision Amount		Amount Provision Amount	Provision Amount Provis		Amount Provision	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND			
Receivables - related parties							
Mekophar Company Limited (*)	10,500,000,000	-	n =	-			
	10,500,000,000	<u>-</u>	-	-			

(*) This is a loan to Mekophar Company Limited under the Loan Agreement dated 20 March 2025. Loan interest rate is 0%/year, loan term is 36 months from 21 March 2025.

5.10 Increase, decrease of tangible fixed assets

	Building and structure	Machinery and equipment	Transportation	Office equipment	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
HISTORICAL COST					
As at 01/01/2025	53,770,571,336	154,806,490,896	15,390,187,731	58,213,859,381	282,181,109,344
Purchase in period		1,089,921,455	100% (Self) 10 - <u>12</u>	1,710,500,000	2,800,421,455
Liquidation	-	(155, 120, 952)	-	-	(155,120,952)
As at 30/06/2025	53,770,571,336	155,741,291,399	15,390,187,731	59,924,359,381	284,826,409,847
100000 (00000 00 0000000 00 00000000 00 0					
ACCUMULATED DEPI	RECIATION				
As at 01/01/2025	47,299,806,276	125,051,390,458	14,344,469,838	49,877,378,322	236,573,044,894
Depreciation in period	851,447,526	2,532,577,680	209,875,542	974,397,500	4,568,298,248
Liquidation	-	(155,120,952)	-	-	(155,120,952)
As at 30/06/2025	48,151,253,802	127,428,847,186	14,554,345,380	50,851,775,822	240,986,222,190
NET BOOK VALUE					
As at 01/01/2025	6,470,765,060	29,755,100,438	1,045,717,893	8,336,481,059	45,608,064,450
As at 30/06/2025	5,619,317,534	28,312,444,213	835,842,351	9,072,583,559	43,840,187,657

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 30 June 2025 are VND 183,028,456,784 (as at 31 December 2024: VND 182,824,617,736).

5.11 Increase, decrease of intangible fixed assets

	Land use right	Copyright,	Total
		computer software	
	VND	VND	VND
HISTORICAL COST			
As at 01/01/2025	7,438,152,000	6,566,431,139	14,004,583,139
As at 30/06/2025	7,438,152,000	6,566,431,139	14,004,583,139
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
As at 01/01/2025	-,	6,129,149,468	6,129,149,468
Depreciation in period	_	52,434,996	52,434,996
As at 30/06/2025	-	6,181,584,464	6,181,584,464
NET BOOK VALUE			
As at 01/01/2025	7,438,152,000	437,281,671	7,875,433,671
As at 30/06/2025	7,438,152,000	384,846,675	7,822,998,675

The historical cost of fully depreciated intangible fixed assets but still in use as at 30 June 2025 are VND 6,069,101,139 (as at 31 December 2024: VND 6,069,101,139)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.12 Trade accounts payable

	30/06/	2025	01/01	/2025
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Trade payables - other parties				
APC Pharmaceuticals and	7,280,928,820	7,280,928,820	-	-
Chemical Limited				
SUHEUNG Vietnam Co., Ltd.	3,484,447,200	3,484,447,200	3,783,996,000	3,783,996,000
Tan Thanh Packaging Co., Ltd.	3,189,984,930	3,189,984,930	4,815,005,322	4,815,005,322
Dong Nai Pharma Joint Stock	30,242,625	30,242,625	14,570,358,480	14,570,358,480
Company				
Sinopharm Weigida Phar		-	15,330,600,000	15,330,600,000
Other suppliers	17,480,454,813	17,480,454,813	24,387,327,512	24,387,327,512
e s	31,466,058,388	31,466,058,388	62,887,287,314	62,887,287,314

5.13 Short-term advance from customers

30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
11,096,192,690	16,905,349,290
18,616,700492	18,616,700,492
13,560,287,518	12,114,695,322
43,273,180,700	47,636,745,104
	VND 11,096,192,690 18,616,700492 13,560,287,518

5.14 Taxes and (receivables), payables to State budget

	01/01/2025		Transactio	n in period	30/06/2025		
	Payables	Receivables	Payables	Paid/ Deducted	Payables	Receivables	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	
VAT on domestic goods	-	-	20,937,824,225	(20,937,824,225)	-	-	
VAT on import goods	_		6,086,530,232	(6,086,530,232)	-	-	
Import tax	-	(52,212,709)	116,686,820	(68,783,611)		(4,309,500)	
Corporate income tax	6,346,477,406	-		(9,346,477,406)	-	(3,000,000,000)	
Personal income tax	-	-	2,160,512,665	(2,294,692,212)	-	(134, 179, 547)	
Housing tax, land rental	=	(1,003,701)	12,000,000,000	(11,372,958,228)	626,038,071	-	
License tax	-	-	4,000,000	(4,000,000)	=	-	
Other taxes	-	-	243,430,536	(243,430,536)	-	-	
	6,346,477,406	(53,216,410)	41,548,984,478	(50,354,696,450)	626,038,071	(3,138,489,047)	

Value-added tax

The Company declares value-added tax by deduction method. VAT rates for domestic goods are non-taxable, 5%, 8% and 10%.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax ("CIT") payable in period is estimated as follows:

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Accounting profit before tax	(29,484,039,585)	8,722,923,535
Adjusted in accounting profit to determine taxable		
profit:		
Increase adjustments	167,409,248	1,117,407,481
Decrease adjustments	(9,809,959)	
Assessable income	(29,326,440,296)	9,840,331,016
Non-taxable income	(540,000,000)	(519,339,000)
Taxable income	(29,866,440,296)	9,320,992,016
CIT rate	20%	20%
Current CIT expenses	_	1,864,198,403

The Company is obliged to pay tax at the normal rate of 20% of taxable income.

Other taxes

The Company declares and pays other taxes in accordance to current regulations.

5.15 Other short-term payables

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Other payables - other individual, organization		
Trade union, social insurance, Party fees	150,041,080	149,072,080
Corporate income tax (Factory 24)	91,299,513	91,299,513
Soviet Union Antibiotic	118,181,818	118,181,818
Happy House Investment Joint Stock Company (*)	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
Other payables	727,613,247	650,413,247
	11,087,135,658	11,008,966,658

(*) Payment according to the progress of cooperation with Happy House Company to implement a social housing project under the Investment Cooperation Contract No. 01/2018/HDHT dated 08 August 2018.

5.16 Bonus and welfare funds

	01/01/2025	Increase in period	Other increase	Paid in period	30/06/2025
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Bonus fund	1,521,794,766	3,230,180,022	1,410,000	(2,184,600,000)	2,568,784,788
Welfare fund	8,936,132,081	3,230,180,021	_	(8,455,033,000)	3,711,279,102
	10,457,926,847	6,460,360,043	1,410,000	(10,639,633,000)	6,280,063,890

5.17 Long-term unrealized revenue

_	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
MekoStem unrealized revenue Finished goods unrealized revenue	193,779,346,825	186,607,256,871 241,120,905
-	193,779,346,825	186,848,377,776

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.18 Owner's equity

5.18.1 Owner's equity movements

	Owners' invested capital	Capital surplus	Treasury shares	Investment and development fund	Retained earnings	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
As at 01/01/2024 Profit in period Deduction for Investment and	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158) - -	576,623,174,082 - 1,976,490,201	33,510,040,412 6,858,725,132 (1,976,490,201)	1,260,893,847,794 6,858,725,132
development fund Deduction for Bonus and welfare funds	-	-	-	-	(3,952,980,402)	(3,952,980,402)
Dividends distribution Remuneration for the Board of Directors	-	1= 3=	-	-	(12,634,110,500) (408,000,000)	(12,634,110,500) (408,000,000)
As at 30/06/2024	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	578,599,664,283	21,397,184,441	1,250,757,482,024
As at 01/07/2024 Profit in period As at 31/12/2024	255,458,670,000 - 255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458 - 409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158) - (14,487,151,158)	578,599,664,283 - 578,599,664,283	21,397,184,441 33,926,525,139 55,323,709,580	1,250,757,482,024 33,926,525,139 1,284,684,007,163
As at 01/01/2025 Profit in period Deduction for Investment and	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458 - -	(14,487,151,158) - -	578,599,664,283 - 3,230,180,022	55,323,709,580 (29,484,039,585) (3,230,180,022)	1,284,684,007,163 (29,484,039,585)
development fund Deduction for Bonus and welfare funds Dividends distribution Remuneration for the Board of Directors				-	(6,460,360,043) (12,634,110,500) (408,000,000)	(6,460,360,043) (12,634,110,500) (408,000,000)
As at 30/06/2025	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	581,829,844,305	3,107,019,430	1,235,697,497,035

5.18.2 Detail of owner's invested equity

According to the Company's the Business Registration Certificate (amended), the Charter capital of the Company is VND 255,458,670,000. As at 30 June 2025, the Company's Charter capital was fully contributed as follows:

	30/06/2025				01/01/2025	
	Shares	Value VND	Rate %	Shares	Value VND	Rate %
Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation	4,657,435	46,574,350,000	18.23	4,657,435	46,574,350,000	18.23
Nipro Pharma Corporation	3,913,140	39,131,400,000	15.32	3,913,140	39,131,400,000	15.32
Other shareholders	16,975,292	169,752,920,000	66.45	16,975,292	169,752,920,000	66.45
	25,545,867	255,458,670,000	100.00	25,545,867	255,458,670,000	100.00

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.18.3 Shares

	30/06/2025 Share	01/01/2025 Share
Number of issued registered shares	25,545,867	25,545,867
Number of shares sold to the public	25,545,867	25,545,867
Common shares	25,545,867	25,545,867
Preferred shares	-	-
Number of repurchased shares	277,646	277,646
Common shares	277,646	277,646
Preferred shares	_	-
Number of shares in circulation	25,268,221	25,268,221
Common shares	25,268,221	25, 268, 221
Preferred shares	· ·	

Par value of shares in circulation: VND 10,000/ share.

5.18.4 Profit distribution

In period, the Company distributed dividends according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 61/NQ-DHDCD dated 24 April 2025 with the value of 5% par value.

In addition, the Company distributed profit of 2024 according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 61/NQ-DHDCD dated 24 April 2025 as follows:

VND

- Deduct 8% from retained earnings of 2024 for Investment and development fund

3,230,180,022

- Deduct 16% from retained earnings of 2024 for Bonus and

6,460,360,043

:

welfare funds

5.19 Off-balance sheet items

Foreign currency

Foreign currency	30/06/2025 Foreign currency	01/01/2025 Foreign currency
US Dollar (USD)	24,530.88	27,170.74
Euro (EUR)	858.59	862.80

6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

6.1 Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

6.1.1 Net revenues

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Revenue from sale of goods Revenue from sale of finished goods Revenue from sale of materials Revenue from rental Revenue from stem cell bank service Sale deductions: - Sales returns Net revenue	205,009,513 378,507,033,566 2,420,268,423 5,565,000,000 34,242,805,671 (92,845,934) 420,847,271,239	63,480,004 418,755,904,985 797,266,010 4,932,000,000 37,307,268,524

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

6.1.2 Sales of goods and rendering of services to related parties

Transaction of sales of goods and rendering of services to related parties are follows:

	Transaction or calce of goods and fortuering or corre	occito i citato a partireo an	
		From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited Mekophar Company Limited	5,157,253,090 1,425,000,000 239,513,770 6,821,766,860	5,164,898,650 792,000,000 798,610 5,957,697,260
6.2	Cost of sales	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Cost of goods sold Cost of finished goods sold Cost of materials sold Cost of stem cell bank service Provision/ (Reverse) for devaluation of inventories	184,661,914 292,562,543,166 1,563,295,673 10,501,445,530 	60,305,999 297,529,897,485 781,598 11,368,355,636 2,808,421,803 311,767,762,521
6.3	Financial income		
0.3	rmanciai income	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Interest from deposit Dividends, distributed profit Foreign exchange gain	2,040,427,659 540,000,000 262,530,421 2,842,958,080	1,555,212,688 519,339,000 23,437,426 2,097,989,114
6.4	Financial expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Provision for investment in subsidiary Foreign exchange loss Foreign exchange loss due to the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies	23,506,143,017 1,654,719,131 158,649,585 25,319,511,733	25,305,957,033 2,210,187,041 199,844,371 27,715,988,445
6.5	Selling expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Labor expenses Depreciation expenses Marketing expenses Transportation expenses Service expense Other selling expenses	11,574,771,576 165,798,630 18,194,327,456 1,116,943,333 25,147,055,054 163,920,640 56,362,816,689	13,082,054,432 165,798,630 20,403,647,695 2,468,100,353 22,311,727,054 139,920,640 58,571,248,804

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

6.6	General and administration expenses	From 01/01/2025	From 01/01/2024
		to 30/06/2025 VND	to 30/06/2024 VND
	Labor expenses Tools and equipment expenses Depreciation expenses Tax and fees Provision expenses Service expenses Other general and administration expenses	23,021,902,640 10,361,601,356 1,808,093,028 12,257,228,621 133,253,389 2,102,990,615 17,304,924,604 66,989,994,253	23,583,436,901 1,915,786,101 1,819,751,916 12,445,166,772 3,617,407,481 2,530,977,645 10,886,941,922 56,799,468,738
6.7	Other incomes	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Gain from disposal of fixed assets Income from stock count	22,727,273 336,950,883 359,678,156	44,106,452 44,106,452
6.8	Other expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Loss from disposal of fixed assets Administrative fines Expenses from stock count	49,678,102 49,678,102	384,999,274 25,398,140 10,225,632 420,623,046

6.9 Basic earnings per share

The Company did not calculate this item on the separate financial statements as according to Vietnam Accounting Standard No. 30 "Earnings per share", in case the Company must make the separate financial statements and consolidated financial statements, only to present the information about earnings per share under the provisions of this standard on the Consolidated financial statements.

6.10	Production and business costs by element	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Material expenses Labor expenses Depreciation expenses	286,089,667,382 60,443,397,687 4,620,733,244	292,453,468,764 63,421,289,919 4,885,208,376
	External service expenses Other expenses	37,959,108,922 49,254,114,078 438,367,021,313	36,453,979,988 48,372,955,654 445,586,902,701

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company has financial assets such as trade receivables and other receivables, cash and short-term deposits that occur directly from the operations of the Company. Financial liabilities of the Company mainly include loans, payables to suppliers and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to mobilize financial resources to serve the activities of the Company.

The Company has market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Operational risk management is indispensable operations for the entire operations of the Company. The Company has developed control system to ensure balance between the extent reasonable costs incurred when risk and risk management costs. The Company has not implemented measures to prevent this risk due to lack of a market to purchase financial instruments.

The Board of General Directors considered and uniformly applies policies to manage each of these risks are summarized below:

i. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk has four types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, goods price risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Market risk for changes in interest rates of the Company primarily relating to cash, short term deposits, and loans of the Company.

The Company managing interest rate risk by analyzing the competitive situation in the market to acquire beneficial interest for the purposes of the Company and remain within the limits of their risk management.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in exchange rates. The Company bears the risk of changes in exchange rates, which are directly related to the business operations of the Company.

Stock price risk

The shares held by the Company are affected by market risks arising from uncertainty about the future value of the investment shares. The company manages stock price risk by setting investment limits. The Board of General Directors also reviews and approves investment decisions in shares. The Company considers the share price risk to be negligible.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party of a financial instrument or contract not performing its obligations, resulting in financial losses. The Company has credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for trade receivables account), and from its financial activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Trade receivables

The Company regularly monitors the receivables, which is not yet collected. For big customers, the Company considered the decline in the credit quality of each customer at the reporting date. The Company seeks the way to remained the tight control of the receivables and arranging credit control staff to minimize credit risk. On this basis and the trade receivables of the Company related to many different customers, credit risk is not significantly concentrated in a certain customer.

Cash in bank

The Company mainly maintains deposit balances at banks, which is well known in Vietnam. Credit risk of the deposit balances at banks is managed by the treasury department of the Company under the policies of the Company. The maximum credit risk of the Company for the items on the balance sheet at the end of the financial year is the value book as presented in Note 5.1. The Company found that the level of concentration of credit risk on bank deposits is low.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in implementing their financial obligations due to lack of funds. Liquidity risk of the Company mainly arising from financial assets and financial liabilities with maturity mismatches.

The Company minimizes the liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash and cash equivalents and bank loans at a level that the Board of General Director supposes it is sufficient to meet the Company's operations and minimize the risks due to the volatility of cash flows.

The table below summarizes the maturity of the financial liabilities of the Company based on expected payments on undiscounted basic contracts:

	Less than 1 year VND	From 1 to 5 years VND	Total VND
As at 30/06/2025			
Trade payables	31,466,058,388	.=	31,466,058,388
Accrued expenses	554,861,637	-	554,861,637
Other payables	10,937,094,578	_	10,937,094,578
	42,958,014,603		42,958,014,603
As at 01/01/2025			
Trade payables	62,887,287,314	_	62,887,287,314
Accrued expenses	298,117,362	=	298,117,362
Other payables	10,859,894,578	Y=	10,859,894,578
	74,045,299,254		74,045,299,254

The Company considered that the level of concentration risk to the repayment is low. The Company has sufficient access to the necessary capital.

Security assets

The Company does not hold the security assets of third parties as at 30 June 2025 and 01 January 2025.

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

iv. Fair value

(1) Compare fair value and book value

	Book value		Fair va	alue (*)
	30/06/2025	01/01/2025	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Financial assets				
Held-to-maturity investments	20,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	20,000,000,000	45,000,000,000
Trade receivables	40,793,984,628	50,983,119,949	30,112,234,810	40,433,271,072
Receivables from related	12,496,226,731	2,225,064,788	12,496,226,731	2,225,064,788
parties				
Other receivables	69,000,000	60,000,000	69,000,000	60,000,000
Pledge, collateral, deposit	225,072,740	341	225,072,740	-
F. 6				
Financial assets available fo	r sale			
Short-term financial	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100
investments				
Long-term financial	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000
investments				
Cash and cash equivalents	71,511,758,222	146,963,151,214	71,511,758,222	146,963,151,214
	180,111,713,421	280,247,007,051	169,429,963,603	269,697,158,174

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are determined according to the distribution value

	42,958,014,603	74,045,299,254	42,958,014,603	74,045,299,254
Other payables	10,937,094,578	10,859,894,578	10,937,094,578	10,859,894,578
Accrued expenses	554,861,637	298,117,362	554,861,637	298,117,362
Trade payables	31,466,058,388	62,887,287,314	31,466,058,388	62,887,287,314

- (*) The Company has not revaluated its financial assets and financial liabilities at their fair values as at 30 June 2025 and 01 January 2025. However, the Board of General Directors believes that the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities is not significantly different from their carrying amounts as at the balance sheet date.
 - (2) Basis of determining fair value

Accounts receivable and other receivables

The fair value of accounts receivables and other receivables, excluding accounts receivable and payable under the scheduled progress of construction contracts, is estimated based on the present value of cash flows future, discounted at market interest rates at the report date. The fair value of these instruments is determined only intended disclosures.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The fair value determined only intended disclosures, is calculated by discounting the value of loans and its interest by market interest at the balance sheet date.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

8. OTHER INFORMATION

8.1 Transactions and balances with related parties

The related parties with the Company include key management members, the individuals involved with key members and other related parties.

8.1.1 Transactions and balances with key members, the individuals involved with key members

Remuneration paid to key management members during the period was as follow:

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Salary and bonus		
Mr. Le Anh Phuong	784,160,888	812,877,177
Ms. Huynh Thi Lan	1,195,563,745	1,208,468,267
Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan	687,575,486	755,388,066
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	1,312,112,673	1,068,985,486
(appointed on 07/05/2025)		
Mr. Satoshi Kawamura	48,000,000	72,000,000
(resigned on 24/04/2025)		
Ms. Nguyen Thi Quynh Anh	315,220,401	453,465,850
(resigned on 24/04/2025)		
Mr. Dinh Xuan Han		51,000,000
Ms. Lu Thi Khanh Tran	48,000,000	24,000,000
(resigned on 24/04/2025)		
Ms. Nguyen Thi Hang	24,000,000	-
(appointed on 24/04/2025)	*	<u> </u>
	4,414,633,193	4,446,184,846

8.1.2 Transactions and balances with other related parties

Significant transactions with related parties in period are as follows:

Related parties	Transaction	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Mekophar Comp	any Limited		
	Sales and services rendered Purchasing goods and services Loan	239,513,770 171,923,809 10,500,000,000	798,610 - -
An Sinh Hospita	I Joint Stock Company Sales and services rendered	5,157,253,090	5,164,898,650
Orchids Trading	Service Travel Company Limited Sales and services rendered	1,425,000,000	792,000,000
Balance with relat	ted parties are as follows:		
Related parties	Transaction	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Mekophar Comp	any Limited		
	Trade receivables Long-term loan receivables	75,259,203 10,500,000,000	2,008,920,659
An Sinh Hospita	l Joint Stock Company Trade receivables	353,467,528	216,144,129
Orchids Trading	Service Travel Company Limited Trade receivables	1,567,500,000	

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

8.2 Segment information

8.2.1 Segment information by operating activities

Segment income statement operating activities for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025:

Items	Net revenue VND	Cost VND	Gross profit VND
Goods	205,009,513	184,661,914	20,347,599
Finished goods	378,414,187,632	292,562,543,166	85,851,644,466
Materials	2,420,268,423	1,563,295,673	856,972,750
Rental	5,565,000,000	-	5,565,000,000
Stem cell bank service	34,242,805,671	10,501,445,530	23,741,360,141
	420,847,271,239	304,811,946,283	116,035,324,956

Segment income statement operating activities for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024:

Items	Net revenue VND	Cost VND	Gross profit VND
Goods	63,480,004	60,305,999	3,174,005
Finished goods	418,755,904,985	297,529,897,485	121,226,007,500
Materials	797,266,010	781,598	796,484,412
Rental	4,932,000,000	· ·	4,932,000,000
Stem cell bank service	37,307,268,524	11,368,355,636	25,938,912,888
	461,855,919,523	308,959,340,718	152,896,578,805

8.2.2 Segment information by geographical area

The Company does not present segment information by geographical area, because all activities take place in the only geographical area, which is Vietnam.

8.3 Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date (30 June 2025) to the date of this report, which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the interim financial statements.

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant PHAN THI LAN HUONG General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025