Separate financial statements

Quarter II 2025

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#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### THE COMPANY

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law of Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No, 0103022741 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 6 March 2008. The Company subsequently received Enterprise Registration Certificate No, 0102671977 dated 5 August 2010 on registration of a shareholding company. The Company subsequently also received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the the 39th amendment dated 29 April 2025 as the latest.

The current principal activities of the Company are to develop real estate property for sale, provide leasing of offices, render real estate management and related services, provide general contractor services, consulting and designing construction services, supervision and construction management services.

The Company's head office is located at Symphony Office Tower, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Hanoi, Vietnam and an independent branch is located at the Dream City Urban Project in Nghia Tru Commune, Hung Yen Province, Vietnam.

Vingroup JSC is the Company's parent, Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as "the Group".

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa	Chairman
Ms. Nguyen Dieu Linh	Member
Mr. Pham Nhat Vuong	Member
Ms. Cao Thi Ha An	Member
Ms. Nguyen Thu Hang	Member
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Mr. Varun Kapur Independent member
Mr. Mueen Uddeen Independent member
Mr. Hoang D. Quan Independent member

#### SUPERVISORY BOARD

Members of the Supervisory Board during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Tran Minh Anh	Head of the Supervisory Board	Appointed on 23 April 2025
Ms. Nguyen Le Van Quynh	Head of the Supervisory Board	Resigned on 23 April 2025
Ms. Hoang Thi Phuong	Member	Appointed on 23 April 2025
Ms. Le Thi Duyen	Member	Resigned on 23 April 2025
Ms. Pham Ngoc Lan	Member	

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Members of the management during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms. Nguyen Thu Hang

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Pham Van Khuong

Deputy Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Mai Thu Thuy Mr. Dang Minh Hai

Deputy Chief Executive Officer

## LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES

The legal representatives of the Company during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa

Chairman

Ms. Nguyen Thu Hang

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Dang Minh Hai Deputy Chief Executive Officer

#### REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased presents this report and the Separate financial statements of the Company for Quarter II 2025.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the separate financial statements of each financial period which gave a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the period. In preparing the separate financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed or not, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the separate financial statements; and
- prepare the separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept to disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the separate financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing these separate financial statements.

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025 and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements.

The Company has subsidiaries as disclosed in the separate financial statements. The Company prepared these Separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular 96/2020/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market, In addition, as required by these regulations, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the period ended 30 June 2025 ("the consolidated financial statements") dated 30 July 2025.

Users of the separate financial statements should read them together with the above consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries.

For antion behalf of the Management:

Nguyen Thu Hang Chief Executive Officer

Hanoi, Vietnam

30 July 2025

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2025

Currency: million VND

					Surrency: million VND
Code	AS	ASSETS		30 June 2025	31 December 2024
100	A.	CURRENT ASSETS		305,831,564	250,759,416
<b>110</b> 111 112	I.	Cash and cash equivalents 1. Cash 2. Cash equivalents	4	<b>38,756,229</b> 23,951,303 14,804,926	<b>26,698,485</b> 19,794,899 6,903,586
<b>120</b> 121 123	II.	Short-term investments 1. Held-for-trading securities 2. Held-to-maturity investments	5	<b>1,159,160</b> - 1,159,160	<b>3,154,587</b> 2,028,250 1,126,337
130	111	Current accounts receivable		211,369,635	184,186,086
131 132		<ol> <li>Short-term trade receivables</li> <li>Short-term advances to</li> </ol>	6.1	16,530,254	15,900,757
		suppliers	6.2	52,968,741	21,642,184
135 136 137		<ol> <li>Short-term loan receivables</li> <li>Other short-term receivables</li> <li>Provision for doubtful short-</li> </ol>	7 8	27,364,440 114,678,486	92,746,033 54,051,266
107		term receivables		(172,286)	(154,154)
<b>140</b> 141 149	IV.	<ol> <li>Inventories</li> <li>Inventories</li> <li>Provisions for obsolete inventories</li> </ol>	9	<b>23,054,024</b> 23,056,539 (2,515)	<b>22,033,514</b> 22,036,029 (2,515)
<b>150</b> 151 155	V.		10 11	<b>31,492,516</b> 951,112 30,541,404	<b>14,686,744</b> 595,804 14,090,940

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2025

Currency: million VND

				Currency: million VND
Code	ASSETS	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS		187,413,592	185,979,444
210	I. Long-term receivables		39,702,601	68,989,043
215	<ol> <li>Long-term loan receivables</li> </ol>	7	3,138,209	1,077,716
216	2. Other long-term receivables	8	36,564,392	67,911,327
220	II. Fixed assets		3,257,644	2,424,177
221	<ol> <li>Tangible fixed assets</li> </ol>	12	3,247,925	2,408,281
222	Cost		3,788,787	2,872,619
223	Accumulated depreciation		(540,862)	(464,338)
227	Intangible fixed assets		9,719	15,896 184,724
228	Cost		185,925 (176,206)	(168,828)
229	Accumulated amortisation		(170,200)	(100,020)
230	III. Investment properties	13	2,953,110	3,829,951
231	1. Cost		4,774,587	5,596,951
232	Accumulated depreciation		(1,821,477)	(1,767,000)
240	IV. Long-term assets in progress		9,239,193	4,720,878
242	Construction in progress	14	9,239,193	4,720,878
250	V. Long-term investments	15	7 73,281,822	74,050,999
251	Investments in subsidiaries	15.1	65,317,106	66,076,496
252	2. Investments in joint			
	ventures and associates	15.2	87,991	87,991
253	Investments in other	45.0	0.404.000	0 444 500
054	entities	15.3 15	8,131,698 (256,086)	8,141,598 (256,086)
254 255	<ul><li>4. Provision for investments</li><li>5. Held to maturity investments</li></ul>		1,113	1,000
200	5. Held to maturity investments		1,110	1,000
260	VI. Other long-term assets		58,979,222	31,964,396
261	Long-term prepaid	10		
	expenses		917,689	810,682
262	<ol><li>Deferred tax assets</li></ol>		677,613	650,445
268	Other long-term assets	11	57,383,920	30,503,269
270	TOTAL ASSETS		493,245,156	436,738,860

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2025

Currency: million VND

	_		10		Currency: million VND
Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
300	c.	LIABILITIES		340,735,997	299,897,327
310	1.	Current liabilities		246,454,614	226,821,394
311		<ol> <li>Short-term trade payables</li> </ol>	16.1	10,306,274	14,004,586
312		Short-term advances from	16.2	70 477 045	00 000 000
242		customers	47	73,477,345	32,062,006
313 315		<ul><li>3. Statutory obligations</li><li>4. Short-term accrued expenses</li></ul>	17 18	2,321,156 27,841,472	10,546,738 28,947,522
318		<ol> <li>Short-term accrued expenses</li> <li>Short-term unearned</li> </ol>	10	21,041,412	20,947,322
310		revenues	19	195,388	342,344
319		6. Other short-term payables	20	76,168,638	96,317,413
320		7. Short-term debt and			
		borrowings	21	55,956,417	44,154,420
321		8. Short-term accrued expenses		187,924	446,365
330	11.	Non-current liabilities		94,281,383	73,075,933
333		Long-term accrued expenses	18	114,138	611,659
336		2. Long-term unearned revenues	19	262,443	292,193
337		3. Other long-term liabilities	20	25,876,646	4,863,141
338		<ol><li>Long-term loans and debts</li></ol>	21	66,110,059	65,467,900
342		5. Long-term provisions	22	1,918,097	1,841,040
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		152,509,159	136,841,533
410	1.	Equity	23	152,509,159	136,841,533
411		<ol> <li>Share capital</li> </ol>		41,074,120	41,074,120
411a		<ul> <li>Shares with voting rights</li> </ul>		41,074,120	41,074,120
412		<ol><li>Share premium</li></ol>		(7,050,610)	(7,050,610)
420		<ol><li>Equity's other fund</li></ol>		35,000	30,000
421		4. Undistributed earnings		118,450,649	102,788,023
421a		- Undistributed earnings by		102,788,023	69,823,851
421b		the end of prior year - Undistributed earnings of the		102,766,023	09,023,031
7210		year		15,662,626	32,964,172
440	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY			493,245,156	436,738,860

Nguyen Thi Thu Thao Preparer Do Duc Hieu Chief Accountant Nguyen Thu Hang 0101616 Executive Officer

Hanoi, Vietnam

30 July 2025

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT Quarter II 2025

Currency: million VND

					1	Currency. million VIV
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024	For the period ending june 30 2025	For the period ending june 30 2024
01	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	24.1	13,260,638	21,500,630	27,108,001	28,107,279
02	2. Deductions	24.1	-	-	(132)	-
10	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	24.1	13,260,638	21,500,630	27,107,869	28,107,279
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	25	(9,943,963)	(15,796,909)	(19,667,126)	(21,156,758)
20	Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services		3,316,675	5,703,721	7,440,743	6,950,521
21	6. Finance income	24,2	14,206,565	8,245,606	16,579,805	17,999,861
22	7. Finance expenses	26	(3,359,129)	(2,486,909)	(6,399,678)	(4,079,653)
23	In which: Interest expenses and bond issuance costs		(3,121,907)	(1,682,262)	(5,865,616)	(3,123,851)
25	8. Selling expenses	27	(30,355)	(520,509)	(667,537)	(1,063,950)
26	9. General and administrative expenses	27	(534,210)	(580,038)	(958,138)	(812,179)
30	10. Operating profit		13,599,546	10,361,871	15,995,195	18,805,101
31	11. Other income		413,072	290,235	537,154	243,370
32	12. Other expenses		(131,445)	(280,139)	(353,067)	(519,629)

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT Quarter II 2025

40 50	13. Other profit/(loss)  14. Accounting profit before tax		281,627 13,881,174	10,096	184,087 16,179,282	(276,259) 18,718,341
51	15. Current corporate income tax (expense)	28	167,678	(880,108)	(538,827)	(1,077,099)
52	16. Deferred tax (expense)/income	28	30,360	62,150	(27,169)	83,243
60	17. Net profit after tax		14,079,212	9,554,009	15,667,626	17,724,485

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Nguyen Thi Thu Thao Preparer

Hanoi, Vietnam

30 July 2025

Do Duc Hieu Chief Accountant Nguyen Thu Hang Chief Executive Officer CASH FLOW STATEMENT Quarter II 2025

		-	Curre	ncy: million VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		16,179,284	18,718,341
02	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and investment properties and		181,085	171,340
03 04	amortisation of intangible fixed assets Provisions Foreign exchange losses arisen from revaluation of monetary accounts denominated in foreign currency		(163,250)	128,096 219,945
05 06	Profits from investing activities Interest expenses		(16,395,620) 5,865,617	(16,668,081) 3,123,061
80	Operating profit before changes in working capital		5,667,116	5,692,702
09 10 11	Increase in receivables (Increase)/decrease in inventories (Decrease) in payables and other		(78,857,592) (1,984,304) (9,683,078)	(2,259,820) 261,736
11	liabilities (excluding interest payable, corporate income tax)		(9,003,076)	14,685,647
12 14 15	Increase in prepaid expenses Interest paid Corporate income tax paid	17	(462,316) (2,198,830) (4,857,904)	(724,567 (3,113,768 (1,900,362
20	Net cash flows (used in)/ from operating activities		(92,376,907)	12,641,568
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchase and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets		(5,809,123)	(60,951
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets		18,139	1,834
23	Loans to other entities and payments for purchase of debt instruments of other entities		(107,991,932)	(29,162,410
24	Collections from borrowers and proceeds from sale of debt instruments		149,839,822	11,852,84
25	of other entities Payments for investments in other entities (net of cash held by entity being		(19,401,346)	(21,833,371
26	acquired) Proceeds from sale of investments in other entities (net of cash held by entity		2,758,519	15,861,77
27	being disposed) Interest and dividends received		15,731,913	9,450,57
30	Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		35,145,992	(13,889,712

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

Currency: million VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33 34	Drawdown of borrowings Repayment of borrowings		153,077,720 (83,789,060)	40,235,231 (35,979,238)
40	Net cash flows from financing activities		69,288,660	4,255,994
50	Net increase in cash for the period		12,057,744	3,007,850
60	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	MANUAL PLANSAGE MANUAL PROPERTY AND PARTY.	26,698,485	12,914,322
70	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	38,756,229	15,922,172

Nguyen Thi Thu Thao Preparer Do Duc Hieu Chief Accountant Nguyen Thu Hang

Hanoi, Vietnam

30 July 2025

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law of Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No, 0103022741 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 6 March 2008. The Company subsequently received Enterprise Registration Certificate No, 0102671977 dated 5 August 2010 on registration of a shareholding company. The Company subsequently also received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the 38th amendment dated 03 December 2024 as the latest.

The current principal activities of the Company are to develop real estate property for sale, provide leasing of offices, render real estate management and related services, provide general contractor services, consulting and designing construction services, supervision and construction management services.

The Company's head office is located at Symphony Office Tower, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi, Vietnam and an independent branch is located at the Dream City Eco-Urban Project in Nghia Tru Commune, Hung Yen Province, Vietnam.

Vingroup JSC is the Company's parent Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as "the Group".

The Company and its subsidiaries' normal course of business cycle of real estate development activity begins when the Company and its subsidiaries receive investment certificate, carries out land clearance and construction works until the project is completed. Accordingly, the normal course of business cycle of real estate development activity more than 12 months.

The Company and its subsidiaries' normal course of business cycle of other activities is normally within 12 months.

The number of the Company's employees as at 30 June 2025: 9,336 (as at 31 December 2024: 11,815)

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

## Corporate structure

As at 30 June 2025, the Company has 42 subsidiaries (as at 31 December 2024: 44 subsidiaries). The information on these subsidiaries, along with the Company's direct and indirect voting rights and direct and indirect equity interest in each subsidiary is as follows:

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
1	Gia Lam Urban Development and Investment Limited Liability Company ("Gla Lam LLC") (I)	99.39	99.40	2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Vincom Mega Mall Ocean Park Shopping Center in land plot CCTP-10 of Gia Lam Urban Project, Trau Quy Town and Duong Xa, Kieu Ky, Da Ton Communes, Gia Lam District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
2	Ecology Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Ecology JSC") (i)	100.00	99.00	No, 191 Ba Trieu Street, Le Dai Hanh Ward, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
3	Vietnam Investment and Consulting Investment Joint Stock Company ("Vietnam Investment JSC") (i)	70.00	69.30	No, 191 Ba Trieu Street, Le Dai Hanh Ward, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
4	Can Gio Tourist City Corporation ("Can Gio JSC") (i)	99.99	99.57	No,72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
5	Tay Tang Long Real Estate Company Limited Liability Company ("Tay Tang Long LLC") (il)	100.00	90.00	No,72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
6	Berjaya Vietnam International University Township Limited Liability Company ("Berjaya VIUT LLC")	97.54	97.40	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
7	Royal City Real Estate Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Royal City JSC")	97.85	97.85	No, 72A Nguyen Trai Street, Thuong Dinh Ward, Thanh Xuan District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
8	Metropolis Hanoi Limited Liability Company ("Metropolis Hanoi LLC")	100.00	99.76	HH land area, Pham Hung Street, Me Tri Ward, Nam Tu Liem District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
9	Berjaya Vietnam Financial Center Limited Liability Company ("Berjaya VFC LLC") (i)	67.50	44.50	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
10	Thai Son Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company ("Thai Son JSC") (i)	100.00	66.24	No, 7 Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District,	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
11	Millennium Trading Investment and Development Limited Liability Company ("Millennium LLC")	100.00	100.00	Hanoi  20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing, trading real estate properties and office leasing
12	GS Cu Chi Development Joint Stock Company ("GS Cu Chi JSC") (i)	100.00	99.99	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
13	Green City Development Joint Stock Company ("Green City JSC") (i)	100.00	66.83	No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
14	Delta Joint Stock Company ("Delta JSC") (i)	100.00	99.79	No, 110, Dang Cong Binh Street, 6th Hamlet, Xuan Thoi Thuong Ward, Hoc Mon District, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
15	Vinhomes Industrial Zone Investment Joint Stock Company ("VHIZ JSC") (i)	100.00	99.21	No, 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
16	Dai An Investment Construction Joint Stock Company ("Dai An JSC") (i)	100.00	99.90	Highway 5A, Dinh Du Village, Dinh Du Commune, Van Lam District, Hung Yen Province	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
17	Ecology Development and Trading Joint Stock Company ("Ecology Trading JSC") (i) (ii)	99.18	99.16	Symphony Office Building, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

No,	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
18	Bao Lai Investment Joint Stock Company ("Bao Lai JSC") (i)	96.48	64.67	No, 166, Pham Van Dong Street, Xuan Dinh Ward, Bac Tu Liem District, Hanoi	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
19	Bao Lai Marble One Member Company Limited (i)	100.00	64.67	Hop Nhat Village, Thinh Hung Commune, Yen Binh District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
20	An Phu White Marble Company Limited (i)	100.00	64.67	Khau Ca Village, An Phu Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
21	Doc Thang Marble Joint Stock Company (i)	100.00	65.26	Ngoi Ken Village, Lieu Do Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
22	Phan Thanh Mineral Joint Stock Company (i)	100.00	64.87	Ban Ro Village, Phan Thanh Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
23	Bao Lai Luc Yen Mineral Exploitation One Member Company Limited (i)	100.00	64.67	Ngoi Ken Village, Lieu Do Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
24	Van Khoa Investment Joint Stock Company (i)	100.00	65.51	No, 166, Pham Van Dong Street, Xuan Dinh Ward, Bac Tu Liem, District, Hanoi	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
25	Son Thai Trading and Investment Joint Stock Company	99.99	67.03	No,65 Hai Phong Street, Thang Thang Ward, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
26	VinCons Construction Development and Investment JSC	100.00	100.00	10 <sup>th</sup> Floor, TechnoPark Tower, Gia Lam Urban Area, Da Ton Commune, Gia Lam District, Hanoi, Vietnam	Consulting, brokering and auctioning real estate and right of use,
27	Vincon Windows Construction Development JSC	100.00	100.00	Km 15, Hung Vuong Avenue, Cam Nghia Ward, Cam Ranh City, Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam	Consulting, brokering and auctioning real estate and right of use,

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
28	Muoi Cam Ranh JSC	100.00	100.00	Km 15, Km 1497, Cam Nghia Ward, Cam Ranh city, Khanh Hoa province, Vietnam	Manufacturing salt, selling products from salt and lauching projects
29	Truong Thinh Real Estate Development Investment JSC	99.00	98.77	8 <sup>th</sup> floor,TechnoPark Town, Vinhomes Ocean Park, Da Ton, Gia Lam, Ha Noi, Vietnam	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
30	Ca Tam Tourism Joint Stock Company (i)	100.00	99.79	Hon Tre Island, Vinh Nguyen Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
31	Hiep Thanh Cong Inves Joint Stock Company (i)	100.00	99.79	Hon Tre Island, Vinh Nguyen Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
32	SV West Hanoi 2 Real Estate JSC (i)	100.00	89.03	2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Almaz Market Area, Hoa Lan Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Hanoi, Vietnam	Consulting, brokering and auctioning real estate and right of use,
33	Newland Development & Investment Joint Stock Company (ii)	99.92	99.92	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Consulting, brokering and auctioning real estate and right of use,
34	TS Holding Real estate Development Limited (i)	65.99	65.71	No, 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
35	TPX Holding Real estate Development Limited (i)	64.99	64.72	No, 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
36	Sao Mai Commerce and Trading Development Limited (i)	100.00	66.24	Lot C3-CH01-1, Tay Mo-Dai Mo-Vinhomes Park, Tay Mo Ward, Nam Tu Liem District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
37	Cam Ranh Investment JSC (i)	100.00	99.82	Hon Tre Island, Vinh Nguyen Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province, Vietnam	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
38	Bao Lai Green JSC	100.00	64.47	9th Floor, Viettel Building, 70 Nguyen Van Cu Street, Hong Hai Ward, Ha Long City Quang Ninh Province	Activities of amusement parks and theme parks

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
39	Vinh Xanh 1 Real Estate Development Limited	99,74	99.74	Unit TD 6-02, Dai An Urban Area, Nghia Tru Commune, Van Giang District, Hung Yen Province	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
40	Vinh Xanh 2 Real Estate Investment Development	99.77	99.77	Unit TD 6-02, Dai An Urban Area, Nghia Tru Commune, Van Giang	Investing, developing and trading real estate
	Limited	1.		District, Hung Yen Province	properties
41	Vinhomes Hai Phong Industrial Zone Investment Joint Stock Company	100.00	99.20	No, 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
42	Vinhomes Ha Tinh Industrial Zone Investment Joint Stock Company	100.00	99.20	No, 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

<sup>(</sup>i) The equity interest in these subsidiaries differs from voting right since the Company controls over these subsidiaries indirectly through other subsidiaries.

<sup>(</sup>ii) These companies are in the process of completing dissolution procedures.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

## 2.1 Purpose of preparing the separate financial statements

The Company has subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 1. The Company prepared the separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market. In addition, as required by these regulations, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the period ended 30 June 2025 dated 30 July 2025.

Users of the separate financial statements should read them together with the consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries.

## 2.2 Accounting standards and system

The Separate financial statements of the Company, which are expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and other Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying separate financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

#### 2. 2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal.

#### 2.3 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its separate financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

#### 2.4 Accounting currency

The Separate financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency. For the purpose of presenting the separate financial statements as at 30 June 2025, the figures are rounded to the nearest millions and presented in millions of Vietnam dong ("million VND").

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of not more than three months and investments with maturity of not more than three months since investment date that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Cash and cash equivalents also include cash in operating joint bank accounts between the Company and counterparty when the Company assesses to have control over these accounts.

#### 3.2 Inventories

Inventories are measured at their historical costs. The cost of inventories comprises costs of purchase, costs of conversion (including raw materials, direct labor cost, other directly related cost, manufacturing general overheads allocated based on the normal operating capacity) incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In case the net realizable value is lower than the original price, it must be calculated according to the net realizable value.

Net realisable value ("NRV") represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## Inventory property

Property acquired or being constructed for sale, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory property and is measured at the lower of cost and NRV.

Cost of inventory property comprise direct cost incurred on the property and overheads allocated to that property, specifically as follows:

- Freehold, leasehold and development rights for land;
- Amounts payable/paid to contractors for construction; and
- Borrowing costs, planning and design costs, costs of site preparation, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other related costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, and less cost to complete and the estimated selling price.

#### Construction inventory

The Company uses perpetual method to record raw materials and merchandise which are valued at cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Work in progress of construction contracts comprises costs of materials, labour costs, construction costs payable to sub-contractors and other related costs which have not been accepted by the investors at the date of the separate financial statements.

## Other inventories

The value of inventories which are materials supplied to the investor of the projects is measured on the specific identification basis, while the value of other inventories is measured on a weighted average basis.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.2 Inventories (continued)

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the reporting date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the separate income statement. When inventories are expired, obsolescence, damage or become useless, the difference between the provision previously made and the historical cost of inventories are included in the separate income statement.

#### 3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the separate balance sheet at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The Company contributes assets into Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts, including shopping malls, in which corporate counterparties have the right to operate, exploit and manage these components since the commencement of operation, and the Company is entitled to receive a portion of shared profits from operation. Under such circumstances, the Company's capital contribution into the Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts will be recognised in other receivables on the separate balance sheet at the time the Company hands over the assets to operate and exploit, and the contributed assets are written down correspondingly.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the separate balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the separate income statement. When bad debts are determined as unrecoverable and accountant writes off those bad debts, the differences between the provision for doubtful receivables previously made and historical cost of receivables are included in the separate income statement.

#### 3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the separate income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the separate income statement.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.5 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Company is the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are presented as investment properties in the separate balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the separate income statement as incurred.

For lease of assets under an operating lease that satisfies all conditions of rental income to be recognised in full one time as presented in Note 3.19 - Revenue recognition, rental income is recognised one time at the entire rental value.

For other cases under an operating lease, lease income is recognised in the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 3.6 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the separate income statement as incurred.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the separate income statement.

#### 3.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures	41 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 11 years
Means of transportation	6 - 10 years
Office equipment	3 - 6 years
Computer software	3 - 5 years
Others	3 - 6 years

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.8 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognised is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Company.

Depreciation of investment properties is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Definite land use rights, buildings and structures Machinery and equipment

10 - 50 years

9 - 10 years

No amortisation is charged on the land use rights presented as investment properties with indefinite terms.

For long-term lease of investment properties which the Company receives rental fee in advance for many periods and rental income is recognised one at the entire rental amount received, depreciation and amortisation of these investment properties are recognised with entire amount at the point of revenue recognition.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the separate income statement in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

## 3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are recorded as expense during the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised except to the extent that borrowing costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.10 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the separate balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefit is generated in relation to these expenses.

Short-term prepaid expenses include selling expenses related to inventory properties not yet handed over and other prepaid expenses which are expected to generate future economic benefits within one ordinary course of business cycle.

Long-term prepaid expenses include tools and equipment used, rental prepaid expenses and other prepaid expenses that bring future economic benefits for more than one year or one ordinary course of business cycle.

## Prepaid land rental

The prepaid land rental represents the remaining unamortised balance of advance payment made in accordance with the lease contract signed with the authorities. Such prepaid rental is recognised as a long-term prepaid expense for allocation to the separate income statement over the remaining lease period according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 25 April 2013.

#### 3.11 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries over which the Company has control are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the subsidiaries arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the separate income statement. In case the accumulated net profits for distributions are not specified, the Company prioritises the undistributed earnings of the subsidiaries arising subsequent to the date of acquisition for distributions. Distributions from sources which are attributable to period before obtaining control are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

## Investments in associates

Investments in associates over which the Company has significant influence are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the associates arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the separate income statement. Distributions from sources which are attributable to period before having significant influence are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted from the cost of the investment.

Held-for-trading securities and investments in other entities

Held-for-trading securities and investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Provision for diminution in value of investments

Provision of the investment is made when there is reliable evidence of the diminution in value of those investments at the separate balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the separate income statement.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.11 Investments (continued)

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as finance expense in the separate income statement and deducted against the value of such investments.

## 3.12 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company. Payables to construction contractors are recognised for amounts certified by the construction work certificate signed with contractors, whether or not billed to the Company.

## 3.13 Accrual for severance pay

The severance pay to employee is accrued at the end of each reporting period for employees who have been worked for more than 12 months at the Company. The accrued amount is calculated at the rate of one-half of the average monthly salary for each year of service qualified for severance pay in accordance with the Labor Code and related implementing guidance. The average monthly salary used in this calculation is adjusted at the end of each reporting period following the average monthly salary of the last 6-month period up to the reporting date. Increases or decreases to the accrued amount other than actual payment to employee will be taken to the separate income statement.

This accrued severance pay is used to settle the termination allowance to be paid to employee upon termination of their labor contract following Article 46 of the Labor Code.

#### 3.14 Provisions

#### General provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the separate income statement net of any reimbursement.

The Company assesses onerous contracts are those contracts in which, the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it. The Company recognises and assesses obligations under onerous contracts as provisions and these provisions are made for each onerous contract.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance expense.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.14 Provisions (continued)

Warranty provision for inventory properties

The Company estimates provision for warranty expenses for sold properties during the year based on revenues and available information about the repair of similar properties sold in the past.

Warranty provision for construction

Warranty provisions for products, goods, services, and construction projects are provisions for costs related to products, goods, services, and construction projects that have been sold, provided, or delivered to buyers but are still within the warranty period, and the Company is still obligated to continue repairs and completions according to the contracts or commitments with customers.

Warranty provisions for construction project are made for each construction project or project item that has been completed and handed over during the year. The warranty provision for construction project is recognised as part of cost of goods sold. In cases where the warranty provision for construction project exceeds the actual costs incurred, the difference is reversed and recognised as other income.

Warranty provision for construction projects is estimated based on a percentage of the construction value.

## 3.15 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- Transaction resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection;
- Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the transaction of commercial banks designated for payment;
- Capital contributions are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for capital contribution; and
- Payments for assets or expenses without liabilities initially being recognised is recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks that process these payments.

At the end of the period, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual transaction exchange rates at the separate balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly.

All foreign exchange differences incurred during the period are taken to the separate income statement.

## NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.16 Share capital

## Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at their par value upon issuance.

## Share premium

Share premium reflects the difference between the par value and the share issuance price, minus the actual issuance cost directly related to the share issuance, after deducting the tax effects.

## Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. When treasury shares are cancelled, the issued share capital will be reduced by the par value of the shares, and the difference between the reduction in issued share capital and the cancelled treasury shares is recorded in share premium.

## 3.17 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding negative goodwill arising from bargain purchases) is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval by shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Company recognises the distribution of cash dividends when such appropriation is approved by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting; and recognise the distribution of stock dividends when such appropriation is approved by the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting and authorised State bodies.

The Company maintains the reserve funds which are appropriated from the Company's net profit after approval by shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting.

#### 3.18 Advances from customers buying inventory properties

Payments received from customers as deposits for the purchase of inventory properties in the future that do not meet the conditions for revenue recognition, are recognised and presented as "Advances from customers" in the liability section in the separate balance sheet. Incentives under promotion programs which are, in substance, revenue deductions are offset against account "Advances from customers" which are not qualified to be recognised as revenue for the period.

## 3.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from sale of inventory properties

Revenue from sale of inventory properties is recognised when the significant risks and rewards incident to ownership of the properties have been passed to the buyer.

# NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.19 Revenue recognition (continued)

Rental income

#### Periodic rental income

Rental income arising from leased properties is recognised in the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease terms of ongoing leases.

## Rental income recognised one time

For lease of assets which the Group receives rental fee in advance for many periods and the lease periods cover more than 90% of the useful life of the assets, rental income is recognised one time at the entire rental amount received in advance when all these conditions are met.

- ▶ The lessee is not entitled to cancel the lease contract and the Company and its subsidiaries has no obligation to repay the amount received in advance in all cases and in all forms:
- ▶ The amount received in advance from the lease is not less than 90% of the total rental amount expected to be fulfilled under the contract during the lease term and the lessee must pay the entire amount of lease within 12 months from the beginning of the lease;
- Almost all the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the leased asset are transferred to the lessee; and
- ▶ The Company and its subsidiaries must estimate relatively the full cost of the lease.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

## Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the services are rendered to customers.

Income from Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts in which the Company is entitled to profit before tax or profit after tax

Under Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts not in the form of jointly controlled assets or jointly controlled operations in which the Company contributes capital in cash, distributed income is recognised as financial income in the separate income statement.

Under Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts not in the form of jointly controlled assets or jointly controlled operations in which the Company contributes capital with assets, distributed income is recognised as revenue in the separate income statement.

#### Interest

Income is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

#### Dividends

Income is recognised when the Company's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.19 Revenue recognition (continued)

Income from capital transfer

Income from capital transfer is identified as difference between transfer consideration and cost of capital transfer. This income is recognised on date when the transaction arises being the date when the transfer contract is exercised.

Revenue from goods and services and/or attached goods in multiple elements package

In the transaction in which the Company provides multiple products and services to the customer in the same arrangement, the Company determines the obligation to sell the product and the obligation to render the services separately and only recognises the revenue when each individual obligation is completed by the Company. The contract value is allocated to individual product by taking the total contract value minus the estimated fair value of the service. Payments from customers under contracts corresponding to the unfulfilled obligations are presented as "Advances from customers" or "Unearned revenues" in the separate balance sheet.

# 3.20 Cost of inventory properties sold and investment/business cooperation activities relating to real estate projects

Cost of inventory properties sold includes cost of properties transferred during the period and profits are shared to a counterparty under investment/business cooperation contracts by the Company relating to real estate projects.

For investment/business cooperation contacts relating to real estate projects where the Company controls project activities and associated assets, profits distributed by the Company to counterparties according to preliminary finalisation are recognised as the cost of goods sold, or as a reduction in other income, in the separate income statement. Capital contribution received from counterparties under investment/business cooperation contracts are recognised in the liability section in the separate balance sheet if the Company has obligations to repay those capital contributions.

#### 3.21 Construction contract

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, as measured by reference to the work performed that has been agreed by customers. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.22 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the separate balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the separate balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- in respect of taxable temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures where timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- in respect of deductible temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

#### NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## 3.22 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each separate balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Previously unrecognised deferred income tax assets are re-assessed at each separate balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the separate balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Company intends either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### 3.23 Segment information

A segment is a component determined separately by the Company which is engaged in providing products or related services (business segment) or providing products or services in a particular economic environment (geographical segment), that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments.

Company's business segment is derived from sales of inventory properties and render of services. Management defines the Company's geographical segments to be based on the location of the Company's assets.

#### 3.24 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprise or individual, including close members of the family of any such individual.

#### 3.25 Bond issuance transaction cost

Transaction costs relating to bond issuance are charged to the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the bond. At initial recognition, these transaction costs are deducted from liability component of the bond.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Currency: million VND	
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Cash on hand	819	548
Cash in transit	691	-
Cash at banks	23,949,793	19,794,351
Cash equivalents	14,804,926	6,903,586
TOTAL	38,756,229	26,698,485

Cash equivalents as at 30 June 2025 comprise bank deposits in VND at commercial banks and financial institutions with terms from 1 month to 3 months, earning interests at rates ranging from 2,1% to 4,75% per annum (as at 31 December 2024: from 1,9% to 4,75% per annum).

## 5. HELD-FOR-TRADING SECURITIES

	Currency: million VND	
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term bank deposits (i)	1,159,160	1,126,337
TOTAL	1,159,160	1,126,337

(i) Short-term bank deposits in VND as at 30 June 2025 have terms ranging from 6 months to 12 months and earning interests at rates ranging from 2,9% to 6,0% per annum (as at 31 December 2024: from 2,9% to 5,8% per annum).

## 6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES AND ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

## 6.1 Short-term trade receivables

2	C	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Sale of real estates	7,109,527	7,865,970
Rendering construction and related services Rendering management services and sales	2,442,174	2,901,069
consulting services	3,944,041	2,005,496
Disposal of investments	2,179,636	2,197,142
Rendering real estate management services Leasing activities and rendering related	314,692	387,532
services	88,018	229,342
Others	452,166	314,206
TOTAL	16,530,254	15,900,757
In which:		44 075 050
Trade receivables from others Trade receivables from related parties	11,522,571	11,975,652
(Note 29)	5,007,683	3,925,105
Provision for doubtful short-term trade receivables	(46,876)	(46,876)

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES AND ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS (continued)

6.2	Short-term advances to suppliers	C	Currency: million VND
		30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	Short-term advances to other suppliers Short-term advances to related parties	9,870,772 43,097,969	9,013,375 12,628,809
	TOTAL _	52,968,741	21,642,184
	Provision for doubtful advances to suppliers	(26,278)	(26,278)
7.	LOAN RECEIVABLES		
			Currency: million VND
	Short-term Loan receivables	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	Short-term loan to related parties (Note 29) Current portion of long-term loan receivables	13,583,217 13,781,223	92,536,571 209,462
	TOTAL _	27,364,440	92,746,033
	Provisions for doubtful loan receivables	(6,000)	(6,000)
	Long-term Loan receivables Others Long-term loan to related parties (Note 29)	187,173 2,951,036	2,839 1,074,877
	TOTAL .	3,138,209	1,077,716

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	С	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term		10 005 705
Advances for land clearance	66,484,229	10,065,795
Advance under Business and Investment Co- operation contracts (i) Deposit, capital contribution for Business and	27,822,736	26,974,452
Investment Co-operation contracts (ii) Receivables from loan, bond interest and	3,457,991	4,021,394
other contract	3,430,461	8,042,195
Receivable of distribution	12,984,833	2,769,327
Receivables form collection and payment on	197,714	718,352
behalf Short-term deposits, mortgage	14,461	821,600
Others	286,061	637,971
TOTAL	114,678,486	54,051,266
In which: Receivables from other parties	97,199,193	40,767,945
Receivables from related parties (Note 29) Provision for doubtful other short-term	17,479,293	13,283,321
receivables	(24,855)	(75,000)
Long-term		
Deposit, capital contribution for Business and Investment Co-operation contracts (ii) Advances for land clearance	19,871,063	19,888,708 48,000,000
Loan interest	31,253	9,066
Deposit for retal purpose	13,197	10,590
Others	10,256,308	2,963
TOTAL	36,564,392	67,911,327
In which:		
Receivables from other parties	11,526,530	48,000,545
Receivables from related parties (Note 29)	25,037,862	19,910,782

<sup>(</sup>i) There are the advances to counterparties pursuant for Business and Investment Cooperation contracts.

<sup>(</sup>ii) Mainly include capital contributions under Business and Investment cooperation contracts in order to invest and develop a number of real estate projects and other assets.

Currency: million VND

# Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

## NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

#### 9. **INVENTORIES**

			CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
30 June 2025		31 December 2024	
Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
14,960,691	.=	13,259,555	9
3,442,175	-	1,987,426	8
3,932,817	(1,244)	6,547,474	(1,244)
42,855	-	-	_
678,001	(1,271)	241,574	(1,271)
23,056,539	(2,515)	22,036,029	(2,515)
	Cost 14,960,691 3,442,175 3,932,817 42,855 678,001	Cost Provision  14,960,691 - 3,442,175 - 3,932,817 (1,244)  42,855 - 678,001 (1,271)	30 June 2025     31 December       Cost     Provision     Cost       14,960,691     -     13,259,555       3,442,175     -     1,987,426       3,932,817     (1,244)     6,547,474       42,855     -     -       678,001     (1,271)     241,574

- Mainly includes land use fee, construction and development costs for apartments, villas for sale.
- (ii) Includes the costs incurred related to the rendering of general constructor services, consultancy services to investors of projects.

#### 10. PREPAID EXPENSES

TOTAL

TOTAL	798,183	810,682
Others	158,729	194,244
Tools and supplies	57,563	32,984
Long-term Land rental fee	581,891	583,454
TOTAL	951,112	595,804
Others Short-term prepaid expenses	241,984	48,966
Selling expenses related to inventory properties not yet handed over Bond management service fees	143,043 566,085	423,633 123,205
Short-term		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	(	Currency: million VND

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Quarter II 2025

## 11. OTHER ASSETS

	Currency: million VND		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Short-term Deposits for investment purpose (i) Others	30,541,404	13,890,938 200,002	
TOTAL	30,541,404	14,090,940	
In which: Deposits to other parties Deposits to related parties (Note 29)	16,327,404 14,214,000	17,663,787 249,700	
Long-term Deposits for investment purpose (i) Deposits for commercial purpose (ii) TOTAL	56,351,583 1,032,337 <b>57,383,920</b>	29,470,932 1,032,337 <b>30,503,269</b>	
In which: Deposits to others	12,381,337	2,338,341	
Deposits to related parties (Note 29)	45,002,583	28,164,928	

 <sup>(</sup>i) Deposits to a number of counterparties and affiliates to acquire shares/capital contributions and for project transfer/project development of some potential real-estate projects.

<sup>(</sup>ii) Deposits to a partner relating to future contractual agreements for the procurement of goods.

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

## 12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

					Curren	Currency: million VND
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Office equipment	Others	Total
Cost: As at 31 December 2024 Construction completed Newly purchased	2,004,426 2,425 134	748,582	79,107	22,817	17,687	2,872,619 2,425 20,305
Disposal Reclassify	754,989	(6,365) 163,974	(19,160)	1 1	r r	(25,525) 918,963
As at 30 June 2025	. 2,761,974	912,769	72,794	23,387	17,863	3,788,787
Accumulated depreciation: As at 31 December 2024 Depreciation for the year Disposal	117,335 33,586	289,023 61,638 (3,100) (11,566)	18,870 5,455 (4,704)	22,322 153 - (457)	16,788	464,338 100,832 (7,804) (16,504)
As at 30 June 2025	146,772	335,995	19,621	22,018	16,456	540,862
Net carrying amount:	1,887,091	459,559	60,237	495	899	2,408,281
As at 30 June 2025	2,615,202	576,774	53,173	1,369	1,407	3,247,925

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Currency: million VND	and use rights, and structures Machinery and equipment	4,673,449 923,502 5,596,951 (822,364)	4,008,078 766,509 4,774,587	1,349,167 40,662 (9,174) 417,833 32,966 73,628 (19,151)	1,380,655 1,821,477	3,942,735 320,472 4,263,207	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	Land use rights, buildings and structures	4,673,449 (665,371)	4,008,078	1,349,167 40,662 (9,174)	1,380,655	3,942,735	

Accumulated depreciation: As at 31 December 2024

As at 31 December 2024 Other increase/(decrease)

Cost:

As at 30 June 2025

Other increase/(decrease)

As at 30 June 2025

Net carrying amount: As at 31 December 2024

As at 30 June 2025

Depreciation for the year

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 14. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Currer	ncy: million VND
30 June 2025 31 E	December 2024
2,479,500	1,780,276
779,100	938,756
3,161,854	1,422
1,191,876	1,285,671
1,626,863	714,7,53
9,239,193	4,720,878
	30 June 2025 31 E 2,479,500 779,100 3,161,854 1,191,876 1,626,863

## 15. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

		0.5		y: million VND
_	30 June 20.	25	31 Decemb	er 2024
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Investments in subsidiaries (Note	65,317,106	(256,086)	66,076,496	(256,086)
15.1) Investments in joint ventures and	65,517,100	(230,080)	00,070,430	(200,000)
associates Investments in other	87,991	-	87,991	-
entities (Note 15.2) Long-term held-to-	8,131,698	-	8,141,598	-
maturity investments	1,113	-	1,000	-
TOTAL	73,537,908	(256,086)	74,307,085	(256,086)

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

# 15. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (continued)

## 15.1 Investment in subsidiaries

Details of the Company's subsidiaries, the direct and indirect voting rights and the direct and indirect equity interest of the Company in those subsidiaries are

represented in Note 1.	n	30 June 2025			31 December 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount (*) Direct ownership (million VND)	ect ownership	Number of shares	Amount (*) (million VND)	Direct ownership
OSI ZIRW	17 340 000	173.400	51.00%	17,340,000	173,400	51.00%
VIIIZ 330	773,160,000	7 731,600	51.00%	773,160,000	7,731,600	21.00%
VIIZ Hall Filolig 550	15,300,000	1,530,000	51.00%	17,340,000	1,530,000	21.00%
VIIIZ Ha IIIII 300	230,437,848	5,129,226	98.18%	230,437,848	5,129,226	98.18%
Dai An LLC	348 000 000	7,008,000	99.43%	348,000,000	7,008,000	99.43%
Can Gio ISC	1 422 739 160	19,417,290	43.69%	1,422,739,160	19,417,290	43.69%
Call Closed	42 905 000	1,454,627	96.85%	42,905,000	1,454,627	96.85%
Royal City Jac	32 217 673	1 180 897	%00.86	32,217,673	1,180,897	%00.86
es cu cui Jac	(**)	855 960	100.00%	(**)	855,960	100.00%
Millenium LLC		)	1	395.000	111,591	%00.62
VinItis JSC	000 000 07	2 455 080	49 90%	1 000,000	49,200	1.00%
Delta JSC	5 000,000	3 435 600	%66	5.940,000	3,435,600	%66
Muol Carli Kallii 350	173 471 251	4 924 850	46.26%	173,471,251	4,924,850	46.26%
Call Raill 33C	2 050 000	20,500	0.5%	2,050,000	20,500	0.5%
OV West na Noi 2	30,105,000	605 758	4.5%	30,105,000	605,758	4.5%
Green City 350	4 950 000	000 66	%66	4,950,000	000'66	%66
VIIICUIS COC.	000,000,0	000 066	%66	000'006'6	000'066	%66
VINCOILS WILLIAMS 330	2,553,550	14,700	49.00%	2,651,390	14,700	49.00%
Ca Tam JSC	3,102,948	43,821	48.67%	3,102,948	43,821	48.67%
Berjaya Vietnam International University		770 073	0.25%	5 084 748	50 847	0.25%
Town LLC	5,084,746	750,000	0.2378	(**)	3.5	99 74%
Vinh Xanh 1 JSC		3,871,625	00.14%	*	A32A32A	%22 66
Vinh Xanh 2 JSC	(**)	4,324,324	99.11%		1,027,130,4	2000
LightHouse 2 JSC	**)	1	E.		noo'scn's	100.00%
TOTAL		65,317,106			66,076,496	
IOIAL						

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

- As at 30 June 2025, the Company did not determine fair value of these investments because shares of these companies are not listed on the stock market. \*
- (\*\*) These are limited liability companies.
- 15. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (continued)
- 15.2 Investments in joint ventures and associates

		30 Juni	30 June 2025			31 Dece	31 December 2024	
	Number of shares	Voting right (%)	Equity interest (%)	Amount (million VND) (*)	Number of Voting right Equity shares (%)	Voting right (%)	Equity interest (%)	Amount (million VND)
VIN3S JSC	8,799,063	47.5%	47.5%	87,991	8,799,063	47.5%	47.5%	87,991
TÔNG CỘNG				87,991			I	87,991

As at 30 June 2025, the Company did not determine fair value of these investments because shares of these companies are not listed on the stock market. \*

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

15. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (continued)

15.3 Investments in other entities

	Amount (million VND)	13,500	342,909 343,621 2,081,434	197,010 17,507	2,326,778	8,141,598
31 December 2024	ight Equity (%) interest (%)	10%	51% 9.45% 21.90%	9.9% 0.5%	19.914%	
31 Decen	Number of Voting right shares (%)	10%	9.45% 21.90%	%6.6	19.914%	
	Number of shares	500,000	(**) 34,362,042 208,143,374	19,701,000	232,677,914	
	Amount (million VND) (*)	13,500	342,909 343,621 2,081,434	187,110 2,836,346	2,326,778	8,131,698
30 June 2025	Equity interest (%)	10%	51% 9.45% 21.90%	9.40% 19.93%	19.914%	
30 Jun	Voting right (%)	10%	9.45% 21.90%	9.40%	19.914%	
	Number of shares	200,000	(**) 34,362,042 208,143,374	18,711,000 283,634,480	232,677,914	
		Thang Long Real Estate Trading Investment JSC ("Thang Long Real Estate JSC")	Phat Loc Commercial Investment Trading LLC ("Phat Loc LLC) S-Vin Real Estate JSC MV2 Vietnam Real Estate JSC	Newlife Trading Service Entertainment JSC VYHT Joint Stock Company	NVY Viet Nam Development Joint Stock Company	TOTAL

As at 30 June 2025, the Company did not determine fair value of these investments because shares of these companies are not listed on the stock

(\*\*) These are limited liability companies.

## 16. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES AND ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

## 16.1 Short-term trade payables

TOTAL	10,306,274	14,004,586
Trade payables to related parties (Note 29)	2,514,715	3,392,194
Short-term trade payables	7,791,559	10,612,392
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	C	Surrency: million VND

## 16.2 Short-terrm advances from customers

	C	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Advances from customers under sales and purchase agreements (i)	26,057,611	27,398,885
Advances from customers for construction services	47,303,791	4,216,910
Advances from sale consultancy agreements	115,943	446,211
TOTAL	73,477,345	32,062,006
In which:		
Advances from others	28,175,449	29,116,496
Advances from related parties	45,301,896	2,945,510

<sup>(</sup>i) These mainly represent advances to purchase apartments, villas and shophouses from customers.

## 17. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

DEIGATIONO		Currency	y: million VND
Opening balance	Payable for the period	Payment made in the period	Closing balance
4,964,096	538,827	(4,857,904)	645,019
110,791	359,912	(409,371)	61,332
500000 6000		NW 11/1 250	
2.539.156	1,196,507	(2,638,927)	1,096,736
	2)	A 200 C 201	518,3,90
10,546,738	4,629,462	(12,854,722)	2,321,477
	Opening balance	Opening balance       Payable for the period         4,964,096       538,827         110,791       359,912         2,539,156       1,196,507         2,932,695       2,534,215	Opening balance Payable for the period Payment made in the period  4,964,096 538,827 (4,857,904)  110,791 359,912 (409,371)  2,539,156 1,196,507 (2,638,927) 2,932,695 2,534,215 (4,948,520)

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 18. ACCRUED EXPENSES

19.

ACCRUED EXPENSES	C	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term Accrued costs for operated investment property and handed over inventory		
properties	14,676,610	15,106,330
Accured construction costs	8,023,308	8,633,720
Accrued commission fees and other		
expenses related to inventory properties	2,252,320	3,267,072
Accrued bond and loan interest expenses	2,361,502	1,268,243
Others	527,732	672,157
TOTAL	27,841,472	28,947,522
In which:		
Short-term accrual to others	25, 296, 775	27,101,041
Short-term accrual to related parties	2,544,697	1,846,481
Long torm		
Long-term  Accrued loan interest expenses	114,138	611,659
TOTAL	114,138	611,659
In which:		
Long-term accrual to others	114,138	42,099
Long-term accrual to others  Long-term accrual to related parties	- 114,100	569,560
DEFERRED REVENUE		
	(	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term		
Deferred revenue from real estate	192,300	337,390
management service	3,088	4,954
Deferred revenue from leasing service		
TOTAL	195,388	342,344
Long-term	w.	
Deferred revenue from real estate		200 100
management service	262,443	292,193
TOTAL	262,443	292,193
1 2 1 1 1 1 1		

### 20. OTHER PAYABLES

illion VNE	)
	illion VNE

Short-term Deposits and other agreements related to real estate Projects (i) 11,375,670 9,9	912,364 981,661
	181,661
Deposits for transfer of investments (iii) 5,129,226	991,500
Deposits from agents and tenants 498,466	162,004 499,292
Payables for Business and Investment Co- operation Contracts 12,445,011 6,6	666,910
opolation contracts	679,222
	424,460
TOTAL 76,168,638 96,	317,413
In which: Short-term payables to others Short-term payables to related parties 47,110,460 26,	792,026
	525,387
Long-term Deposits under business and investment co-	
operation contracts (ii)	689,339
Others 923,683	173,802
TOTAL 25,876,646 4,	863,141
In which: Short-term payables to others 22,544,181 1, Short-term payables to related parties	530,676
	332,465

- (i) These pertain to cash receipts under deposits and other agreements from customers and coporate counterparties related.
- (ii) These pertain to deposits from a number of affiliates/counterparties pursuant to Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts for purpose of operating and transferring cooperation of apartments, villas, shopping mall, school and hotel components of some company's Project.
- (iii) These are deposits from counterparties for the purpose of transferring Company's investments.
- (iv) These pertain to maintenance fund held on behalf of customers of the company's real estate projects, which will be handed over to Building Management Boards.

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

## 21. LOAN AND DEBT

			Curr	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2025	125	31 December 2024	024
	Balance	Payable amount	Balance	Payable amount
Short-term Coporate bonds (Notes 21.2) Short term loans from banks	15,917,049 20,593,749	15,917,049 20,593,749	8,946,271	8,946,271 19,210,127
Loans from corporate counterparties (Note 21.1)	19,445,619	19,445,619	297,550 15,700,472	297,550 15,700,472
	55,956,417	55,956,417	44,154,420	44,154,420
Long-term Corporate bond (Note 21.2)	20,361,676	20,361,676	22,335,768	22,335,768
Loans from corporate counterparties (Note 21.1) Loans from related parties (Note 29)	297,550 35,975,731 9,475,102	297,550 35,975,731 9,475,102	500,000 33,050,992 9,581,140	500,000 33,050,992 9,581,140
TOTAL	66,110,059	66,110,059	65,467,900	65,467,900
1810	122,066,476	122,066,476	109,622,320	109,622,320

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 21. LOANS AND DEBT (continued)

## 21.1 Loans from corporate counterparties

Loans from counterparties comprise:

Loans from counterparties with total principal of VND 297 billion, bearing the interest rate at 12% per annum and maturity date is in 2025 and 2026.

## 21.2 Corporate bonds

TOTAL	20,361,676	22,335,767
In Which: Current portion of Long-term corporate bonds	(15,917,049)	(8,946,271)
Coporate bonds	36,278,725	31,282,038
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	C	Currency: million VND

Currency: million VND

## Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 21. LOANS AND DEBT (continued)

## 21.2 Corporate bonds (continued)

Underwriter	Ending balance	Maturity date	Interest rate	Collateral
			Interest rate for first four periods is 8,8% per annum, Interest rate for the following periods is calculated as 12-months interest paid-in-	N
Techcom Securities Joint Stock Company			arrears VND saving rate (+) margin equal 2,8% per annum, Interest	Noise
Œ Si	2,080,038	November 2026	is paid every three months,	9
	1,496,653	October 2025	paid every three months	3
	100		Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	8
	1,995,538	October 2025	paid every three months	
	1,993,992	ACOC TodamousIA	Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	€
		CTOT ISCILLATION	Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	(i)
	1,992,861	December 2025	paid every three months	
	3.975.128		Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	€
		April 2026	paid every unee monus Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	9
	1,987,314	May 2026	paid every three months	3
	COC FOR C		Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	(E)
	2,481,282	June 2026	paid every three months	
	3,964,858		Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, Interest is	
		March 2027	paid every three months	0
	3,942,727	November and December 2027	Fixed interest rate of 12%/year throughout the bond term, interest is paid every three months	Ξ
	36 278 725			
	30,210,123			

<sup>(</sup>i) As at 30 June 2025, Collateral of this bond includes a real-estate project and other assets.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 22. LONG-TERM PROVISION

The long term provision balance at 30 June 2025 mainly include provisions related to a deposit for payments under commercial purchase contracts, provision for warranty costs for construction contracts and for inventory properties in accordance with the warranty clause in the sales and purchase agreements.

## 23. OWNERS' EQUITY

# 23.1 Increase and decrease in owners' equity

Currency: million VND Total	114,362,549	131,893,605	136,841,533 15,672,626 152,514,159	
Undistributed earnings	69,828,581	87,354,908	102,788,023 15,667,626 118,450,649	
Equity's Other Fund	25,000	30,000	30,000 5,000 35,000	
Share premium	965,023	965,023	(7,050,610)	
Issued share capital Share premium	43,543,675	43,543,675	41,074,120	
	Previous year As at 01 January 2024 - Net profit for the period	As at 30 June 2024	Current year As at 01 January 2025  Net profit for the period As at 30 June 2025	

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 23. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

## 23.2 Ordinary shares and preference shares

Unit: million VND

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Authorised shares	4,107,412,004	4,107,412,004
Issued shares	4,107,412,004	4,107,412,004
Ordinary shares	4,107,412,004	4,107,412,004
Preference shares		( <del>=</del> )
Treasury shares	×	-
Ordinary shares	-	
Preference shares	mineral contract and an experience of the second	
Shares in circulation	4,107,412,004	4,107,412,004
Ordinary shares	4,107,412,004	4,107,412,004
Preference shares	-	

The par value of outstanding shares: VND10,000 per share.

## 24. REVENUES

## 24.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

24.1	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of	services	
		C	urrency: million VND
		Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	Gross revenue		
	In which:		
	Revenue from sales of inventory	5,281,050	11,868,248
	properties  Revenue from rendering real estate	5,261,030	11,000,240
	management, leasing activities and		
	related services	3,227,680	1,713,863
	Revenue from rendering management,		
NOT THE OWNER OF THE OWNER.	sale consultancy and project development services	4,751,908	7918519
	development services	11.2.12.	
	Deductions		•
	Net revenue	13,260,638	21,500,630
	Net levelide		
24.2	Finance income		
			Currency: million VND
			######################################
	Income from Business and Investment Co-	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	operation contracts	12,662,680	6,386,778
	Interest income from deposits and loans	1,380,801	1,113,777
	Other finance income	163,084	745,051
	TOTAL _	14,206,565	8,245,605
	AND SERVICES DEN	DEDED.	
25.	COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES REN	DEKED	
		(	Currency: million VND
	es.	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	Cost of inventory properties sold	4,357,499	7,187,146
	Cost of rendering management, sale		
	consultancy and project development	2,788,571	1,271,579
	services Cost of general construction, design	2,700,371	1,271,070
	consultancy, supervisor services and others	2,797,893	7,338,184
	TOTAL	9,943,963	15,796,909
26.	FINANCE EXPENSES		
			Currency: million VND
		Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
	Loan interest and bond issuance expenses	3,121,907	1,682,262
	Other finance expenses	237,223	804,646
	TOTAL	3,359,129	2,486,909

## 27. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Currency: million VND

Salling avnances	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
Selling expenses Commission	12,106	207,590
Labour costs	6,355	108,980
Marketing costs	8,617	147,752
Others	3,277	56,187
TOTAL	30,355	520,509
	(6)	
General and administrative expenses		TO ALL DESCRIPTION OF THE SECOND CO.
Labour costs	56,653	23,884
Depreciation and amortisation	3,506	3,784
Administrative expenses	397,192	183,010
Donation	76,858	369,360
TOTAL	534,210	580,038

## 28. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company is 20% of taxable profits (in 2024: 20%),

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities, As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the Separate financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities,

## CIT expense

TOTAL	(198,048)	(817,958)
Current CIT expense Deferred tax expenses/(income)	(167,678) (30,360)	(880,108) 62,150
-	Quarter II 2025	Quarter II 2024
		Currency: VND

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2025 were as follows:

Currency: million VND

30 June 2025 31 December 2024

Related parties

Relationship Transactions

Short-term trade receivables (Note 6.1)

Snort-term trade recent	ables (Note 0.1)		
Thai Son JSC Subsidia	y Receivables from share transfer Receivables from	2,179,482	2,179,482
	management services	22,471	37,397
Green City Subsidia JSC	Other receivables  Receivables from  management services, sales consultant	11,277	30,408
	services, and others Receivables from general construction	23,403	266,163
	service	1,830	1,262
Vingroup Parent company	Other receivables Receivables from revenue sharing from education activity and	2,499	7,596
	related services	397,787	567,867
	Other receivables	-	40,405
Other affiliates	Other receivables	2,368,930	794,525
		5,007,679	3,925,105
Short-term advances t	o suppliers (Note 6.2)	e <sup>r</sup>	
Vincons JSC Subsidia	ry Advances for		
Vingroup Parent	construction service Advances for	42,064,029	11,243,450
company		10,293	304,807
Other affiliates	Other advances	1,023,648	38,213
	=	43,097,970	12,628,809

## Short-term Loan receivables (Note 7)

Details of short-term loan receivables as at 30 June 2025 as below:

Related parties	Relationship	Amount million VND	Interest rate % per annum	Collateral
Can Gio JSC Bao Lai JSC GS Cu Chi JSC Thai Son JSC Other affiliates	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	5,253,553 485,327 2,159,160 2,179,000 3,506,177 <b>13,583,217</b>	12% 12% 12% 12% 12%	None (i) None None

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2025

## 29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

(i) This loan is secured by assets of others subsidiary.

Details of long-term loan receivables as at 30 Jun 2025 as below:

Related parties	Relationship	Amount million VND	Interest rate % per annum	Collateral
Thai Son JSC Vinhomes	Subsidiary	2,536,000	12%	None
JSC Other affiliates	Subsidiary	220,000 195,036	12% 12%	None None

2,951,036

		8	Cur	rency: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Description	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Other short-t	erm receivab	les (Note 8)		
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Capital contribution for Business and Investment Co-operation Contract Receivables from shared profit of Business and Investment Co-operation	410,230	1,028,282
		Contract	632,849	2,684,401
Thai Son JSC	Subsidiary	Other receivables Capital contribution for Business and Investment	38,039	2,474
		Co-operation Contract Receivables from shared profit of Business and Investment Co-operation	2,824,766	2,824,766
		Contract	82,889	73,679
Green City	Subsidiary	Other recevables Capital contribution for	47,356	74,838
JSC	Subsidion	Business and Investment Co-operation Contract Receivables from interest	168,346	168,346
SV Western Hanoi 2 JSC	Subsidiary	Receivables from interest	315,472	72,296
	۸ ۴۴:۱: ۵ ۲۵	Other receivables Other receivables	664	
Other affiliates	Affiliate	Other receivables	12,958,682	1,827,980
			17,479,293	13,283,321

## 29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2025 were as follows (continued)

	20 2 2 20 20			Currency: million VND
Related	Relationship	Description	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
parties Other current a	secate (Notes 1	1)	30 June 2023	31 December 2024
Other current a	33613 (110163 )	''		
Vingroup	Parent company	Deposit for project		
	57.6 1.55	transferring	28,164,928	28,164,928
Thai Son JSC			15,000,000	-
Other affiliates			1,306,004	
			45,002,583	28,164,928
Short -tearm t	rade payables	(Note 16.1)		
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
State State September 2019 ( ) Security States States	Parent	Service		
Vingroup	company	payables	155,868	30,901
Vincons		Construction		
Construction	Subsidiary	payables Goods	2,010,752	3,018,991
Vincom retail		purchase		
operate JSC	Affiliate	payables Goods	26,660	150,378
Vincons		purchase		
Windows JSC	Subsidiary	payables	-	46,892
Other affiliates		Other payables	321,435	145,032
		, ,	2.514.715	3.392.194

## 29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2025 were as follows: (continued)

Currency: million VND

Related parties	Relationship	Description	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Other short - t	term payable	s (Note 20)		
Berjaya JSC	Subsidiary	Deposit received from investment cooperation contract	5,129,226	5,129,226
Vincom Retail JSC	Affiliate	Receive deposits for the purpose of	5,125,220	0,120,220
*****		transferring shares	833,304	833,304
Sinh Thai JSC	Affiliate	Payable from		
		payment on behalf	-	44,132
Vincom Retail	Affiliate	Payable from		72.000
Operation JSC		payment on behalf	17,452	78,822
Vefact JSC	Affiliate	Obligations payable under investment and business cooperation		
		contracts,	-	63,348,366
Other Affiliates		Other payables	23,078,196	91,537
		years (1045-201 € 2010 € 201 ° 101	29,058,178	69,525,387

## Other long-terrm payables (Note 20)

Related party	Relationship	Description		31 December
the state of the s	.5		30 June 2025	2024
Vinschool LLC	Affiliate	Receive deposits for the purpose of	8	
		transferring Deposit received for investment	143,126	143,126
	(¥	cooperation contract	736,376	736,376
Vincom Retail Operates JSC	Affiliate	Deposit received for investment		
		cooperation contract	1,330,200	1,330,200
Vincom Retail JSC	Affiliate	Deposit received for investment		
Landmark 81	Affiliate	cooperation contract Deposit received for	782,763	782,763
		investment cooperation contract	340,000	340,000
		,	3,332,465	3,332,465

## 29. BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2025 were as follows: (continued) Loans payables (Note 21)

Details of short-term loan payables as at 30 June 2025 as below:

				Maturity	
Related parties	Relationship	Amount million VND	Interest rate % per annum	date	Collateral
Metropolis JSC	Subsidiary	3,966,862	12%	2026	None
	Control of the contro	3,900,002	12 /0	2020	None
Sinh Thai LLC	Subsidiary	9,717,500	12%	2025	None
Cam Ranh Salt JSC	Subsidiary	265,900	12%	2025	None
Vinhomes Industrial zone- Hai Phong JSC	Subsidiary	983,771	12%	2025	None
Vinhomes Industrial	Subsidiary				
zone- Ha Tinh JSC		1,875,411	12%	2025	None
Others	Subsidiary	2,636,175	12%	2025	None
		19,445,619			

Details of long-term loan payables as at 30 June 2025 as below:

Related parties	Relationship	Amount million VND	Interest rate % per annum	Maturity date	Collateral
Thai Son JSC	Subsidiary	15,635,651	12%	2026	None
Others		20,340,080	12%	2025	None
		35,975,731			

### 30. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the separate balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the separate financial statements of the Company.

Nguyen Thi Thu Thao Preparer Do Duc Hieu Chief Accountant Nguyen Thu Hang Chief Executive Officer

Hanoi, Vietnam

30 July 2025



## CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN VINHOMES UNHOMES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Số/No.: 3007/2025/CV-VH

Vv: Giải trình chênh lệch báo cáo tài chính Quý II năm 2025

The: Explanation of differences in financial statements for the second quarter of 2025

## CỘNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM Độc lập – Tự do – Hạnh phúc

## THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence – Freedom - Happiness

Hà Nội, ngày 30 tháng 07 năm 2025 Hanoi, July 30, 2025

## GIẢI TRÌNH CHẾNH LỆCH BÁO CÁO TÀI CHÍNH QUÝ II NĂM 2025

## EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER OF 2025

Kính gửi/To: - Ủy Ban Chứng Khoán Nhà Nước (State Securities Commission of Vietnam)

- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh (Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange)
- Sở giao dịch chứng khoán Hà Nội (Hanoi Stock Exchange)

Căn cứ theo khoản 4, điều 14, chương III, Thông tư 96/2020/TT-BTC, ban hành ngày 16/11/2020 và có hiệu lực từ ngày 01/01/2021 của Bộ Tài Chính hướng dẫn về công bố thông tin trên thị trường chứng khoán, Công ty Cổ phần Vinhomes ("Công ty Vinhomes") xin được giải trình trường hợp lợi nhuận sau thuế thu nhập doanh nghiệp ('TNDN") thay đổi từ 10% trở lên so với cùng kỳ năm trước:

In accordance with Article 4, Clause 14, Chapter III, Circular 96/2020/TT-BTC, issued by the Ministry of Finance on November 16, 2020 and effective from January 1, 2021 guiding information disclosure on the stock market, Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("Vinhomes") would like to explain the case where net profit after corporate income tax ("Net profit after tax") changes by 10% or more compared to the same period last year:

(Đơn vị tính/ Unit: triệu VND/ million VND)

Chỉ tiêu/ Description	Q2-2025	Q2-2024	Chênh lệch/ Difference	%	Giải thích (Explanation)
Lợi nhuận sau thuế TNDN báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất (Consolidated financial report's Net profit after tax)	8.348.170	10.715.877	(2.367.707)	(22%)	(i)
Lợi nhuận sau thuế TNDN báo cáo tài chính riêng (Separate financial report's Net profit after tax)	14.079.212	9.554.009	4.525.203	47,36%	(ii)

(i) Lợi nhuận sau thuế TNDN theo báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất quý II năm 2025 giảm 2.368 tỷ đồng, tương ứng giảm 22% so với cùng kỳ năm 2024, chủ yếu do các nguyên nhân sau đây:

Net profit after tax of the consolidated financial statements for QII.2025 decreased by VND 2,368 billion, equivalent to a decrease of 22%, mainly due to the following reasons:

- Lợi nhuận gộp từ bán hàng và cung cấp dịch vụ giảm 4.164 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu do doanh thu của hoạt động bán hàng và cung cấp dịch vụ trong kỳ giảm so với cùng kỳ; Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering services decreased by VND 4,164 billion, mainly due to the decrease in revenues during the period compared to the same period;
- Doanh thu từ hoạt động tài chính tăng 1.069 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu do tăng doanh thu tài chính khác;
  - Revenue from financial activities increased by VND 1,069 billion, mainly due to the increase in other financial income;
- Chi phí tài chính tăng 832 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu do tăng số dư vay so với kỳ trước để
  phục vụ hoạt động kinh doanh;
  - Financial expenses increased by VND 832 billion, mainly due to the increase in loan balances compared to the same period to serve business activities;
- Chi phí bán hàng giảm 690 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước, chủ yếu do giảm chi phí bán hàng của hoạt động chuyển nhượng bất động sản;
  - Selling expenses decreased by VND 690 billion, mainly due to the decrease in selling expenses of real estate properties handed over in the period;
- Chi phí thuế thu nhập doanh nghiệp hiện hành giảm 975 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước do giảm lợi nhuận tính thuế.
  - Current corporate income tax expenses decreased by VND 975 billion due to the decrease of taxable profit.
- (ii) Lợi nhuận sau thuế TNDN theo báo cáo tài chính riêng quý II năm 2025 tăng 4.525 tỷ đồng, tương ứng tăng 47,36% so với cùng kỳ năm 2024, chủ yếu do các nguyên nhân sau đây:

Net profit after tax of the separate financial statements for QII.2025 increased by VND 4,525 billion, equivalent to the increase of 47.35%, mainly due to the following reasons:

- Lợi nhuận gộp từ bán hàng và cung cấp dịch vụ giảm 2.387 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu doanh thu của hoạt động bán hàng và cung cấp dịch vụ trong kỳ giảm so với cùng kỳ;
  - Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering services decreased by VND 2,387 billion yoy, mainly due 1010261 the decrease in revenues during the period compared to the same period;
- Doanh thu từ hoạt động tài chính tăng 5.961 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu do tăng thu nhập từ cổ tức và hoạt động tài chính khác;
  - Revenue from financial activities increased by VND 5,961 billion, mainly due to a sharp increase in income from dividends and other financial income;
- Chi phí tài chính tăng 872 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước chủ yếu do tăng số dư vay so với kỳ trước để phục vụ hoạt động kinh doanh;
  - Financial expenses increased by VND 872 billion, mainly due to the increase in loan balances compared to the same period to serve business activities;
- Chi phí bán hàng giảm 490 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước, chủ yếu do giảm chi phí bán hàng của hoạt động chuyển nhượng bất động sản;
  - Selling expenses decreased by VND 490 billion, mainly due to the decrease in selling expenses of real estate properties handed over in the period;

 Chi phí thuế thu nhập doanh nghiệp hiện hành giảm 1.048 tỷ đồng so với cùng kỳ năm trước do giảm lợi nhuận tính thuế.

Current corporate income tax expenses decreased by VND 1,048 billion due to the decrease of taxable profit

Noi nhận/Recipients:

- Như trên /As above.

- Luu / Archived

Người đại diện theo pháp luật/

Legal representative

Tổng GIÁM ĐốC Nguyễn Chu Hàng

