

CÔNG TY CP ĐẦU TƯ VÀ PHÁT TRIỂN NHÀ SỐ 6 HÀ NỘI

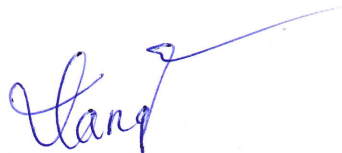
**CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Q2, 2026**

HANOI HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT JOINT-STOCK COMPANY NO.6

CONSOLIDATED INTER-YEAR REPORT ON BUSINESS PERFORMANCE
Second quarter of 2026

Items	Code	NOTES	Quarter 2		Accumulated from the beginning of the year to this quarter	
			This year	Last year	This year	Last year
1 Revenue from sales and services	01		94,253,491,346	21,724,692,995	105,697,082,287	32,346,616,790
2 Revenue deductions	02					
3 Net revenue from sales and services (10=01-02)	10		94,253,491,346	21,724,692,995	105,697,082,287	32,346,616,790
4 Cost of goods sold	11		74,379,731,458	17,981,016,649	83,652,632,460	25,952,790,013
5 Gross profit from sales and services (20=10-11)	20		19,873,759,888	3,743,676,346	22,044,449,827	6,393,826,777
6 Profit/loss from the sale and liquidation of investment properties.			-	-	4,725,633	-
7 Financial operating revenue	21		467,381,824	3,308,942,715	518,264,540	4,132,075,291
8 Financial costs	22		1,609,895,858	1,814,336,863	1,698,662,981	2,832,114,946
10 Cost of goods sold	24		-	-	-	-
11 Business management costs	25		13,128,145,343	5,124,612,058	15,226,986,363	8,097,834,843
12 Net profit from business operations {30=20+(21-22)-(24+25)}	30		5,603,100,511	113,670,140	5,641,790,656	(404,047,721)
13 Other income	31		1,648,148,148	464,062,223	1,752,883,201	1,353,430,773
14 Other expenses	32		1,710,564,732	20,009,050	1,791,229,688	264,894,558
15 Other profit (40=31-32)	40		(62,416,584)	444,053,173	(38,346,487)	1,088,536,215
16 Current corporate income tax expense	50		5,540,683,927	557,723,313	5,603,444,169	684,488,494
17 Deferred corporate income tax expense	51		1,604,060,527	267,775,881	1,622,451,518	306,503,010
18 Profit after corporate income tax (60 = 50 - 51)	52					
19 Profit after corporate income tax (60=50-51-52)	60		3,936,623,400	289,947,432	3,980,992,651	377,985,484
Net profit after tax attributable to KKS shareholders			76,282,459	131,747,356	86,140,697	170,547,638
Net profit after tax of the parent company			3,860,340,941	158,200,076	3,894,851,954	207,437,846

Prepared by



Bui Thu Hang

Chief Accountant



Duong Thi Thai Huong

Hanoi, June 30, 2026
General Director



Be Ngoc Long

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT REPORT

As of June 30, 2026

Unit of measurement: VND

ASSETS	Code number	Notes	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
A SHORT-TERM ASSETS	100		384,873,995,863	435,466,039,894
I Cash and cash equivalents	110		17,514,062,333	60,840,632,594
1 Cash	111		15,477,957,028	49,029,918,225
2 Cash equivalents	112		2,036,105,305	11,810,714,369
II Short-term financial investments	120		36,226,700,565	32,660,139,954
3 Held-to-maturity investments – short-term	123		10,018,636,260	2,518,636,260
4 Provision for short-term investments held to maturity (*)	124		(2,018,636,260)	(2,018,636,260)
5 Other short-term investments	125		28,226,700,565	32,160,139,954
III Short-term receivables	130		299,761,650,520	323,707,559,232
1 Trade receivables	131		106,392,403,732	115,481,151,355
2 Short-term advances to suppliers	132		50,184,683,902	52,856,686,375
5 Other short-term receivables	135		151,802,743,479	163,987,902,095
6 Provision for doubtful short-term receivables (*)	136		(8,618,180,593)	(8,618,180,593)
IV Inventory	140		19,446,505,287	9,785,098,767
1 Inventory	141		19,446,505,287	9,785,098,767
VI Other current assets	160		11,925,077,158	8,472,609,347
1 Short-term prepaid expenses	161		77,879,829	-
2 Deductible VAT	162		11,288,051,506	7,245,845,078
3 Taxes and other amounts due to the State	163		559,145,823	1,226,764,269
B LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		377,676,315,193	414,892,560,943
II Fixed assets	220		91,209,814,534	76,181,585,987
1 Tangible fixed assets	221		91,209,814,534	76,181,585,987
- Original price	222		121,365,155,275	112,065,311,063
- Accumulated depreciation value (*)	223		(30,155,340,741)	(35,883,725,076)
IV Investment properties	240		1,622,567,454	1,622,567,454
- Original price	241		8,969,582,205	8,969,582,205
- Accumulated depreciation value (*)	242		(7,347,014,751)	(7,347,014,751)
V Long-term work-in-progress assets	250		279,238,398,490	330,263,185,895
2 Construction in progress costs	252		279,238,398,490	330,263,185,895
VI Long-term financial investments	260		1,479,288,794	1,479,288,794
2 Investing in affiliated companies and joint ventures.	262		1,479,288,794	1,479,288,794
VII Other long-term assets	270		4,126,245,921	5,345,932,813
1 Long-term deferred costs	271		668,070,324	1,187,757,216
4 Deferred income tax assets			3,458,175,597	4,158,175,597
TOTAL ASSETS (280 = 100 + 200)	280		762,550,311,056	850,358,600,837

SOURCES OF CAPITAL	Code number	Notes	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
C LIABILITIES	300		365,656,546,213	443,765,804,544
I Current liabilities	310		340,781,301,265	222,495,307,516
1 Short-term trade payables	311		19,752,655,394	30,925,346,165
2 Short-term advances from customers	312		4,666,214,812	12,059,553,847
3 Dividends and profit payable	313		7,378,259,068	7,378,259,068
4 Taxes and other payables to the State	314		10,381,569,618	1,366,026,691
5 Payables to employees	315		4,753,424,762	903,257,299
6 Short-term accrued expenses	316		7,161,933,936	5,606,204,107
9 Short-term deferred revenue	319		1,259,185,794	1,403,680,339
10 Other short-term payables	320		75,809,549,937	97,283,261,974
11 Short-term loans and financial leases	322		185,846,674,109	55,815,340,000
12 Short-term provisions	323		14,659,155,811	-
13 Bonus and welfare fund	324		9,112,678,024	9,754,378,026
II Non-current liabilities	330		24,875,244,948	221,270,497,028
8 Other long-term payables	338		14,775,876,467	76,045,739,413
9 Long-term loans and financial leases	339			120,402,493,323
13 Long-term provisions	343		10,099,368,481	24,822,264,292
D EQUITY	400		396,893,764,843	406,592,796,293
1 Owner's equity contribution	411		151,200,000,000	151,200,000,000
2 Capital surplus	412		1,273,275,917	1,273,275,917
8 Development Investment Fund	418		21,053,779,248	21,053,779,249
9 Other funds belonging to equity capital	419		635,302,307	1,535,326,407
10 Undistributed after-tax profit	420		88,407,513,366	99,632,661,413
11 Minority interest	421		134,323,894,005	131,897,753,307
TOTAL CAPITAL (440 = 300 + 400)	440		762,550,311,056	850,358,600,837

Ha Noi, June 30, 2026

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

General Director





Bui Thu Hang

Duong Thi Thai Huong

Be Ngoc Long

INTER-YEARLY CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(According to the direct method)

Q2, 2026

Indicators	Code number	Explan ation	Cumulative figures from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter.	
			This year	Last year
1	2			
I. Cash flow from operation activities.				
1. Revenues from sales of goods, rendering of services and other revenues	01		89,093,646,958	52,081,176,563
2. Payment to suppliers	02		(99,882,012,239)	(198,566,365,938)
3. Payment to employees	03		(11,027,810,890)	(13,789,111,134)
4. Interest paid	04		(1,015,448,461)	(382,356,164)
5. Corporate income tax paid	05		(241,516,664)	(8,099,277,271)
6. Other receipt from operating activities	06		33,791,237,124	87,359,384,620
7. Other payments for operating activities	07		(43,518,872,535)	(43,414,374,466)
Net cash flows from operating activities (20=01+02+03+04+05+06+07)	20		(32,800,776,707)	(124,810,923,790)
II. Cash flow from investment activities.				
1. Payments for acquisitions, constructions of fixed assets and long-term assets	21			(483,418,940)
2. Proceeds from disposal and liquidation of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22			70,267,896
3. Payment for loans and purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23		(14,865,000,000)	(59,216,565,216)
4. Proceeds from loans given and disposal of debt instruments of other entities	24		21,585,000,000	71,203,262,350
5. Payments for equity investment in other entities	25		(5,460,000,000)	
6. Proceed from equity investments in other entities	26			
7. Proceed from interest, dividends and profit distribution received	27		82,565,910	910,558,734
Net Cash flow from investment activities (30=21+22+23+24+25+26+27)	30		1,342,565,910	12,484,104,824
III. Cash flow from financial activities.				
1. Proceeds from issuance of shares, capital contribution from shareholders	31			
2. Repayments of capital contribution to owners, repurchases of shares issued	32			
3. Proceeds from short-term and long-term loans	33		35,628,740,786	93,190,000,000
4. Repayments of loans principal	34		(33,000,000,000)	(11,426,323,435)
5. Repayments for of financial leasehold assets	35			
6. Dividends paid, profits shared to shareholders	36		(14,497,100,250)	
Net Cash flow from financial activities. (40=31+32+33+34+35+36)	40		(11,868,359,464)	81,763,676,565
Net cash flows during the period (50=20+30+40)	50		(43,326,570,261)	(30,563,142,401)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		60,840,632,594	67,845,230,186
Foreign exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period. (70=50+60+61)	70		17,514,062,333	37,282,087,785

Ha Noi, June 30, 2026

Prepared by



Bui Thu Hang

Chief Accountant



Duong Thi Thai Huong

General Director



Be Ngoc Long

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026

1. General information of the enterprise

1.1 Form of capital ownership.

Hanoi housing development and investment joint stock company No 6 (referred to as "the company"), formerly known as Hanoi Housing Investment and Development Company No. 6 (belonging to Hanoi Housing Investment and Development Corporation) converted to operate under the Joint Stock Company model according to the Decision No. 8847/QD-UB dated December 2, 2014 of Hanoi City People's Committee on approving the enterprise value and equitization plan of Hanoi Housing Investment and Development Company No. 6 under Hanoi Housing Investment and Development Corporation. The company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0100383878, registered for the first time on March 31, 2005, and registered for the 12th change on July 29, 2025.

Charter capital: The company's charter capital is 151,200,000,000 VND, in which:

- State shareholder ownership ratio 16.27%
- Other shareholder ownership ratio 83.73%

Headquarters: 2nd Floor, My Son Building, 62 Nguyen Huy Tuong Street, Thanh Xuan Province, Hanoi City.

1.2 Business lines.

The Company's business lines according to the Business Registration Certificate are as follows:

- Invest in construction, housing development business
- Construct and install civil works, industrial works, traffic works, irrigation works, sports works;
- Construct technical infrastructure, industrial areas and urbans.
- Construct and install wirelines and 35KVA transformer stations; Construct and install electrical equipment systems, common water supply and drainage systems;
- Excavate and fill soil and rock, masonry work and carpentry work, concrete and steel in construction;
- Install equipment, civil electricity and water, construction mechanical products, elevators, woodworks, steelworks;
- Construct, renovate houses for sale and rent.
- Producing and trading of construction materials, specialized construction machineries and equipments;
- Consulting on investment and construction, consulting on construction and erection supervisor, consulting on projects management, Consulting on drafting bidding documents and evaluating bid documents, Consulting on equipments in construction and erection for
- Consulting on architectural design, interior and exterior, general layout for civil construction works and industrial works.*
- Restaurants and hotels business.
- Travel and tourism business.
- Organize service for operations management and exploit new urban areas and apartment complex areas.
- The Company's main activities are construction investment, houses development business, construction and installation/erection of civils works, traffic works, irrigation works, and sports works.

2. Basis for preparing financial statements and accounting period.

Basis for preparing financial statements

The attached financial statements are presented in Vietnamese dong (VND), according to the principle of original cost and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting Regime and other relevant current regulations in Vietnam.

Fiscal year

The Company's financial year starts on January 01 and ends on December 31.

3. Applicable Accounting Standards and Regime

Applicable Accounting

The Company applies the relevant Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting Regime issued together with Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, documents guiding, supplementing, and amending the accounting regime issued by the Ministry of Finance.

Form of applicable accounting book application

The company applies the form of accounting book, Book-entry documents

4. Applicable Accounting policies

The following are main accounting policies applied by the Company in preparing Financial Statements.

Accounting estimates

Preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards requires the Board of General Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash include cash in the fund, bank deposits, transferring money, demand deposits and other short-term investments with high payment ability and an initial maturity period not exceeding 3 months or less.

Receivables and provision for doubtful debts.

Provision for doubtful debts are appropriated for receivables that are overdue for payment for 6 months or more or for receivables that the debtors have not ability to pay due to liquitation , bankruptcy or same difficulties.

Provision for doubtful debts is appropriated on the basis of evaluating the company's ability to collect debts and in accordance with the instructions in the Circular No 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 07/12/2009 in term of guidance on provisioning regime and usage of provisions for inventory devaluation, loss of financial investments, bad debts and warranty for products, goods, and construction works at the

Inventories

Inventories is detemined on historical costs. In case the historical costs of inventories are higher than the net realizable values, they must be calculated according to the net realizable values. The historical costs of inventories include direct raw materials expenses, direct labor cost and general production costs, if any, to bring the inventories to their present locations and conditions. The net realizable values can be determined by the estimated selling prices minus costs/expenses of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution. The inventories are accounted according to the regular declaration method and are priced according to the weighted average method.

The company's Provision for devaluation of inventories is appropriated according to current accounting regulations. Accordingly, the company is allowed to make a provision for devaluation of obsolete, damaged and poor quality inventories in case the actual value of inventories is higher than the net realizable value at the time of closing the accounting year.

Fixed assets and depreciation.

Tangible fixed assets are reflected on historical costs and presented by historical costs minus accumulated depreciation values.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated by straight line method based on the estimated effective time. The specific depreciation period is as follows:

- Houses, architecture objects	06 - 25 years
- Machines, equipments	05 - 08 years
- Means of transport	06 - 10 years
- Office equipments	03 - 05 years

Intangible fixed assets and amortization

Intangible fixed assets are business advantages recognized at the time of transfer from a State Company to a Joint Stock Company and are presented at historical costs minus accumulated depreciation values with amortization period of 5 years.

Investment properties.

Investment properties include land use rights, houses held by the company for the purpose of earning rental income or awaiting prices increase, are presented at historical costs minus accumulated depreciation values. The historical costs of purchased investment properties include purchase prices and direct related costs such as related legal consulting service fees, registration tax and other related transaction costs. The historical costs of self-constructed investment properties are the settlement values of the construction project or direct related costs of the investment properties.

Investment properties are depreciated according to the straight line method over the estimated effective period of from 12 to 27 years.

Basic construction.

Assets under construction for production, rental, administrative purposes or for any other purpose are recorded at historical costs. These costs include service costs and related interest costs in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets is applied the same other assets, starting from the time the assets are in a ready-to-use state.

Long-term prepayments.

Long-term prepaid expenses related to tools and supplies and scaffolding formwork are initially stated at historical costs and distributed according to the straight-line method over a period of 2 to 3 years.

Expenses payables

Actual costs that have not yet incurred but are deducted in advance into production and business costs in the period to ensure that when actual costs arise do not cause fluctuations in production and business costs on the basis of ensuring the principle of compatibility between revenue and costs. When those costs arise, if there is a difference with the deducted amount, the accountant will record additional costs or reduced costs corresponding to the difference amounts.

Owner's equity

Owner's equity is recorded according to the owner's actual contributed capital.

Share capital surplus is recorded according to the larger/or smaller difference between the actual issuing price and the face value of shares when issuing shares for the first time, issuing additional shares or re-issuing treasury shares.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recorded as payables in the Company's Balance Sheet after the dividend announcement is issued by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Undistributed after-tax profit is the amount of profit from the enterprise's activities after deducting (-) adjustments due to retroactive application of changes in accounting policies and retroactive adjustment of major errors of the last years.

Revenue recognition

Sales revenue is recognized when the five (5) following conditions are simultaneously satisfied:

- (a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of the products or goods to the buyer;
- (b) The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods;
- (c) Revenue is determined relatively reliably;
- (d) The company will collect the costs associated with the sales transaction;

Revenue from a service provision transaction is recognized when the outcome of that transaction can be reliably determined. In case that a service provision transaction involves multiple periods, revenue is recognized in the year according to the result of work completed at the Balance Sheet date of that period. The result of a service provision transaction is determined when all four (4) following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) Revenue is determined relatively reliably;
 - (b) It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transaction of providing that service.;
 - (c) Determine the work completed at the Balance Sheet date;
 - (d) Determine the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the provision transaction of that service.
- Deposit interest is recognized on an accrual basis, determined on the balance of deposit accounts and the applicable interest rate.

Construction contract

In case the construction contract stipulates that the Company is paid according to the planned progress, when the results of construction contract performance are reliably estimated, revenue and costs related to the contract are recorded corresponding to the completed work as determined by the Company itself on the date of preparing the Financial Statement, regardless of whether the payment invoice according to the planned schedule is made or not and regardless of what is the amount stated on the invoice.

In case the construction contract stipulates that the Company is paid according to the value of the volume performed, when the results of construction contract performance are reliably determined and confirmed by the customer, then revenue and expenses related to the contract will be recorded corresponding to the completed work confirmed by the customer during the year reflected on the invoice prepared.

When the results of contract performance cannot be reliably estimated, in case the Company can recover the contract costs spent, reasonable revenue is recognized only to the extent of the spent costs recoverable. At that time, no profit will be recorded, even when the total cost of implementing the contract may exceed the total revenue of the contract.

Loan interest expenses

Borrowing costs directly relating to the purchase, construction investment or production of assets that take a relatively long time to complete and put into use or sale are added to the historical costs of the assets until those assets are put into use or sale. Incomes arising from the temporary investment of loans are recorded as a decrease in the historical costs of the relevant assets. All other loan interest expenses are recorded in the Income Statement when incurred.

Tax

Corporate income tax represents the total value of current payable taxes and deferred taxes.

The current payable tax amount is calculated based on taxable income for the year. Taxable income other than net profit as reported in the Business Performance Statement does not include items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years (including loss carried forward, if any) and also does not include non-taxable or non-deductible items.

The determination of the Company's income tax is based on current regulations on tax. However, these regulations change from time to time and the final determination of corporate income tax depends on the inspection results of the competent tax authority.

Deferred income tax is calculated on the differences between the carrying value of assets or liabilities on the Balance Sheet and the income tax base. Deferred income taxes are accounted for using the Balance Sheet method. Deferred tax liabilities must be recognized for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized only when it is probable that there will be sufficient future taxable profit to utilize the difference. Temporary deviations are deductible.

Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rate expected to apply in the year the asset is recovered or the liability is settled. Deferred income tax is recognized in profit or loss unless the tax is related to items recorded directly in equity. In that case, deferred tax is also recorded directly in equity.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities payable are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset between current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities payable and when the deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities payable related to the corporate income taxes are managed by the same tax authority and the Company intends to pay current income taxes on a net basis.

Other taxes are applied according to current tax laws of Vietnam.

Earnings per share

Primary earning per share for common shares is calculated by dividing profits or losses belonging to the common shareholders by weighted average number of common shares deposited during the period. The earning per share is determined by adjusting the profits or losses belonging to the common shareholders and the weighted average number of outstanding common shares due to the effects of common shares with potential to decline including interchangeable bonds and share options

Related parties

Considered as related parties are businesses including the Parent Company, subsidiaries of the Parent Company, individuals who directly or indirectly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries have the rights to control over the company or subject to common control with the Company. Affiliates and individuals who directly or indirectly hold the voting rights of the Company and have significant influence over the Company. Key management positions such as General Directors, officers of the company, close family members of these individuals or affiliated parties or companies affiliated with these individuals are also considered as related parties.

5. Additional information for items presented on Balance Sheet and Income Statement

	30/06/2026	01/01/2026
	VND	VND
1. Money		
Money	15,477,957,028	49,029,918,225
Cash equivalents	2,036,105,305	11,810,714,369
Total	17,514,062,333	60,840,632,594
2. Accounts receivable from customers		
	106,392,403,732	115,481,151,355
Total	106,392,403,732	115,481,151,355
3. Prepayment to short-term suppliers		
Prepayment to short-term suppliers	50,184,683,902	52,856,686,375
Total	50,184,683,902	52,856,686,375
4. Investment held until maturity.		
	10,018,636,260	2,518,636,260
Total	10,018,636,260	2,518,636,260

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
5. Other receivables		
- Advances	15,943,921,286	15,814,503,820
- Other receivables	135,858,822,193	148,173,398,275
Total	151,802,743,479	163,987,902,095

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
6. Inventory		
Production and Business Costs	19,446,505,287	9,785,098,767
Total	19,446,505,287	9,785,098,767

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
7. Taxes and Receivables from the State		
- VAT that is still deductible	11,288,051,506	7,245,845,078
- Overpaid taxes to the State:	559,145,823	1,226,764,269
Total	11,847,197,329	8,472,609,347

8. Increase and decrease in tangible fixed assets

Targets	Machines, equipment	Houses, Buildings	Management tools and equipment, Transport vehicles and transmission equipment	Investment properties	Total
I. Historical costs of tangibel fixed assets					
1. Balance on 01/01/202	12,991,825,270	9,132,150,646	89,941,335,147	8,969,582,205	121,034,893,268
2. Increase in the year	-	-	17,333,406,209	-	17,333,406,209
- Purchase during the fiscal year					
- New constructions and other	-		17,333,406,209		17,333,406,209
3. Decrease in the year	8,033,561,997	0	0	0	8,033,561,997
- Liquidation or transfer	8,033,561,997				8,033,561,997
- Other decreases					
4. Balance on 30/06/202	4,958,263,273	9,132,150,646	107,274,741,356	8,969,582,205	130,334,737,480
II. Accumulated depreciation					
1. Balance on 01/01/202	12,991,825,270	2,972,267,119	19,919,632,687	7,347,014,751	43,230,739,827
2. Increase in the year	-	128,330,906	2,176,846,756	-	2,305,177,662
- Depriciate		128,330,906	2,176,846,756		2,305,177,662
- Transfer					
3. Decrease in the year	8,033,561,997	-	-	-	8,033,561,997
- Liquidation or transfer	8,033,561,997				8,033,561,997
- Other					
4. Balance on 30/06/202	4,958,263,273	3,100,598,025	22,096,479,443	7,347,014,751	37,502,355,493
III. Remaining value					
1. Balance on 01/01/202	-	6,159,883,527	70,021,702,460	1,622,567,454	77,804,153,441
2. Balance on 30/06/202	-	6,031,552,621	85,178,261,913	1,622,567,454	92,832,381,987

9. Construction in progress costs

The project is funded by the City Budget.

Company's business project

In there:

- + Project C1 Trung Hoa - Nhan Chinh
- + Investing in projects in Bo Xuyen, Thai Binh
- + Other projects

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
Total	279,238,398,490	330,263,185,895

10. Investing in affiliated companies and joint ventures.

- Handico 6 Mechanical Electrical Construction Installation Joint Stock Company

Total

11. Upfront costs

- Short-term

- Long-term

Total

12. Short-term payables to suppliers.

Total

13. Short-term loans and financial leases

Loans from organizations and individuals

Total

14. Taxes and other payments due to the State

- Value added tax

- Profit tax

- Personal income tax

Total

15. Short-term accrued expenses

Short-term accrued expenses

Total

16. Other short-term payables

- Social, health, unemployment insurance

- Trade union fees

- Payables to construction units

- Other payables

Total

17. Other short-term payables and liabilities

- Received capital contribution for business cooperation from Hanoi Commercial and Investment Joint Stock Company under the construction contract of C1 THNC building

- Received capital contribution for business cooperation from Dai Hai Ha Joint Stock Company under the Contract No. 12/2009 (Project C2 Trung Hoa - Nhan Chinh)

- Received capital contribution for business cooperation from Vietnam DTT Commercial and Investment Joint Stock Company

- Received capital contribution for business cooperation from individuals of the HT KT

Total

30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
1,479,288,794	1,479,288,794
1,479,288,794	1,479,288,794
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
77,879,829	-
668,070,324	1,187,757,216
745,950,153	1,187,757,216
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
19,752,655,394	30,925,346,165
19,752,655,394	30,925,346,165
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
185,846,674,109	55,815,340,000
185,846,674,109	55,815,340,000
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
6,032,756,827	425,332,913
1,466,460,123	329,228,716
2,882,352,668	611,465,062
10,381,569,618	1,366,026,691
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
7,161,933,936	5,606,204,107
7,161,933,936	5,606,204,107
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
213,627,794	-
457,153,091	416,818,983
16,049,081	11,651,201
75,122,719,971	96,854,791,790
75,809,549,937	97,283,261,974
30/06/2026	01/01/2026
VND	VND
3,825,876,467	65,095,739,413
500,000,000	500,000,000
9,200,000,000	9,200,000,000
1,250,000,000	1,250,000,000
14,775,876,467	76,045,739,413

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
19. Long-term loans and financial leases		
Long-term loans and financial leases	-	120,402,493,323
Total	-	120,402,493,323

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
20. Long-term provisions for liabilities		
	10,099,368,481	24,822,264,292
Total	10,099,368,481	24,822,264,292

21. Equity

a. Owner's equity Fluctuation Reconciliation Table

	Owner's equity	Share surplus	Development Investment Fund	Construction investment fund	Undistributed after- tax profit
As of January 1, 2026	151,200,000,000	1,273,275,917	19,286,957,090	1,535,326,407	99,632,661,413
Increase during the year			-	-	34,511,013
- Shareholder's capital contribution					
- Profit/Loss					34,511,013
- Profit distribution					
- Other increases					
Decrease during the year					0
- Dividend distribution					
- Profit distribution					
- Other discounts					
Balance as of March 31, 2026	151,200,000,000	1,273,275,917	19,286,957,090	1,535,326,407	99,667,172,425
As of April 1, 2026	151,200,000,000	1,273,275,917	19,286,957,090	1,535,326,407	99,667,172,425
Increase during the year			-		3,860,340,941
- Shareholder's capital contribution					
- Profit/Loss					3,860,340,941
- Profit distribution					
- Other increases					
Decrease during the year					(15,120,000,000)
- Profit distribution					
- Other discounts					
- Dividend payment					(15,120,000,000)
Balance as of June 30, 2026	151,200,000,000	1,273,275,917	19,286,957,090	1,535,326,407	88,407,513,366

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
b. Equity details		
- State capital contribution	24,602,450,000	24,602,450,000
- Capital contributions from other parties	126,597,550,000	126,597,550,000
Total	151,200,000,000	151,200,000,000

c. Capital transactions with owners and dividend distribution, profit sharing.

	30/06/2026 VND	01/01/2026 VND
Owner's capital contribution		
Capital contribution as of January 1st	151,200,000,000	151,200,000,000
Capital contribution as of December 31st	151,200,000,000	151,200,000,000

d. Stocks

	Year 2026 Shares	Year 2025 Shares
Number of shares registered for issuance	15,120,000	15,120,000
<i>Par value of outstanding shares (VND/share)</i>	10,000	10,000

VI. Additional information for items presented in the Statement of Income

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
22. Revenue from the provision of goods and services		
Revenue from real estate sales and rentals	73,898,725,729	6,685,335,879
Revenue from construction contracts		-
Other revenues	20,354,765,617	15,039,357,116
Total	94,253,491,346	21,724,692,995

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
23. Cost of goods sold		
Cost of goods sold for real estate business and rental	56,198,732,513	6,351,069,085
Cost of construction contracts	100,487,013	-
Other cost of goods sold	18,080,511,932	11,629,947,564
Total	74,379,731,458	17,981,016,649

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
25. Financial operating revenue		
Bank deposits interests, loan interests	467,381,824	3,308,942,715
Total	467,381,824	3,308,942,715

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
26. Financial costs		
- Credit interests	1,609,895,858	1,814,336,863
Total	1,609,895,858	1,814,336,863

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
27. Other income		
	1,648,148,148	464,062,223
Total	1,648,148,148	464,062,223

	30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
28. Other expenses		
	1,710,564,732	20,009,050
Total	1,710,564,732	20,009,050

29. Business management expenses, selling expenses

- Business management costs
- Cost of goods sold

Total**30. Current corporate income tax expenses**

- Pre-tax accounting profit
- Adjustments that increase taxable income
- Adjustments that reduce taxable income
- Corporate income tax
- Tax rate
- Corporate income tax for the current year
- Corporate income tax is exempted or reduced.

Current income tax expense**31. Earnings per Share****Net profit after corporate income tax (VND)****Adjustments***The downward adjustment is due to the allocation of the reward fund.*

Average number of outstanding common shares during the period

Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share (VND/share)

Chief accountant


Duong Thi Thai Huong

Ha Noi, June 30, 2026

General director

**Be Ngoc Long**

30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
13,128,145,343	5,124,612,058
-	-

13,128,145,343	5,124,612,058
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30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
5,540,683,927	557,723,313
1,779,618,712	148,026,558

,20%	,20%
-	-
-	-
1,604,060,527	267,775,881

30/06/2026 VND	30/06/2025 VND
3,936,623,400	289,947,432

15,120,000	15,120,000
260.36	19.18