REVIEWED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

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REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

The Board of Management has the honor of submitting this report and the reviewed financial statements for the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025.

1. Business highlights

Establishment

Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") is a joint stock company operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, first registered on June 01, 2016 and for the 15th changing registration on August 08, 2025 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Long Province, the change content is to update the business address.

Structure of ownership

The Company is a joint-stock company.

The Company's principal activities

The Company's business lines are trading in functional food products and leasing premises.

Stock code: GPC (UPCOM).

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park Phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province, Vietnam.

2. Financial position and results of operation

The Company's financial position and results of operation in the period are presented in the attached financial statements.

3. Board of Management, Board of Supervisors and Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant

The Board of Management, Board of Supervisors, Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant holding office in the period and at the reporting date include:

Board of Management

Mr.	Dang Duc Thanh	Chairman
Ms.	Dang Bich Hong	Member
Ms.	Lam Thi Dieu Huong	Member

Mr. Pham Hoang Luong Independent member

Board of Supervisors

Mr.	Hang Nhat Quang	Chief Supervisor
Mr.	Tran Cong Loc	Member
Mr.	Nguyen Minh Cuong	Member

Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant

Mr.	Le Dinh Phong	General Director	
Mr.	Nguyen Cong Thanh	Deputy General Director	

Deputy General Director of Finance concurrently Chief

Mr. Nguyen Quoc Viet Accountant

Legal representatives of the Company in the period and to the reporting date are:

Mr. Dang Duc Thanh Chairman
Mr. Le Dinh Phong General Director

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

4. Auditor

Moore AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited has been appointed as an independent auditor for the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025.

5. Statement of the Responsibility of the Board of General Directors in respect of the Financial Statements

The Board of General Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2025, as well as its results of operation and cash flows for the period then ended. In order to prepare these financial statements, the Board of General Directors have considered and complied with the following matters:

- Select appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- Mkde judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- The financial statements of the Company are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and that the financial statements are prepared in compliance with the registered accounting policies stated in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The Board of General Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and thus taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

6. Approval of the Financial Statements

In the Board of Management's opinion, the financial statements consisting of Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2025, Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Financial Statements enclosed with this report give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as well as its operating results and cash flows for the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025.

The financial statements are prepared in compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting System.

VirloLong Province, August 29, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Management

CÔ PHẨN TẬP ĐOÀN

VINH

Dang Duc Thanh

Chairman



MOORE AISC Auditing and Informatics Services Company Limited

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TO: SHAREHOLDERS, BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

We have reviewed the interim financial statements of **Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation** (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), consisting of Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2025, Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement for the first six-month period of 2025 and Notes to the Financial Statements as set out on page 05 to page 47, which were prepared on August 29, 2025.

Responsibility of the Board of General Directors

The Board of General Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and other statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements and also for the internal control that the Board of General Directors considers necessary for the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibility of the Auditor

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Auditing Standards on the Review Engagement No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information performed by the independent auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

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Auditor's opinion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim financial position of Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and other statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements.

Emphasis matter

We would like to draw your attention to the following note in the Notes to the financial statements, specifically:

The deposit for the acquisition of real estate at 259 Tran Xuan Soan, Tan Hung Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, with the Chairman of the Company and his spouse, as presented in Note V.5 "Other receivables", has a balance of VND 140.300.000.000 as at June 30, 2025. As at the date of preparation of the financial statements, the Company has not yet completed the transfer procedures.

This matter of emphasis does not affect the audit opinion expressed.

Ho Chi Minh City, August 29, 2025

Moore AISC Auditing & Informatics Services Company Limited

Pham Van Vinh **General Director**

Certificate of Audit Practice Registration

No.: 0112-2023-005-1

BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2025 Unit: VND

	ASSETS	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
A.	CURRENT ASSETS	100		382.593.709.317	401.534.192.482
I.	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	560.881.114	13.029.594.958
	Cash	111		560.881.114	13.029.594.958
2.	Cash equivalents	112		-	-
II.	Short-term financial investments	120	V.2a	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000
	Trading securities	121			
	Provision for devaluation of trading securities	122		-	-
	Held-to-maturity investments	123		50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000
III.	Short-term accounts receivable	130		315.484.683.630	316.523.263.703
1.		131	V.3	28.027.020.926	17.602.153.893
2.	Short-term prepayments to suppliers	132	V.4	12.724.780.826	10.470.229.297
3.	Short-term intercompany receivables	133		-	-
4.	Construction contract-in-progress receivables	134			
5.	Receivables from short-term loans	135		-	
6.	Other short-term receivables	136	V.5a	275.303.667.624	289.021.666.259
7.	Provision for short-term doubtful debts	137	V.3	(570.785.746)	(570.785.746)
8.	Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	-
IV.	Inventories	140	V.7	16.413.906.360	21.107.465.518
1.	Inventories	141		16.413.906.360	21.107.465.518
2.	Provision for devaluation of inventories	149		-	-
v.	Other current assets	150		134.238.213	873.868.303
1.	Short-term prepaid expenses	151	V.8a	134.238.213	101.119.093
2.	Deductible value added tax	152			772.749.210
3.	Taxes and other receivables from the State				
	Budget	153		-	-
4.	Repurchase and sale of Government's bonds	154		-	-
5.	Other current assets	155			-1-

BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

	ASSETS	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
В.	LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		350.633.108.217	349.918.402.435
I.	Long-term accounts receivable	210		591.680.750	556.250.000
1.	Long-term trade receivables	211			-
	Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212			-
3.	*** 11 1.10 1.10	213		-	
4.	Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	•
5.	Receivables from long-term loans	215		-	-
6.	Other long-term receivables	216	V.5b	591.680.750	556.250.000
7.	Provision for long-term doubtful debts	219			-
II.	Fixed assets	220		10.454.102.586	10.775.281.920
1.	Tangible fixed assets	221	V.9	7.936.482.902	8.227.664.156
	- Cost	222		10.723.000.000	10.723.000.000
	- Accumulated depreciation	223		(2.786.517.098)	(2.495.335.844)
2.	Finance lease assets	224			-
	- Cost	225		-	-
	- Accumulated depreciation	226		-	
3.	Intangible fixed assets	227	V.10	2.517.619.684	2.547.617.764
	- Cost	228		2.999.808.000	2.999.808.000
	- Accumulated amortisation	229		(482.188.316)	(452.190.236)
III.	Investment properties	230	V.11	58.320.708.362	58.598.333.360
	- Cost	231		62.300.000.000	62.300.000.000
	- Accumulated depreciation	232		(3.979.291.638)	(3.701.666.640)
IV.	Long-term assets in progress	240		30.515.069.106	29.895.729.610
1.	Long-term works in progress	241		-	-
2.	Construction in progress	242	V.12	30.515.069.106	29.895.729.610
V.	Long-term financial investments	250	V.2b	250.188.525.324	249.664.350.082
1.	Investments in subsidiaries	251		60.000.000.000	60.000.000.000
2.	Investments in associates, joint-ventures	252		183.000.000.000	183.000.000.000
3.	Investments in equity of other entities	253		7.250.000.000	7.250.000.000
4.	Provision for decline in the value of long-term				
	investments	254		(61.474.676)	(585.649.918)
5.	Held-to-maturity investments	255			
VI.	Other non-current assets	260		563.022.089	428.457.463
1.	Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.8b	563.022.089	428.457.463
2.	Deferred tax assets	262		-	
3.	Equipment, materials, spare parts	263			
4.	Other non-current assets	268		<u> </u>	-
	TOTAL ASSETS	270		733.226.817.534	751.452.594.917
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BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
C.	LIABILITIES	300		151.682.455.855	170.800.736.486
I.	Current liabilities	310		142.219.328.853	160.771.187.770
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.13	441.806.268	380.623.214
2.	C	312		-	1.915.000
3.	Taxes and other payables to the State Budget	313	V.14	952.198.104	320.489.336
	Payables to employees	314		527.158.874	181.299
5.	Short-term accrued expenses	315		43.000.995	61.748.928
6.	Short-term intercompany payables	316		-	•
7.	Construction contract-in-progress payables	317		•	
8.	Short-term unrealized revenue	318		4.909.091	4.909.091
9.	Other short-term payables	319	V.15a	25.604.837.422	16.347.050.872
10.	Short-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	320	V.16a	114.006.053.270	143.244.967.238
11.	Provision for short-term payables	321		-	•
	Bonus and welfare fund	322	V.17	639.364.829	409.302.792
13.	Price stabilisation fund	323		-	-
14.	Repurchase and sale of Government's bond	324			
II.	Long-term liabilities	330		9.463.127.002	10.029.548.716
	Long-term trade payables	331		-	
	Long-term advances from customers	332			
	Long-term accrued expenses	333		-	
	Inter-company payables for operating capital received	334		_	_
5	Long-term intercompany payables	335		_	
	Long-term unrealized revenue	336		_	
	Other long-term payables	337			
	Long-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	338	V.16b	9.463.127.002	10.029.548.716
0	Convertible bond	339	٧.100	-	10.023.5 10.710
-	Preferred shares	340			_
	Deferred tax liabilities	341			
	Provision for long-term payables	342			
	Fund for science and technology development	343			
13.	i and to belefice and technicion by development		-		

BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
D.	OWNERS' EQUITY	400		581.544.361.679	580.651.858.431
I.	Owners' equity	410	V.18	581.544.361.679	580.651.858.431
1.	Owners' capital	411		540.721.430.000	540.721.430.000
	- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		540.721.430.000	540.721.430.000
	- Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2.	Share premium	412		-	-
3.	Bond conversion option	413		-	•
4.	Owners' other capital	414) -	-
5.	Treasury shares	415		-	-
6.	Difference upon assets revaluation	416		-	-
7.	Foreign exchange differences	417		-	-
8.	Investment and development fund	418			-
9.	Fund for support of arrangement of enterprises	419		-	-
10	Other funds	420		-	L .
11	. Undistributed earnings	421		40.822.931.679	39.930.428.431
	- Undistributed earnings accumulated to the				
	end of prior period	421a		39.565.128.431	33.947.039.986
	- Undistributed earnings in this period	421b		1.257.803.248	5.983.388.445
12	. Investment reserve for basic construction	422			•
II.	Budget sources and other funds	430		_	
	TOTAL RESOURCES	440		733.226.817.534	751.452.594.917

PREPARED BY

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tuyen

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Quoc Viet

VINE Dinh Phong

Vinh Long Province, August 29, 2025
CENERAL CHRECTOR

Cổ PHẦN TẬP ĐOÀN

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INCOME STATEMENT

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered	01	VI.1	37.051.651.407	24.386.372.268
2. Revenue deductions	02		-	-
3. Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered	10	VI.2	37.051.651.407	24.386.372.268
4. Cost of sales	11	VI.3	26.528.077.599	18.969.143.108
5. Gross profit	20		10.523.573.808	5.417.229.160
(20 = 10 - 11)				
6. Financial income	21	VI.4	1.017.293.461	1.129.971.744
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.5	2.265.245.154	(3.200.196.060)
In which: interest expenses	23		2.789.419.785	1.285.222.981
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.6	1.630.627.579	1.194.410.230
9. General and administration expenses	26	VI.7	5.696.362.524	4.367.389.701
10. Operating profit	30		1.948.632.012	4.185.597.033
(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))				
11. Other income	31	VI.8	201.646.600	1.079.815.966
12. Other expenses	32	VI.9	323.864.947	448.969.905
13. Other profit $(40 = 31 - 32)$	40		(122.218.347)	630.846.061
14. Net accounting profit before tax	50		1.826.413.665	4.816.443.094
(50 = 30 + 40)				
15. Current corporate income tax expenses	51	VI.11	568.610.417	1.062.318.682
16. Deferred corporate income tax expenses	52		-	-
17. Net profit after corporate income tax	60		1.257.803.248	3.754.124.412
(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)				

Vinh Long Province, August 29, 2025

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN TẬP ĐOÀM

ENERAL DIRECTOR

PREPARED BY

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tuyen

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Quoc Viet

REENT

Le Dinh Phong

GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under indirect method)

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Net profit before tax	01		1.826.413.665	4.816.443.094
2. Adjustments for				
- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment				
properties	02	V.9,10,11	598.804.332	598.804.332
- Provisions	03	VI.5	(524.175.242)	(4.485.419.045)
- Gain/losses from foreign exchange differences upon				
revaluation of monetary assets denominated in				
foreign currencies	04		_	(1.105.121.07()
- Gains/losses from investing activities	05	VI.4	(1.016.852.609)	(1.125.131.076)
- Interest expense	06	VI.5	2.789.419.785	1.285.222.981
- Other adjustments	07			-
3. Profit from operating activities before changes in				1 000 020 200
working capital	08		3.673.609.931	1.089.920.286
- Increase (-)/ decrease (+) in receivables	09		(42.153.168.012)	(113.614.720.670)
- Increase (-)/ decrease (+) in inventories	10		4.693.559.158	(5.781.784.611)
- Increase (+)/ decrease (-) in payables (excluding				
interest payables, income tax payables)	11		8.599.549.244	110.604.445.600
- Increase (-)/ decrease (+) in prepaid expenses	12		(167.683.746)	219.668.617
- Increase (-)/ decrease (+) in trading securities	13		-	-
- Interest paid	14		(1.163.311.362)	(1.284.246.010)
- Corporate income tax paid	15		(337.275.070)	-
- Other receipts from operating activities	16			
- Other payments on operating activities	17		(135.237.963)	(629.167.000)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities	20		(26.989.957.820)	(9.395.883.788)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(1.119.339.496)	(14.704.773.048)
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other	21		(1111)10031130)	(
long-term assets	22			_
3. Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other				
entities	23		-	-
Collection of loans, proceeds from sales of debt	24		7	
instruments of other entities				-
5. Investments in other entities	25		-	-
6. Proceeds from divestment in other entities	26		43.310.000.000	14.410.000.000
7. Dividends and interest received	27		2.135.919.154	3.092.277.192
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities	30		44.326.579.658	2.797.504.144

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Under indirect method)

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
1. Proceeds from issue of shares and capital contribution	31		-	
2. Payments for shares returns and repurchases	32		-	
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	IX.1	20.293.918.405	28.136.283.936
4. Repayments of borrowings	34	IX.2	(50.099.254.087)	(25.526.843.190)
5. Payments for finance lease liabilities	35		-	-
6. Dividends and profits paid	36			-
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities	40		(29.805.335.682)	2.609.440.746
Net cash inflows/(outflows) $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		(12.468.713.844)	(3.988.938.898)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		13.029.594.958	5.400.012.979
Effect of foreign exchange differences	61		-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period $(70 = 50+60+61)$	70	V.1	560.881.114	1.411.074.081

PREPARED BY

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tuyen

Nguyen Quoc Viet

Vinh Long Province, August 29, 2025

CENERAL DIRECTOR

Cổ PHẨN

TẬP ĐOÀN

GREEN+

Vide Dinh Phong

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Establishment

Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") is a joint stock company operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 1301009978, first registered on June 01, 2016 and for the 15th changing registration on August 08, 2025 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Long Province, the change content is to update the business address.

Structure of ownership: The Company is a joint-stock company.

Stock code: GPC (UPCOM).

Head office: Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park Phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province, Vietnam.

2. Business sector

The Company's business fields are trade and services.

3. Principal activities

The Company's business lines are trading in functional food products and leasing premises.

4. Normal operating cycle

Normal operating cycle of the Company lasts 12 months of the normal fiscal year beginning from January 01 and ending on December 31.

5. Operations in the accounting period affecting the financial statements

None.

6. Total employees to Jun. 30, 2025: 29 persons (Dec. 31, 2024: 29 persons).

7. Corporate structure

7.1. List of subsidiary

As at Jun. 30, 2025, the Company has one (01) directly owned subsidiary:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	% of contributed capital	% of ownership	% of voting right	
Tien Thinh Organic Corporation	Fertilizer business	85,7%	85,7%	85,7%	

7.2. List of associate

As at Jun. 30, 2025, the Company has one (01) associate:

Name of associate	Principal activities	% of contributed capital	% of ownership	% of voting right
International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company	Architectural and related technical consulting activities	22,9%	22,9%	22,9%

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

7.3. List of affiliated entities without legal status for dependent accounting

Entities' name	Address		
Ho Chi Minh City Branch - Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation	2nd Floor, Green+ Building, No. 73-75 Tran Trong Cung, Tan Thuan Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.		
Hanoi Branch - Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation	Room 312, 3rd Floor, VCCI Building, No. 9 Dao Duy Anh Street, Kim Lien Ward, Hanoi City, Vietnam.		
Business location - Green Plus Joint Stock Corporation	No. 72, Ham Nghi Street, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang City, Vietnam.		

8. Disclosure on comparability of information in the Financial Statements

The selection of figures and information need to be presented in the financial statements has been implemented on the principle of comparability among corresponding accounting periods.

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND REPORTING CURRENCY

1. Fiscal year

The fiscal year is begun on January 01 and ended December 31 annually.

2. Reporting currency

Vietnam Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

III. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES

1. Applicable Accounting System

The Company applies Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, Circular 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amended and supplemented a number of articles of Circular 200/2014/TT-BTC and circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards of the Ministry of Finance in preparing and presenting financial statements.

2. Disclosure of compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting System

The Board of General Directors ensures compliance with the requirements of Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Corporate Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT- BTC dated December 22, 2014, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 amended and supplemented a number of articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC as well as circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards of the Ministry of Finance in preparing and presenting financial statements.

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation

Financial statements are made on the basis of accrual accounting (except for information related to cash flows).

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

2. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. The balance of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period are converted at the exchange rate on that date.

Exchange rate differences arising during the period from transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in financial income or financial expenses. Exchange rate differences due to revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period after clearing the increase and decrease difference are recorded in financial income or financial expenses.

Principles for determining exchange rates for arising transactions

The exchange rate used to convert transactions arising in foreign currency is the actual exchange rate at the time the transaction occurs. The actual exchange rate for transactions in foreign currency is determined as follows:

Actual exchange rate when foreign currencies are traded (foreign currencies spot contracts, forward contracts, futures contracts, options contracts, swap contracts): exchange rate stated in the foreign currencies trading contract signed between the Company and the bank.

For capital contributions or receipt of capital contributions: foreign currency buying rate of the bank where the Company opens an account to receive capital from investors at the capital contribution date.

For receivables: buying rate of the commercial bank where the Company appoints the customer to pay at the time the transaction arises.

For liabilities: selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company plans to transact at the time the transaction occurs.

For asset purchase transactions or expenses paid immediately in foreign currency (not through accounts payable): buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company makes payment.

All foreign currency transactions arising during the period of foreign currency transactions (foreign currency purchases and sales, capital contributions or receipts, recognition of receivables and payables, asset purchases or expenses paid immediately in foreign currency) are accounted for at the actual exchange rate at the time the transaction occurs.

Principles for determining exchange rates at the end of the accounting period

- The actual exchange rates upon revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies, which have been classified as assets, will be the buying rate of the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam. The buying rate as at June 30, 2025: 25.940 VND/USD.
- The actual exchange rates upon revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies, which have been classified as liabilities, will be the selling rate stated of the Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam. The exchange rate as at June 30, 2025: 26.300 VND/USD.

Principle for determining book rate

When recovering receivables, deposits or payments for payables in foreign currencies, the Company uses specific identification book rate.

When making payment by foreign currencies, the Company uses moving weighted average rate.

3. Principle for determining the effective interest rate used to discount cash flows

The effective interest rate used to discount cash flows of items measured at present value, amortized cost, or recoverable amount is determined based on market interest rates applicable to the borrowings of the entity.

4. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

5. Principles of accounting for financial investments

Principles of accounting for held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments include: term bank deposits.

Held-to-maturity investments are initially recorded at cost including purchase price and costs related to the investment transaction. After initial receipt, these investments are recorded at their recoverable amount. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recorded on the income statement on an accrual basis. Interest earned before the Company holds it is recorded as a deduction from the original price at the time of purchase.

Principles of accounting for held-to-maturity investments investments in subsidiary, associate

A subsidiary is an enterprise controlled by the Parent Company. Control is achieved when the Parent Company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of the investee enterprise in order to obtain economic benefits from that enterprise's activities.

An associate is an enterprise over which the Company has significant influence but not control over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is the right to participate in making financial and operating policy decisions of the investee enterprise but not to control these policies.

Investments in subsidiary and associate are initially recorded at cost, including the purchase price or capital contribution plus costs directly related to the investment. In case of investment in non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recorded according to the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the time of arising.

Dividends and profits of periods before the investment is purchased are accounted for as a decrease in the value of that investment itself. Dividends and profits of periods after the investment is purchased are recorded as revenue. Dividends received in shares are only tracked by the number of additional shares, the value of shares received is not recorded.

Provisions for losses on investments in subsidiary and associate are made when the subsidiary or associate suffer losses at a level equal to the difference between the actual contributed capital of the parties at subsidiary and associate, and the actual equity multiplied by the Company's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual capital contribution of the parties at the subsidiary, associate.

Principles of accounting for investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include investments in equity instruments but the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the invested party.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution plus direct costs related to investment activities. Dividends and profits of periods before the investment is purchased are accounted for as a decrease in the value of that investment itself. Dividends and profits of periods after the investment is purchased are recorded as revenue. Dividends received in shares are only tracked by the number of additional shares, the value of shares received is not recorded/recorded at par value (except for state-owned companies that comply with current provisions of law).

Provisions for losses on investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the time of reporting, provisions are made based on the losses of the investee with the level of provision equal to the difference between the actual contributed capital of the parties at other entities and the actual equity multiplied by the Company's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual capital contribution of the parties at the other entities.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

6. Principles for recording trade receivables and other receivables

Receivables are stated at book value less provisions for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Receivables from customers reflect commercial receivables arising from purchase-sale transactions between the Company and the buyer who is an independent unit of the Company, including receivables from export sales entrusted to other units.
- Other receivables reflect non-commercial receivables, not related to purchase-sale transactions.

Provision for doubtful debts is made for each doubtful debt based on the overdue age of the debts or the expected level of loss that may occur, specifically as follows:

- For overdue receivables: The Company estimates the the loss in value and is inherently difficult to recover, and makes a provision according to prevailing regulations.
- For receivables that are not overdue but are unlikely to be recovered: base on the expected level of loss to set up provisions.

Increases, decreases in provision for doubtful debt balances that need to be appropriated at the end of the accounting period are recorded in the general and administration expenses.

7. Principles for recording inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The original cost of inventory is determined as follows:

- Raw materials and goods: includes purchasing costs and other directly related costs incurred to bring inventory to its current location and condition.
- Cost of production and business in progress: only includes the cost of main raw materials.

Method of calculating inventories' value: First In, First Out (FIFO).

Method of accounting for the inventories: Perpetual method.

Method for making provisions for devaluation of inventory (if any): Provision for devaluation of inventory is established for each inventory items whose original price is greater than its net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to consume them.

Increases, decreases in the balances of provision for devaluation of inventory that need to be appropriated at the end of the accounting period are recorded in cost of goods sold.

8. Principles for recording fixed assets

8.1. Principles for recording tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises all expenditures of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred beyond their originally assessed standard of performance are capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets when they have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of those tangible fixed assets. The expenditures which do not meet the above conditions are charged to the expenses in the period.

When the tangible fixed assets are sold or disposed, their original costs and the accumulated depreciation which have been written off and any gain or loss from disposal of assets are recorded in income or expenses in the period.

Determination of original costs of tangible fixed assets:

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

8.1. Principles for recording tangible fixed assets (cont'd)

Tangible fixed assets purchased

The original cost of purchased tangible fixed assets shall consist of the purchase price (less (-) trade discounts or reduction), taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed assets are put into operation such as fees for installation and trial operation of fixed assets; specialists and other direct costs.

Fixed assets which are buildings, structures attached to land use right, the value of land use right is computed separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

8.2. Principles for recording intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are recorded at the original cost less (-) the accumulated amortisation. The original cost of intangible fixed assets includes all costs that the Company must incur to acquire fixed assets up to the time of putting such assets into a state of readiness for use. Expenses related to intangible fixed assets incurred after initial recognition are recognized as production and business expenses in the period unless these expenses are associated with a specific intangible fixed asset and increase the economic benefits from these assets.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or liquidated, the original cost and accumulated amortisation are wiped out and profits, losses arising from liquidation are recorded in income or expenses in the year.

Determination of original costs of intangible fixed assets:

Land use rights

Land use rights are all actual expenses the Company has paid that are directly related to used land, including: money spent to have land use rights, costs for compensation and site clearance, site leveling, registration fees, etc. When the land use rights are purchased along with houses and architectural objects on the land, the value of land use rights is determined separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

8.3. Method of depreciating and amortising fixed assets

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

The estimated useful life for assets is as follows:

Buildings and structures

40 years

Transportation and facilities

10 years

Land use rights with a limited term are amortized in accordance with the land allocation period (50 years).

9. Principles for recording construction in progress

Construction in progress costs reflect costs (including interest costs) directly related, in accordance with the Company's accounting policies, to assets under construction, machinery and equipment being installed to serve production, lease and management purposes as well as costs related to ongoing repairs of fixed assets. These assets are recorded at cost and are not depreciated.

These costs are capitalised as an additional cost of asset when the works have been completed, the works have been finalized, the asset is handed over and ready for use.

10. Principles for recording and depreciating investment properties

Principles for recording investment property: Investment property is the right to use land, a house, a part of a house or infrastructure owned or financially leased by the Company being used for making profit from renting or waiting for price increase. Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Original cost of investment property: All expenses that the Company has to spend or the fair value of the amounts given in exchange to acquire investment property up to the time of purchase or complete construction of that investment property.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

10. Principles for recording and depreciating investment properties (cont'd)

The original cost of a purchased investment property comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Directly attributable expenditure includes, for example, professional fees for legal services, registration tax and other related expenses.

Investment property used for lease: depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the investment property.

The estimated useful lives of investment properties used for lease are as follows:

Buildings and structures

40 years

Investment property held for price increase is not depreciated. In cases where there is solid evidence that investment property held for price increase has devalued compared to its market value and the devaluation amount can be determined reliably, then investment property held for price increase is recorded as a decrease in original cost and the loss is recognised in the cost of goods sold.

11. Principles for recording prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual expenses that have been incurred but are related to business results of many accounting periods. Method of allocating prepaid expenses: The calculating and allocating of prepaid expenses to business operating expenses of each period are according to the straight-line method.

The Company's prepaid expenses include the following expenses:

Tools and supplies: Tools and supplies already put into use are allocated to expenses according to the straight-line method with an allocation period of no more than 36 months.

Insurance expense: Fire insurance, property insurance that businesses buy and pay at once for many accounting periods.

12. Principles for recording liabilities

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received. Liabilities are recognised based on reasonable estimates of the amount payable.

The classification of payables as trade payables, accrued expenses, internal payables and other payables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Trade payables reflect payables arising from purchases of goods, services, assets and the seller is an independent unit of the Company, including payables upon import through the trustee.
- Other payables reflect non-commercial payables, not related to transactions of buying, selling or providing with goods and services.

13. Principles for recording borrowings

Borrowings are total amounts the Company owes to banks and other objects (excluding borrowings under the form of bond or preferred stock issuance which require the issuer to repurchase at a certain time in the future).

Borrowings are monitored in detail according to creditor, agreement and borrowed asset.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

14. Principles for recording and capitalising borrowing costs

In cases where borrowing costs are directly related to construction investment or production of unfinished assets that need a long enough period of time (over 12 months) to be put into use for the intended purpose or sold, then these borrowing costs are capitalised. For separate loans serving the construction of fixed assets, investment property, the interest is capitalised even if the construction period is less than 12 months. Income arising from the temporary investment of loans is recorded as a decrease in the cost of the relevant assets.

For general loans that are used for construction investment purposes or production of unfinished assets, the capitalised borrowing costs are determined according to the capitalisation rate for the average cumulative cost arising for investment in capital construction or production of that asset. The capitalisation rate is calculated according to the weighted average interest rate of outstanding loans during the year, except for separate loans serving the purpose of creating a specific asset.

15. Principles for recording accrued expenses

Accrued expenses reflect amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or provided to the buyer but not yet paid due to lack of invoices or insufficient accounting documents and amounts payable to employees in terms of vacation wages, production and business expenses that must be accrued.

16. Principles for recoding unearned revenue

Unearned revenue is the revenue which will be recorded in correspondence with the obligations that the Company must perform in one or more following accounting periods.

Unearned revenue include amounts of customers paid in advance for one or many accounting periods for asset lease.

Method of allocating unearned revenue is on the principle of conformity with obligations that the Company will perform in next one or several accounting periods.

17. Principles for recording owner's equity

Owner's contributed capital

Owner's contributed capital is recorded according to the actual amount of capital contributed by shareholders.

Principles for recording undistributed profit

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after setting up funds according to the Charter of the Company as well as the provisions of law and approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders which takes into account non-monetary items included in undistributed aftertax profits may affect cash flow and ability to pay dividends such as profits due to revaluation of assets contributed as capital, profits due to revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-monetary items.

Dividends are recorded as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

18. Principles and method for recording revenue and other income

Revenue from goods sold

Sales revenue is recognized when the following five (5) conditions are simultaneously met: 1. The enterprise has transferred most of the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the product or goods to the buyer; 2. The enterprise no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods; 3. Revenue is measured with relative certainty. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased products or goods under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the products and goods (except in cases where customers have the right to return goods in the form of exchange for other goods or services); 4. The enterprise receives or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction; 5. Costs related to sales transactions can be identified.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

18. Principles and method for recording revenue and other income (cont'd)

Revenue from service rendered

Revenue from a service rendered is recognised when the outcome of that transaction can be determined reliably. In case the service is performed in many periods, the revenue recognised in the period is based on the results of the work completed at the end of the accounting period.

The results of a service rendered are determined when all four (4) conditions are met: 1. Revenue can be determined with relative certainty. When the contract stipulates that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased services under specific conditions, revenue is recognised only when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the purchased services; 2. Economic benefits from the transaction providing that service can be obtained; 3. The work completed at the end of the accounting period can be determined; 4. The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service provision transaction can be determined.

Financial income

Financial income is recognised when two conditions are simultaneously satisfied: 1. It is possible to gain benefits from that transaction; 2. Revenue is determined with relative certainty.

Financial income includes: interest, dividends, shared profits and other financial income of the enterprise.

Interest is recognised on an accrual basis, determined on the balance of deposit accounts and the actual interest rate of each period.

When an amount which has been recorded as an income becomes irrecoverable, such irrecoverable or uncertainly recoverable amount must be recorded as expense incurred in the period, rather than reducing revenue.

19. Principles and method of recording cost of sales

Cost of sales are the cost of products, goods, services during the period. The cost of sales is recorded at the date the transaction incurs or likely to incur in the future, regardless of whether payment has been made. The cost of sales and revenue shall be recorded simultaneously on matching principles. Expenses exceeding normal consumption level are recorded immediately to the cost of sales on conservatism principle.

20. Principles and method for recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include expenses or loss related to the financial investment, borrowing cost; Provision for devaluation of financial investment, loss from foreign exchange and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recorded in details by their content and determined reliably when there are sufficient evidences on these expenses.

21. Principles and methods for recording current corporate income tax expenses

Corporate income tax includes current corporate income tax expense incurred during the period, which serves as the basis for determining the after-tax operating results of the Company for the current accounting period.

Current income tax is a tax calculated based on taxable income. Taxable income differs from accounting profit due to adjustment of temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses as well as adjustment of non-taxable income and transferred losses.

The tax payable to the State budget will be finalised with the tax office. Difference between the tax payable specified in the book and the tax amounts under finalisation will be adjusted when the tax finalisation has been issued by the tax office.

Tax policies the Company should comply with are as follows: Tax rate of 20%.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

22. Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009 (Circular No. 210), financial assets are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial assets which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides to classify these assets at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial assets are recognised at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash, short-term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables, shorts - terms financial investments.

Financial liabilities

According to Circular 210, financial liabilities are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial liabilities which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, financial liabilities determined on amortised cost basis. The Company decides to classify these liabilities at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial liabilities are recognised at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, other payables, borrowings and liabilities.

Re-measurements after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the re-measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the report on financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the financial assets against financial liabilities or vice-versa and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

23. Related parties

- (i) Enterprises that control, or are controlled directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or are under joint control with the reporting enterprise (including parent companies, subsidiaries, subsidiaries of the same group);
- (ii) Associate companies (stipulated in Accounting Standard No. 07 "Accounting for investments in associates");
- (iii) Individuals with direct or indirect voting rights in reporting enterprises that lead to significant influence over these enterprises, including close family members of these individuals. Close family members of an individual are those who can control or be controlled by that person when dealing with a business such as: Father, mother, spouses, children, siblings;
- (iv) Key management employees have the rights and responsibilities for planning, managing and controlling the activities of the reporting enterprise, including leaders and management staff of the company and close family members of these individuals;
- (v) Enterprises where the individuals mentioned in case (iii) or case (iv) directly or indirectly hold an important part of the voting rights or through this, that person can have a significant impact on the business. This includes businesses that are owned by the directors or major shareholders of the reporting enterprise and businesses that share a key member of management with the reporting enterprise.

In considering each relationship between related parties, it is necessary to pay attention to the nature of the relationship, not just the legal form of those relationships.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VNL

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE BALANCE SHEET

l currency	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
		13.029.594.958
	87.568.594	143.678.007
	473.312.520	12.885.916.951
	472.687.625	12.885.123.817
ım	457.076.872	12.870.761.051
	15.610.753	14.362.766
4,09 USD	624.895	793.134
	560.881.114	13.029.594.958
	am 24,09 USD	560.881.114 87.568.594 473.312.520 472.687.625 457.076.872 15.610.753 624.895

2. Financial investments (See Page 42 to 44)

2. Financial investments (See Page	42 to 44)			
3. Trade receivables	Jun. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
a. Short-term	28.027.020.926	(570.785.746)	17.602.153.893	(570.785.746)
Green Plus Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company (*)	24.695.426.180		14.653.226.180	-
Charity Fund for Quality of Life	2.179.764.000		2.179.764.000	-
Others	1.151.830.746	(570.785.746)	769.163.713	(570.785.746)
Total	28.027.020.926	(570.785.746)	17.602.153.893	(570.785.746)
b. Related parties				
Green Plus Pharmacy and Clinic Management Joint Stock Company (*)	24.695.426.180		14.653.226.180	
Charity Fund for Quality of Life	2.179.764.000	<u> </u>	2.179.764.000	-
Total	26.875.190.180		16.832.990.180	

(*) Up to the present date, the Company has collected a portion of the above outstanding balance, amounting to VND 11.250.000.000.

4. Prepayments to suppliers	Jun. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
Short-term	12.724.780.826		10.470.229.297	-
Cao Gia Phat Investment and Contruction				
Corporation (*)	10.366.800.000	-	9.866.800.000	-
Others	2.357.980.826	<u>-</u>	603.429.297	-
Total	12.724.780.826	_	10.470.229.297	-

^(*) The advance payment is equivalent to 30% of the value of Construction Contract No. 01/2024/HDTCXD/CGP-GREEN, construction of a functional food factory, according to the package: Construction - phase 2, at Lot AIV-1, Giao Long Industrial Park phase 2, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

Other receivables	Jun. 30,	2025	Jan. 01, 2025	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
a. Short-term	275.303.667.624		289.021.666.259	
Interest receivable on term deposits	808.767.124	<u>-</u>	1.927.397.259	
Advances investment in resort and healthcare real estate projects (1)	37.300.000.000		37.300.000.000	
+ Mr. Tran Cong Loc	17.600.000.000	-	17.600.000.000	
+ Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	19.700.000.000	-	19.700.000.000	
Advances for investment project implementation (2)	48.340.000.000	-	25.300.770.000	
+ Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet	48.340.000.000	-	25.300.770.000	
Advances for research on new product manufacturing formula (3)	48.541.794.000	-	40.880.499.000	
+ Mr. Nguyen Trong Nghia - Head of Product Development	8.106.900.000		8.195.605.000	
+ Mr. Nguyen Van Lai	12.350.000.000	-1	13.800.000.000	
+ Mr. Nguyen Khac Ghi	28.084.894.000	-	18.884.894.000	
Receivables from individual capital contribution transfer			43.310.000.000	
+ Mr. Dang Thanh Son		-	22.900.000.000	
+ Mr. Hang Nhat Quang	-	-	11.610.000.000	
+ Mr. Dang Duc Trung		-	8.800.000.000	
Other advances	11.500.000		3.000.000	
Deposits	140.300.000.000	-	140.300.000.000	
+ Mr. Dang Duc Thanh (4)	140.300.000.000	-	140.300.000.000	
Other receivables	1.606.500			
b. Long-term	591.680.750		556.250.000	
Deposits	591.680.750	-	556.250.000	
Total	275.895.348.374	-	289.577.916.259	

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

5. Other receivables	Jun. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
of the receivables	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
c. Related parties				
+ Mr. Tran Cong Loc	17.608.500.000		17.600.000.000	-
+ Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet	48.340.000.000	-	25.300.770.000	
+ Mr. Dang Duc thanh	140.300.000.000	-	140.300.000.000	•
+ Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	19.700.000.000	-	19.700.000.000	-
+ Mr. Dang thanh Son			22.900.000.000	-
+ Mr. Hang Nhat Quang			11.610.000.000	-
+ Mr. Dang Duc Trung		_	8.800.000.000	-
Total	225.948.500.000		246.210.770.000	-

- (1) Advance payment for the investment plan of the project "Japanese Medical Resort + Vietnam Lingzhi Mushroom Museum" in Vinh Long Province under Decision No. 0101/QĐ-CT.HĐQT dated January 30, 2024. As of the present date, the project has not yet been implemented, and the Company is considering alternative plans to change the project's purpose in order to comply with the local land use planning.
- (2) Advance payment for the acquisition of equity interests in companies specialized in cultivating valuable medicinal plants such as Ngoc Linh ginseng and Lingzhi mushrooms, under the Board of Management' Meeting Minutes No. 144/2024/GPC/BBH-HĐQT dated December 24, 2024. The transaction is expected to be completed before December 31, 2025. As of the present date, the Company is in the process of selecting potential entities for investment.
- (3) Advance for research and development of 40 products from Wisconsin ginseng under Decision No. 45/2023/GPC/QD-HĐQT dated September 4, 2023, and according to the progress report on the product development program from U.S. ginseng updated to August 1, 2025. As of the reporting date, the projects are still in the research and trial production stage. Some products have been granted product registration certificates and produced in commercial batches for market distribution, such as: instant ginseng powder, special ginseng powder, Wisconsin ginseng lozenges, Wisconsin G-Plus ginseng capsules, turmeric—honey ginseng, U.S. ginseng extract, and U.S. Wisconsin ginseng wine. According to the Minutes of the Board of Management' Meeting No. 0108/2025/GPC/BB-HĐQT dated August 11, 2025, products that have entered into commercial production will be recognized as assets or expenses in compliance with regulations before December 31, 2025.
- (4) Deposit for the acquisition of real estate at 259 Tran Xuan Soan Street, Quarter 4, Tan Hung Ward, Ho Chi Minh City under Transfer Agreement No. 0103/GPC/TTCN-2024 dated March 26, 2024 between the Company and Mr. Dang Duc Thanh (Chairman of the Board of Management) and his spouse, which was approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders under Resolution No. 22/2024/GPC/NQ-DHDCD dated March 6, 2024. The transfer procedures have not yet been completed. According to the Board of Management' Meeting Minutes No. 0108/2025/GPC/BB-HDQT dated August 11, 2025, the deadline for completion of the transfer has been extended to December 31, 2026. This property is currently pledged as collateral for a loan of Organic Tien Thinh Joint Stock Company (subsidiary).

Other receivables (1), (2) and (3) are secured by the assets of Mr. Dang Duc Thanh - Chairman of the Board of Management and Ms. Lam Thi Thanh Bich, as well as by the shares held in the Company by shareholders Ms. Dang Bich Van, Ms. Dang Bich Hong, and Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong under the Commitment Letter dated August 20, 2025.

6. Doubtful debts - Provision for doubtful debts (See page 46)

7. Inventories	Jun. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
Raw materials		-	240.000	-
Works in progress		-	23.000.000	-
Merchandises	16.413.906.360	_	21.084.225.518	-
Total	16.413.906.360	-	21.107.465.518	

Value of obsolete, impaired, or quality-deteriorated inventory that is not sellable: None.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

8. Prepaid expenses	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
a. Short-term prepaid expenses	134.238.213	101.119.093
Tools and supplies used	91.581.505	41.056.164
Insuarance expenses	37.766.900	43.039.336
Other expenses	4.889.808	17.023.593
b. Long-term prepaid expenses	563.022.089	428.457.463
Tools and supplies used	12.029.162	21.199.843
Wisconsin Ginseng Center	-	139.537.907
Ginseng wine research and development costs	236.111.112	-
Other expenses	314.881.815	267.719.713
Total	697.260.302	529.576.556

9. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings & structures	Transportation	Total
Original cost			
Opening balance	6.532.500.000	4.190.500.000	10.723.000.000
Closing balance	6.532.500.000	4.190.500.000	10.723.000.000
Accumulated depreciation			
Opening balance	1.088.750.000	1.406.585.844	2.495.335.844
Charge for the period	81.656.250	209.525.004	291.181.254
Closing balance	1.170.406.250	1.616.110.848	2.786.517.098
Net book value			
Opening balance	5.443.750.000	2.783.914.156	8.227.664.156
Closing balance	5.362.093.750	2.574.389.152	7.936.482.902

^{*} The remaining value of tangible fixed assets pledged, mortgaged as loan security: VND 5.362.093.750.

10. Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights	Total
Original cost		
Opening balance	2.999.808.000	2.999.808.000
Closing balance	2.999.808.000	2.999.808.000
Accumulated amortization		
Opening balance	452.190.236	452.190.236
Charge for the period	29.998.080	29.998.080
Closing balance	482.188.316	482.188.316
Net book value		
Opening balance	2.547.617.764	2.547.617.764
Closing balance	2.517.619.684	2.517.619.684

 $^{*\} The\ remaining\ value\ of\ intangible\ fixed\ assets\ pledged,\ mortgaged\ as\ loan\ security:\ VND\ 2.517.619.684.$

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

11. Increases, decreases in investment properties

Items	Opening balance	Increase	Decrease	Closing balance
a. Investment properties for le	ease (1)			
Original cost	22.210.000.000			22.210.000.000
Infrastructures	22.210.000.000		-	22.210.000.000
Accumulated depreciation	3.701.666.640	277.624.998	- III	3.979.291.638
Infrastructures	3.701.666.640	277.624.998		3.979.291.638
Net book value	18.508.333.360	-	-	18.230.708.362
Infrastructures	18.508.333.360		-	18.230.708.362
b. Investment properties held	for waiting for price in	icrease (2)		
Original cost	40.090.000.000		-	40.090.000.000
Housing and land use right	40.090.000.000	-	-	40.090.000.000
Accumulated depreciation	_		-	-
Housing and land use right	-	-	-	Walter of the State of the Stat
Net book value	40.090.000.000		-	40.090.000.000
Housing and land use right	40.090.000.000		-	40.090.000.000

^{*} The remaining value of investment properties pledged, mortgaged as loan security as at June 30, 2025 is VND 58.320.708.362.

Present the fair value of investment property

The fair value of the investment property has not been formally assessed and determined as at June 30, 2025. However, based on the actual leasing situation and the market price of adjacent land, the Board of General Directors of the Company believes that the market value of the investment property is greater than the remaining value as at this date.

Income and expenses related to rental investment property are as follows

	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	
Income from rental	29.454.546	53.090.910
Direct costs associated with generating rental income	2.984.728	4.084.364
Future lease payments are disclosed in Note X.1.		

⁽¹⁾ The investment property for lease is the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang. The Company has signed an addendum to extend the lease contract, the lease term is 02 years from February 01, 2024 and ends on January 31, 2026.

⁽²⁾ The investment property waiting for price increase is the currently unleased part of the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang with the value of VND 20.000.000.000 and the land use right at plot 213, map sheet 13, Nha Be Commune, Ho Chi Minh City with the value of VND 20.090.000.000.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

12. Construction in progress

	Jan. 01, 2025	Expenses incurred in the period	Transfer into fixed assets in the period	Jun. 30, 2025
Functional food factory (*)	29.798.596.308	619.339.496		30.417.935.804
Others	97.133.302		<u> </u>	97.133.302
Total	29.895.729.610	619.339.496	_	30.515.069.106

^(*) The functional food factory project with a capacity of 17.000 products/year, built at Giao Long Industrial Park, phase 2, Vinh Long Province, has completed the construction package - phase 1, building an office building and other items. Up to this point, the project continues to implement investment items according to the construction package - phase 2, building a factory and has not been completed and put into use. As at June 30, 2025, the capitalized interest is VND 529.167.778.

13. Trade payables	Jun. 30	, 2025	Jan. 01,	2025
	Amount	Debt Service Coverage	Amount	Debt Service Coverage
Short-term	441.806.268	441.806.268	380.623.214	380.623.214
Investment Newspaper Representative Office in Ho Chi Minh City	127.627.500	127.627.500	127.627.500	127.627.500
Xuan Nguyen Group Joint Stock Company	199.104.000	199.104.000		-
Homelink House Service Development & Investment Corporation	101.255.450	101.255.450		_
Others	13.819.318	13.819.318	252.995.714	252.995.714
Total	441.806.268	441.806.268	380.623.214	380.623.214

14. Taxes and payables to the State Budget

	Jan. 01, 2025	Amount payable/deducted during the period	Amount actually paid/deducted during the period	Jun. 30, 2025
Payables				
VAT on local sale	-	1.708.371.017	1.248.266.618	460.104.399
VAT on import		138.340.900	138.340.900	-
Import, export taxes		30.101.750	30.101.750	-
Corporate income tax	125.275.070	568.610.417	337.275.070	356.610.417
Personal income tax	195.214.266	325.573.010	385.303.988	135.483.288
Land and housing taxes		1.591.305	1.591.305	-
Other fees, duties and obligations		8.000.000	8.000.000	<u> </u>
Total	320.489.336	2.780.588.399	2.148.879.631	952.198.104

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

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14. Taxes and payables to the State Budget (cont'd)

Describe how to determine taxes, fees, and charges payable.

Value added tax

The Company pays value added tax using the direct/deduction method. Value added tax rates are as follows:

	Tax rate
- Fertilizers (*)	Non taxable
- American Wisconsin Ginseng, Lingzhi Mushrooms (*)	5%
- Other goods and services	10%

(*) According to the provisions of Clause 2, Article 9 of the Law on Value Added Tax 2024 effective from July 01, 2025, fertilizer, American Wisconsin Ginseng, Lingzhi Mushrooms will be subject to a tax rate of 5%.

During the period, the Company is entitled to a reduction in VAT on certain goods and services from 10% to 8% according to Decree No. 180/2024/ND-CP from January 01, 2025 to June 30, 2025.

Import, export taxes

The Company declares and pays according to the Customs' notice.

Corporate income tax

Income from other activities is subject to corporate income tax at the tax rate of 20%.

Tax on land and house

Land rent is paid according to the tax authority's notice.

Other taxes

The Company declares and pays as statutorily required

15. Other payables	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
a. Short-term		
Short-term deposits received	465.800.000	465.800.000
Borrowings payables (*)	22.610.700.000	14.780.700.000
Interest payables	2.513.197.288	1.088.340.932
Other payables	15.140.134	12.209.940
Total	25.604.837.422	16.347.050.872
b. Related parties		
Tien Thinh Organic Corporation (*)	22.610.700.000	14.780.700.000
International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company	2.513.197.288	1.088.340.932
Total	25.123.897.288	15.869.040.932

^(*) This interest-free loan will be deducted from dividends distributed from previous years of Tien Thinh Organic Corporation.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

16. Borrowings and financial lease liabilities	Jun. 30	Jun. 30, 2025		Jan. 01, 2025	
	Amount	Debt Service Coverage	Amount	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	
a. Short-term	114.006.053.270	114.006.053.270	143.244.967.238	143.244.967.238	
- Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Saigon Cho Lon Branch (1)	27.935.863.735	27.935.863.735	26.994.110.431	26.994.110.431	
- Saigon Bank For Industry And Trade - Binh Chanh Branch (2)	7.991.011.563	7.991.011.563	7.991.011.563	7.991.011.563	
- Current portion of long-term borrowings - Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Saigon Cho Lon Branch (3)	1.494.177.972	1.494.177.972	1.674.845.244	1.674.845.244	
- International Standard Housing JSC (4)	76.585.000.000	76.585.000.000	106.585.000.000	106.585.000.000	
b. Long-term	9.463.127.002	9.463.127.002	10.029.548.716	10.029.548.716	
- Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Saigon Cho Lon Branch (3)	9.463.127.002	9.463.127.002	10.029.548.716	10.029.548.716	
Total	123.469.180.272	123.469.180.272	153.274.515.954	153.274.515.954	

Present detailed information about each loan:

Notes on borrowings from banks

(1) Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Saigon Cho Lon Branch includes the following short-term loan contracts:

Loan contract under the limit No. 001B25 và No. 002B25 dated March 10, 2025:

- Loan purpose: Supplementing working capital;
- Principal and interest repayment period: from March 10, 2025 to November 10, 2025;
- Interest rate: 6,5% 6,8%/year;
- Form of security:
- + Land use rights and assets attached to the land at Plot No. 653, Map Sheet No. 5, Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province;
- + Land use rights and assets attached to the land on the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View Building, 72 Ham Nghi Street, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang City.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

Notes on borrowings from banks (cont'd)

(2) Saigon Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Binh Chanh Branch includes the following short-term loan contract:

Credit contract No. 0101/2024/HDTDHMDP-PN dated on July 31, 2024:

- Loan purpose: Supplementing working capital;
- Principal and interest repayment period: from July 31, 2024 to July 30, 2025;
- Interest rate: 8,5% 8,8%/year;
- Form of security:
- + Land use rights and assets attached to land located at land plot No.: 213; map No.: 13; land plot address: Nha Be Commune, Ho Chi Minh City.
- (3) Long-term and long-term loans due to Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade Saigon Cho Lon Branch include the following loan contract:

Loan contract under the limit No. 335C22 dated on October 5, 2022:

- Loan purpose: Payment for construction of functional food factory;
- Principal and interest repayment period: from January 26, 2023 to October 26, 2032;
- Interest rate: 10.4% 11.2%/year;
- Form of security:
- + Land use rights and assets attached to land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5 in Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province:
- + Land use rights and assets attached to land at the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang City;
- + Mortgage contract Debt collection agreement No. 030/NHNT-KH/TC/20 dated on January 3, 2020.

Notes on borrowings from related parties

(4) Short-term loan of International Standard Housing JSC includes the following loan contract:

Loan Contract dated June 10, 2024 and attached Loan Contract Appendices:

- Loan purpose: To supplement working capital;
- Loan term: 18 months from June 10, 2024 to December 10, 2025;
- Interest rate: 4,2%/year.

17. Bonus and welfare fund	to Jun. 30, 2025	to Jun. 30, 2024
Opening balance	409.302.792	81.347.594
Increase due to provision from profit	239.300.000	821.122.198
Disbursement of funds	(9.237.963)	(493.167.000)
Closing balance	639.364.829	409.302.792

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

18. Owners' equity

a. Comparison schedule for changes in Owner's Equity

Items	Owners' Equity	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2024	415.940.000.000	97.564.000.000	62.136.592.184	575.640.592.184
Profit		-	3.754.124.412	3.754.124.412
Welfare Fund		-	(821.122.198)	(821.122.198)
Board Remuneration	_		(151.000.000)	(151.000.000)
Balance as at Jun. 30, 2024	415.940.000.000	97.564.000.000	64.918.594.399	578.422.594.399
Balance as at Jan. 01, 2025	540.721.430.000		39.930.428.431	580.651.858.431
Profit	-		1.257.803.248	1.257.803.248
Welfare Fund		_	(239.300.000)	(239.300.000)
Board Remuneration			(126.000.000)	(126.000.000)
Balance as at Jun. 30, 2025	540.721.430.000		40.822.931.679	581.544.361.679
		Percentage of		
b. Owners' equity	Number of shares	shareholding	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Mr. Dang Duc Thanh	15.600.000	28,85%	156.000.000.000	156.000.000.000
Ms. Nguyen Thi Thanh Loan	7.800.000	14,43%	78.000.000.000	78.000.000.000
Others	30.672.143	56,72%	306.721.430.000	306.721.430.000
Total	54.072.143	100,00%	540.721.430.000	540.721.430.000
			From Jan. 01, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024
c. Capital transactions with o	wners and distributio	n	to Jun. 30, 2025	to Jun. 30, 2024
of dividends, profits				
Owners' equity				
At the beginning of the period	od		540.721.430.000	415.940.000.000
At the end of the period			540.721.430.000	415.940.000.000
d. Shares			Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Number of shares registered to	be issued		54.072.143	41.594.000
Number of shares sold out to the	e public		54.072.143	41.594.000
Ordinary share			54.072.143	41.594.000
Number of shares repurchased				-
Number of existing shares in is	sue		54.072.143	41.594.000
Ordinary share			54.072.143	41.594.000
Par value: VND/share.			10.000	10.000

e. Profit distribution

Presenting information about the distribution of profits in the period

During the period, the Company distributed 2024 profits according to Resolution of the 2025 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 47/2025/NQ-ĐHĐCĐ dated May 15, 2025 as follows:

VND

Total	365.300.000
Distribution of the Reward and Welfare Fund	239.300.000
Distribution of the Board of Management's and Board of Supervisors' remuneration fund	126.000.000
	VIND

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

19.	Off-Bal	lance	Sheet	Items

19. Off-Balance Sheet Items		
Foreign currencies		
	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
USD	24,09	31,41
Total	24,09	31,41
VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE INC	OME STATEMENT	
	From Jan. 01, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024
1. Revenue from goods sold and services rendered	to Jun. 30, 2025	to Jun. 30, 2024
a. Revenue		
Revenue from goods sold	37.019.212.133	24.329.196.994
Revenue from property rental	32.439.274	57.175.274
Total	37.051.651.407	24.386.372.268
b. Revenue from related parties	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Green Plus Pharmacy And Clinic Management Joint Stock Company	9.298.333.333	1.578.923.050
Total	9.298.333.333	1.578.923.050
2. Net revenue	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Net revenue from goods sold	37.019.212.133	24.329.196.994
Net revenue from property rental	32.439.274	57.175.274
Total	37.051.651.407	24.386.372.268
3. Cost of sales	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Cost of goods sold	26.523.072.641	18.960.106.378
Cost of property rental	5.004.958	9.036.730
Total	26.528.077.599	18.969.143.108
4. Financial income	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Interest on term deposits	1.016.852.609	1.125.131.076
Realize foreign exchange gains	440.852	4.840.668
Total	1.017.293.461	1.129.971.744
5. Financial expenses	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Interest expense	2.789.419.785	1.285.222.981
Provision/(Reversal) of provision for impairment of investments	(524.175.242)	(4.485.419.045)
Other financial expenses	611	4

(3.200.196.060)

2.265.245.154

Total

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

6. Selling expenses	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Materials and packaging expenses	4.178.118	13.712.950
Tools and supplies expenses	75.217.723	64.809.206
Depreciation expenses	42.625.002	42.625.002
Outsourced service expenses	690.757.277	55.521.898
Other expenses	817.849.459	1.017.741.174
Total	1.630.627.579	1.194.410.230
7. General and administration expenses	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Labour expenses	4.363.058.259	3.224.663.144
Office supplies	2.313.636	20.075.816
Depreciation expenses	248.556.252	248.556.252
Taxes, fee and duties	9.591.305	13.399.336
Outsourced service expenses	811.463.606	662.388.834
Other expenses	261.379.466	198.306.319
Total	5.696.362.524	4.367.389.701
8. Other income	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Sponsorship from partners	201.533.395	1.079.815.565
Other income	113.205	401
Total	201.646.600	1.079.815.966
9. Other expenses	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Depreciation not for business production	302.618.118	298.586.348
Fines for administrative violations	496.829	35.000.000
Other expenses	20.750.000	115.383.557
Total	323.864.947	448.969.905
10. Costs of production and doing business by factors	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Raw materials costs	26.513.121.869	19.058.704.350
Labour cost	4.363.058.259	3.224.663.144
Depreciation and amortisation	296.186.214	300.217.984
Taxes, fee and duties	9.591.305	13.399.336
Outsourced service	1.502.460.883	717.910.732
Other expenses in cash	1.156.760.284	1.216.047.493
Total	33.841.178.814	24.530.943.039

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

11. Current corporate income tax expenses

The payable corporate income tax in the period is estimated as follows:

The payable corporate and and and a		
	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
1. Total accounting profit before tax	1.826.413.665	4.816.443.094
2. Adjustments to increase or decrease accounting profit to determine taxable profit	1.016.638.421	495.150.317
2.1. Adjustment to increase	1.016.638.421	495.150.317
Non-deductible expenses	540.072.301	495.150.317
Non-deductible interest expenses according to Decree 132/2020	476.566.120	-
2.2. Adjustment to decrease	-	-
3. Taxable income	2.843.052.086	5.311.593.411
4. Assessable income	2.843.052.086	5.311.593.411
5. Tax rate	20%	20%
6. Corporate income tax payable at common tax rate	568.610.417	1.062.318.682
7. Total current corporate income tax	568.610.417	1.062.318.682

VII. OBJECTIVES AND FINANCIAL RISKS MANAGEMENT POLICIES

Major risks of financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of General Directors considers the application of management policies for the above risks as follows:

1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. There are three market risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risks, for example risk of stock price. Financial instruments affected by the market risks include: borrowings and liabilities, deposits, available-for-sale investments.

The following sensibility analysis relates to the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed-rate debt to floating-rate debt and the correlation of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant.

When calculating the sensibility analysis, the Board of General Directors assumes that the sensibility of available-forsale liability in the balance sheet and related items in the income statement is affected by changes in the assumption of corresponding market risks. This analysis is based on the financial assets and liabilities that the Company held as at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

1.1. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. Market risks due to change in interest rate of the Company mainly relate to: borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits.

The Company manages the interest rate risk by analysing the competition status in the market in order to apply the interest rate that brings benefits to the Company and still in the limit of its risk management.

Sensibility to interest rate

The sensibility of (borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits) of the Company to changes that may occur at reasonable level in the interest rate is illustrated as follows:

Assuming that other variables remain constant, the fluctuation in the interest rate of (borrowings) with floating interest rate makes impact on the Company's profit before tax as follows:

	Increase/Decrease of basic points	Influences on profit before tax
For the accounting period ended June 30, 2025		
VND	+ 100	(729.082.992)
VND	- 100	729.082.992
Foreign currencies (USD)	+ 100	6.249
Foreign currencies (USD)	- 100	(6.249)
For the accounting period ended June 30, 2024		
VND	+ 100	45.082.971
VND	- 100	(45.082.971)
Foreign currencies (USD)	+ 100	3.271
Foreign currencies (USD)	- 100	(3.271)

Increase/decrease of basic points being used to analyze the sensibility to the interest rate is assumed on the basis of observable conditions of current market. These conditions show that the fluctuation is insignificantly greater than prior periods.

1.2. Foreign currencies risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in exchange rate. The Company bears risks due to changes in the exchange rate of the currencies other than VND related directly to the Company's business.

The Company manages foreign exchange risk by considering current and expected market status when it outlines plans for future transactions in foreign currencies. The Company does not use any derivative instruments to prevent foreign exchange risks.

Sensibility to foreign currencies

The Company does not analyse the sensibility to the foreign currencies since change in the foreign currencies at the reporting date is insignificant.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk due to the uncertainty in a counterparty's ability to meet its obligations causing the financial loss. The Company bears credit risks from its business operations (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities including deposits, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

The Company minimises the credit risk by transacting with entities who have good financial capacity and closely keeping track of the liabilities to speed up the recovery of debts. On the basis of this method and receivables related to different customers, the credit risk does not concentrate on a certain customer.

Deposit

The Company mainly maintains deposits in big and prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company realised that the concentration level of credit exposure to deposits is low.

The Board of General Directors of the Company has assessed that most financial assets are not overdue and impaired since these financial assets relate to prestigious customers who have good liquidity capacity. The financial assets which are devalued have been fully provided.

3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from the difficulty in fulfilling financial obligations due to lack of capital. The liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from difference of maturity of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company supervises liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash, cash equivalents and borrowings from banks at the level that the Board of General Directors considers as sufficient to sastisfy the Company's activities and minimise influences of changes in cash flows.

The following table summarises liquidity deadline of the Company's financial liabilities on the basis of estimated payments in accordance with contract which are not discounted:

June 30, 2025	Under 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowings and liabilities	114.006.053.270	8.978.424.756	484.702.246	123.469.180.272
Trade payables	441.806.268	-	-	441.806.268
Other payables and other				
expenses	25.647.838.417		-	25.647.838.417
Total	140.095.697.955	8.978.424.756	484.702.246	149.558.824.957
January 01, 2025				
Borrowings and liabilities	143.244.967.238	7.663.046.175	2.366.502.541	153.274.515.954
Trade payables	380.623.214		-	380.623.214
Other payables and other				4 < 100 = 00 000
expenses	16.408.799.800			16.408.799.800
Total	160.034.390.252	7.663.046.175	2.366.502.541	170.063.938.968

The Company is able to access capital sources and with regards to due borrowings within 12 months, the Company may continue to be lent by its current creditors.

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

4. Secured assets

The Company has used the land use rights and assets attached to the land at plot No. 653, map sheet No. 5 in Giao Long Commune, Vinh Long Province, the land use rights and assets attached to the land at the 2nd floor of HAGL Lake View Building, 72 Ham Nghi, Thanh Khe Ward, Da Nang City and the Debt Collection Mortgage Contract No. 030/NHNT-KH/TC/20 signed on January 03, 2020 as collateral for short-term and long-term loans from the bank (Note No. V.16).

The Company has used the land use rights and assets attached to the land located at plot No. 213; map sheet No. 13; land plot address: Nha Be Commune, Ho Chi Minh City as collateral for short-term and long-term loans from the bank (Note No. V.16).

VIII. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILTIES

See Page 47

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is stated at the value that the financial instruments are convertible in present transaction among partners, except for compulsory sale or disposal.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value:

The fair value of cash on hand and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term liabilities is equivalent to the book value of these items because these instruments are in short-term.

The fair value of securities and listed financial liabilities is determined at market value.

Except for the above-mentioned items, the fair value of financial assets and other financial liabilities is estimated by discounting cash flows using present interest rate applicable to liabilities with similar conditions, credit risks and maturity term.

IX. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

1. Proceeds from borrowings during the period

	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
- Proceeds from the borrowing under normal agreement	20.293.918.405	28.136.283.936
2. Payments on principal during the period		
	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
- Payment for principal debts under normal agreement	50.099.254.087	25.526.843.190

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

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X. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Contingent liabilities, commitments and other information

The Company leases offices under Contract No. 01/2024/HDTVP dated February 27, 2024, Contract No. 01/2024/HDTVP dated August 1, 2024, Contract No. 02/2025/HDTVP dated December 31, 2024 with Homelink House Service Development & Investment Corporation. Accordingly, the operating lease payments represent the commitment to pay for the office lease at building No. 73-75 Tran Trong Cung, Tan Thuan Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, specifically as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Up to 01 year	408.000.000	516.000.000
From 01-02 years	135.000.000	115.000.000
Total	543.000.000	631.000.000

The Company currently leases investment properties under operating leases. Accordingly, future minimum rental payments under operating leases are presented as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Up to 01 year	34.363.637	4.909.091
Total	34.363.637	4.909.091

Besides the aforementioned commitments, the Company has no contingent liabilities, commitments, or other financial information that would affect the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

2. Subsequent events

There are no events occurring after the reporting date that require adjustment to or disclosure in the Financial Statements.

3. Related party transactions

Related parties to the Company include: key management members, individuals related to key management members and other related parties.

3a. Transactions and balances with key management members and individuals related to key management members

Rey management members and mulvidual	8
related to key management members	Position
Mr. Dang Duc Thanh	Chairman of the Board of Management
Ms. Dang Bich Hong	Member of the Board of management - the Chairman's daughter
Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong	Member of the Board of management
Mr. Pham Hoang Luong	Member of the Board of management
Mr. Le Dinh Phong	General Director
Mr. Nguyen Cong Thanh	Deputy General Director
Mr. Nguyen Quoc Viet	Deputy General Director of Finance & Chief Accountant
Mr. Hang Nhat Quang	Chief Supervisor
Mr. Tran Cong Loc	Member of Board of Supervisors
Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	Member of Board of Supervisors
Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet	Shareholder - The Chairman's sister
Ms. Dang Bich Van	Shareholder - The Chairman's daughter
Mr. Dang Thanh Son	The chairman's younger brother
Mr. Dang Duc Trung	Shareholder - The Chairman's son

Key management members and individuals

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

3a.1. Transactions and balances with key management members and individuals related to key management members

Transactions and balances with key management members and individuals related to key management members

	Nature of transactions	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Mr. Dang Duc Thanh	Deposit to buy property	-	140.300.000.000
Mr. Le Dinh Phong	Payment of fees	17.308.000	-
	Advance for project implementation	23.040.000.000	•
Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet	Return advances	770.000	
	Payment of fees	41.979.000	-
M. Dave Due Toure	Share transfer	-	11.000.000.000
Mr. Dang Duc Trung	Collecting money for share transfer	8.800.000.000	-
Mr. Hana Nhat Oyana	Share transfer	-	13.110.000.000
Mr. Hang Nhat Quang	Collecting money for share transfer	11.610.000.000	
Mr. Dana Thank San	Share transfer	-	38.000.000.000
Mr. Dang Thanh Son	Collecting money for share transfer	22.900.000.000	-
	Advances for investment in resort real estate projects	-	26.600.000.000
Mr. Tran Cong Loc	Advance	19.084.000	
	Return advances	10.584.000	-
	Payment of fees	52.189.263	
Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	Advances for investment in resort real estate projects	-	26.200.000.000
	Payment of fees	5.860.320	-
Balances with key managemen	nt members and individuals related to key m	anagement members	
	Balances	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet	Other Receivables	48.340.000.000	25.300.770.000
Mr. Dang Duc Thanh	Deposit to buy property	140.300.000.000	140.300.000.000
Mr. Dang Duc Trung	Other Receivables		8.800.000.000
Mr. Hang Nhat Quang	Other Receivables	-	11.610.000.000
Mr. Dang Thanh Son	Other Receivables	-	22.900.000.000
Mr. Tran Cong Loc	Other Receivables	17.608.500.000	17.600.000.000
Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	Other Receivables	19.700.000.000	19.700.000.000

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

3a.2. Guarantee commitment

To ensure the timely completion of investment plans for land acquisition, product research and development, and advance payments for equity transfers in companies engaged in cultivating valuable medicinal plants, the following assets have been pledged by individuals as collateral:

- Land use rights over parcel No. 666, map sheet No. 75, located at 73–75 Tran Trong Cung Street, Tan Thuan Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, legally owned by Mr. Dang Duc Thanh and Ms. Lam Thanh Bich. The estimated value of the asset is VND 120,000,000,000.
- All shares held in the Company by the Shareholders including Ms. Dang Bich Van, Ms. Dang Bich Hong and Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong pursuant to the Commitment Letter dated August 20, 2025. The value of such shares is determined at the market price as of the commitment date, being VND 3.000 per share, equivalent to a total value of VND 17.678.700.000.

The total value of the assets pledged as security is VND 137.678.700.000 which shall serve solely as a guarantee for the above advance payment with a total value of VND 134.181.794.000 and is affirmed not to be pledged for the benefit of any other party. In the event that Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong, Mr. Tran Cong Loc, Mr. Nguyen Van Lai, Mr. Nguyen Trong Nghia, Mr. Nguyen Khac Ghi and Ms. Dang Thi Minh Tuyet fail to complete the plan, Mr. Dang Duc Thanh, Ms. Lam Thanh Bich, Ms. Dang Bich Van, Ms. Dang Bich Hong and Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong shall be held liable before the Board of Managament with the pledged assets.

3a.3. Income of key management members

Income of the Board of Mana General Directors and Board		From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Board of Management		935.000.000	965.000.000
+ Mr. Dang Duc thanh	Salary, remuneration	610.000.000	635.000.000
+ Ms. Dang Bich hong	Salary, remuneration	295.000.000	300.000.000
+ Ms. Lam Thi Dieu Huong	Remuneration	15.000.000	15.000.000
+ Mr. Pham Hoang Luong	Remuneration	15.000.000	15.000.000
Board of General Directors	Salary, bonus	910.000.000	901.667.000
+ Mr. Le Dinh Phong		350.000.000	341.667.000
+ Mr. Nguyen Cong Thanh		280.000.000	280.000.000
+ Mr. Nguyen Quoc Viet		280.000.000	280.000.000
Board of Supervisors		262.000.000	255.000.000
+ Mr. Hang Nhat Quang	Remuneration	15.000.000	15.000.000
+ Mr. Tran Cong Loc	Salary, remuneration	148.000.000	148.000.000
+ Mr. Nguyen Minh Cuong	Salary, remuneration	99.000.000	92.000.000
Total		2.107.000.000	2.121.667.000

3b. Transactions and balances with other related parties

Other related parties to the Company include: subsidiaries, associates, jointly controlled businesses, businesses run by key management employees and individuals with direct or indirect voting rights of the Company and close members of their families.

Other related parties	Relationship
Tien Thinh Organic Corporation	Subsidiary
Internatonal Standard Housing Joint Stock Company	Associate
Dongkhoi Development And Investment Joint Stock Company	Other Investment
Fund for Quality of Life	Organization with Same Key Member
Green Plus Pharmacy And Clinic Management Joint Stock Company	Company with Same Key Member

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

3b.1. Transactions with other related parties

Transactions arising with subsidiary and associate have been presented in Notes V.2b.

Transactions arising between the Company and other related parties that are not subsidiary or associate are as follows:

Other related parties	Nature of transactions	From Jan. 01, 2025 to Jun. 30, 2025	From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2024
Green Plus Pharmacy And Clinic Management Joint Stock Company	Sell goods	10.042.200.000	1.578.923.050
3b.2. Balances with other rela	ted parties		
Other related parties	Balances	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
Green Plus Pharmacy And Clinic Management Joint Stock Company	Trade receivables	24.695.426.180	14.653.226.180
Tien Thinh Organic Corporation	Other payables	22.610.700.000	14.780.700.000
Fund for Quality of Life	Trade receivables	2.179.764.000	2.179.764.000
International Standard Housing	Short-term loans	76.585.000.000	106.585.000.000
Joint Stock Company	Interest payables	2.513.197.288	1.088.340.932

Other receivables from related parties are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No allowance for doubtful debts has been made for these other receivables from related parties.

4. Information on going-concern operation: The Company will continue its operation in the future.

PREPARED BY

Nguyen Thi Ngoc Tuyen

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Nguyen Quoc Viet

Vinh Long Province, August 29, 2025

GENERAL DIRECTOR

CỔ PHẦN

TÂD DOÀN

TẬP ĐOÀN

CDEEN

Levelinh Phong

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

V.2. Financial investments

a. Held-to-maturity investments

	Original value	Fair value	Original value	Fair value
Short-term	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000
- 12-month term deposit - Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam -				
Saigon Cho Lon Branch (*)	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000 50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000

50.000.000.000 50.000.000.000 50.000.000.000 50.000.000.000

(*) Term deposits with an original term of 12 months at Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade and automatically renewed with an interest rate as at June 30, 2025 of 4,1%/year.

50.000.000.000

50.000.000.000

Jan. 01, 2025

Jun. 30, 2025

b. Long-term financial investments		Jun. 30, 2025			Jan. 01, 2025	
	Original value	Provision	Fair value	Original value	Provision	Fair value
- Investment in subsidiary	60.000.000.000	1	60.000.000.000	60.000.000.000		60.000.000.000
- Tien Thinh Organic Corporation (1)	60.000.000.000	1	60.000.000.000	60.000.000.000	1	60.000.000.000
- Investment in associate	183.000.000.000	1	183.000.000.000	183.000.000.000	(526.987.072)	(526.987.072) 182.473.012.928
- International Standard Housing Joint Stock						
Company (2)	183.000.000.000	,	183.000.000.000	183.000.000.000	(526.987.072)	(526.987.072) 182.473.012.928
- Investment in other entities	7.250.000.000	(61.474.676)	7.188.525.324	7.250.000.000	(58.662.846)	7.191.337.154
- Dongkhoi Development And Investment Joint						
Stock Company (3)	7.250.000.000	(61.474.676)	7.188.525.324	7.250.000.000	(58.662.846)	7.191.337.154
Total	250.250.000.000	(61.474.676)	250.188.525.324	250.250.000.000	(585.649.918) 249.664.350.082	249.664.350.082

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Unit: VND

GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Company name	Address	Main activities	No. of shares owned	% of ownership	% of contributed capital	% of voting right	Significant transactions
Investment in subsidiary - Tien Thinh Organic 7 Corporation (1)	Investment in subsidiary - Tien Thinh Organic 73-75 Tran Trong Cung, Fertilizer business Corporation (1) Tan Thuan Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.	Fertilizer business	0.000.000	85,7%	85,7%	85,7%	Borrowings Pay back loans
Investment in associate - International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company (2)	Investment in associate - International Standard No. 156C1, Phan Dinh Architectural and Housing Joint Stock Phung, Ward 6, Phu related technical Khuong Ward, Vinh Long consulting Province, Vietnam.	Architectural and related technical consulting activities	18.300.000	22,9%	22,9%	22,9%	Loan Pay interest expenses
Investment in other entities - Dongkhoi HP Development And Phu Investment Joint Stock Wan Company (3) Prov	tities HP 1.32, 1st Floor, Hung Real Phu Urban Area, Phu Tan business Ward, Vinh Long Province, Vietnam	Real estate business	725.000	14,5%	14,5%	14,5%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

V.2. Financial investments (cont'd)

- (1) According to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0316756875 dated March 18, 2021 and the amended Business Registration Certificates issued by the Department of capital. As at June 30, 2025, the Company's ownership ratio at Tien Thinh Organic Corporation was 85,7%. In the first six months of 2025, Tien Thinh Organic Corporation operated Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, the Company registered to invest in Tien Thinh Organic Corporation at VND 60.000.000.000, equivalent to 85,7% of the charter profitably and had positive accumulated profits.
- (2) According to the Business Registration Certificate No. 1301115366 dated March 23, 2022 and according to the amended Business Registration Certificates issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Long Province, the Company registered to invest in International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company at VND 183.000.000, equivalent to 22,90% of the charter capital. As at June 30, 2025, the Company has fully contributed the registered capital at International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company. The business results for the first six months of 2025 of International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company were profitable and had positive accumulated profits.
- (3) According to the Business Registration Certificate No. 1301098657 dated October 16, 2020 and according to the amended Business Registration Certificates issued by the 7.250.000.000, equivalent to 14,5% of the charter capital. As at June 30, 2025, the Company has fully contributed the registered capital at Dongkhoi Development And Investment Joint Stock Company. The business results for the first six months of 2025 of Dongkhoi Development And Investment Joint Stock Company were losses and accumulated profits Department of Planning and Investment of Vinh Long Province, the Company registered to invest in Dongkhoi Development And Investment Joint Stock Company at VND were negative.
- (*) The fair value as of June 30, 2025 of investments in non-public entities has not yet had specific and unified guidance on the method of determining fair value in accounting for these investments. Therefore, the Company presents the fair value of investments in Subsidiary, Associate and investments in other entities based on the financial statements of the invested company according to the original cost method less impairment provisions.

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GREEN PLUS JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

V.2. Financial investments (cont'd)

The situation of changes in provisions for investments in other entities is as follows:

From Jan. 01, 2025 From Jan. 01, 2024 to Jun. 30, 2025	585.649.918 6.051.970.078	2.811.830 274.993.196	(526.987.072) (4.760.412.241)	61.474.676 1.566.551.033	
	Beginning balance	Additional provision	Reversal of provision	Ending balance	Transactions with subsidiary and associate

Significant transactions between the Company and its subsidiary, associate are as follows:

International Standard Housing Joint Stock Company

+ Interest payables + Interest payment + Pay back loans

+ Lend money

+ Borrowing money

Tien Thinh Organic Corporation

+ Pay back loan + Borrow money

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

Form B 09 - DN

Fair value 2 years 4 years Jan. 01, 2025 Provision 510.785.746 60.000.000 570.785.746 Original value Over 2 years Over 4 years Fair value Jun. 30, 2025 Provision 510.785.746 570.785.746 60.000.000 Original value Other organizations and individuals + Epco Store Joint Stock Company Short-term trade receivables + Mr. Duong Quoc Thi V.6. Doubtful debts Short-term Total

The situation of changes in provisions for receivables is as follows:

Short-term	receivables	570.785.746	570.785.746
		ınce	e
		Beginning balance	Ending balance

570.785.746

Total

Long-term receivables

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the first six-month period ended June 30, 2025

Unit: VND

VIII. Financial assets and financial liabilities

The table below presents the carrying amount and fair value of the financial instruments presented in the Company's financial statements.

		Carrying amount	amount		Fair value	alue
	Jun. 30, 2025	2025	Jan. 01, 2025	2025	Jun. 30, 2025	Jan. 01, 2025
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision		
Financial Assets						
- Investments held to maturity	50.000.000.000	1	50.000.000.000		50.000.000.000	50.000.000.000
- Trade receivables	28.027.020.926	(570.785.746)	17.602.153.893	(570.785.746)	27.456.235.180	17.031.368.147
- Other receivables	141.713.554.374		186.096.647.259	1	141.713.554.374	186.096.647.259
- Cash and cash equivalents	560.881.114	1	13.029.594.958	1	560.881.114	13.029.594.958
Total	220.301.456.414	(570.785.746)	(570.785.746) 266.728.396.110	(570.785.746)	219.730.670.668	266.157.610.364
Financial Liabilities						
- Borrowings and financial lease liabilities	123.469.180.272	1	153.274.515.954	ı	123.954.765.045	153.820.495.815
- Trade payables	441.806.268	,	380.623.214	1	441.806.268	380.623.214
- Other payables	25.647.838.417		16.408.799.800	1	25.647.838.417	16.408.799.800
Total	149.558.824.957	1	170.063.938.968	1	150.044.409.730	170.609.918.829

