Address: Lot II-3, Group CN2, Road No. 11, Tan Binh Industrial Park, HCM Quarter 1 - Fiscal year 2025 Tel: 84(08).38162884 - 38162885 - Fax: 84(08).38162887 Form No. B01-DN

DN - BALANCE SHEET (As of As of March 31, 2025)

Unit: VND

| Target | Index code | TM | As of March 31, 2025 | As of January 1, 2025 |
|--|------------|---------|--|------------------------|
| ASSET | | 3 | 17506000000 | |
| A - CURRENT ASSETS (100)=110+120+130+140+150 | 100 | | 123,790,926,359 | 120,350,372,394 |
| I. Cash and cash equivalents | 110 | 2.2 | 7,453,354,157 | 3,660,347,098 |
| 1. Money | 111 | V.01 | 5,453,354,157 | 1,660,347,098 |
| 2. Cash equivalents | 112 | | 2,000,000,000 | 2,000,000,000 |
| II. Short-term financial investments | 120 | V.02 | 45,547,989,852 | 44,956,710,506 |
| 1. Short-term investment | 121 | 12857 | 725,549,276 | 725,549,276 |
| 2. Provision for decline in value of trading securities | 122 | | (81,014,775) | (81,014,775 |
| 3. Held-to-maturity investment | 123 | HAR F | 44,903,455,351 | 44,312,176,005 |
| III. Short-term receivables | 130 | | 62,585,116,980 | 67,130,406,788 |
| 1. Customer receivables | 131 | | 41,405,522,159 | 45,637,127,551 |
| 2. Prepayment to the seller | 132 | BASI I | 11,310,905,325 | 11,621,786,387 |
| 3. Short-term internal receivables | 133 | MET | The Table of | |
| 5. Short-term loan receivable | 135 | Bar : | 9,960,000,000 | 9,960,000,000 |
| 6. Other receivables | 136 | V.03 | 129,985,841 | 132,789,19 |
| 7. Provision for short-term doubtful | 137 | | (221,296,345) | (221,296,34 |
| IV. Inventory | 140 | | 8,007,804,737 | 4,570,512,851 |
| 1. Inventory | 141 | V.04 | 8,007,804,737 | 4,570,512,85 |
| 2. Provision for inventory price reduction (*) | 149 | | | |
| V. Other current assets | 150 | | 196,660,633 | 32,395,151 |
| 1. Short-term prepaid expenses | 151 | No. of | 20,246,969 | 32,395,15 |
| 2. Deductible VAT | 152 | | 176,413,664 | Primary and the Co |
| 3. Taxes and other amounts receivable from | 153 | V.05 | | |
| 5. Other current assets | 155 | | 400 100 | |
| B - LONG-TERM ASSETS (200 = 210 + 220 + 240 + 250 + 260) | 200 | | 108,776,932,402 | 112,724,543,699 |
| I- Long-term receivables | 210 | E Local | 23,291,000,000 | 24,701,000,000 |
| 1. Long-term receivables from customers | 211 | | all the same of the property of | |
| 2. Long-term prepayment to seller | 212 | | | |
| 3. Business capital in affiliated units | 213 | | | |
| 5. Long-term loan receivable | 215 | V.06 | 23,290,000,000 | 24,700,000,000 |
| 6. Other long-term receivables | 216 | V.07 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 7. Provision for long-term doubtful | 219 | | | White processors I did |
| II. Fixed assets | 220 | 125 | 14,482,031,367 | 15,700,184,631 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 221 | V.08 | 10,840,149,420 | 12,001,900,080 |
| Original price | 222 | | 44,957,469,498 | 46,457,469,498 |



| - Accumulated depreciation value (*) | 223 | | (34,117,320,078) | (34,455,569,418) |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|------------------|
| 2. Financial leased fixed assets | 224 | V.09 | | |
| Original price | 225 | The Carlo | N. J. S. | |
| - Accumulated depreciation value (*) | 226 | | | |
| 3. Intangible fixed assets | 227 | V.10 | 3,641,881,947 | 3,698,284,551 |
| Original price | 228 | | 7,072,637,997 | 7,072,637,997 |
| - Accumulated depreciation value (*) | 229 | | (3,430,756,050) | (3,374,353,446) |
| III. Investment real estate | 230 | V.12 | 30,301,958,498 | 30,483,293,954 |
| Original price | 231 | HAROLINE D. | 57,552,819,888 | 57,552,819,888 |
| - Accumulated depreciation value (*) | 232 | | (27,250,861,390) | (27,069,525,934) |
| IV. Long-term unfinished assets | 240 | | 2,134,981,677 | 2,134,981,677 |
| Cost of production and unfinished business | 241 | | | |
| Cost of production and unmissing dualities Cost of unfinished basic construction | 242 | V.11 | 2,134,981,677 | 2,134,981,677 |
| V. Long-term financial investment | 250 | | 38,329,739,614 | 39,412,496,507 |
| 1. Investment in subsidiaries | 251 | | 45,000,000,000 | 45,000,000,000 |
| | 252 | | 7,520,000,000 | 7,520,000,000 |
| 2. Investment in joint ventures and associates | 253 | V.13 | 159,699,200 | 159,699,200 |
| 3. Investing capital in other units | 254 | V.13 | (14,349,959,586) | (13,267,202,693) |
| 4. Long-term financial investment reserve (*) | 255 | | (14,547,757,500) | (13,207,202,073) |
| 5. Held-to-maturity investment | Control of the Control of the Control | | 237,221,246 | 292,586,930 |
| VI. Other long-term assets | 260 | V.14 | 237,221,246 | 292,586,930 |
| 1. Long-term prepaid expenses | 261 | V.14 V.21 | 257,221,240 | 292,300,930 |
| 2. Deferred income tax assets | 262 | V.21 | | |
| 4. Other long-term assets | 268 | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS $(270 = 100 + 200)$ | 270 | | 232,567,858,761 | 233,074,916,093 |
| CAPITAL SOURCE | | | | |
| - LIABILITIES PAYABLE (300 = 310 + 320) | 300 | 19 | 33,789,575,908 | 34,031,008,389 |
| I. Short-term debt | 310 | | 32,333,492,454 | 34,031,008,389 |
| 1. Short-term payables to suppliers | 311 | V.15 | 21,013,097,624 | 11,320,510,280 |
| 2. Short-term prepayment by buyer | 312 | | 33,616,000 | 33,616,000 |
| 3. Taxes and payments to the State | 313 | V.16 | (50,283,472) | 483,703,233 |
| 4. Must pay employees | 314 | | 715,154,625 | 1,451,787,864 |
| 5. Short-term payable expenses | 315 | V.17 | | |
| 6. Short-term internal payables | 316 | 175-4 | | |
| 7. Payable according to construction contract | 317 | | Announce of the second | |
| progress schedule | | | | |
| 9. Other short-term payables | 319 | V.18 | 9,921,538,902 | 15,566,818,783 |
| 10. Short-term loans and financial leases | 320 | | | 4,474,203,454 |
| 12. Bonus and welfare fund | 322 | | 700,368,775 | 700,368,775 |
| II. Long-term debt | 330 | | 1,456,083,454 | |
| 1. Long-term payables to suppliers | 331 | | | |
| 2. Long-term prepayment by buyer | 332 | V.19 | | |
| 3. Long-term payable expenses | 333 | 1.13 | | |
| | | | | |
| (I - town unrealized november | 336 | | | |
| 6. Long-term unrealized revenue 8. Long-term loans and financial leases | 336 | V.20 | 1,456,083,454 | |

| 1421 |
|------|
| CÔN |
| AV |
| AT |
| AND |

| 12. Long-term payables provision | 342 | | | |
|--|------|---------------|--|--|
| 13. Science and Technology Development | 343 | | | |
| D - OWNER'S EQUITY (400 = 410 + 430) | 400 | | 198,778,282,853 | 199,043,907,704 |
| I. Equity | 410 | V.22 | 198,778,282,853 | 199,043,907,704 |
| 1. Owner's equity | 411 | | 61,725,230,000 | 61,725,230,000 |
| - Common shares with voting rights | 411a | | 61,725,230,000 | 61,725,230,000 |
| - Preferred stock | 411b | A CONTRACT | Total and the medical | |
| 2. Share capital surplus | 412 | | 137,662,054,443 | 137,662,054,443 |
| 4. Other owners' capital | 414 | | 2,140,945,047 | 2,140,945,047 |
| 5. Treasury stock (*) | 415 | | (11,666,581,607) | (11,666,581,607) |
| 6. Asset revaluation difference | 416 | | | |
| 7. Exchange rate difference | 417 | | | |
| 8. Development investment fund | 418 | | 2,243,857,861 | 2,243,857,861 |
| 9. Business arrangement support fund | 419 | 2 -73% | | |
| 10. Other equity funds | 420 | | | |
| 11. Undistributed profit after tax | 421 | Plant L | 6,672,777,109 | 6,938,401,960 |
| - Undistributed profit after tax at the end of previous period | 421a | | 6,938,401,960 | 5,805,928,402 |
| - Undistributed profit after tax at the end of this period | 421b | | (265,624,851) | 1,132,473,558 |
| 12. Investment capital for construction and | 422 | | Constitution and | |
| II. Other funding sources and funds | 430 | | 4200 (200 | A STATE OF THE STA |
| 1. Funding sources | 431 | V.23 | The second secon | menta ara ara ne |
| 2. Funding sources for forming fixed assets | 432 | | | |
| TOTAL CAPITAL (440 = 300 + 400) | 440 | State Control | 232,567,858,761 | 233,074,916,093 |

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Established on April 29, 2025 General Director



Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

HAMPIOD AUTHAY

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Hoang Minh Anh Tu



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Financial Report Fiscal Year Q1 - 2025 Form No. B02-DN

DN - BUSINESS RESULTS REPORT QUARTER 1 - YEAR 2025

| INDICATORS | COD E | TM | QUARTER I/2025 | QUARTER I/2024 | Accumulated to this quarter 2025 | Accumulated to this quarter 2024 |
|--|----------|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Sales and service revenue | 01 | V-16 | 23,368,317,944 | 38,199,985,849 | 23,368,317,944 | 38,199,985,849 |
| 2. Revenue deductions | 02 | No. | | 74,250,000 | | 74,250,000 |
| 3. Net revenue from sales and service provision (10 = 01 - 02) | 10 | | 23,368,317,944 | 38,125,735,849 | 23,368,317,944 | 38,125,735,849 |
| 4. Cost of goods sold | 11 | V-17 | 19,790,883,507 | 34,114,133,759 | 19,790,883,507 | 34,114,133,759 |
| 5. Gross profit from sales and service provision (20 = 10 - 11) | 20 | | 3,577,434,437 | 4,011,602,090 | 3,577,434,437 | 4,011,602,090 |
| 6. Financial operating revenue | 21 | V-18 | 1,018,793,563 | 2,179,906,886 | 1,018,793,563 | 2,179,906,886 |
| 7. Financial costs | 22 | V-19 | 1,167,559,656 | 1,302,143,423 | 1,167,559,656 | 1,302,143,423.00 |
| - Including: Interest expense | 23 | Band | 84,802,763 | 15,587,398 | 84,802,763 | 15,587,398 |
| 8. Profit/loss in joint ventures and | 24 | | | | Mile was the first the | |
| 8. Selling expenses | 25 | Bark I | 740,888,745 | 731,889,593 | 740,888,745 | 731,889,593 |
| 9. Business management costs | 26 | Charles ! | 2,887,099,354 | 3,060,690,930 | 2,887,099,354 | 3,060,690,930 |
| 10. Net profit from operating activities {30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)} | 30 | | (199,319,755) | 1,096,785,030 | (199,319,755) | 1,096,785,030 |
| 11. Other income | 31 | nice and a | 10,156,701 | 79,984,121 | 10,156,701 | 79,984,121 |
| 12. Other costs | 32 | W. | 76,461,797 | 695,952 | 76,461,797 | 695,952 |
| 13. Other profits (40 = 31 - 32) | 40 | | (66,305,096) | 79,288,169 | (66,305,096) | 79,288,169 |
| 14. Total accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40) | 50 | | (265,624,851) | 1,176,073,199 | (265,624,851) | 1,176,073,199 |
| 15. Current corporate income tax | 51 | | | | | |
| 16. Deferred corporate income tax | 52 | | 2440 | decay folk 9 | 40 | - |
| 17. Profit after corporate income tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52) | 60 | | (265,624,851) | 1,176,073,199 | (265,624,851) | 1,176,073,199 |
| 18. Basic earnings per share (*) | 70 | 3, 20 | | THE HEALTH STATE OF | | Militare as, the same pro- |

CHU-TP. Hoang Minh Anh Tu

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Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Financial Report Fiscal Year Q1 - 2025 Form No. B03a-DN

DN - CASH FLOW STATEMENT - PPGT

Unit: VND

| Target | | Accumulated to this quarter 2025 | Accumulated to this quarter 2024 |
|---|----|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| I. Cash flow from operating activities | | | |
| 1. Profit before tax | 1 | (265,624,851) | 1,176,073,199 |
| 2. Adjustments for accounts | | 1,476,198,863 | 279,816,677 |
| - Depreciation of fixed assets and investment real | 2 | 1,327,266,494 | 1,158,336,140 |
| - Provisions | 3 | 1,082,756,893 | 1,285,800,025 |
| - Exchange rate difference gains and losses due to revaluation of foreign currency items | 4 | 83,138 | |
| - Profit and loss from investment activities | 5 | (1,018,710,425) | (2,179,906,886) |
| - Interest expense | 6 | 84,802,763 | 15,587,398 |
| - Other adjustments | 7 | | |
| 3. Operating profit before changes in working capital | 8 | 1,210,574,012 | 1,455,889,876 |
| - Increase, decrease receivables | 9 | 4,956,372,420 | (19,255,233,455) |
| - Increase, decrease inventory | 10 | (3,437,291,886) | (549,609,572) |
| Increase, decrease in payables (excluding interest payable, corporate income tax payable) | 11 | 1,825,771,845 | 16,138,357,013 |
| - Increase, decrease prepaid expenses | 12 | 67,513,866 | (62,586,730) |
| - Increase or decrease securities account | 13 | | |
| - Interest paid | 14 | (84,802,763) | (15,587,398) |
| - Corporate income tax paid | 15 | (161,637,990) | |
| - Other income from business activities | 16 | 156,701 | |
| - Other expenses for business activities | 17 | (4,239,571) | |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 20 | 4,372,416,634 | (2,288,770,266) |
| II. Cash flow from investing activities | | | |
| 1. Money spent on purchasing and constructing fixed assets and other long-term assets | 21 | | |
| 2. Proceeds from liquidation, sale of fixed assets and other long-term assets | 22 | 10,000,000 | |
| 3. Cash spent on lending and purchasing debt instruments of other entities | 23 | (700,000,000) | |
| 4. Money recovered from lending and reselling debt instruments of other entities | 24 | 2,110,000,000 | 800,000,000 |

| 5. Money spent on investment in other entities | 25 | | |
|---|----|-----------------|--|
| 6.Recovery of capital investment in other entities | 26 | Ellimen # Vi | |
| 7. Interest income, dividends and profits distributed | 27 | 1,018,710,425 | 2,179,906,886 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | 30 | 2,438,710,425 | 2,979,906,886 |
| III. Cash flow from financial activities | | | |
| 1. Proceeds from issuing shares and receiving capital contributions from owners | 31 | | |
| 2. Money to return capital to owners, buy back shares | 32 | | |
| issued by the enterprise | 32 | | |
| 3.Proceeds from borrowing | 33 | | |
| 4. Loan principal repayment | 34 | (3,018,120,000) | |
| 5. Payment of principal of financial lease | 35 | | |
| 6. Dividends and profits paid to owners | 36 | | 15 101 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | 40 | (3,018,120,000) | |
| Net cash flow during the period (50 = 20+30+40) | 50 | 3,793,007,059 | 691,136,620 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the | 60 | 3,660,347,098 | 1,043,904,804 |
| Impact of foreign exchange rate changes on foreign currency conversion | 61 | | The state of the s |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period $(70 = 50+60+61)$ | 70 | 7,453,354,157 | 1,735,041,424 |

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Established on April 29, 2025

General Director

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Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Hoang Minh Anh Tu

Form No. B 09 - DN sued under Circular No. 200/2014/QD-BTC December 22, 2014 by the Minister of Finance)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **QUARTER I - 2025**

. BUSINESS ACTIVITIES CHARACTERISTICS 1

Form of capital ownership

Tan Binh Cultural Joint Stock Company is a joint stock company converted from a State-owned enterprise into a Joint Stock Company according to Decree No. 28/CP dated May 7, 1996 of the Government on converting State-owned enterprises into joint stock companies and Decision No. 3336/QD-UB-KT dated June 26, 1998 of the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on announcing the enterprise value of Tan Binh General Service Cultural Company and converting it into Tan Binh Cultural Joint Stock Company.

The Company's headquarters are at: Lot II-3, Group CN2, Road No. 11, Tan Binh Industrial Park, Tay Thanh Ward, Tan Phu District, Ho Chi Minh City.

The company has the following subsidiaries:

| Unit name | Address | Business activities |
|---|------------------|------------------------|
| - Au Lac Technology Application & Media Services Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | Technology, media |
| - Au Lac Plastic Engineering Technology Application Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | Production, service |
| - Au Lac Software Development Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | Information technology |
| The company has the following joint ventures | and associates: | |
| Unit name | Address | Business activities |
| | | |

| Unit name | Address | Business activities | |
|---|------------------|----------------------------|--|
| - Au Lac Advertising and Commercial Printing Joint Stock Company | Ho Chi Minh City | Printing, advertising | |
| - Song An Medical Joint Stock Company | Ho Chi Minh City | Medical, hospital | |

Business Field

The Company's business areas are: manufacturing, trade and services.

Business sector

- + Printing industry, paper packaging industry, plastic packaging industry, tissue industry...
- + Production of plastic chemicals and colored plastic granules
- + Commercial and service business

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REGIMES APPLIED AT THE COMPANY

Accounting period, currency used in accounting

The Company's annual accounting period begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of each year. The currency used in accounting records is Vietnamese Dong (VND)

Applicable Accounting Standards and Regimes

Applicable accounting regime

The Company applies the Enterprise Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/QD-BTC dated December 22, 2014 of the Minister of Finance.

Statement on Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Regime

The Company has applied Vietnamese Accounting Standards and documents guiding the Standards issued by the State. Financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all provisions of each standard, circulars guiding the implementation of standards and the current applicable Accounting Regime.

Applicable accounting form

The company applies computerized accounting.

Principles of recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits, short-term investments with maturity of no more than three months, highly liquid, readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of conversion into cash.

Principles of recording provisions for doubtful debts

Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue for six months or more, or for receivables that the debtor is unlikely to be able to pay due to liquidation, bankruptcy or similar difficulties.

Principles of inventory recognition

Inventories are stated at cost. Where the net realizable value is lower than the cost price, the net realizable value shall be used. The cost of inventories comprises purchase costs, conversion costs and other directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Inventory value is determined by the weighted average method. Inventories are accounted for using the perpetual inventory method.

The provision for inventory devaluation is made at the end of the year as the difference between the original cost of inventory and their net realizable value.

Principles of recording and depreciating fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are recorded at original cost. During use, tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are recorded at original cost, accumulated depreciation and residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated depreciation period is as follows:

| Houses, buildings | 05 - 50 | year |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Machinery and equipment | 05 - 10 | year |
| Means of transport | 05 - 07 | year |
| Office equipment | 04 - 07 | year |
| Management software | 03 | year |
| Land use rights | 48 | year |
| | Houses, buildings Machinery and equipment Means of transport Office equipment Management software Land use rights | Machinery and equipment05 - 10Means of transport05 - 07Office equipment04 - 07Management software03 |

Principles of recording investment real estate

Investment properties are recorded at cost. While held for capital appreciation or for operating lease, investment properties are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and residual value.

Investment real estate is calculated and depreciated like other fixed assets of the Company.

Principles of recording financial investments

Investments in subsidiaries over which the Company has control are accounted for using the cost method. Distributions from the accumulated profits of the subsidiaries arising subsequent to the date on which the Company gains control are recognized in the parent's income statement for the period. Other distributions are considered a return of investment and are deducted from the investment cost.

Investments in associates over which the Company has significant influence are accounted for using the cost method. Distributions from the accumulated net profits of the associates arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognized in the Company's income statement. Other distributions are considered a return of investment and are deducted from the investment value.

Securities investments at the reporting date, if:

- Investments with a maturity or recovery period of not more than 3 months from the date of purchase are considered "cash equivalents";
- Having a capital recovery period of less than 1 year or within 1 business cycle is classified as a short-term asset;
- Assets with a payback period of more than 1 year or more than 1 business cycle are classified as long-term assets.

The investment devaluation reserve established at the end of the year is the difference between the original cost of investments recorded in the accounting books and their market value at the time of establishing the reserve.

Principles of recognition and capitalization of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recorded as production and business expenses in the period when incurred, except for borrowing costs directly related to the investment, construction or production of unfinished assets, which are included in the value of that asset (capitalized) when meeting all the conditions specified in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 16 "Borrowing costs".



Borrowing costs directly related to the construction or production of a qualifying asset are included in the cost of that asset (capitalized), including interest, amortization of discounts or premiums when issuing bonds, and additional costs incurred in connection with the borrowing process.

Principles of recognition and allocation of prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses related only to current fiscal year production and business costs are recorded as short-term prepaid expenses and included in production and business costs in the fiscal year.

The following expenses were incurred during the fiscal year but are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses to be gradually allocated to the business results over many years:

- Start-up costs; pre-operating costs
- Relocation costs, business reorganization costs;
- Tools and equipment used have great value;
- The cost of major repairs to fixed assets incurred at one time is too large.

The calculation and allocation of long-term prepaid expenses into production and business expenses for each accounting period is based on the nature and extent of each type of expense to select a reasonable allocation method and criteria. Prepaid expenses are gradually allocated into production and business expenses using the straight-line method.

Principle of recording payable expenses

Actual expenses that have not yet arisen but are deducted in advance from production and business expenses in the period to ensure that when actual expenses arise, they do not cause sudden changes in production and business expenses based on the principle of matching revenue and expenses. When such expenses arise, if there is a difference with the amount deducted, the accountant will record additional expenses or reduce the expenses corresponding to the difference.

Principles of recording provisions for payables

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the annual or interim reporting period.

Only expenses related to the originally established provision for payables are offset against that provision for payables.

The difference between the unused provision established in the previous accounting period and the provision established in the reporting period is reversed and recorded as a reduction in production and business expenses in the period, except for the larger difference of the provision for construction warranty payable which is reversed and recorded as other income in the period.

Principle of equity recognition

Owner's equity is recorded at the actual capital contributed by the owner.

Share capital surplus is recorded as the difference greater/less between the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when issuing shares for the first time, issuing additional shares or reissuing treasury shares.

Other capital of the owner is recorded at the remaining value between the fair value of assets that the enterprise receives as gifts from other organizations and individuals after deducting (-) taxes payable (if any) related to these donated assets; and the additional amount from business results.

Treasury shares are shares issued by the Company and subsequently repurchased. Treasury shares are recorded at their actual value and presented on the Balance Sheet as a deduction from equity. The Company does not recognize any gain or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of treasury shares.

Undistributed profit after tax is the profit from the business's operations after deducting (-) adjustments due to retroactive application of changes in accounting policies and retroactive adjustment of material errors of previous years.

Undistributed profits after tax are distributed to investors through the general meeting of shareholders after setting aside reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and the provisions of Vietnamese law.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recorded as payable in the Company's Balance Sheet after the Resolution of the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's accounting currency (VND/USD) are recorded at the actual exchange rate at the time of the transaction. At the end of the fiscal year, foreign currency items are revalued at the average interbank exchange rate announced by the State Bank at that time. All actual exchange rate differences arising during the period and differences due to revaluation of foreign currency balances at the end of the period are recorded in the business results of the fiscal year.

Principles and methods of revenue recognition

Sales revenue

Sales revenue is recognized when all of the following conditions are met:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership of the product or goods have been transferred to the buyer;
- The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods;
- Revenue is measured with relative certainty;
- The Company has obtained or will obtain economic benefits associated with the sale transaction;
- Identify the costs associated with a sales transaction.

Service revenue

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. Where the provision of services relates to several periods, revenue is recognised in each period according to the results of the work completed at the date of the Balance Sheet of that period. The outcome of a service provision transaction is recognised when the following conditions are satisfied:

- Revenue is measured with relative certainty;
- It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transaction of providing that service;
- Determine the portion of work completed on the date of the Balance Sheet;
- Identify the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction to provide that service.

The portion of service work completed is determined by the method of assessing completed work.

Financial revenue

Revenue arising from interest, royalties, dividends, profits shared and other financial revenue is recorded when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity;
- Revenue is determined with relative certainty.

Dividends and profits are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profits from capital contributions.

Principles and methods of recording financial expenses

Expenses recorded in financial expenses include:

- Costs or losses related to financial investment activities;
- Cost of lending and borrowing;
- Losses due to changes in exchange rates of transactions involving foreign currencies;
- Provision for decline in securities investment value.

The above amounts are recorded at the total amount incurred during the period, without offsetting against financial revenue.

Principles and methods of recording taxes

Current Tax

Tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

V- Additional information for items presented in the Balance Sheet and Income Statement:

1- Cash and cash equivalents:

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| - Cash | 2,183,757,281 | 26,624,663 | |
| - Bank deposit | 3,269,596,876 | 1,633,722,435 | |
| - Cash equivalents | 2,000,000,000 | 2,000,000,000 | |
| Total | 7,453,354,157 | 3,660,347,098 | |

2- Short-term financial investments

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 44,312,176,005 | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| - Savings deposits from 3 months to 12 months | 44,903,455,351 | | |
| Add | 44,903,455,351 | 44,312,176,005 | |

3- Loan receivables

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Receivables from short-term loans: | | |
| Au Lac Technology Application and Media Services Company Limited | 9,960,000,000 | 9,960,000,000 |
| Receivables from long-term loans: | | |
| Au Lac Technology Application and Media Services Company Limited | 20,290,000,000 | 21,700,000,000 |
| - Au Lac Plastic Engineering Technology Application Company Limited | 3,000,000,000 | 3,000,000,000 |
| Total | 33,250,000,000 | 34,660,000,000 |

4- Other receivables

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| - Must collect social insurance | 58,614,150 | 56,552,025 |
| - Other receivables | 34,734,255 | 39,599,734 |
| - Receivables from margin deposits (short term) | 36,637,436 | 36,637,436 |
| - Receivables from margin deposits (long term) | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Total | 130,985,841 | 133,789,195 |

5- Inventory:

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| - Raw materials | 1,107,909,936 | 1,176,096,571 |
| - Tools, instruments | 489,858,738 | 355,781,181 |
| - Cost of production and unfinished business | 6,216,629,572 | 2,717,527,845 |
| - Goods | 193,406,491 | 321,107,254 |
| Total | 8,007,804,737 | 4,570,512,851 |

| Assets |
|------------|
| Fixed |
| Tangible |
| |
| Changes in |
| 1 |
| 90 |

| | | | | Moone of | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Item | Houses, buildings | Machinery and equipment | Management equipment | transport, | Other fixed assets | Total |
| Original price of tangible fixed | | | | | | 007 007 1100 |
| Anginai price or tangine mee | 73 268 057 107 | 3 577 786 138 | 748,922,342 | 16,860,346,946 | 2,007,056,965 | 46,457,469,498 |
| Opening balance | 701,700,007,62 | 000,000,000,000 | | | | (1,500,000,000) |
| - Liquidation, sale | | (1,300,000,000) | | 710716070 | 270 720 200 6 | 807 057 469 498 |
| Closing balance | 23,268,857,107 | 2,072,286,138 | 748,922,342 | 16,860,346,940 | 5,00,,000, | 071,011,107,11 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | 34 455 500 410 |
| Onening balance | 19,299,754,712 | 3,416,924,687 | 674,265,201 | 10,281,271,349 | 783,353,469 | 54,455,509,410 |
| Section Section 1 | 720 021 000 | 180 540 306 | 5 (v) | 538,385,865 | 83,434,329 | 1,089,528,434 |
| Depreciation during the period | 7/8,138,934 | 167,747,700 | | | | (AFF FFF FCA 1) |
| I ianidation cale | | (1,427,777,774) | | | | (1,471,111,114) |
| Closing balance | 19,577,913,646 | 2,178,696,219 | 674,265,201 | 10,819,657,214 | 866,787,798 | 34,117,320,078 |
| Residual value of tangible fixed | | | | | | |
| - At the beginning of the period | 3,969,102,395 | 155,361,451 | 74,657,141 | 6,579,075,597 | 1,223,703,496 | 12,001,900,080 |
| At the end of the nerind | 3,690,943,461 | (106,410,081) | 74,657,141 | 6,040,689,732 | 1,140,269,167 | 10,840,149,420 |

07- Increase and decrease of intangible fixed assets:

| Item | Land use rights | Computer | Total |
|---|--|-------------|---------------|
| Original price of intangible fixed assets | | | |
| Opening balance | 6,237,885,093 | 834,752,904 | 7,072,637,997 |
| - Buy from within the period | | | |
| Closing balance | 6,237,885,093 | 834,752,904 | 7,072,637,997 |
| Accumulated denreciation | Service Control of the Control of th | | |
| Onening halance | 2,876,150,542 | 498,202,904 | 3,374,353,446 |
| | 37,352,604 | 19,050,000 | 56,402,604 |
| - Depreciation during the period | | 100 000 | 3 430 756 050 |
| Closing balance | 2,913,503,146 | +06,707,110 | 0,450,150,050 |
| Residual value of intangible assets | | | |
| - At the beginning of the period | 3,361,734,551 | 336,550,000 | 3,698,284,551 |
| - At the end of the period | 3,324,381,947 | 317,500,000 | 3,641,881,947 |

08 - Cost of Construction in Progress

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| Equipment, material and construction management fees for fire protection system at Tan Binh Industrial Park | 1,212,730,307 | 1,212,730,307 | |
| + Equipment, material and construction management fees for fire protection system at 91B2 Pham Van Hai | 650,870,370 | 650,870,370 | |
| + Parking fee at Celadon location (A5b) B2.242 | 174,685,000 | 174,685,000 | |
| + Fast Business software design cost | 96,696,000 | 96,696,000 | |
| Add | 2,134,981,677 | 2,134,981,677 | |

09- Increase and decrease of investment real estate:

| Item | Home | Infrastructure | Total |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| Original cost of investment property | | | Prof. Republic |
| - Beginning Balance | 42,185,879,276 | 15,366,940,612 | 57,552,819,888 |
| - Ending Balance | 42,185,879,276 | 15,366,940,612 | 57,552,819,888 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | the state of the s | |
| - Beginning Balance | 11,702,585,322 | 15,366,940,612 | 27,069,525,934 |
| - Increase in period | 181,335,456 | | 181,335,456 |
| - Depreciation amount | 181,335,456 | | 181,335,456 |
| - Ending Balance | 11,883,920,778 | 15,366,940,612 | 27,250,861,390 |
| Residual value of investment property | | | |
| - Beginning Balance | 30,483,293,954 | orași de la | 30,483,293,954 |
| - Ending Balance | 30,301,958,498 | | 30,301,958,498 |

10 - Long-term Financial Investments

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| a/. Investment in subsidiaries | 45,000,000,000 | 42,500,000,000 |
| + Au Lac Technology Application & Media Services One Member Co., Ltd. | 20,000,000,000 | 20,000,000,000 |
| Au Lac Software Company Limited | 5,000,000,000 | 2,500,000,000 |
| + Au Lac Plastic Engineering Technology Application Company Limited | 20,000,000,000 | 20,000,000,000 |
| b/. Investment in associated companies and joint ventu | 7,520,000,000 | 4,700,000,000 |
| + Au Lac Advertising and Commercial Printing Joint Stock Company | 7,520,000,000 | 4,700,000,000 |
| c/. Financial investment reserve | (14,349,959,586) | (13,267,202,693) |
| . Investment reserve of Au Lac Media Company | (14,349,959,586) | (10,598,457,222) |
| . Investment reserve of Au Lac Software Company | (XI) | (2,668,745,471) |
| e/. Other long-term investments | 159,699,200 | 659,699,200 |
| Total | 38,329,739,614 | 34,592,496,507 |

a - Investment in subsidiaries:

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31/03/2025 are as follows:

| Subsidiary name | establishmen t and | Rate of Benefit | Voting rights ratio | Main business activities |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Au Lac Technology Application & Media Services One Member Co., Ltd. | Ho Chi Minh City | 100% | 100% | Technology, media |
| Au Lac Software Development Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | 100% | 100% | Information technology |
| Au Lac Plastic Engineering Technology Application Company Limited | Ho Chi Minh City | 100% | 100% | Production, service |

b - Investment in associates:

Details of the Company's associates as at 31/03/2025 are as follows:

| Name of affiliated company | Place of establishmen t and operation | Rate of Benefit | Voting rights ratio | Main business activities |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Au Lac Advertising and Commercial Printing Joint Stock Company | Ho Chi Minh City | 37.6% | 47% | Printing, advertising |
| Song An Medical Joint Stock Company (*) | Ho Chi Minh City | 50% | 50% | Medical, hospita |

^(*) Song An Medical Joint Stock Company is in the process of contributing capital and has not officially come into operation.

| c - Other Long-term Investments | 31/03/2025 | | 01/01/2025 | |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| c - Other Long-term investments | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
| - Stock investment | | | | |
| + Buy shares of Dong Nai Pharmaceutical Company | 11,052 | 100,199,200 | 7,315 | 100,199,200 |
| + Buy shares of Le Hoa Paper Joint Stock Company | 5,450 | 59,500,000 | 5,450 | 59,500,000 |
| + Buy Company Stocks | | | | |
| Total | 16,502 | 159,699,200 | 12,765 | 159,699,200 |

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Short term | | |
| - Other short-term prepaid expenses | 20,246,969 | 1,281,250 |
| Long term | | |
| - Other long-term prepaid expenses | 237,221,246 | 205,925,561 |
| Total | 257,468,215 | 207,206,811 |

12- Other short-term payables and receivables

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| - Dividends payable | 60,386,030 | 60,386,030 |
| - Accept short-term deposits and bets | 7,290,182,872 | 7,290,182,872 |
| - Fund must pay employees | 1,016,597,442 | 1,016,597,442 |
| - Unrealized revenue | 1,092,301,737 | 1,092,301,737 |
| - Other payables | 462,070,821 | 7,199,652,439 |
| Total | 9,921,538,902 | 16,659,120,520 |

13- Short-term and long-term loans payable

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Short-term loans: | | 3,018,120,000 |
| - Loan from Vietcombank | | 3,018,120,000 |
| Long-term loans: | 1,456,083,454 | 1,456,083,454 |
| - Loan from Vietcombank | | |
| - Loan from VP bank | 1,456,083,454 | 1,456,083,454 |
| Total | 1,456,083,454 | 4,474,203,454 |

14 - Taxes and Other Payments to the State

DM-HMA G M

| Item | Beginning receivables | Amount payable at the beginning of the | Amount payable during the period | Amount actually paid during the period | Ending receivables | Amount payable at the end of the period |
|-----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| E. | | 277,077,165 | 376,832,422 | 653,909,587 | 28,454,546 | |
| Value Added Lax | | | 2,913,148 | 2,913,148 | | |
| Export and Import 1 ax | CLU CA8 C1 | 161,637,990 | 161,637,990 | 161,637,990 | 12,862,072 | |
| Corporate Income Tax | 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 57,850,150 | 45,991,406 | 95,393,253 | | 8,448,303 |
| Personal Income 1 av | | in the | 21,620,048 | 21,620,048 | | 1 |
| Keal Estate 1 ax, Land Nein | | | 1,159,253 | 1,159,253 | | |
| Contractor 1 ax | | | 14,282,395 | 14,282,395 | | |
| Other taxes | | 496,565,305 | 81 | 950,915,674 | 41,316,618 | 8,448,303 |

15- Equity

a- Equity fluctuation comparison table

| | | | | | Develonment | Undistributed | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Item | Owner's equity | Other owners' equity | Capital surplus | Treasury stock | investment fund | earnings | Total |
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| Last year's opening | 61,725,230,000 | 2,140,945,047 | 137,662,054,443 | (11,666,581,607) | 2,243,857,861 | 11,542,637,402 | 203,648,143,146 |
| balance - Profit in previous vear | | | and the second | | | 1,132,473,558 | 1,132,473,558 |
| Deofft disteribution | | BASS | | | | (5,736,709,000) | (5,736,709,000) |
| Last year ending balance | | | | (mo) 10m))) 110 | ly dist | 6 038 401 960 | 199.043.907.704 |
| This year beginning balance | 61,725,230,000 | 2,140,945,047 | 137,662,054,443 | (11,666,581,607) | 2,243,637,9001 | 0,700,401,000 | |
| - Profit distribution | 5110 | | | | | | |
| - Profit this year | | in in the | | | lunt. | (265,624,851) | (265,624,851) |
| | | | | | | | CHO COC CHE CO. |
| Closing balance | 61.725.230.000 | 2,140,945,047 | 137,662,054,443 | (11,666,581,607) | 2,243,857,861 | 6,672,777,109 | 198,778,282,853 |

b - Details of Owner's Equity

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| - State capital contribution | 7,602,110,000 | 7,602,110,000 |
| - Capital contribution of other subjects | 54,123,120,000 | 54,123,120,000 |
| Total | 61,725,230,000 | 61,725,230,000 |

^{*} Value of bonds converted into shares during the year

c- Capital transactions with owners and dividend distribution, profit sharing

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|----------------|--------------------|
| Owner's equity | | |
| + Beginning capital contribution | 61,725,230,000 | 61,725,230,000 |
| + Capital increase during the year | | |
| + Capital contribution decreased during the year | | |
| + Year-end capital contribution | 61,725,230,000 | 61,725,230,000 |
| - Dividends, distributed profits | | ancessimo in ile a |

d- Stocks

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|
| - Number of shares registered for issuance | 6,172,523 | 5,356,212 |
| - Number of shares sold to the public | 6,172,523 | 6,172,523 |
| + Common stock | 6,172,523 | 6,172,523 |
| + Preferred stock | Programme Salar | |
| - Number of additional shares issued | | |
| + Common stock | 1,00 | A CONTRACTOR OF THE SECOND |
| + Preferred stock | | |
| - Number of shares bought back | 435,814 | 435,814 |
| + Common stock | 435,814 | 435,814 |
| + Preferred stock | | |
| Number of shares outstanding | 5,736,709 | 5,736,709 |
| + Common stock | 5,736,709 | 5,736,709 |
| + Preferred stock | | |
| Outstanding share value | 10,000 | 10,000 |

e- Corporate funds:

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| - Development investment fund | 2,243,857,861 | 2,243,857,861 |
| Add | 2,243,857,861 | 2,243,857,861 |

^{*} Number of treasury shares: 435,814 shares

16 - Sales and Service Revenue

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| - Sales and service revenue | 23,368,317,944 | 38,199,985,849 |
| + Sales revenue | 17,979,716,672 | 31,106,560,680 |
| + Service revenue | 5,388,601,272 | 7,093,425,169 |
| - Revenue deductions | | 74,250,000 |
| + Discount on sales | | 74,250,000 |
| - Net revenue | 23,368,317,944 | 38,125,735,849 |
| In which: + Net revenue from goods exchange | 17,979,716,672 | 31,032,310,680 |
| + Net revenue from service exchange | 5,388,601,272 | 7,093,425,169 |

17- Cost of goods sold:

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| - Cost of finished products and goods supplied | 18,615,022,646 | 30,099,398,306 |
| - Cost of services provided | 1,175,860,861 | 4,014,735,453 |
| Total | 19,790,883,507 | 34,114,133,759 |

18- Financial revenue:

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| - Interest on deposits and loans | 1,018,510,267 | 2,167,761,286 |
| - Dividends, profits shared | 200,158 | 12,145,600 |
| - End-of-period exchange rate difference profit | 83,138 | 5615 S. P. S. S. S. S. |
| | 1,018,793,563 | 2,179,906,886 |
| Total | 1,018,793,303 | 2,179,900,880 |

19- Financial costs:

| 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|-----------------|--|
| 48,165,748 | 756,000 |
| 36,637,015 | |
| 3,751,502,364 | 1,300,000,000 |
| (2,668,745,471) | (14,199,975) |
| | 15,587,398 |
| 1,167,559,656 | 1,302,143,423 |
| | 36,637,015 3,751,502,364 (2,668,745,471) |

20 - Production and Business Costs by Factor

| Item | 31/03/2025 | 31/03/2024 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| - Cost of raw materials | 11,616,355,341 | 25,852,225,141 |
| - Labor costs | 2,031,063,000 | 2,287,945,763 |
| - Fixed asset depreciation costs | 1,327,266,494 | 1,158,336,140 |
| - Outsourcing service costs | 496,253,378 | 422,347,536 |
| - Other expenses in cash | 230,365,915 | 149,633,368 |
| Total | 15,701,304,128 | 29,870,487,948 |

Established on April 29, 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director

CÖ PHẨN VĂN HÓA

My

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Duyen

Hoang Minh Anh Tu

