AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

The Board of Directors and Board of Management have the honor of submitting this Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 30 September 2025.

1. General information about the Company

Establishment:

VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established and operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1903000030, first issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Phuc province on 16 June 2003, amended for the 30th time on 15 August 2025 by the Department of Finance of Phu Tho province.

Form of ownership: Joint Stock Company

The Company's business activities:

The Company's main business activities are construction investment and industrial park infrastructure business.

English name:

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Abbreviation:

VPID - JSC

Securities code:

IDV

Head office:

Khai Quang Industrial Park, Vinh Phuc Ward, Phu Tho Province, Vietnam

2. Financial position and operating results

The Company's consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of its operation during the year are presented in the accompanying financial statements.

3. Members of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Board of Management and Chief Accountant: Members of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Board of Management and Chief Accountant during the year and up to the date of the financial statements are as follows:

Board of Directors

Mr. Hoang Dinh Thang	Chairman
Mr. Trinh Viet Dung	Vice Chairman
Mr. Pham Trung Kien	Member
Mr. Phung Van Quy	Member
Mr. Le Tung Son	Member

Ms. Nguyen Ngoc Lan Member

Mr. Pham Huu Anh

Ms. Nguyen Thuy Linh

Mr. Ton Tich Quang Nam

Independent Board Member

Independent Board Member

Audit Committee

Mr. Pham Huu Anh

Ms. Nguyen Thuy Linh

Head of the Audit Committee

Deputy Head of the Audit Committee

Board of Management

Mr. Pham Trung Kien General Director Resigned on 09/8/2025

Ms. Nguyen Ngoc Lan General Director Appointed on 09/08/2025

Deputy General Director Resigned on 09/8/2025

Deputy General Director

Mr. Nguyen Anh De

Chief Accountant

Ms. Nguyen Thi Hoan

Ms. Nguyen Ngoc Lan is the legal representative signing the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 September 2025.

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VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

4. Independent Auditor

Branch of MOORE AISC Auditing and Informatic Services Company Limited has been appointed as auditor for the financial year ended 30 September 2025.

5. Commitment of the Board of Management

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2025, the consolidated results of its operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year then ended. In order to prepare these Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board of Management has considered and complied with the following matters:

- Selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- Made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepared the Consolidated Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept and maintained, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Company and that the Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in compliance with the accounting regime stated in Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 September 2025. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the Company's assets, and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

6. Confirmation

The Board of Management, in their opinion, confirmed that the Consolidated Financial Statements including the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2025, the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and accompanying Notes, which expressed a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company as well as its consolidated operating results and consolidated cash flows for the financial year ended 30 September 2025.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System.

Phu Tho, 06 November 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Management

CÔNG TY
CÔ PHẦN

PHÁT TRỆNH THÚC

VỊNH PHÚC

VỊNH PHÚC

TRỤNG

Nguyen Ngoc Lan

General Director

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No. A0325050-HN/MOOREAISHN-TC

MOORE AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

<u>To</u>: SHAREHOLDERS, BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD OF MANAGEMENT VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company as prepared on 06 November 2025 from pages 05 to 48, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2025, the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the financial year then ended and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Responsibilities of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and prevailing regulations applicable to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements and also for the internal control which the Board of Management considers necessary for the preparation and fair presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibility of the Auditor

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical standards and requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Consolidated Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated financial position of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company as at 30 September 2025 as well as the consolidated results of its operation and its consolidated cash flows for the financial year ended 30 September 2025 in compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and other statutory requirements related to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other matter

The Independent Auditor's Report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. In the event of any discrepancies or inconsistencies between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall prevail.

Hanoi, 06 November 2025

Branch of MOORE AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Co., Ltd



Nguyen Thi Phuong

Deputy Director

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 4945-2024-005-1 Phan Cong Van

Auditor

Audit Practising Registration Certificate No. 5298-2021-005-1



CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
As at 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Notes	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		463,891,955,031	485,005,815,374
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	22,254,795,059	57,387,452,252
1. Cash	111		10,182,044,096	21,747,452,252
Cash equivalents	112		12,072,750,963	35,640,000,000
	120	V.2	235,519,978,146	260,993,289,477
II. Short-term financial investments1. Trading securities	121		1,958,627,885	16,788,177,111
Provision for devaluation of trading securities	122		(954,067,885)	(1,364,876,840)
Held-to-maturity investments	123		234,515,418,146	245,569,989,206
	130		182,076,559,692	158,563,110,572
III. Short-term receivables 1. Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3	6,797,856,232	6,275,440,852
	132	V.4	172,066,098,000	122,667,214,280
Short-term prepayments to suppliers Short-term loan receivables	135	V.5	-	24,900,000,000
4. Other short-term receivables	136	V.6	3,377,934,500	4,739,705,440
The state of the s	137	V.3	(165,329,040)	(19,250,000)
	140	V.7	101,852,869	129,051,542
IV. Inventories	141	***	101,852,869	129,051,542
1. Inventories			23,938,769,265	7,932,911,531
V. Other current assets	150	V.8a	232,685,414	439,987,290
Short-term prepaid expenses	151	v.oa	23,700,074,471	7,492,924,241
2. Deductible value added tax	152	V.13b	6,009,380	-
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State	153	V.130	1,537,286,048,483	1,395,032,027,446
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS	200			23
I. Long-term receivables	210	0.000	598,795,347,746	596,903,457,303 596,903,457,303
 Other long-term receivables 	216	V.6	598,795,347,746	
II. Fixed assets	220		146,818,238,345	110,133,536,205
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.10	146,818,238,345	110,133,536,205 185,373,752,718
- Cost	222		238,817,019,152	(75,240,216,513)
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(91,998,780,807)	(t) 30 (t) (t)
III. Investment properties	230	V.11	75,934,468,619	23,695,669,685
- Cost	231		80,249,359,766	26,246,643,872
- Accumulated depreciation	232		(4,314,891,147)	(2,550,974,187)
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240	V.9	211,080,750,024	185,327,516,338
Construction in progress	242		211,080,750,024	185,327,516,338
V. Long-term financial investments	250	V.2	326,718,784,643	313,685,176,021
Investments in joint ventures and associates	252		1,993,226,456	172,233,649,365
Equity investments in other entities	253		327,550,771,260	143,809,725,560
3. Provision for long-term financial investments	254		(2,825,213,073)	(2,358,198,904
VI. Other long-term assets	260		177,938,459,106	165,286,671,89
Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.8b	176,907,173,977	165,135,459,783
Deferred income tax assets	262		1,031,285,129	151,212,109
TOTAL ASSETS	270		2,001,178,003,514	1,880,037,842,820

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
C.	LIABILITIES	300		1,059,460,868,872	1,005,389,564,436
I.	Current liabilities	310		199,207,868,312	161,642,549,421
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.12	5,279,597,057	2,967,831,373
2.	Taxes and payables to the State	313	V.13a	4,952,028,597	4,522,597,123
3.	200 and 100 man 100 and 100 an	314		4,335,937,875	4,504,766,293
4.		315	V.14	47,744,901,917	75,698,751,550
5.	Short-term unearned revenue	318	V.15.a	39,774,666,822	37,042,814,242
6.	Other short-term payables	319	V.16.a	12,306,693,163	3,581,930,301
7.	1 10 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	320	V.17.a	74,006,762,343	21,080,000,000
8.		322		10,807,280,538	12,243,858,539
п.	Long-term liabilities	330		860,253,000,560	843,747,015,015
	Long-term unearned revenue	336	V.15.b	823,183,248,915	780,114,770,265
2.		337	V.16.b	3,507,517,506	3,507,517,506
3.	1 0 1 11111	338	V.17.b	33,562,234,139	60,113,384,660
	Deferred income tax payable	341		*	11,342,584
	OWNERS' EQUITY	400		941,717,134,642	874,648,278,384
	Owners' equity	410	V.18	941,717,134,642	874,648,278,384
	Owners' contributed capital	411		412,367,770,000	358,583,850,000
1.	- Common shares with voting rights	411a		412,367,770,000	358,583,850,000
2	Share premium	412		(11,000,000)	(11,000,000)
	Investment and development fund	418		89,359,931,607	78,949,441,652
	Undistributed profit after tax	421		435,797,393,134	432,977,719,294
4.	- Undistributed profit after tax accumulated to the end of the previous period - Undistributed profit after tax in the	421a		325,357,494,731	319,491,247,247
	current period	421b		110,439,898,403	113,486,472,047
5.	5. Non-controlling interests	429		4,203,039,901	4,148,267,438
	TOTAL RESOURCES	440		2,001,178,003,514	1,880,037,842,820

Phu Tho, 06 November 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY CỐ PHẦN

Nguyen Ngoc Lan

Tran Thi Tuoi

Nguyen Thi Hoan

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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ITEMS	Code	Notes	Current year	Previous year
Revenue from goods sold and services rendered Net revenue from goods sold and services	01	VI.1	177,648,306,603	130,939,549,954
2. rendered	10	VI.2	177,648,306,603	130,939,549,954
3. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.3	55,870,113,213	44,671,554,661
Gross profit from goods sold and services 4. rendered	20		121,778,193,390	86,267,995,293
(20 = 10 - 11)	1212		51 526 407 501	35,575,724,961
5. Financial income	21	VI.4	51,536,497,591	1,753,112,044
6. Financial expenses	22	VI.5	15,339,296,717	
In which: Interest expense	23		916,711,730	1,067,712,678
7. Profit or loss in joint ventures and associates	24		19,222,411,757	38,926,319,043
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.6a	398,450,564	765,863,005
9. General and administrative expenses	26	VI.6b	23,213,231,080	23,456,233,110
10. Net profit from operating activities	30		153,586,124,377	134,794,831,138
(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))				
11. Other income	31	VI.7	4,854,664,242	18,988,849,119
12. Other expenses	32	VI.8	1,888,802,354	187,662,731
13. Other profit $(40 = 31 - 32)$	40		2,965,861,888	18,801,186,388
14. Total accounting profit before tax	50		156,551,986,265	153,596,017,526
(50 = 30 + 40)				
15. Current Corporate income tax expense	51	VI.10	27,312,277,428	19,413,925,262
16. Deferred Corporate income tax expense	52	VI.11	(891,415,604)	22,972,544
17. Profit after Corporate income tax	60		130,131,124,441	134,159,119,720
(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)				
18. Profit after tax of parent company	61		130,076,351,978	133,513,496,525
19. Profit after tax of non-controlling shareholders	62		54,772,463	645,623,195
20. Basic earnings per share	70	VI.12	2,933	3,011

Phu Tho, 06 November 2025

GENERAL DIRECTOR

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Tran Thi Tuoi

Nguyen Thi Hoan

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PHÁT TRIỂN HẠT ÂNG LOUI

VĨNH PHÚC

Nguyen Ngoc Lan

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under indirect method)

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

	Items	Code	Current year	Previous year
ı.	Cash flows from operating activities			П
1.	Profit before tax	01	156,551,986,265	153,596,017,526
2.	Adjustments for:			
	- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	18,522,481,254	17,710,902,323
	- Provisions	03	202,284,254	615,557,800
	- Gains/losses from foreign exchange differences due to revaluation	04	(157,467)	(133,307)
	- Gains/losses from investing activities	05	(38,928,415,399)	(32,990,594,012)
	- Interest expense	06	916,711,730	1,067,712,678
3.	Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08	137,264,890,637	139,999,463,008
	- Increase, decrease in receivables	09	(67,544,651,233)	(115,125,414,913)
	- Increase, decrease in inventories	10	27,198,673	17,194,098,582
	- Increase, decrease in payables	11	196,679,332,803	(55,598,320,773)
	(Other than interest payable, corporate income tax payable)			
	- Increase, decrease in prepaid expenses	12	(11,564,412,316)	(3,868,409,441)
	- Increase, decrease in trading securities	13	14,829,549,226	(10,194,969,660)
	- Interest expense paid	14	(927,198,877)	(1,032,350,486)
	- Corporate income tax paid	15	(27,312,577,468)	(24,940,545,460)
	- Other payments for operating activities	17	(10,545,756,712)	(2,086,920,243)
	Net cash flows from operating activities	20	230,906,374,733	(55,653,369,386)
П.	Cash flows from investing activities			
1.	Purchase and construction of fixed assets and other long- term assets	21	(299,880,255,816)	(105,893,968,032)
2.	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	-	194,449,915
3	Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23	(255,419,098,266)	(287,350,279,782)
4	Collections from loans and proceeds from sales of debt instruments of other entities	24	291,373,669,326	497,907,797,425
5	Payments for equity investments in other entities	25	(14,195,127,705)	(8,100,000,000)
6	Proceeds from capital investment in other entities	26	694,504,914	
7	Proceeds from loan interest, dividends and profit received	27	38,799,083,832	43,831,672,413
	Net cash flows from investing activities	30	(238,627,223,715)	140,589,671,939

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CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under indirect method)

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

	Items	Code	Current year	Previous year
III.	Cash flows from financing activities			
1.	Proceeds from borrowings	33	127,660,888,268	82,519,993,660
2.	Repayments of principal	34	(101,285,276,446)	(79,320,000,000)
3.	Dividends and profits paid to owners	36	(53,787,577,500)	(46,772,211,000)
	Net cash flow from financing activities	40	(27,411,965,678)	(43,572,217,340)
	Net cash flow during the year	50	(35,132,814,660)	41,364,085,213
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60	57,387,452,252	16,023,233,732
	Effect of exchange rate fluctuations	61	157,467	133,307
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	70	22,254,795,059	57,387,452,252

Phu Tho, 06 November 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

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Tran Thi Tuoi

Nguyen Thi Hoan

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY CỐ PHẨN PHÁT TRIỂN HẠ TÂNG

PHINguyen Ngoc Lan

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Establishment

VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established and operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1903000030, first issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Phuc province on 16 June 2003, amended for the 30th time on 15 August 2025 by the Department of Finance of Phu Tho province.

Form of ownership: Joint Stock Company

2. Business sector

The Company's main business activities are construction investment and industrial park infrastructure business.

3. Business lines

- Trading in real estate, land use rights belonging to the owner, user or tenant;
- Galvanizing of mechanical products and galvanizing services;
- Construction of civil, industrial, transport and irrigation works;
- Technology transfer services, commercial brokerage;
- Providing tourism services, domestic travel agency business
- Agency for buying, selling, and consigning goods; postal and telecommunications services agency; airline ticket agency; insurance agency; water and electricity services agency; retail agency for petroleum and lubricant products;
- Road freight transport by car
- Trading in foodstuffs, liquor, beer, tobacco, and beverages
- Trading in materials, machinery, and equipment for various industries;
- Design of civil and industrial structures;
- Construction supervision consultancy for traffic works;
- Collection and treatment of wastewater and industrial solid waste.

English name:

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Abbreviation:

VPID - JSC

Securities code:

IDV

Head office:

Khai Quang Industrial Park, Vinh Phuc Ward, Phu Tho Province, Vietnam

4. Normal operating cycle

The company's operating cycle lasts no more than 12 months.

5. The Company's operations in the financial year affecting the Financial Statements:

None.

6. Total employees as at 30 September 2025: 113 persons.

(As at 30/9/2024: 124 persons)

7. Enterprise structure

7.1. List of subsidiaries to be consolidated

As at 30 September 2025, the Company has three (03) directly owned subsidiaries as follows:

Company name	Main business activity	Ownership ratio	Voting rights ratio	
Company Limited Ha Nam VPID	Construction investment and industrial park infrastructure business	trial 100% 100%		
Song Lo Construction MTV Company Limited	Construction and completion of construction works	100%	100%	
VPID Vinh Phuc Joint Stock Company	Power transmission and distribution	51.22%	51.22%	



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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7. Enterprise structure (continued)

7.2. List of joint ventures and associates to be reflected in the financial statements

As at 30 September 2025, the Company has one (01) associates as follows:

Company name and address	Main business activity	Capital contribution ratio	Ownership ratio	Voting rights ratio	
VL Investment Development Joint Stock Company	Construction investment and industrial park infrastructure business	20%	20%	20%	

8. Disclosure on the comparability of information in the Financial Statements:

The selection of figures and information needs to be presented in the Consolidated Financial Statements based on the principles of comparability among corresponding accounting periods.

II. FINANCIAL YEAR AND REPORTING CURRENCY

1. Financial year

The Company's financial year begins on 01 October and ends on 30 September of the following year.

2. Currency unit used in accounting

Vietnamese Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

III. APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIME

1. Applied accounting regime

The Company applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standardds, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime as guided in Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated 21 March 2016 amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC of the Ministry of Finance. These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions of Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 202") issued by the Vietnam Ministry of Finance on 22 December 2014 guiding the method for preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. Disclosure of compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Regime

We conducted our accounting, preparation, and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standardds, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime and other relevant statutory regulations. The Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the results of its operations as well as its cash flows.

The selection of figures and information presented in the notes to the Financial Statements complies with the material principles in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 - "Presentation of the financial statements".

IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis for preparing consolidated financial statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company are prepared in accordance with Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the method of preparing and presenting consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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1. Basis for preparing consolidated financial statements (continued)

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Vietnamese Dong (VND), under the historical cost principle and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime and statutory regulations relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the financial statements of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company (Parent Company) and 03 (three) subsidiaries, namely Company Limited Ha Nam VPID; Song Lo Construction MTV Company Limited and VPID Vinh Phuc Joint Stock Company. A subsidiary is an entity controlled by a parent company. Control exists when the parent company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of the subsidiary to obtain economic benefits from its activities. When assessing control, potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are taken into account.

Intercompany balances, transactions, and unrealized gains between the parent company and its subsidiaries are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized losses from intra-entity transactions are also eliminated, unless the costs that generated those losses are not recoverable.

The non-controlling interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is presented as a separate item from the equity of the parent company's shareholders. Non-controlling interest includes the amount of non-controlling interest at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interest's share of changes in equity since the business combination date. Losses corresponding to the non-controlling shareholders' share that exceed their share in the company's total equity are deducted from the non-controlling interest, unless the non-controlling shareholders have a binding obligation and are able to cover such losses.

2. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits.

Cash equivalents comprise term deposits, short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less since investment date, high liquidity and are able to convert to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3. Principles for accounting financial investments

Principles for accounting trading securities

Trading securities include stocks and bonds listed on the stock market; securities and other financial instruments held for trading purposes (including securities with a maturity of more than 12 months purchased and sold for profit).

Trading securities are recorded at cost, including purchase price plus (+) purchase costs (if any) such as brokerage, transaction, information provision, taxes, fees, and banking charges. The cost of trading securities is determined based on the fair value of the payments at the time of transactions. The time to recognize trading securities is the time when investors have ownership rights, specifically as follows:

- Listed securities are recorded at the time of order matching (T+0);
- Unlisted securities are recognized at the time of official ownership acquired in accordance with the law.

Provision for devaluation of trading securities is made for a possible loss in value when there is firm evidence that the market value of securities held by the Company for trading purposes is impaired from book value. Provision is made based on the market value of trading securities at the time of preparation of the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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3. Principles for accounting financial investments (continued)

Principles for accounting held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price and costs associated with the acquisition of the investments. After initial recognition, if provisions for doubtful debts have not been made as required by law, these investments are evaluated at their recoverable values. When there is firm evidence that part or all of the investment may not be recovered, the loss is recognized as financial expenses during the year and a decrease in the investment value.

Principles for accounting loans

Loans comprise amounts under contracts, or loan agreements between two parties with the purpose of earning periodic interest and are recognized at cost, net of any provisions for doubtful receivables. Provisions for doubtful receivables on loans are made based on the estimated loss value that is overdue or not overdue but may not be recoverable due to the insolvency of debtors.

4. Principles of recording financial investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates

The investments in subsidiaries are recognized when the Company holds more than 50% of voting rights and has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to obtain economic benefits from the subsidiaries' operation. When the Company ceases to control the subsidiaries, the investment in the subsidiaries will be written down.

The investment in joint ventures is recorded when the Company holds joint control over these companies' financial and operating policies. When the Company no longer has joint control, the investment in the joint venture is derecognized.

The investments in associates are recognized when the Company holds from 20% to less than 50% of the voting rights of those companies and has considerable influence over their decisions on financial and operating policies.

Investments in joint ventures and associates are initially recognized at cost, and the book value of the investment is thereafter adjusted to increase or decrease corresponding to the investor's share of the investee's profit or loss after the investment date. The investor's share of the investee's results of operations is recognized in the investor's income statement. Distributions received from the investee reduce the carrying amount of the investment. The book value is also adjusted for changes in the investor's interest arising from items recognized directly in the investee's equity, including revaluations of property, plant, and equipment and foreign exchange differences due to conversion of financial statements.

Principles for recording equity investments in other entities

Equity investments in other entities are the investments in other entities' equity instruments but the Company has no control or joint control or has significant influence over the investee.

The investments are stated at the cost including the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the investment. In case of the investments in non-monetary assets, the investment fee should be recorded at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the date of occurrence.

Regarding the investments the Company holds for a long time (not trading securities) and has insignificant influences over the investees, provision for the loss will be made as follows:

- + If an investment in listed shares or the fair value of the investment is determined reliably, the provision shall be made according to the market values of the shares.
- + If it is impossible to determine the investments' fair value at the reporting date, the provision will be made based on the loss that the investee suffers. The basis for making provision for loss of investments is the consolidated financial statements of the investee (if it is a parent company), and the investee's financial statements (if it is an independent enterprise without a subsidiary).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

5. Principle for recording trade receivables and other receivables

Principle for recording receivables: At cost less provision for doubtful receivables.

The classification of the receivables as trade receivables, internal receivables and other receivables depends on the nature of the transaction or relationship between the company and the debtor.

Method of making provision for doubtful receivables: Provision for doubtful debts is estimated for the loss value of the receivables, other held-to-maturity investments similar to doubtful debts that are overdue and undue, but are likely to become possibly irrecoverable due to insolvency of debtors who go bankruptcy, making procedures for dissolution, go missing or run away, etc.

6. Principle of recording inventories

Principle of recording inventories: Inventories are stated at cost less the provision for the devaluation and provision for obsolete or deteriorated inventories.

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Raw materials and merchandise consists of purchase cost, transportation cost, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods: include costs of raw materials, direct labor, and related manufacturing overhead costs, which are allocated based on direct labor cost.
- Work-in-progress includes costs of materials, labor, asset depreciation, and other expenses incurred during the production and business process.

Method of calculating value of inventories: monthly weighted average cost.

Method of accounting for the inventories: Perpetual inventory method

Method of making provision for the devaluation of inventories: Provision for the devaluation of inventories is made when the net realizable value of inventories is lower than their original cost. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Provision for the devaluation of inventories is the difference between the cost of inventories greater than their net realizable value. Provision for the devaluation of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net realizable value.

7. Principles for recording and depreciating fixed assets

7.1 Principles for recording tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at the original cost less accumulated depreciation. The original cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises all expenditures of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. The expenses incurred after innial recognition are capitalized when they have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits from the use of those tangible fixed assets. The expenses which do not meet the above conditions are expensed in the period.

When the assets are sold or disposed of, their original costs and the accumulated depreciation which have been written off, and any gain or loss from the disposal of assets are recorded as income or expense during the period.

Determination of original cost in each case:

Tangible fixed assets purchased

The original cost of purchased tangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price (less trade discounts or reduction) plus taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed assets are put into operation such as fees for installation and trial operation of fixed assets; specialists and other direct costs.

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset formed from capital construction under the mode of tendering shall be the finalization price of the construction project, other relevant fees plus registration fee (if any).

Fixed assets are buildings, and structures attached to land use rights, the value of land use rights is computed separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

7. Principles for recording tangible fixed assets (continued)

Tangible fixed assets constructed or produced by the Company itself:

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset that is constructed or produced by the Company itself shall include the actual production cost of the fixed asset plus expenses for installation and trial operation. In the case where the Company transfers its self-produced products to fixed assets, the original costs will be the production costs plus other relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed asset is put into operation. In such cases, all internal gains will not be recorded in the original costs of those fixed assets.

7.2 Principles for recording intangible fixed assets

7.2 Method of depreciating fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

Estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Buildings and structures	6 - 35 years
Machinery and equipment	6 - 10 years
Means of transportation	7 - 10 years
Management equipment, tools	3 - 10 years
Other tangible fixed assets	4 years

8. Principles for recording construction in progress

Construction in progress is recorded at cost. This cost includes all costs necessary to newly purchase fixed assets, build or repair, renovate, expand or re-equip technical works such as construction costs; equipment costs; compensation, support and resettlement costs; project management costs; construction investment consulting costs and other costs.

These costs are capitalized to increase asset value when the project is completed, the overall acceptance is finished and the assets are handed over and put into a ready-to-use state.

9. Principles for recording and depreciating investment property

Principle for recognizing investment property: Investment property are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The original cost of investment property: Includes all costs in cash or cash equivalents incurred by the company, or the fair value of the consideration given to acquire the investment property, up to the purchase date or completion of construction of the investment property.

The original cost of investment property acquired includes purchase price and directly attributable costs, such as Legal consulting service fees, registration tax, and other related costs.

The original cost of self-constructed investment property is the actual construction cost and directly attributable costs of the investment property up to the date of completion.

The cost relating to the property investment after initial recognition shall be recognized in the operating expense in the period unless these expenses can be attributed to future economic benefits over their originally assessed standard of performance, these expenses are capitalized as an additional cost of investment property.

When an investment property is sold, its original cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized as income or expense in the period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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9. Principles for recording and depreciating investment property (continued)

The method of depreciating investment property: Depreciation is recognized on the straight-line method over its estimated useful life of that investment property.

When there is firm evidence that an investment property's value declined below their market value and impairment loss can be measured reliably, the Company reduces the original cost of the investment property and recognizes a loss in cost of goods sold. When the Investment Property's value increases again, the Company reverses the previously recognized impairment loss, but not exceeding the amount previously written down.

The estimated useful lives of investment properties are as follows:

Factories, structures

10 -15 years

10. Principles for recording prepaid expenses

The Company's prepaid expenses include actual expenses incurred but related to the operating results of multiple accounting periods. The company's prepaid expenses include investment attraction costs in industrial parks, infrastructure investment costs, tools and equipment used and other prepaid expenses.

Method of allocating prepaid expenses: The determination and allocation of prepaid expenses into operating expenses for each period is based on the straight-line method. Based on the nature and level of each type of expense, the term of allocation is defined as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months; long-term prepaid expenses are allocated from over 12 months.

Land leveling and infrastructure construction costs are amortized over the project's duration.

11. Principles for recording liabilities

Liabilities are recorded at the original cost and not lower than the payment obligation.

The Company classifies liabilities into trade payables and other payables depending on the nature of transactions and the relationship between the Company and debtors.

Liabilities must be recorded in detail according to the payment schedule, creditor, original currency (including the revaluation of liabilities that meet the definition of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies) and other factors as per the Company's management.

At the reporting date, if it is evident that there is an unavoidable loss, an amount payable will be immediately recorded under prudent principles.

12. Principles for recording borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings are the total amounts the Company owes to banks, institutions, financial companies and other entities (excluding borrowings under the form of bonds or preferred stock issuance which require the issuer to repurchase at a certain time in the future).

Borrowings are monitored in detail according to creditor, agreement and borrowed asset.

13. Principles for recording and capitalizing borrowing costs

Principles for recording borrowing costs: Loan interest and other costs incurred in direct relation to borrowings of an enterprise are recognized as a business and production cost in the period, except where these costs incurred from the borrowings directly related to the construction investment or production of uncompleted assets are computed in these assets' value (capitalized) when they satisfy conditions stipulated in the VAS No. 16 "Borrowing costs".

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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13. Principles for recording and capitalizing borrowing costs (continued)

The capitalization rate is used to determine the borrowing costs capitalized during the period: In the case of joint borrowings involving construction investment purposes or the production of an unfinished asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization in each accounting period is determined based on the capitalization rate for the weighted average accumulated costs incurred for the construction investment or production of that asset. The capitalization rate is calculated based on the weighted average interest rate of the loans outstanding during the period. Borrowing costs capitalized must not exceed the total borrowing costs incurred during that period.

14. Principles for recording accrued expenses

Accrued expenses are amounts that have to be paid for goods and services that the Company has received from the suppliers or provided to customers during the reporting period, but have not yet been paid out due to pending invoices or insufficient accounting documents, and are recorded in operating costs of the reporting period, such as: loan interest expense; accrued expenses for works,...

15. Principles for recording provision for payables

Provisions for payables are only recognized when the following conditions are met: the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; And value of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The amount recognized as a provision for payables should be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

The Company's provisions for payables include provisions for business restructuring, product warranties, construction warranty, severance allowances as required by law, provisions for periodic repair and maintenance of fixed assets (as required by technical standards) and provisions for payables for high-risk contracts in which the costs required to be paid for obligations related to the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be obtained from that contract.

16. Principle for recording unearned revenue

Unearned revenue refers to revenue that will be recognized in proportion to the obligations that the Company will fulfill in one or more subsequent accounting periods.

Unearned revenue consists of amounts received from customers in advance of one or more accounting periods for the rental of property, land leveling fees, infrastructure usage fees, and wastewater treatment fees.

The method of allocating unearned revenue is based on the matching principle, which corresponds to the obligations that the Company will fulfill in one or more subsequent accounting periods.

17. Principles for recording owners' equity

Principle for recording owners' contributed capital

The owners' capital is the amount initially contributed by members and supplemented by shareholders. Owner's capital is recorded at the contributed capital by cash or assets calculated at the par value of shares issued in the early establishment period or additional mobilization to expand the operation.

Share premium: recognized as the difference (positive or negative) between the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when issuing shares for the first time, additional issuance, or re-issuance of treasury shares.

Principles for recording undistributed profit:

Undistributed profit after tax is recorded at the profit (loss) from the Company's result of operation after deducting the current corporate income tax expense and the adjusted items due to the retroactive application of changes in accounting policy and adjustments for material misstatement of the previous years.

The distribution of profits is based on the Company's charter and approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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18. Principles for recording treasury shares

Equity instruments repurchased by the Company (treasury shares) are recorded at cost and deducted from equity. The Company does not recognize any (gain)/(loss) when purchasing, selling, issuing, or canceling its own equity instruments. Upon re-issuance, the difference between the re-issuance price and the book value of treasury shares is recorded in the "Share premium".

19. Principles and methods for recording revenues and other income

Principles and methods for recording revenue from services rendered

Revenue from a service rendered is recognized when the transaction results can be measured reliably. In a case where the services are rendered in several periods, the revenue will be recorded by the part of completed works at the end of the financial year. Revenue from services rendered is recognized when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied simultaneously: 1. The revenue is determined firmly. When the contract specifies that buyers are entitled to return the service they have bought under specific conditions, the enterprise will record the revenue only when those conditions no longer exist and the buyers do not have the right to return the service; 2. The economic benefits associated with the transaction have flown or will flow from the supply of the service; 3. Part of completed works can be determined at the balance sheet date; 4. The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

If the contract result cannot be determined reliably, revenue will only be recognized at the recoverable amount of the recognized costs.

Principles and methods of recording revenue from leasing properties

For revenue from land and infrastructure subleasing at Khai Quang Industrial Zone, the Company recognizes revenue within the secondary enterprise fence (including site clearance compensation and ground leveling) once upon handover, based on the proportion of fees within the fence and infrastructure usage fees outside the fence as specified in each signed contract. Infrastructure usage fees outside the fence are amortized evenly over the entire lease term.

Revenue from infrastructure management fees is recognized based on the customer's land usage area and unit price specified in the contract signed between the Company and the customer.

Principles and methods for recording financial income

Financial income is recognized when two conditions for revenue recognition are simultaneously met, as specified in Accounting Standard No. 14 - Revenue and Other Income, including: interest on bank deposits is recognized based on monthly interest notifications from banks, dividends, profits, interest earned from securities trading, and other financial income.

When an amount that has been recorded as an income becomes irrecoverable, such irrecoverable or uncertainly recoverable amount must be recorded as an expense incurred in the period, but not recorded as an income decrease.

20. Principles and methods of recording cost of goods sold

The cost of goods sold reflects the costs of goods and services; Production cost of construction products accepted during the period. The cost of goods sold is recorded at the date the transaction incurs or is likely to incur in the future regardless of whether payment has been made or not. The cost of goods sold and revenue shall be recorded simultaneously on the matching principle.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

21. Principles and methods for recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include expenses or losses related to the financial investment, lending and borrowing cost, equity investments in joint ventures, associates, loss from the transfer of short-term securities, expenses for trading securities...; Provision for the devaluation of financial investment, loss from selling foreign currencies, foreign exchange loss, and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recorded in detail for each expense incurred in the period and determined reliably when there is reliable evidence of these expenses.

22. Principles for recording Selling expenses and General and Administrative expense

Selling expenses are actual expenses incurred in the process of selling products and goods and rendering services including expenses relating to price offer, product launching, and advertisement, sales commission, product and warranty of goods (except for construction activity), reservation expense, packing, transportation, etc.

General and Administrative expenses are general overhead costs including salary expenses of management staff (salary, wages, subsidies,...); social insurance, health insurance, union fee, unemployment insurance for management staff; expenses for office materials, labor instruments, fixed asset depreciation used for business management, land rental fee, license tax, provisions for doubtful debt, external services (electricity, water, telephone,...); Other costs in cash (meal expenses for guests, customer workshop, etc.).

Selling expenses and General and Administrative expenses that are recognized but not considered deductible expenses when calculating corporate income tax under Tax Law. They are not deducted from accounting expenses when having sufficient invoices and documents, but are instead adjusted in the corporate income tax finalization to increase the corporate income tax payable.

23. Principles and methods for recording current Corporate income tax expense

Current Corporate tax expense is the tax payable on the taxable income and tax rate enacted in the current year.

Deferred income tax expense is the amount of income tax payable in the future arising from the recognition of deferred tax liabilities in the current year and the reversal of deferred tax assets recognized in previous years. The Company does not record deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities arising from transactions recorded directly in the owner's equity.

Deferred corporate income tax income is a reduction in deferred corporate income tax expense arising from the recognition of deferred income tax assets in the year and the reversal of deferred income tax liabilities recognized from previous years.

The tax payables to the State budget will be finalized with the tax office. The difference between the tax payables specified in the book and the tax amounts under finalization will be adjusted upon tax finalization by the tax office. Other taxes are implemented according to current regulations of the State.



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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

24. Principles for recording earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to the common shareholders after subtracting the bonus and welfare fund created in the period and dividing it by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing profit or loss after tax attributable to common shareholders (after adjusting dividends of preferred convertible shares) by the weighted average number of the common shares circulating in the period and the weighted-average number of the common shares will be issued in the case where all dilutive potential common shares are converted into common shares.

25. Financial instruments

Initial recognition:

Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009 (Circular No. 210) by the Ministry of Finance; financial assets are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial assets which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides to classify these assets at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial assets are recognized at cost plus directly related transaction costs. Financial assets of the Company comprise cash, short-term deposits, trade receivables, loan receivables, other receivables and financial investments.

Financial liabilities

According to Circular 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009, financial liabilities are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial liabilities which are stated through the Income Statement, financial liabilities determined on an allocated cost basis. The Company decides to classify these liabilities at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, all the financial liabilities are recognized at cost plus directly related transaction costs.

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, other payables, borrowings and liabilities and accrued expenses.

Value after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the re-measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the report on financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the financial assets against financial liabilities or vice-versal and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

26. Related parties

Related parties include enterprises and individuals that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the company, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, Board of Management, and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

27. Principles for presenting assets, revenue and operating results by segment

A reportable segment includes business segment and a geographical segment.

A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

The Company presents a segment report in the Consolidated Financial Statements by geographical area.

28. Other accounting principles and methods

Other taxes and fees are implemented under regulations on current taxes, and fees by the State.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

Unit: VND

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1. Cook and each aguivalents	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
1. Cash and cash equivalents Cash	10,182,044,096 736,857,377	21,747,452,252 166,650,078
Cash on hand Demand deposits	9,445,186,719	21,580,802,174
Cash equivalents	12,072,750,963 12,072,750,963	35,640,000,000 35,640,000,000
Term deposits of less than 3 months (*) Total	22,254,795,059	57,387,452,252

^{(*) 3-}month term deposit certificates at Vietnam Technological and Commercial Joint Stock Bank (Techcombank) - Vinh Phuc Branch, interest rate from 4.4%/year.

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

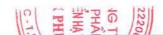
For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

2	. Financial investments						
	a. Trading securities	*	30/9/2025			01/10/2024	
		Cost	Fair value	Provision	Cost	Fair value	Provision
	Shares	1,958,627,885	1,004,560,000	(954,067,885)	16,788,177,111	21,585,466,850	(1,364,876,840)
	DIC No. 4 Joint Stock Company	ä	-	-	3,688,912,436	9,751,556,850	-
	Lilama 45.3 Joint Stock Company	1,958,627,885	1,004,560,000	(954,067,885)	1,958,627,885	831,360,000	(1,127,267,885)
	Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank	-	() =	-	10,137,608,955	9,900,000,000	(237,608,955)
	Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	-	-	<u> </u>	574,899,435	642,500,000	= 1
	Vietnam Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Ban	k -	-	8	143,042,900	169,650,000	- 1
	Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank		1-		285,085,500	290,400,000	÷.
	Total	1,958,627,885	1,004,560,000	(954,067,885)	16,788,177,111	21,585,466,850	(1,364,876,840)
	The fair value of investments in stocks is determ	nined based on the closin	g price of shares on l	UPCOM as at 30 Septer	mber 2025. Details are	as follows:	
	Share	Securities code	Closing price as at 30/9/2025	Number of shares	Fair value	Exchange	
	Lilama 45.3 Joint Stock Company	L43	2,900	346,400	1,004,560,000	UPCOM	

Lifama 45.5 Joint Stock Company	1243	2,900	346,400 _	1,004,560,000	UPCOM	
				1,004,560,000		
b. Short-term held-to-maturity investments		y	30/9/20	025	01/10/2	024
		_	Cost	Book value	Cost	Book value
Short-term			234,515,418,146	234,515,418,146	245,569,989,206	245,569,989,206
Term deposits from 6-12 months (*)		·	234,515,418,146	234,515,418,146	245,569,989,206	245,569,989,206
Total		5 	234,515,418,146	234,515,418,146	245,569,989,206	245,569,989,206

^(*) Term deposits at Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Vinh Phuc Branch, Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade - Thanh Xuan Branch, Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank, Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ha Nam Branch, Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ha Nam Branch, Vietnam Prosperity Joint Stock Commercial Bank - Ha Nam Branch, Loc Phat Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank - Ha Nam Branch with terms of 6 to 12 months, interest rates from 4.0% - 6.45%/year.





VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

2. Financial investments (continued)						
c. Equity investments in other entities			30/9/2025		01/10/2	024
			Cost	Value under the equity method	Cost	Value under the equity method
Investment in joint ventures and associates		_	2,000,000,000	1,993,226,456	94,734,310,400	172,233,649,365
Dong Van III - Ha Nam Industrial Zone Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company			 	-	92,734,310,400	170,230,619,935
VL Investment Development JSC			2,000,000,000	1,993,226,456	2,000,000,000	2,003,029,430
Total		-	2,000,000,000	1,993,226,456	94,734,310,400	172,233,649,365
		30/9/2025			01/10/2024	
	Cost	Provision	Fair value	Cost	Provision	Fair value
Investments in other entities	327,550,771,260	(2,825,213,073)		143,809,725,560	(2,358,198,904)	
Dong Van III - Ha Nam Industrial Zone						A2000
Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company	174,421,950,000	æ	(*)		-	(*)
Trung Thu Hydropower Joint Stock Company	38,128,350,000	5 10 2	(*)	38,128,350,000	-	(*)
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 (**)	30,300,471,260	W (117,623,371,200	29,981,375,560	-	125,954,874,000
Hoang Thanh Du Long Industrial Park Investment Joint Stock Company	36,700,000,000	-	(*)	36,700,000,000	-	(*)
Trung Anh Joint Stock Company	48,000,000,000	(2,825,213,073)	(*)	39,000,000,000	(2,358,198,904)	(*)
Total	327,550,771,260	(2,825,213,073)		143,809,725,560	(2,358,198,904)	





VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

2. Financial investments (continued)

- (**) The Company has not determined the fair value of these investments because there is no listed price on the market and the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime currently do not provide guidance on determining fair value using valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from their book value.
- (**) The fair value of the investment of Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 as at 30/9/2025 is determined based on the closing price of this securities code on the HNX as at 30/9/2025, which is 28,400 VND/share. The number of shares held by the Company is 4,141,668 shares.

Details of capital investments in subsidiaries, associates and other entities

		30/9/2025			01/10/2024			
Company name	Cost of investment	Ownership ratio	Voting ratio	Cost of investment	Ownership ratio	Voting ratio		
Investments in joint ventures and associates								
Dong Van III - Ha Nam Industrial Zone Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company		0.00%	0.00%	92,734,310,400	20.00%	20.00%		
VL Investment Development Joint Stock Company	2,000,000,000	20.00%	20.00%	2,000,000,000	20.00%	20.00%		
Investments in other entities								
Dong Van III - Ha Nam Industrial Zone Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company	174,421,950,000	19.85%	19.85%	-	0.00%	0.00%		
Trung Anh Joint Stock Company	48,000,000,000	15.00%	15.00%	39,000,000,000	15.00%	15.00%		
Trung Thu Hydropower Joint Stock Company Construction and Investment Joint Stock	38,128,350,000	13.78%	13.78%	38,128,350,000	13.78%	13.78%		
Company No. 18	30,300,471,260	9.06%	9.06%	29,981,375,560	9.03%	9.03%		
Hoang Thanh Du Long Industrial Park Investment Joint Stock Company	36,700,000,000	9.50%	10%	36,700,000,000	10.00%	10.00%		



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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3. Trade receivables	30/9/20	25	01/10/2024		
-	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
a. Short-term	6,797,856,232	(165,329,040)	6,275,440,852	(19,250,000)	
BHFlex Vina Company Limited	2,861,647,639	-	2,391,514,524	-	
Bao An Ha Nam Import Export Trading Co., Ltd	389,402,713		374,863,307	-	
Partron Vina Company Limited	220,183,449	-	231,809,025		
Thien My Vinh Phuc One Member Company Limited	107,321,760	-	170,783,251		
Others	3,219,300,671	(165,329,040)	3,106,470,745	(19,250,000)	
Total	6,797,856,232	(165,329,040)	6,275,440,852	(19,250,000)	
b. Trade receivables from related I	parties				
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18	_		22,140,000	-	
Total) =)	22,140,000	-	
4. Prepayments to suppliers	30/9/20	25	01/10/2024		
_	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
a. Short-term	172,066,098,000	-	122,667,214,280	-	
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 (*)	133,291,567,399		88,950,008,784	-	
Hiep Thanh Company Limited	7,759,188,422	-	24,770,956,993	-	
KOASTAL ECO INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	7,940,980,734	-	5,206,355,536	-	
Van Cat Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company	7,141,247,529	-	9 <u>=</u>	: -	
Vinh Phuc Urban Development Construction JSC	972,550,000	-	972,550,000	-	
Hanoi Civil Industrial Construction Joint Stock Company	1,796,218,346	-	Ner	5 ∞	
Others	13,164,345,570	-	2,767,342,967	-	
Total	172,066,098,000		122,667,214,280	-	
b. Prepayments to related parties					
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 (*)	133,291,567,399		88,950,008,784		
Total	133,291,567,399	_	88,950,008,784		

(*) Is an advance payment to Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 related to:

⁻ Contracts for transferring adjacent land and houses of the Bac Cau Han New Urban Area Project (phase 1) in Minh Tan commune, Nam Sach District and An Thuong commune, Hai Duong city (now known as Thai Tan commune and Thanh Dong ward, Hai Phong city).

⁻ Construction contract No. XL02/2023/HDXD-SLII/VPID-L18 on the construction of the technical infrastructure of Song Lo Industrial Park, Song Lo District, Vinh Phuc Province, dated 27 November 2023.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

. Loan receivables	30/9/20	25	01/10/2024	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term		-	24,900,000,000	
Construction and Investment Joint		-	24,900,000,000	
Stock Company No. 18 Total	-	-	24,900,000,000	
b. Loan receivables from related par	rties			
Construction and Investment Joint		-	24,900,000,000	
Stock Company No. 18 Total	-		24,900,000,000	
	30/9/20	= 25	01/10/2	024
6. Other receivables	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a. Short-term	,			
Employee advances	462,012,000	-	336,183,000	
Accrued interest on bank deposits	2,898,922,500	-	3,690,686,824	
Accrued interest from Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18		<u>u</u>	695,835,616	
Others	17,000,000	_	17,000,000	
Total	3,377,934,500	_	4,739,705,440	
b. Long-term				
Land rent deduction - Khai Quang Industrial Park expansion (*)	4,776,187,089	-	3,866,020,089	
Site clearance compensation	514,686,922,030		508,646,142,587	
Site clearance compensation of the Investment project for the construction and operation of technical infrastructure in Song Lo II Industrial park (**)	478,447,438,890	-	480,239,709,410	
Works to be refunded (***)	4,870,427,546		4,870,427,546	
Others (****)	31,369,055,594	Α	23,536,005,631	
Site clearance compensation for Chau Son industrial park (5*)	3,150,387,750	-	8,209,443,750	
Deductible land rental fee - Chau Son Industrial Park Extension (6*)	76,181,850,877	-	76,181,850,877	
Total	598,795,347,746	\ -	596,903,457,303	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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6. Other receivables (continued)

c. Other receivables from related parties

Construction and Investment Joint

695,835,616

Stock Company No. 18

695,835,616

- (*) The site clearance compensation cost of the Khai Quang industrial Park Expansion Project was advanced by the Company for compensation and land support. This amount will be gradually deducted from the land rental fees payable to the State from the time the Company incurs the obligation to pay land rental fees, with the deduction not exceeding the advanced amount.
- (**) Compensation amounts for households according to approved plans by Song Lo District People's Committee for the investment project for construction and operation of technical infrastructure in Song Lo II Industrial park, Song Lo District, of which 475,223,997,823 VND is deducted from land rent.
- (***) Payment to the Compensation and Site Clearance Board of Song Lo District, Vinh Phuc Province, for the reimbursement for works on the for land clearance to implement the projects. This amount will be settled and offset against the land rental fees payable for the Song Lo II Industrial park project.
- (4*) Support and compensation payments to households pending approval of compensation plans for land clearance to implement the investment project for construction and operation of technical infrastructure in Khai Quang Industrial Park Vinh Phuc Province, and investment project for construction and operation of technical infrastructure in Song Lo II Industrial park, Song Lo District, Vinh Phuc Province.
- (5*) Site clearance cost for Chau Son Industrial Park was advanced by the Company for compensation and land support. This amount will be deducted from land rental fees payable to the State when the Company incurs land rental obligations since 01 October 2018. The deduction amount will not exceed the advanced amount according to Official Letter No. 807/UBND-DN&XTDT dated 25 June 2007, of the People's Committee of Ha Nam Province. The site clearance costs are offset against land rental fees according to Official Letter No. 1665/BQL KCN-QLDT dated 28 December 2018, of the Industrial Park Management Board People's Committee of Ha Nam Province, and Official Letter No. 25/CV-TCKH dated 24 January 2019, of the Department of Finance and Planning People's Committee of Phu Ly City, confirming compensation for Site clearance to deduct land rental fees for Chau Son Industrial Park. The value of site clearance costs offset against land rental fees is determined according to the notice of completion of annual land rental payment No. 55, 56, 57, 58/TB-CTHNA dated 16 January 2023, of the Ha Nam Provincial Tax Department for each land lease contract.
- (6*) Site clearance cost for Chau Son Industrial Park Expansion Project was advanced by the Company for compensation and land support. This amount will be gradually deducted from the land rental fees payable to the State starting from when the Company begins to incur land rental payment obligations, with the deduction amount not exceeding the advanced amount according to the decisions of the People's Committee of Phu Ly City. The value is determined based on Decision No. 5956/QD-UBND dated 5 December 2019, of the People's Committee of Phu Ly City, approving the settlement of investment capital for Site clearance compensation for the project on construction and operation of industrial infrastructure for Chau Son Industrial Park Expansion Project in Le Hong Phong ward, Phu Ly city, and Decision No. 5362/QD-UBND dated 17 August 2020, of the People's Committee of Kim Bang District, approving the settlement of Site clearance compensation cost for the the project on construction and operation of industrial infrastructure for Chau Son Industrial Park Expansion Project (Location 1) in Thanh Son commune, Kim Bang District, Ha Nam. The site clearance costs are offset against land rental fees according to Official Letter No. 369/CV-TCKH dated 19 July 2023, of the Department of Finance and Planning People's Committee of Phu Ly City, and Official Letter No. 38/CV-TCKH dated 29 May 2023, of the Department of Finance and Planning People's Committee of Kim Bang District, confirming site clearance cost to deduct land rental fees for Chau Son Industrial Park Expansion Project.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

7. Inventories	30/9/20	025	77	01/10/2	024
	Cost	Provision		Cost	Provision
Raw materials	79,109,289		-	107,393,282	
Tools and instruments	22,743,580		-	21,658,260	
Total	101,852,869		-	129,051,542	

- Value of inventory that is stagnant, deteriorated, or damaged and unsalable at the end of the period: None.
- Value of inventory used as collateral or security for payables at the end of the period: none.

8. Prepaid expenses	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
a. Short-term prepaid expenses		
Insurance premium pending allocation	51,368,016	61,619,590
Loan guarantee fee	134,788,185	28,335,594
Tools and instruments used	46,529,213	350,032,106
Total	232,685,414	439,987,290
b. Long-term prepaid expenses		
Tools and instruments used	361,416,361	921,887,232
Industrial park investment attraction costs	8,100,859,429	8,400,891,277
Ground leveling and site clearance costs pending allocation	89,903,575,206	87,381,653,784
Infrastructure investment costs pending allocation	64,086,635,876	61,207,778,633
Consulting costs pending allocation	5,743,240,415	5,893,205,636
Others	8,711,446,690	1,330,043,222
Total	176,907,173,977	165,135,459,785

Consulting costs pending allocation			3,743,240,413	5,055,200,000
Others			8,711,446,690	1,330,043,222
Total			176,907,173,977	165,135,459,785
9. Long-term assets in progress	30/9/20)25	01/10/2	2024
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Construction in progress	211,080,750,024	-	185,327,516,338	-
Construction	208,790,530,997	-	183,037,297,311	-
Investment project for the construction and operation of technical infrastructure in Song Lo II Industrial park	163,482,352,486	-	78,845,266,959	
Land in the Bac Cau Han New Urban Area Project (phase 1)		-	53,471,917,894	-
Increase Module 2 capacity from 4,000 m3 to 14,000 m3/day and night	-	11.7	15,502,441,443	1.2
Construction investment and operation of technical infrastructure of fire protection water supply item of Khai Quang Industrial Park	-	2	9,774,244,858	-
Construction of factories for lease	42,821,144,219		23,553,717,606	2
Other constructions in progress	2,487,034,292	-	1,889,708,551	÷.
Site clearance compensation	2,290,219,027	-	2,290,219,027	-
Site clearance compensation for Khai Quang Project	801,017,238	_	801,017,238	-
Site clearance compensation for Quat Luu Project	1,489,201,789	-	1,489,201,789	-
Total	211,080,750,024	-	185,327,516,338	-
The state of the s				

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

10. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment	Means of transportation	Management equipment, tools	Other tangible fixed assets	Total
Original cost					-2-500-1300050 1681 162	
Opening balance	121,756,508,546	43,436,483,761	19,198,471,792	677,227,983	305,060,636	185,373,752,718
Completed construction projects (*)	31,102,206,291	22,341,060,143	-	-	=	53,443,266,434
Closing balance	152,858,714,837	65,777,543,904	19,198,471,792	677,227,983	305,060,636	238,817,019,152
Accumuldated depreciation						
Opening balance	49,637,482,338	14,351,120,628	10,752,518,074	356,148,208	142,947,265	75,240,216,513
Depreciated for the year	9,992,736,662	5,010,588,840	1,619,092,812	110,632,613	25,513,367	16,758,564,294
Closing balance	59,630,219,000	19,361,709,468	12,371,610,886	466,780,821	168,460,632	91,998,780,807
Net book value						
Opening balance	72,119,026,208	29,085,363,133	8,445,953,718	321,079,775	162,113,371	110,133,536,205
Closing balance	93,228,495,837	46,415,834,436	6,826,860,906	210,447,162	136,600,004	146,818,238,345

⁻ Net book value of tangible fixed assets used as mortgage or pledge to secure loans: VND 0.





⁻ Original cost of tangible fixed assets at the end of the period fully depreciated but still in use: VND 25,812,572,815.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

11. Investment properties

a. Investment property for lease Items	Buildings and structures	Total
Original cost	26,246,643,872	26,246,643,872
Opening balance Closing balance	26,246,643,872	26,246,643,872
Accumulated depreciation	2 550 074 197	2,550,974,187
Opening balance Depreciated for the year	2,550,974,187 1,763,916,960	1,763,916,960
Closing balance	4,314,891,147	4,314,891,147
Net book value	00 (05 ((0 (05	23,695,669,685
Opening balance Closing balance	23,695,669,685 21,931,752,725	21,931,752,725

^{*} Net book value of investment properties used as mortgage or pledge to secure loans: VND 0.

b. Investment property held for appreciation

Items	Houses and land use rights	Total	
Original cost		_	
Opening balance	54 002 715 904	54,002,715,894	
Purchased for the year (*)	54,002,715,894	54,002,715,894	
Closing balance	54,002,715,894	54,002,715,654	
Impairment losses due to devaluation			
Opening balance	-	=	
Closing balance		-	
Net book value			
Opening balance		E4 002 71E 904	
Closing balance	54,002,715,894	54,002,715,894	

^(*) The Company received the transfer of land use rights of the Bac Cau Han New Urban Area Project (Phase 1) in Minh Tan Commune, Nam Sach District and An Thuong Commune, Hai Duong City (now known as Thai Tan commune and Thanh Dong ward, Hai Phong city) from Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 according to land use rights transfer contracts. The Company has completed procedures to transfer land use rights for these land lots.

^{*} Original cost of investment properties fully depreciated but still used for leasing: VND 0.

^{*} The net book value of investment properties held for appreciation at the end of the period used as mortgage or pledge to secure loans: VND 0.

^{*} Original cost of investment properties held for appreciation fully depreciated: VND 0.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

12. Trade payables	30/9/	/2025	01/10/2024		
_	Value	Repayable amount	Value	Repayable amount	
a. Short-term	5,279,597,057	5,279,597,057	2,967,831,373	2,967,831,373	
Hiep Thanh Company Limited	4,023,466,671	4,023,466,671	=:	=	
Ha Thu Investment Construction and Trading Joint Stock Company	-	-	890,783,154	890,783,154	
Huan Thu Company Limited	325,317,226	325,317,226	-	-	
Hung My Phat Investment Joint Stock Company	-		236,834,412	236,834,412	
Vinh Phuc Power Company - Branch of Northern Power Corporation	167,937,043	167,937,043	138,781,104	138,781,104	
Others	762,876,117	762,876,117	1,701,432,703	1,701,432,703	
Total	5,279,597,057	5,279,597,057	2,967,831,373	2,967,831,373	
3. Taxes and payables to the State	01/10/2024	Payables in the	Paid in the year	30/9/2025	
a. Payables			16 260 222 502	_	
Value added tax	101,347,056		16,360,222,503 27,309,900,712	4,275,682,794	
Corporate income tax	4,202,836,580		4,751,940,631	254,610,591	
Personal income tax Housing tax and land rental fee	170,970,299 47,443,188		146,268,861	421,735,212	
License tax, non-agricultural land	-	12,000,000	12,000,000		
Fees, charges and other payables	-	132,548,521	132,548,521		
Total	4,522,597,123	49,142,312,702	48,712,881,228	4,952,028,597	
b. Receivables Corporate income tax	_		6,009,380	6,009,380	
Total		-	6,009,380	6,009,380	
14. Accrued expenses			30/9/2025	01/10/2024	
a. Short-term			47,744,901,917	75,698,751,550	
Interest expense			70,665,728	130,641,039	
Ground leveling costs			16,448,034	39,952,000	
Ground leveling cost and construction Industrial Park Expansion Project	n of industrial infrastructure for Chau Son		47,504,383,355	75,408,659,830	
Others			153,404,800	119,498,681	
Total			47,744,901,917	75,698,751,550	
b. Accrued interest expenses payab	le for related part	ies			
Trung Anh Joint Stock Company		2.0	38,827,923	49,315,069	
Total			38,827,923	49,315,069	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

15. Unearned revenue			
	30/9/2025	01/10/2024	<u> A</u> a
a. Short-term			
Multi-year prepayments from infrastructure leasing	39,774,666,822	37,042,814,242	<u> Á</u> n
Total	39,774,666,822	37,042,814,242	
b. Long-term		- 1	A.u.
Multi-year prepayments from infrastructure leasing	823,183,248,915	780,114,770,265	4
Total	823,183,248,915	780,114,770,265	
-			0
16. Other payables	30/9/2025	01/10/2024	1 1
a. Short-term			4
Trade union fees	70,863,285	42,358,573	B É
Input VAT on invoices for transferred land use rights and housing when paid in progress-based installments	9,497,332,195	-	- 3
Deposit for construction (*)	300,000,000	206,000,000) 7
Refund of capital contributions to shareholders upon transfer		1,883,000,000	
Other payables	2,438,497,683	1,450,571,728	k
Yen Lac Construction Company	1,000,000,000	-	22
People's Committee of Vinh Phuc province (**)	414,640,008	414,640,008	
Others	1,023,857,675	1,035,931,720	NO P
Total	12,306,693,163	3,581,930,301	
b. Long-term			a
Land rental deposit (***)	3,507,517,506	3,507,517,506	- ic
Total	3,507,517,506	3,507,517,506	_

^(*) Deposit for construction from construction contractors

^(**) The land leveling fee collected by Vinh Phuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company from the Companies in the project and paid to the People's Committee of Vinh Phuc Province, the total amount to be recovered is VND 11,352,569,000. The Company has collected and transferred to the People's Committee of Vinh Phuc Province the amount of VND 10,937,928,992, the remaining amount of VND 414,640,008 must be collected and paid to the People's Committee of Vinh Phuc Province (Now known as People's Committee of Phu Tho Province).

^(***) Customer deposits for factory rental agreements, ranging from 10-20% of the contract value as agreed upon by both parties. The deposit will be refunded to the tenant upon expiration of the rental period.

30/9/2025

2,200,000,000

33,562,234,139

10,584,000,000

8,478,234,139

14,500,000,000

107,568,996,482

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

17. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Vietnam - Thanh Xuan Branch (4*)

Vietnam - Thanh Xuan Branch (4*)

Vietnam Environment Protection Fund (***)

Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of

b. Long-term

Total

Environment Protection Fund of Vinh Phuc Province (5*)

Environment Protection Fund of Vinh Phuc Province (5*)

Unit: VND

2,200,000,000

33,562,234,139

10,584,000,000

8,478,234,139

14,500,000,000

107,568,996,482

	01/10/2	.027	Daring		100.000	T-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-
	Value	Repayable amount	Increase	Decrease	Value	Repayable amount
a. Short-term	21,080,000,000	21,080,000,000	117,212,045,129	64,285,282,786	74,006,762,343	74,006,762,343
Short-term borrowings	9,000,000,000	9,000,000,000	101,026,186,693	47,988,815,350	62,037,371,343	62,037,371,343
Trung Anh Joint Stock Company (*)	9,000,000,000	9,000,000,000	18,846,000,000	9,000,000,000	18,846,000,000	18,846,000,000
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of	-	-	82,180,186,693	38,988,815,350	43,191,371,343	43,191,371,343
Vietnam - Thanh Xuan Branch (**) Long-term borrowings due	12,080,000,000	12,080,000,000	16,185,858,436	16,296,467,436	11,969,391,000	11,969,391,000
Vietnam Environment Protection Fund (***)	9,320,000,000	9,320,000,000	9,769,391,000	9,320,000,000	9,769,391,000	9,769,391,000
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of	2,760,000,000	2,760,000,000	4,216,467,436	6,976,467,436	-	

01/10/2024

60,113,384,660

20,353,391,000

39,759,993,660

81,193,384,660

(*) Short-term loan according to contract and appendix No. 06/2025/HDVV/TA-VPID dated 12 August 2025, with Trung Anh Joint Stock Company, for the purpose of serving the company's operating activities. The principal loan term is 2 months with automatic renewal, the loan interest rate is 1.6%/year; The loan amount is secured by all shares of VinhPhuc Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company currently held at Trung Anh Joint Stock Company.

60,113,384,660

20,353,391,000

39,759,993,660

81,193,384,660

(**) Loan agreement No. 02/2025/TL/VCBTX-HVPID between Company Limited Ha Nam VPID and Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Thanh Xuan Branch dated 5 August 2025, for short-term loans granted on a case-by-case basis, accompanied by the Credit Approval Letter dated 1 August 2025, and Appendices 1 and 2 attached to the letter, and the Loan Utilization Inspection Minutes dated 31 July 2025. Each loan has a maximum term of 12 months, starting from the day after the loan is disbursed and is specified on each Debt Acknowledgement Note. The lending interest rate is determined at the time of loan disbursement according to the bank's lending interest rate notice for each period and is recorded on each Debt Acknowledgement Note (4.40% to 4.90% per annum). The collateral is a 6-month term deposit at Loc Phat Viet Nam Joint Stock Commercial Bank with a balance of VND 21,811,868,492 as of 30 September 2025, a deposit interest rate of 5.50%/year, maturing in November and December 2025.





During the year

2,200,000,000

25,178,234,139

8,478,234,139

16,700,000,000

142,390,279,268

51,729,384,660

9,769,391,000

39,759,993,660

2,200,000,000

116,014,667,446

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

17. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities (continued)

(***) Borrowings from Vietnam Environment Protection Fund:

- Long-term borrowings under Credit Agreement No. 03-19/TDTT-QMT/VP dated 8 May 2019, for the purpose of constructing the wastewater treatment module (phase 3) with a capacity of 4,000 m³/day-night at the Centralized Wastewater Treatment Plant in Khai Quang Industrial Park, Vinh Yen City, Vinh Phuc Province. The contract limit is VND 32 billion, with a 7-year loan term, 12-month principal repayment grace period, and a lending interest rate of 2.6% per annum. Principal repayments are made every 3 months, and interest payments are made every month. The loan is guaranteed by Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Thanh Xuan Branch.
- Long-term borrowings under Credit Agreement No. 09-21/TDTT-QMT/VP dated 7 December 2021, for the purpose of construction of a wastewater treatment module with a capacity of 7,000 m³/day-night at the Centralized Wastewater Treatment Plant in Khai Quang Industrial Park, Vinh Yen City, Vinh Phuc Province. The contract limit is VND 30 billion, with a 7-year loan term, 12-month principal repayment grace period, and a lending interest rate of 2.6% per annum. Principal repayments are made every 3 months, and interest payments are made every month. The loan is guaranteed by the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Thanh Xuan Branch.
- (4*) Long-term borrowings under Loan Agreement No. 01/2021/DADT/VCB-HTVP dated 3 November 2021 with Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Thanh Xuan Branch, with a credit limit of VND 835,103,800,000 and a maximum outstanding balance of VND 685,103,800,000 at any time, for the purpose of implementing the Project "Construction and operation of technical infrastructure of Song Lo II Industrial Park" with a term of 80 months, and interest rates as specified in each promissory note. Collateral: Term deposit balance owned by the Company at credit institutions and all accrued interest; The factory for lease with an area of 4.3 hectares in Chau Son Industrial Park, built on a land plot with Certificate of Land Use Rights, Ownership of Houses and Other Assets Attached to Land No. BD 634304 owned by Company Limited Ha Nam VPID; All real estate and property rights that have been or will be formed in the Song Lo II Industrial Park Project.
- (5*) Loans with Environment Protection Fund of Vinh Phuc Province:
- Long-term borrowings under Credit Agreement No. 01.2024/HĐTD-QBVMT dated 19 December 2024 with the Environment Protection Fund of Vinh Phuc Province, with a credit limit of VND 12,000,000,000, a loan term of 60 months, a 12-month grace period, and a lending interest rate of 2% per annum. The loan is for the purpose of "Invest in environmental components of the project to upgrade the wastewater treatment capacity of Module 2 from 4,000 m³/day-night to 14,000 m³/day-night at the Centralized Wastewater Treatment Plant in Khai Quang Industrial Park, Vinh Yen City, Vinh Phuc Province". The loan is secured by a guarantee letter from the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Thanh Xuan Branch.
- Long-term loan under Credit Agreement No. 01.2025/HDTD-QBVMT dated 27 June 2025, with the Environment Protection Fund of Vinh Phuc Province, with a credit limit of VND 9,000,000,000, a loan term of 60 months, including a 12-month grace period, and an interest rate of 2% per annum. The loan purpose is to "Investment in construction and equipment installation for Song Lo II Industrial Park Wastewater Treatment Plant, Module I, capacity of 3,000 m³/day-night (Phase 1) under the project: "Invest in construction and operation of technical infrastructure of Song Lo II Industrial Park, Song Lo District, Vinh Phuc Province". The loan is secured by a guarantee letter from the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam Thanh Xuan Branch.
- c. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities from related parties

Trung Anh Joint Stock Company

Total

30/9/2025	01/10/2024
18,846,000,000	9,000,000,000
18,846,000,000	9,000,000,000



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For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

18. Owners' equity

a. Comparison table for changes in owner's equity

Items	Owner's contributed capital	Share premium	Investment and Development Fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Non-controlling interest	Total
Period from 01/10/2023 to 30/9/2024						
As at 01/10/2023	311,814,740,000	(11,000,000)	68,268,361,930	413,114,134,893	1,265,644,243	794,451,881,066
Gain during the year	*	-	-	133,513,496,525	645,623,195	134,159,119,720
Profit distribution			10,681,079,722	(20,027,024,478)	-	(9,345,944,756)
Dividend payment	-	-	=	(93,541,321,000)	H	(93,541,321,000)
- Cash				(46,772,211,000)	7.0	(46,772,211,000)
- Common shares	46,769,110,000	-	-	(46,769,110,000)	-	-
Non-controlling shareholders contribute additional capital	-		-		2,237,000,000	2,237,000,000
Other adjustments	5=	(m.	5 0	(81,566,646)	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(81,566,646)
As at 30/9/2024	358,583,850,000	(11,000,000)	78,949,441,652	432,977,719,294	4,148,267,438	874,648,278,384
Period from 01/10/2024 to 30/9/2025			#.			
As at 01/10/2024	358,583,850,000	(11,000,000)	78,949,441,652	432,977,719,294		874,648,278,384
Gain during the year	-	-	12	130,076,351,978	54,772,463	130,131,124,441
Other increases	=	-	-	70,604,014	-	70,604,014
Profit distribution (**)	-	-	10,410,489,955	(19,519,668,666)		(9,109,178,711)
Dividend payment (*)	53,783,920,000	-	-	(107,571,497,500)		(53,787,577,500)
- Cash	-	-	-	(53,787,577,500)	-	(53,787,577,500)
- Common shares	53,783,920,000	-	<u>=</u>	(53,783,920,000)	-	72
Other decreases	-	-	1 <u>12</u>	(236,115,986)	-	(236,115,986)
As at 30/9/2025	412,367,770,000	(11,000,000)	89,359,931,607	435,797,393,134	4,203,039,901	941,717,134,642

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Unit: VND

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

- (*) According to Resolution No. 1801/2025/NQ-DHDCD/IDV dated 18 January 2025 of the General Meeting of Shareholders; Resolution No. 1411.2/2024/NQ-HDQT/IDV dated 14 November 2024, Resolution No. 1302.1/2025/NQ-HDQT/IDV dated 13 February 2025, and Resolution No. 2502/2025/NQ-HDQT/IDV dated 25 February 2025 of the Board of Directors regarding the 2024 dividend payment:
- Cash dividend rate is 15%, equivalent to VND 53,787,577,500
- Stock dividend rate is 15%, with a total expected number of shares to be issued for dividend payment in 2024 to existing shareholders being 5,378,757 shares, equivalent to VND 53,787,577,500; the total number of shares distributed is 5,378,392 shares, equivalent to VND 53,783,920,000; the number of canceled shares is 365.75 shares.
- (**) Profit distribution expected for 2025 according to Resolution No. 1801/2025/NQ-DHDCĐ/IDV dated 18 January 2025, of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, as follows:
 - Appropriation to Investment and Development Fund: VND 10,410,489,955
 - Appropriation to Bonus and Welfare Fund: VND 9,109,178,711

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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18. Owners' equity (continued)

b. Owners' equity in detail

	30/9/202	5	01/10/2024		
	VND	Proportion	VND	Proportion	
Mr. Hoang Dinh Thang	52,138,850,000	12.64%	45,338,140,000	12.64%	
America LLC	72,096,190,000	17.48%	62,692,340,000	17.48%	
Mr. Trinh Viet Dung	32,811,150,000	7.96%	28,531,440,000	7.96%	
Ms. Nguyen Thi Kien	28,557,700,000	6.93%	14,832,790,000	4.14%	
Other shareholders	226,763,880,000	54.99%	207,189,140,000	57.78%	
Total	412,367,770,000	100.00%	358,583,850,000	100.00%	

c. Capital transactions with owners and distribution of dividends, profit

·	Current year	Previous year
Contributed capital of owners	412,367,770,000	358,583,850,000
At the beginning of the year	358,583,850,000	311,814,740,000
Increase during the year	53,783,920,000	46,769,110,000
At the end of the year	412,367,770,000	358,583,850,000
Dividends and profits distributed	(107,571,497,500)	(93,541,321,000)
d. Shares	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
i, Shares	Share	Share
Number of shares registered for issuance	41,236,777	35,858,385
Number of shares sold to the public	41,236,777	35,858,385
Common shares	41,236,777	35,858,385
Number of shares in circulation	41,236,777	35,858,385
Common shares	41,236,777	35,858,385
Par value of share in circulation: VND per share	10,000	10,000
e. Enterprise's funds	30/9/2025	01/10/2024
Investment and Development Fund	89,359,931,607	78,949,441,652
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^{*} Purpose of creating and utilizing funds

Total

Investment and development fund is appropriated from the Company's profit after tax and used for expanding scale of production and business activities or in-depth investment of the Company.

78,949,441,652

89,359,931,607

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

1.	Revenue	from	goods	sold	and	services	rendered	
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1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered		
e e	Current year	Previous year
a. Revenue		
Revenue from services rendered		
Revenue from infrastructure usage, management, and raw land rental	119,971,268,701	79,872,596,590
Revenue from wastewater treatment fees	49,055,814,795	43,653,698,336
Revenue from leasing factories	8,621,223,107	7,413,255,028
Total	177,648,306,603	130,939,549,954
2. Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered		
	Current year	Previous year
Net revenue from services rendered		le .
Revenue from infrastructure usage, management, and raw land rental	119,971,268,701	79,872,596,590
Revenue from wastewater treatment fees	49,055,814,795	43,653,698,336
Revenue from leasing factories	8,621,223,107	7,413,255,028
Total	177,648,306,603	130,939,549,954
3. Cost of goods sold		,
	Current year	Previous year
Cost of services rendered		
Cost of infrastructure usage, management, and raw land rental	28,749,879,758	19,147,756,146 Y
Cost of wastewater treatment	23,583,082,288	22,252,345,698
Cost of leasing factories	3,537,151,167	3,271,452,817
Total	55,870,113,213	44,671,554,661
4. Financial income		
4. Phantial meome	Current year	Previous year
Interest from loans, deposits	14,299,630,481	25,355,940,097
Dividends and profits received	24,628,784,918	7,440,204,000
Foreign exchange gain during the year	549,079	-
Profit from selling shares	12,607,375,646	2,779,447,557
Foreign exchange gain due to revaluation of closing balance	157,467	133,307
Total	51,536,497,591	35,575,724,961

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

5. Financial expenses		
	Current year	Previous year
Loan interest expense	916,711,730	1,067,712,678
Reversal of provision for trading securities	(410,808,955)	
Reversal of/Provision for devaluation of investments	467,014,169	615,557,800
Loss on sale of investments	14,346,379,773	
Foreign exchange losses	-	34,841,566
Others	20,000,000	35,000,000
Total	15,339,296,717	1,753,112,044
6. Selling expenses and General and administrative expenses		
	Current year	Previous year
a. Selling expenses		W.C. 0.C. 0.0.
External services	398,450,564	765,863,005
Total	398,450,564	765,863,005
b. General and administrative expenses		
Management staff costs	16,087,616,939	15,095,707,552
Cost of materials and tools and instruments	972,426,410	1,131,890,929
Fixed asset depreciation	1,642,461,759	1,418,552,136
Taxes, fees, charges	36,953,804	47,204,761
Provision for doubtful receivables	146,079,040	=
External services	3,013,873,799	3,757,159,287
Other costs in cash	1,313,819,329	2,005,718,445
Total	23,213,231,080	23,456,233,110
7. Other income		9
	Current year	Previous year
Difference in raw land rentals received	2,523,033,000	11,246,600,766
Land transfer fees for industrial zone plots	597,800,000	3,758,607,548
Income from termination of land lease contracts	-	2,210,408,964
Income from leasing offices, warehouses, and transmission stations	1,733,831,239	1,560,595,461
Income from disposal/sale of tools and instruments		194,449,915.00
Others	3	18,186,465
Total	4,854,664,242	18,988,849,119
8. Other expenses		
	Current year	Previous year

	Current year	Previous year
Administrative penalties, late tax payment (*)	437,830,852	117,140,463
Others	1,450,971,502	70,522,268
Total	1,888,802,354	187,662,731

(*) Administrative penalties, late tax payment according to the Tax Inspection Minutes from 01 October 2018 to 30 September 2024.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Basic earnings per share

Unit: VND

9. Business costs by factor		
	Current year	Previous year
Raw material cost	2,344,118,410	2,735,508,243
Labor cost	23,328,865,468	23,340,367,531
Fixed asset depreciation	18,522,481,254	17,690,618,748
External services	32,970,541,703	24,995,096,348
Other costs in cash	2,315,788,022	2,931,488,966
Total	79,481,794,857	71,693,079,836
10. Current Corporate income tax expense		
	Current year	Previous year
- Corporate income tax expense calculated on current year taxable income	27,312,277,428	19,413,925,262
Total current corporate income tax expense	27,312,277,428	19,413,925,262
11. Deferred corporate income tax expense	Current year	Previous year
- Corporate income tax expense reversed from deferred corporate income tax assets	10,986,932	11,629,961
- Reversal costs from deferred corporate income tax payables	(11,342,584)	-
- Deferred corporate income tax expense arising from temporary differences	(891,059,952)	11,342,583
Total deferred corporate income tax expense	(891,415,604)	22,972,544
12. Basic earnings per share		
	Current year	Previous year
Accounting profit after Corporate income tax	130,076,351,978	133,513,496,525
Adjustments to decrease		
Temporarily appropriated to the Bonus and Welfare Fund	(9,109,178,711)	(9,345,944,757)
Profit or loss attributable to common shareholders	120,967,173,267	124,167,551,768
Average common shares outstanding during the period (*)	41,236,777	41,236,777

^(*) In 2025, the Company increased its charter capital from the undistributed profit after tax in 2024. Therefore, the basic earnings per share of the same period last year were adjusted according to the number of additional shares issued. This adjustment resulted in a decrease in basic earnings per share for the year ended 30/9/2024 from VND 3,463 to VND 3,011.

3,011

2,933

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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13. Financial risk management policies and objectives

The risks from financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of Management considers the application of management policies for the above risks as follows:

13.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. There are three market risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risks, for example, risk of stock price. Financial instruments affected by the market risks include borrowings and liabilities, deposits, and available-for-sale investments.

The following sensitivity analysis relates to the financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2024 and 30 September 2025.

The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and the proportion of the financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant.

When calculating the sensibility analysis, the Board of Management assumes that the sensibility of available-for-sale liability in the balance sheet and related items in the income statement is affected by changes in the assumption of corresponding market risks. This analysis is based on the financial assets and liabilities that the Company held at 30 September 2024 and 30 September 2025.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risks due to change in the interest rate of the Company mainly relate to the borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits.

The Company manages the interest rate risk by analyzing the competition status in the market in order to apply the interest rate that brings benefits to the Company and still within the limit of its risk management.

Sensitivity to interest rates

The sensitivity of the Company's (loans and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits) to a reasonably possible change in interest rates is presented as follows.

Assuming all other variables remain unchanged, fluctuations in interest rates on loans with floating rates would impact the company's pre-tax profit as follows:

	Increase/decrease basis points	Impact on pre-tax profit
Period from 01/10/2024 to 30/9/2025		
VND	+100	(853,142,014)
VND	-100	853,142,014
Period from 01/10/2023 to 30/9/2024		
VND	+100	(238,059,324)
VND	-100	238,059,324

The basis point increase/decrease used to analyze interest rate sensitivity is assumed based on current observable market conditions, which indicate higher volatility compared to previous periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

13.1 Market risk (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the exchange rate. The Company bears risks due to changes in the exchange rate of currencies other than VND related directly to the Company's operating activities.

The Company manages foreign currency risk by considering current and expected market conditions when planning future transactions in foreign currencies. The Company does not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks.

Sensitivity to foreign currencies

The Company did not perform a sensibility analysis to foreign currencies, as the risk of changes in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date is not significant.

Stock price risk

Listed and unlisted shares held by the Company are exposed to market risks due to the uncertainty of their future value. The company manages stock price risk by setting investment limits. The Company's Board of Directors also reviews and approves decisions to invest in stocks.

At the date of the financial statements, the fair value of the Company's investments in listed shares is VND 118,627,931,200.

13.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk due to the uncertainty in the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations causing financial loss. The Company bears credit risks from production and doing business activities (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities including deposits, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

The Company minimizes the credit risk by only doing business with entities that have a good financial capacity and closely keeping track of the liabilities to speed up the recovery of debts. On the basis of this method and receivables related to different customers, the credit risk does not concentrate on a certain customer.

Bank deposits

The company mainly maintains deposits at large and prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company finds that the concentration of credit risk on bank deposits is low.

The Company's Board of Management assesses that all financial assets are current and not impaired because these financial assets are related to reputable and solvent customers.



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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

13.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from difficulty in fulfilling financial obligations due to a lack of capital. The liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from the difference in the maturity of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company supervises liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash, cash equivalents and borrowings from banks at the level that the Board of Management considers sufficient to satisfy the Company's activities and minimize influences of changes in cash flows.

The following table summarizes liquidity deadline of the Company's financial liabilities on the basis of estimated payments in accordance with contract which are not discounted:

As at 30/9/2025	Less than 1 year	From 1 to 5 years	Total
Borrowings and liabilities	74,006,762,343	33,562,234,139	107,568,996,482
Trade payables	5,279,597,057	12	5,279,597,057
Accrued expenses	47,744,901,917	i-	47,744,901,917
Other payables	11,821,189,870	3,507,517,506	15,328,707,376
Total	138,852,451,187	37,069,751,645	175,922,202,832
As at 01/10/2024	Less than 1 year	From 1 to 5 years	Total
Borrowings and liabilities	21,080,000,000	60,113,384,660	81,193,384,660
Trade payables	2,967,831,373		2,967,831,373
Accrued expenses	75,698,751,550	E=	75,698,751,550
Other payables	1,241,931,720	3,507,517,506	4,749,449,226
Total	100,988,514,643	63,620,902,166	164,609,416,809

The Company can access to sufficient funding and loans maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

14. Financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is stated at the value that the financial instruments are convertible in present transaction among partners, except for compulsory sale or disposal.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value:

The fair value of cash on hand and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term liabilities is equivalent to the book value of these items because these instruments are in short-term.

The fair value of securities and listed financial liabilities is determined at market value.

For unlisted securities investments with frequent transactions, fair value is determined as the average price provided by three independent securities companies at the end of the financial year.

Except for the items mentioned above, the fair value of long-term financial assets and financial liabilities has not been formally assessed and determined as at 30 September 2025 and 30 September 2024. However, the Board of Management of the Company assesses that the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities is not materially different from the book value at the end of the period.

VINHPHUC INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT JOINT STOCK COMPANY NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

14. Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

The following table presents the book value and fair value of financial instruments presented in the Company's Financial Statements:

	Book value				Fair value		
	30/9/2025		01/10/2024		30/9/2025	01/10/2024	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	Value	Value	
Financial assets						-	
Cash and cash equivalents	22,254,795,059	©=	57,387,452,252	<i>=</i>	22,254,795,059	57,387,452,252	
Short-term financial investments	236,474,046,031	(954,067,885)	262,358,166,317	(1,364,876,840)	235,519,978,146	267,155,456,056	
Trade receivables	6,797,856,232	(165,329,040)	6,275,440,852	(19,250,000)	6,632,527,192	6,256,190,852	
Loan receivables	-	1 7	24,900,000,000	-	2	24,900,000,000	
Other receivables	2,915,922,500	-	3,707,686,824	-	2,915,922,500	3,707,686,824	
Long-term investments (*)	327,550,771,260	(2,825,213,073)	143,809,725,560	(2,358,198,904)			
TOTAL	595,993,391,082	(3,944,609,998)	498,438,471,805	(3,742,325,744)	267,323,222,897	359,406,785,984	
Financial liabilities							
Borrowings and liabilities	107,568,996,482	-	81,193,384,660		107,568,996,482	81,193,384,660	
Trade payables	5,279,597,057	S	2,967,831,373	•	5,279,597,057	2,967,831,373	
Accrued expenses	47,744,901,917	-	75,698,751,550	-	47,744,901,917	75,698,751,550	
Other payables	15,328,707,376	-	4,749,449,226	-	15,328,707,376	4,749,449,226	
TOTAL	175,922,202,832	-	164,609,416,809		175,922,202,832	164,609,416,809	

^(*) As at 30 September 2025, the Company's long-term investments are VND 327,550,771,260. The fair value of the investment in Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No. 18 was determined by the Company to be VND 117,623,371,200. For the remaining investments, the Company has not determined the fair value due to the absence of market-quoted prices and a lack of specific guidance on valuation techniques in the current Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

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VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Current year	Previous year
127,660,888,268	82,519,993,660
Current year	Previous year
101,285,276,446	79,320,000,000
	127,660,888,268 Current year

VIII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Contingent liabilities, commitments and other financial information

There are no significant events occurring after the end of the accounting period that require adjustment and presentation in the financial statements.

2. Transaction with related parties

Significant transactions and balances with related parties during the period are as follows:

Transactions with related parties: The Company has transactions with related parties as follows:

Transactions with related parties: The Company has transactions with related parties.	Relationship	Content	Incurred
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No.	Same Board	Construction value	18,254,629,630
18	member	Purchasing Property	113,548,455,205
Dividends and profits received during the period	Board member is		
Trung Thu Hydropower JSC	major shareholder of Trung Thu Hydropower JSC	Profit received	6,890,277,692
Loan interest, loan principal		Loan interest	1,127,525,088
		Collection of loan	1 002 260 704
Construction and Investment Joint Stock Company No.	Same Board member	interest Lending	1,823,360,704 62,334,417,550
18	memoer	Collection of loan principal	87,234,417,550
Interest expense, loan principal		¥	150 000 719
	Same Board member	Interest expense Interest payment on loans	150,082,718 160,569,864
Trung Anh Joint Stock Company	Same Board	Borrowings Renovment of	18,846,000,000
	member	Repayment of principal	9,000,000,000

Balances with related party

Liabilities to related parties are presented in the receivables and payables section in Notes V.3b; V.4b; V.5b; V.6c; V.14b, V.17c.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

CŐ ÁT TRIÉ

2. Transaction with related parties (continued)

Remuneration of the Board of Directors, income of the Audit Committee and the Board of Management during the year:

Full name	Position		Current year	Previous year
Board of Directors			2,664,000,000	2,526,000,000
Mr. Hoang Dinh Thang	Chairman of the Bo	oard of Directors	336,000,000	336,000,000
Mr. Trinh Viet Dung	Vice Chairman of	Board of Directors	324,000,000	324,000,000
Mr. Phung Van Quy	Member of the Boa	ard of Directors	276,000,000	276,000,000
Mr. Le Tung Son	Member of the Boa	ard of Directors	300,000,000	300,000,000
Mr. Pham Trung Kien	Member of the Boa	Member of the Board of Directors		207,000,000
Ms. Nguyen Ngoc Lan	Member of the Boa	Member of the Board of Directors		276,000,000
Ms. Nguyen Thuy Linh	Independent Board	Member	276,000,000	300,000,000
	- Deputy Head of t	he Audit Committee		
Mr. Pham Huu Anh	Independent Board		300,000,000	300,000,000
	- Head of the Audi	t Committee		
Mr. Ton Tich Quang Nam	Independent Board		300,000,000	207,000,000
Salary for Construction Management Subcomittee and Internal Audit		595,600,000	395,266,667	
Department				
Mr. Le Tung Son	Head of the subcommittee	basic construction	430,000,000	360,000,000
M. T. Tiel Ourse Nom	Head of Internal A	udit Department	165,600,000	35,266,667
Mr. Ton Tich Quang Nam Board of Management	Head of Illernal A	uait Department	2,583,846,959	2,689,585,830
		Resigned on	956,373,445	1,087,099,968
Mr. Pham Trung Kien	General Director	09/8/2025		
Ms. Nguyen Ngoc Lan	General Director	Appointed on 09/08/2025	788,796,322	780,016,437
Mr. Nguyen Anh De	Deputy General Director		838,677,192	822,469,425
Total	,—,	_	5,843,446,959	5,610,852,497
. m. m. 200 m.		=		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

3. Presentation of assets, revenue, and operating results by segment

The Company reports its activities during the year by geographic area: Phu Tho and Ninh Binh. The Company analyzes detailed indicators by geographic area as follows:

Items	Phu Tho	Ninh Binh	Total	Eliminated	Total
1. Net revenue	68,778,847,726	109,754,303,365	178,533,151,091	(884,844,488)	177,648,306,603
- Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered	68,778,847,726	109,754,303,365	178,533,151,091	(884,844,488)	177,648,306,603
2. Expenses	45,573,558,548	35,208,015,450	80,781,573,998	(1,299,779,141)	79,481,794,857
- Cost of goods sold	26,660,145,637	30,149,746,717	56,809,892,354	(939,779,141)	55,870,113,213
- Allocation cost	18,913,412,911	5,058,268,733	23,971,681,644	(360,000,000)	23,611,681,644
3. Profits from operating activities	23,205,289,178	74,546,287,915	97,751,577,093	414,934,653	98,166,511,746
4. Segment assets	1,480,452,301,332	772,251,861,752	2,252,704,163,084	(251,526,159,570)	2,001,178,003,514
Total assets	1,480,452,301,332	772,251,861,752	2,252,704,163,084	(251,526,159,570)	2,001,178,003,514
5. Segment liabilities	655,504,183,306	666,411,490,255	1,321,915,673,561	(262,454,804,689)	1,059,460,868,872
Total liabilities	655,504,183,306	666,411,490,255	1,321,915,673,561	(262,454,804,689)	1,059,460,868,872



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 September 2025

Unit: VND

4. Comparative information

Comparative figures as at 01 October 2024 on the Consolidated Balance Sheet and comparative figures for the previous year on the Consolidated Income Statement and Consolidated Cash Flow Statement are derived from the Company's Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 September 2024, audited by the Branch of MOORE AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited.

5. Information on the going-concern operation: The Company will continue to operate in the future.

Phu Tho, 06 November 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN

PHÁT TRIỂN HẠ TẦNG THE

Nguyen Ngoc Lan

Tran Thi Tuoi

Nguyen Thi Hoan

